## Exercises 5.2.4 — Problem 2

*Problem.* If f is a function satisfying

$$|f(x) - f(y)| \le M|x - y|^{\alpha}$$

for all x and y and some fixed point M and  $\alpha > 1$ , prove that f is constant.

*Proof.* Note that the domain of f is the real number line. Then let  $y=x_0$  be a real number and take  $x\neq x_0$  (every function satisfies the inequality for  $x=x_0$ ). To show that f is constant, we will show that  $f'(x_0)$  exists and equals 0. We know that for some fixed M and another fixed  $\alpha>1$  that  $|f(x)-f(x_0)|\leq M|x-x_0|^{\alpha}$ . Since  $x\neq x_0$  and  $\alpha-1>0$ , we must also have

$$\frac{|f(x) - f(x_0)|}{|x - x_0|} = \left| \frac{f(x) - f(x_0)}{x - x_0} \right| = \left| \frac{f(x) - f(x_0)}{x - x_0} - 0 \right| \le M|x - x_0|^{\alpha - 1}$$

Then we just choose  $|x - x_0| < 1/(Mm)^{1/(\alpha - 1)}$  and we have exactly that  $f'(x_0) = 0$ . Since the derivative at an arbitrary  $x_0$  is 0, the derivative is 0 everywhere and the function f must be constant.