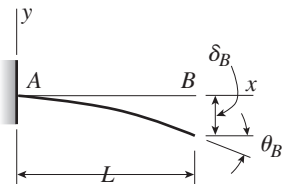
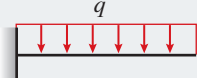
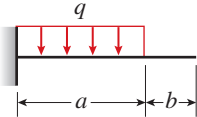


# Deflections and Slopes of Beams

Table G-1

Deflections and Slopes of Cantilever Beams

	<p> <math>v</math> = deflection in the <math>y</math> direction (positive upward)  <math>v' = dv/dx</math> = slope of the deflection curve  <math>\delta_B = -v(L)</math> = deflection at end <math>B</math> of the beam (positive downward)  <math>\theta_B = -v'(L)</math> = angle of rotation at end <math>B</math> of the beam (positive clockwise)  <math>EI</math> = constant         </p>
<p><b>1</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{qx^2}{24EI}(6L^2 - 4Lx + x^2) \quad v' = -\frac{qx}{6EI}(3L^2 - 3Lx + x^2)$ $\delta_B = \frac{qL^4}{8EI} \quad \theta_B = \frac{qL^3}{6EI}$
<p><b>2</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{qx^2}{24EI}(6a^2 - 4ax + x^2) \quad (0 \leq x \leq a)$ $v' = -\frac{qx}{6EI}(3a^2 - 3ax + x^2) \quad (0 \leq x \leq a)$ $v = -\frac{qa^3}{24EI}(4x - a) \quad v' = -\frac{qa^3}{6EI} \quad (a \leq x \leq L)$ $\text{At } x = a: v = -\frac{qa^4}{8EI} \quad v' = -\frac{qa^3}{6EI}$ $\delta_B = \frac{qa^3}{24EI}(4L - a) \quad \theta_B = \frac{qa^3}{6EI}$

(Continued)

Table G-1 (Continued)

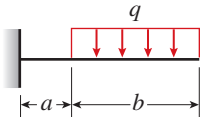

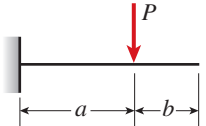
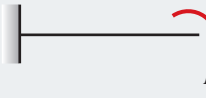
<p><b>3</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{qbx^2}{12EI}(3L + 3a - 2x) \quad (0 \leq x \leq a)$ $v' = -\frac{qbx}{2EI}(L + a - x) \quad (0 \leq x \leq a)$ $v = -\frac{q}{24EI}(x^4 - 4Lx^3 + 6L^2x^2 - 4a^3x + a^4) \quad (a \leq x \leq L)$ $v' = -\frac{q}{6EI}(x^3 - 3Lx^2 + 3L^2x - a^3) \quad (a \leq x \leq L)$ $\text{At } x = a: v = -\frac{qa^2b}{12EI}(3L + a) \quad v' = -\frac{qabl}{2EI}$ $\delta_B = \frac{q}{24EI}(3L^4 - 4a^3L + a^4) \quad \theta_B = \frac{q}{6EI}(L^3 - a^3)$
<p><b>4</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{Px^2}{6EI}(3L - x) \quad v' = -\frac{Px}{2EI}(2L - x)$ $\delta_B = \frac{PL^3}{3EI} \quad \theta_B = \frac{PL^2}{2EI}$
<p><b>5</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{Px^2}{6EI}(3a - x) \quad v' = -\frac{Px}{2EI}(2a - x) \quad (0 \leq x \leq a)$ $v = -\frac{Pa^2}{6EI}(3x - a) \quad v' = -\frac{Pa^2}{2EI} \quad (a \leq x \leq L)$ $\text{At } x = a: v = -\frac{Pa^3}{3EI} \quad v' = -\frac{Pa^2}{2EI}$ $\delta_B = \frac{Pa^2}{6EI}(3L - a) \quad \theta_B = \frac{Pa^2}{2EI}$
<p><b>6</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{M_0x^2}{2EI} \quad v' = -\frac{M_0x}{EI}$ $\delta_B = \frac{M_0L^2}{2EI} \quad \theta_B = \frac{M_0L}{EI}$

Table G-1 (Continued)

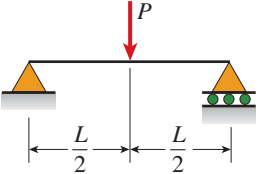
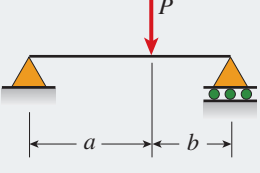
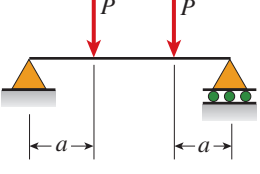

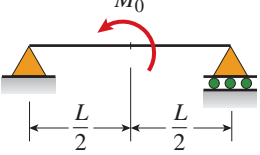
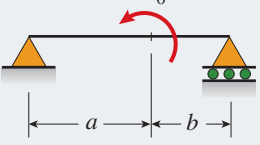
7		$v = -\frac{M_0 x^2}{2EI} \quad v' = -\frac{M_0 x}{EI} \quad (0 \leq x \leq a)$ $v = -\frac{M_0 a}{2EI}(2x - a) \quad v' = -\frac{M_0 a}{EI} \quad (a \leq x \leq L)$ <p>At <math>x = a</math>: <math>v = -\frac{M_0 a^2}{2EI} \quad v' = -\frac{M_0 a}{EI}</math></p> $\delta_B = \frac{M_0 a}{2EI}(2L - a) \quad \theta_B = \frac{M_0 a}{EI}$
8		$v = -\frac{q_0 x^2}{120EI}(10L^3 - 10L^2x + 5Lx^2 - x^3)$ $v' = -\frac{q_0 x}{24EI}(4L^3 - 6L^2x + 4Lx^2 - x^3)$ $\delta_B = \frac{q_0 L^4}{30EI} \quad \theta_B = \frac{q_0 L^3}{24EI}$
9		$v = -\frac{q_0 x^2}{120EI}(20L^3 - 10L^2x + x^3)$ $v' = -\frac{q_0 x}{24EI}(8L^3 - 6L^2x + x^3)$ $\delta_B = \frac{11q_0 L^4}{120EI} \quad \theta_B = \frac{q_0 L^3}{8EI}$
10		$v = -\frac{q_0 L}{3\pi^4 EI}\left(48L^3 \cos \frac{\pi x}{2L} - 48L^3 + 3\pi^3 Lx^2 - \pi^3 x^3\right)$ $v' = -\frac{q_0 L}{\pi^3 EI}\left(2\pi^2 Lx - \pi^2 x^2 - 8L^2 \sin \frac{\pi x}{2L}\right)$ $\delta_B = \frac{2q_0 L^4}{3\pi^4 EI}(\pi^3 - 24) \quad \theta_B = \frac{q_0 L^3}{\pi^3 EI}(\pi^2 - 8)$

Table G-2

## Deflections and Slopes of Simple Beams

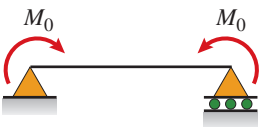
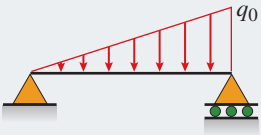
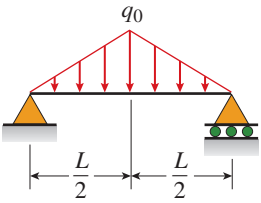
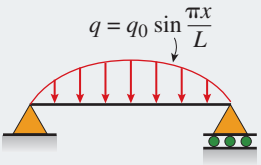
	<p><math>v</math> = deflection in the <math>y</math> direction (positive upward)</p> <p><math>v' = dv/dx</math> = slope of the deflection curve</p> <p><math>\delta_C = -v(L/2)</math> = deflection at midpoint <math>C</math> of the beam (positive downward)</p> <p><math>x_1</math> = distance from support <math>A</math> to point of maximum deflection</p> <p><math>\delta_{\max} = -v_{\max}</math> = maximum deflection (positive downward)</p> <p><math>\theta_A = -v'(0)</math> = angle of rotation at left-hand end of the beam (positive clockwise)</p> <p><math>\theta_B = v'(L)</math> = angle of rotation at right-hand end of the beam (positive counterclockwise)</p> <p><math>EI</math> = constant</p>
<p><b>1</b></p>	$v = -\frac{qx}{24EI}(L^3 - 2Lx^2 + x^3)$ $v' = -\frac{q}{24EI}(L^3 - 6Lx^2 + 4x^3)$ $\delta_C = \delta_{\max} = \frac{5qL^4}{384EI} \quad \theta_A = \theta_B = \frac{qL^3}{24EI}$
<p><b>2</b></p>	$v = -\frac{qx}{384EI}(9L^3 - 24Lx^2 + 16x^3) \quad \left(0 \leq x \leq \frac{L}{2}\right)$ $v' = -\frac{q}{384EI}(9L^3 - 72Lx^2 + 64x^3) \quad \left(0 \leq x \leq \frac{L}{2}\right)$ $v = -\frac{qL}{384EI}(8x^3 - 24Lx^2 + 17L^2x - L^3) \quad \left(\frac{L}{2} \leq x \leq L\right)$ $v' = -\frac{qL}{384EI}(24x^2 - 48Lx + 17L^2) \quad \left(\frac{L}{2} \leq x \leq L\right)$ $\delta_C = \frac{5qL^4}{768EI} \quad \theta_A = \frac{3qL^3}{128EI} \quad \theta_B = \frac{7qL^3}{384EI}$
<p><b>3</b></p>	$v = -\frac{qx}{24LEI}(a^4 - 4a^3L + 4a^2L^2 + 2a^2x^2 - 4aLx^2 + Lx^3) \quad (0 \leq x \leq a)$ $v' = -\frac{q}{24LEI}(a^4 - 4a^3L + 4a^2L^2 + 6a^2x^2 - 12aLx^2 + 4Lx^3) \quad (0 \leq x \leq a)$ $v = -\frac{qa^2}{24LEI}(-a^2L + 4L^2x + a^2x - 6Lx^2 + 2x^3) \quad (a \leq x \leq L)$ $v' = -\frac{qa^2}{24LEI}(4L^2 + a^2 - 12Lx + 6x^2) \quad (a \leq x \leq L)$ $\theta_A = \frac{qa^2}{24LEI}(2L - a)^2 \quad \theta_B = \frac{qa^2}{24LEI}(2L^2 - a^2)$

Table G-2 (Continued)

<p><b>4</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{Px}{48EI}(3L^2 - 4x^2) \quad v' = -\frac{P}{16EI}(L^2 - 4x^2) \quad \left(0 \leq x \leq \frac{L}{2}\right)$ $\delta_C = \delta_{\max} = \frac{PL^3}{48EI} \quad \theta_A = \theta_B = \frac{PL^2}{16EI}$
<p><b>5</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{Pbx}{6LEI}(L^2 - b^2 - x^2) \quad v' = -\frac{Pb}{6LEI}(L^2 - b^2 - 3x^2) \quad (0 \leq x \leq a)$ $\theta_A = \frac{Pab(L + b)}{6LEI} \quad \theta_B = \frac{Pab(L + a)}{6LEI}$ <p>If <math>a \geq b</math>, <math>\delta_C = \frac{Pb(3L^2 - 4b^2)}{48EI}</math>    If <math>a \leq b</math>, <math>\delta_C = \frac{Pa(3L^2 - 4a^2)}{48EI}</math></p> <p>If <math>a \geq b</math>, <math>x_1 = \sqrt{\frac{L^2 - b^2}{3}}</math>    and    <math>\delta_{\max} = \frac{Pb(L^2 - b^2)^{3/2}}{9\sqrt{3}LEI}</math></p>
<p><b>6</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{Px}{6EI}(3aL - 3a^2 - x^2) \quad v' = -\frac{P}{2EI}(aL - a^2 - x^2) \quad (0 \leq x \leq a)$ $v = -\frac{Pa}{6EI}(3Lx - 3x^2 - a^2) \quad v' = -\frac{Pa}{2EI}(L - 2x) \quad (a \leq x \leq L - a)$ $\delta_C = \delta_{\max} = \frac{Pa}{24EI}(3L^2 - 4a^2) \quad \theta_A = \theta_B = \frac{Pa(L - a)}{2EI}$
<p><b>7</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{M_0x}{6LEI}(2L^2 - 3Lx + x^2) \quad v' = -\frac{M_0}{6LEI}(2L^2 - 6Lx + 3x^2)$ $\delta_C = \frac{M_0L^2}{16EI} \quad \theta_A = \frac{M_0L}{3EI} \quad \theta_B = \frac{M_0L}{6EI}$ $x_1 = L\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right) \quad \text{and} \quad \delta_{\max} = \frac{M_0L^2}{9\sqrt{3}EI}$
<p><b>8</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{M_0x}{24LEI}(L^2 - 4x^2) \quad v' = -\frac{M_0}{24LEI}(L^2 - 12x^2) \quad \left(0 \leq x \leq \frac{L}{2}\right)$ $\delta_C = 0 \quad \theta_A = \frac{M_0L}{24EI} \quad \theta_B = -\frac{M_0L}{24EI}$
<p><b>9</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{M_0x}{6LEI}(6aL - 3a^2 - 2L^2 - x^2) \quad (0 \leq x \leq a)$ $v' = -\frac{M_0}{6LEI}(6aL - 3a^2 - 2L^2 - 3x^2) \quad (0 \leq x \leq a)$ <p>At <math>x = a</math>: <math>v = \frac{M_0ab}{3LEI}(2a - L) \quad v' = -\frac{M_0}{3LEI}(3aL - 3a^2 - L^2)</math></p> $\theta_A = \frac{M_0}{6LEI}(6aL - 3a^2 - 2L^2) \quad \theta_B = \frac{M_0}{6LEI}(3a^2 - L^2)$

(Continued)

Table G-2 (Continued)

<p><b>10</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{M_0 x}{2EI}(L - x) \quad v' = -\frac{M_0}{2EI}(L - 2x)$ $\delta_C = \delta_{\max} = \frac{M_0 L^2}{8EI} \quad \theta_A = \theta_B = \frac{M_0 L}{2EI}$
<p><b>11</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{q_0 x}{360EI}(7L^4 - 10L^2 x^2 + 3x^4)$ $v' = -\frac{q_0}{360EI}(7L^4 - 30L^2 x^2 + 15x^4)$ $\delta_C = \frac{5q_0 L^4}{768EI} \quad \theta_A = \frac{7q_0 L^3}{360EI} \quad \theta_B = \frac{q_0 L^3}{45EI}$ $x_1 = 0.5193L \quad \delta_{\max} = 0.00652 \frac{q_0 L^4}{EI}$
<p><b>12</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{q_0 x}{960EI}(5L^2 - 4x^2)^2 \quad \left(0 \leq x \leq \frac{L}{2}\right)$ $v' = -\frac{q_0}{192EI}(5L^2 - 4x^2)(L^2 - 4x^2) \quad \left(0 \leq x \leq \frac{L}{2}\right)$ $\delta_C = \delta_{\max} = \frac{q_0 L^4}{120EI} \quad \theta_A = \theta_B = \frac{5q_0 L^3}{192EI}$
<p><b>13</b></p> 	$v = -\frac{q_0 L^4}{\pi^4 EI} \sin \frac{\pi x}{L} \quad v' = -\frac{q_0 L^3}{\pi^3 EI} \cos \frac{\pi x}{L}$ $\delta_C = \delta_{\max} = \frac{q_0 L^4}{\pi^4 EI} \quad \theta_A = \theta_B = \frac{q_0 L^3}{\pi^3 EI}$