## Math 441 (2020) Homework 2 - max 30 Due: Thur. September 17, 2020

1. [5pts] (Big O) Use Theorem 2.4 of the notes to prove

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$$h - \sin h = O(h^3) \qquad as \ h \to 0$$

Note: multiple applications of L'Hopital's rule are required.

**2.** [5pts] (Second Derivative Approximation) Using Taylor series of f(x + h) and f(x - h) show

$$f(x+h) - 2f(x) + f(x-h) = f''(x)h^2 + O(h^4)$$
.

Then, solve for f''(x) above to get an approximation for f''(x) stating the order of the truncation error. You may use Example 2.6 of the notes as guide where (for example)

$$f(x+h) = f(x) + f'(x)h + \frac{1}{2!}f''(x)h^2 + \frac{1}{3!}f^{(3)}(x)h^3 + O(h^4)$$

- **3.** [5pts] (Bisection Method) Let f(x) = (x-1)(x-3)(x-4). What root of f(x) does the Bisection Method converge to on the interval [a,b] = [0,5]. Sketch f(x) and label (on the x axis) the first two midpoint values  $x_1, x_2$ . Example 4.2 of the notes is a guide.
- 4. [10pts] (Newton's Method) For the following three problems use modified versions of the posted Newton.m, f.m and df.m Matlab files to find and approximation of a root of f(x) using the indicated starting guess  $x_1$ . For each case print your output in three columns:

$$n x_n E_n (1 \le n \le 10).$$

where  $E_n$  is the (exact) absolute error (you'll to find the exact value of the root). Use "format long" in Matlab. Lastly, state if the convergence rate is <u>linear</u>, superlinear or quadratic.

- a) Newton's Method,  $x_1 = 4$ ,  $f(x) = (x 1)^2 2$
- b) Newtons Method  $x_1 = 4$ ,  $f(x) = (x 1)^2$
- c) Accelerated Newton's Method  $x_1 = 4$ ,  $f(x) = (x 1)^2$

The last method is  $\lambda = 2$  on page 40 (Nonsimple roots) of the class notes.

**5.** [5pts] Steffensen method for solving f(x) = 0 is defined by:

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{f(x_n)}{g(x_n)} = x_n - F(x_n)$$

where

$$g(x) = \frac{f(x + f(x)) - f(x)}{f(x)}$$

For simple roots  $\bar{x}$  where  $f(\bar{x}) \neq 0$ , one can show the method has quadratic convergence.

Write a Matlab file Steffensen.m who's output is

$$n x_n E_n$$

for  $1 \le n \le 10$  for the case  $f(x) = x^2 - 4$  and  $x_0 = 1$ . Include your code Steffensen.m and output.