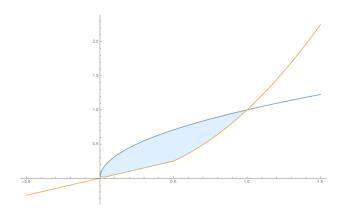
## Quiz 3 Solutions

## SECTION B

(1) Our region takes the form:



(2) To calculate the area there is a need to split up the integrals:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \left( x^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{x}{2} \right) \, \mathrm{d}x + \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^1 \left( x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^2 \right) \, \mathrm{d}x \\ &= \left( \frac{2}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{x^2}{4} \right) \bigg|_0^{\frac{1}{2}} + \left( \frac{2}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \bigg|_{\frac{1}{2}}^1 \\ &= \left( \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{8^{\frac{1}{2}}} - \frac{1}{16} \right) + \left( \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{8^{\frac{1}{2}}} + \frac{1}{24} \right) \\ &= \frac{5}{16} \end{aligned}$$

(3) Similar to the area the volume requires a split:

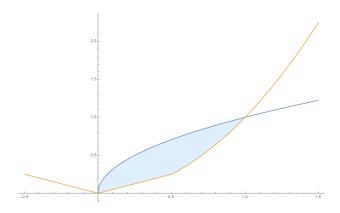
Volume = 
$$\pi \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \left( x - \frac{x^2}{4} \right) dx + \pi \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^1 \left( x - x^4 \right) dx$$

(4) Once again a split is required, but it will be split along the y interval:

Volume = 
$$2\pi \int_0^{\frac{1}{4}} y \left(2y - y^2\right) dy + 2\pi \int_{\frac{1}{4}}^1 y \left(y^{\frac{1}{2}} - y^2\right) dy$$

## SECTION C

(1) The region takes the form:



- (2) Exactly the same as Section B.
- (3) Exactly the same as Section B.
- (4) Exactly the same as Section B.