

Project Euler: Problem 5

Nathan Marianovsky

Problem (Smallest Multiple). 2520 is the smallest number that can be divided by each of the numbers from 1 to 10 without any remainder. What is the smallest positive number that is evenly divisible by all of the numbers from 1 to 20?

Solution. This problem deals with finding the least common multiple of a list of N positive integers. So let's assume that there is a list of these divisors:

$$d = \{d_1, d_2, \dots, d_N\} \text{ where } N \in \{2, 3, 4, \dots\}$$

For this question the list consists of the first 20 positive integers. Now to compute the $\text{LCM}(m, n)$, least common multiple, use:

$$\text{LCM}(m, n) = \frac{mn}{\text{GCD}(m, n)}$$

where $\text{GCD}(m, n)$ is the greatest common divisor. This can be generalized to a recursive relation:

$$\text{LCM}(d_N, d_{N-1}, d_{N-2}) = \text{LCM}(d_{N-1}, d_{N-2}) \frac{d_N}{\text{GCD}(\text{LCM}(d_{N-1}, d_{N-2}), d_N)}$$

Iterating through all of the divisors in question using the above recursive relationship will obtain $\text{LCD}(d_1, d_2, \dots, d_N)$.