Sentinel Provider Influenza-Like Illness (ILI)¹ Surveillance Summary (health.state.tn.us/TNflu_report_archive.htm) for the Week of March 9-15, 2014 (Week 11)

			Total	Total			
	# Sites	Total	Regional	Regional		Compared	Flu activity decreasing, but not gone
Summary for	reporting	Sites	ILI	Patients	% ILI	to State ²	Flu activity continues to decrease nationally but remains elevated in certain
Hamilton County (Chattanooga)	4	4	Û	638	0.0%	lower	areas of the country. The proportion of deaths attributed to pneumonia and
East Tennessee Region	7	8	61	2379	2.6%	higher	influenza was 6.9% and fell below the epidemic threshold after 8 consecutive
Jackson-Madison County	1	Ž	Û	Û	0.0%	n/a	weeks above it. Reports of recent pediatric deaths from influenza are still being
Knoxville-Knox County	4	4	11	1957	0.6%		made to CDC.
Mid-Cumberland Region	8	10	4	515	0.8%		
Shelby County (Memphis)	0	5	0	0	0.0%	n/a	Vaccine still offers protection against circulating strains (H1N1_ H3N2 and B
Nashville-Davidson County	3	6	1	395	0.3%		1 5 5 , ,
Northeast Region	2	3	1	229	0.4%		types) of the flu and its potentially serious complications. People can still benefit
South Central Region	3	3	0	191	0.0%		from getting vaccinated. A CDC report showed a 60% reduction in a vaccinated
Southeast Region	4	5	0	197	0.0%		person's risk of having to go to the doctor, compared to those who are
Sullivan County (Tri-Cities)	2	2	0	503	0.0%	lower	<u>unvaccinated.</u> More at
Upper Cumberland Region	4	4	1	552	0.2%		http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm6307a1.htm
West Tennessee Region	5	6	0	307	0.0%		
State of Tennessee	47	62	79	7863	1.00%		Sentinel Providers - Use Current (9/13) Specimen Form

The percentage of patients with ILI reported in Week 11 was 1.00% as compared to 1.64% in Week 10. To date, 42 specimens from Week 11 have been tested; 5 (or 11.9%) were positive for influenza: two were A(H1N1) and three were B type viruses.

Pregnant women are one of the groups at highest risk of developing complications from influenza infection. It is not too late to benefit from influenza vaccination. Vaccine takes about 2 weeks to work: do not delay. Those who develop influenza symptoms should consult their healthcare provider promptly and take antiviral medication, if prescribed.

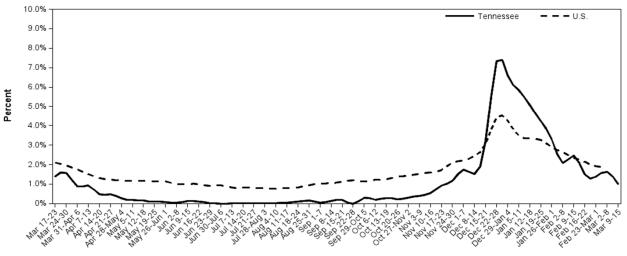
Respiratory Viral Panel

Number of Positive Specimens, by week

Month/Week		#	Flu A (H1N1)	Flu A (H3)	Flu B	RSV A	RSV B	Paraflu 1	Paraflu 2	Paraflu 3	Paraflu 4	Rhino	Meta- pneumo		A deno B or E		Corona OC43	Corona NL63		
March																				
Curre	ent	42	2	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	/	0	0	1	6	1	0	0
	10	64	0	1	3	1	2	0	()	1	0	2	5	0	0	0	4	3	0	5
February																				
	9	75	5	0	2	0	4	0	0	0	1	3	3	0	2	0	3	3	3	2
·	8	88	4	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	7	3	0	0	2	9	4	3	7
•	7	105	5	2	0	2	5	0	0	1	0	5	3	0	1	1	11	2	3	5
	6	115	11	0	0	2	5	1	0	0	1	5	6	1	0	0	6	2	()	3

Percentage of Outpatient Visits Reported by the U.S. and Tennessee Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) as Influenza-like Illness, 2013-2014

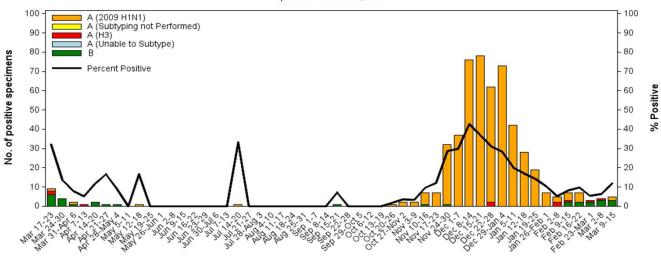
Updated: March 21, 2014



Week (March 17, 2013 - March 15, 2014)

Influenza Positive Tests Submitted to TN Dept. of Health Laboratory Services Tennessee, 2013-2014

Updated: March 21, 2014

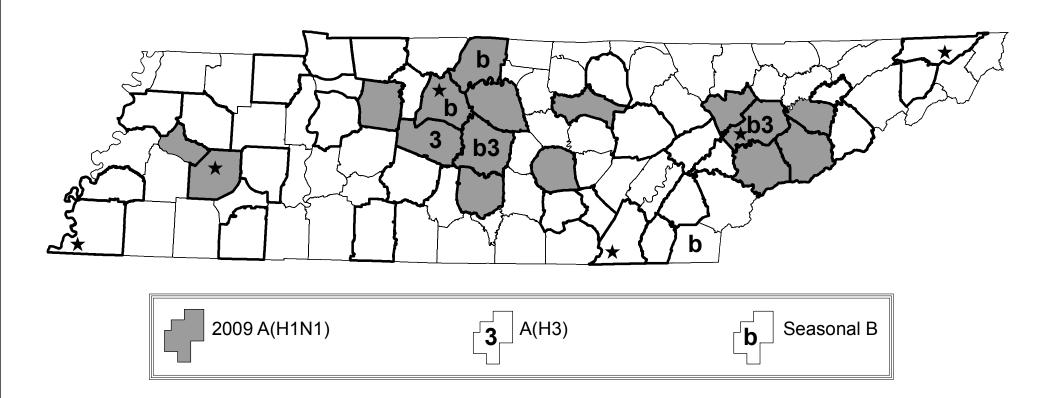


Week (March 17, 2013 - March 15, 2014)

Influenza Confirmed by Culture or PCR in Tennessee from Specimens Collected by Any Source within the Past 6 Weeks

February 2 through March 15, 2014

- Strains are reported by county of case residence.
- Counties where influenza sentinel providers are located are identified with bold boundary lines.
- Stars mark counties with large metropolitan populations (Memphis, Jackson, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, and the Tri-Cities area).



Reference Information for Sentinel Provider Network

1 Influenza-like illness (ILI) is defined as fever > 100°F (37.8°C) plus cough and/or sore throat, in the absence of a known cause (other than influenza). Classification of ILI is based upon symptoms only and does not require any test.

2 The % of patients with ILI seen in each region is compared to the statewide average. Regions with % statistically-significantly different from the state average are noted as "higher" or "lower." The CDC reports that the percentage of patients visiting outpatient healthcare providers in the Sentinel Provider Network (SPN) with influenza-like-illness (ILI) when influenza viruses are not circulating is expected to fall at or below a specific SPN baseline [nationwide = 2.2%, East South Central region (AL, TN, MS, KY) = 2.3%]. When the percentage of patients with ILI exceeds this baseline, this suggests that influenza viruses may be circulating.

Important information for Sentinel Providers

Sentinel Providers report ILI by the end of Tuesday following the end of the reporting week (www2a.cdc.gov/ilinet) and collect and ship specimens from ILI cases Monday through Thursday (maximum 10/week per provider). All Sentinel Provider specimens MUST be accompanied by the Influenza and Respiratory Viral Panel Submission form or testing will not be done. The Respiratory Viral Panel is only validated for nasopharyngeal (NP) specimens. Specimens collected from other sites cannot be tested

Additional laboratory supplies can be obtained by completing the lab order supply form. To ensure the order is filled, please include the CDC Provider ID Code.

Contact Information

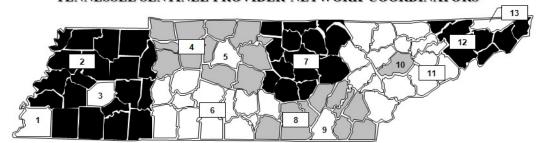
Submit weekly reports to: http://www2a.cdc.gov/ilinet/ OR Fax 888-232-1322

State Lab: Susan McCool 615-262-6351

SPN Questions:

State: Robb Garman 800-404-3006 OR 615-741-7247 County/Region: Regional SPN Coordinator (see map)

TENNESSEE SENTINEL PROVIDER NETWORK COORDINATORS



1	Shelby County	901-222-9239
2	West TN Region	731-421-6758
3	Jackson-Madison County	731-927-8540
4	Mid-Cumberland Region	615-650-7000
5	Nashville-Davidson County	615-340-0551
6	South Central Region	931-380-2532
7	Upper Cumberland Region	931-646-7505
8	Southeast Region	423-634-6065
9	Chattanooga-Hamilton County	423-209-8063
10	Knoxville-Knox County	865-215-5084
11	East TN Region	865-549-5287
12	Northeast Region	423-979-3200
13	Sullivan County	423-279-7545