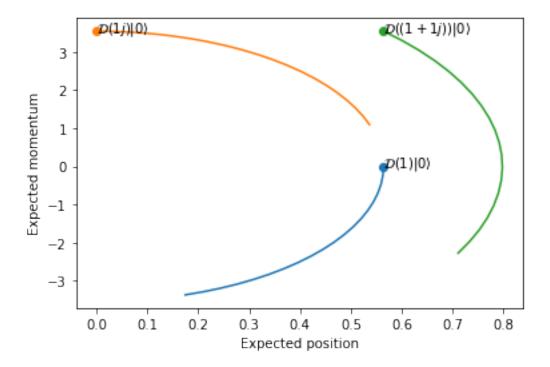
## notebook

## November 5, 2024

```
[1]: import qutip as qt
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

```
[2]: # Problem 2
     N = 10
     m = 1
     omega = 2 * np.pi
    hbar = 1
     a = qt.destroy(N)
     x = np.sqrt(hbar / 2 / m / omega) * (a + a.dag())
     p = (-1j) * np.sqrt(hbar * m * omega / 2) * (a - a.dag())
     for alpha in [1, 1j, 1+1j]:
         Psi = qt.coherent(N, alpha)
         expected_x = qt.expect(x, Psi)
         expected_p = qt.expect(p, Psi)
         plt.scatter(expected_x, expected_p)
         plt.annotate(f"$\\mathcal {{ D }} ({alpha})| 0 \\rangle$", [expected_x,__
      ⇔expected_p])
     # Don't call plt.show() yet, because we want to see how these states change in_
      \hookrightarrow time
     def U(t):
         return (-1j * omega * t * (qt.num(N) + qt.qeye(N) / 2)).expm()
     for alpha in [1, 1j, 1+1j]:
         expected_x = []
         expected_p = []
         for t in np.linspace(0, 0.2, 20):
             Psi = U(t) * qt.coherent(N, alpha)
             expected_x.append(qt.expect(x, Psi))
             expected_p.append(qt.expect(p, Psi))
         plt.plot(expected_x, expected_p)
     plt.xlabel("Expected position")
     plt.ylabel("Expected momentum")
```

```
plt.show()
```



```
[3]: # Problem 3
     N = 10
     m = 1
     omega = 2 * np.pi
     hbar = 1
     a = qt.destroy(N)
     x = np.sqrt(hbar / 2 / m / omega) * (a + a.dag())
     p = -1j * np.sqrt(hbar * m * omega / 2) * (a - a.dag())
     H = hbar * omega * (qt.num(N) + qt.qeye(N) / 2)
     Psi = qt.coherent(N, 1)
     def U(t, t_w):
         if t < t_w:</pre>
             return (-1j*H*t/hbar).expm()
         \texttt{return (-1j*H*(t-t_w)/hbar).expm() * qt.displace(N,-1) * (-1j*H*t_w/hbar).}
      →expm()
     times = np.linspace(0, 1.5, 400)
     probabilities = [qt.expect(qt.basis(N, 0).proj(), U(t_w, t_w) * Psi) for t_w in_
      →times]
```

```
plt.plot(times, probabilities)
plt.xlabel("Time")
plt.ylabel("Probability of being in state $|0\\rangle$")
plt.show()
def plot(t_w):
    states = [U(t, t_w) * Psi for t in times]
    positions = [qt.expect(x, state) for state in states]
    momenta = [qt.expect(p, state) for state in states]
    plt.xlabel("Time")
    plt.ylabel("Expectation value")
    plt.plot(times, positions, label = "$\\langle x \\rangle$")
    plt.plot(times, momenta, label = "$\\langle p \\rangle$")
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
plot(0.5)
plot(1)
```

