Projet de Conception de mécanisme II : DYNABAL

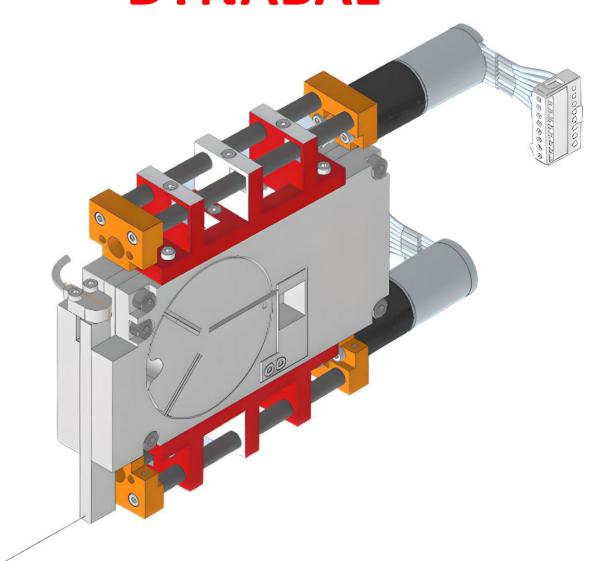
Groupe 36

Morand Nathann 296190

Ramirez Felipe 331471

Tankwa Baptiste 346039

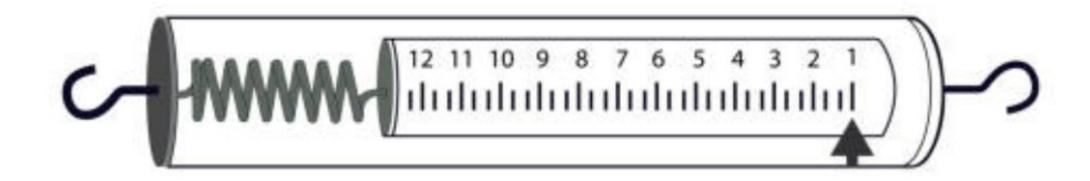
Torres Tristan 341042





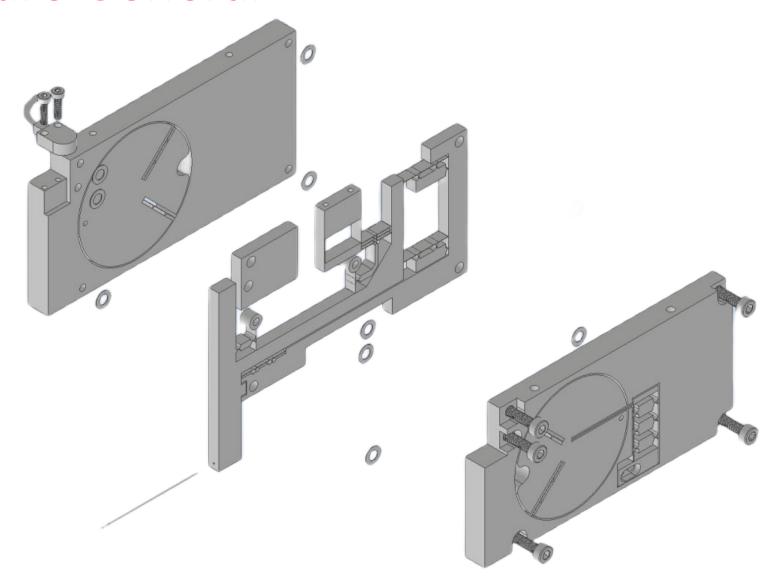
Introduction

• Dynamomètre





Architecture Général

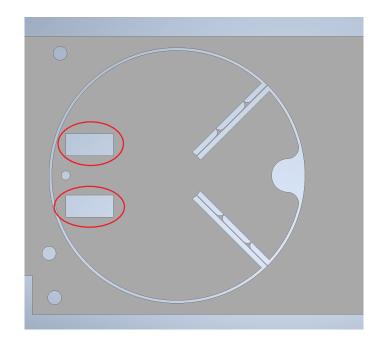


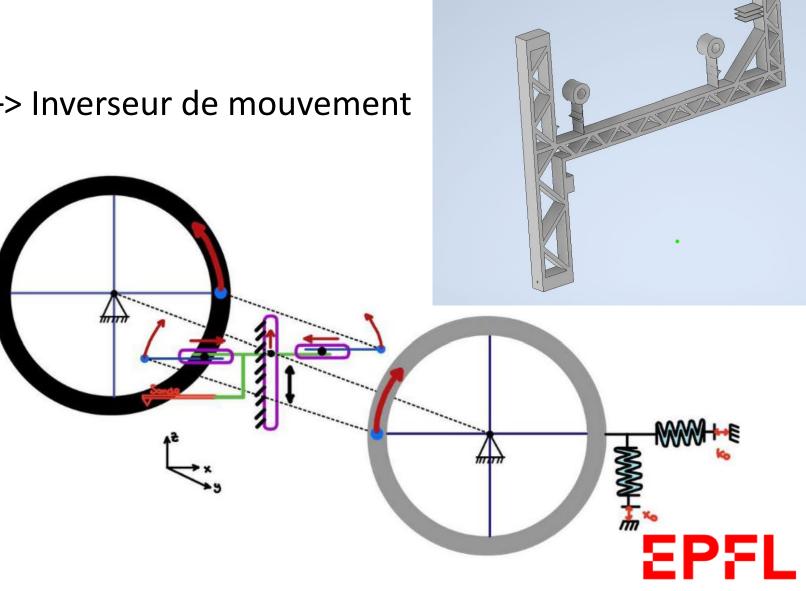
Équilibrage

• Mouvement opposé -> Inverseur de mouvement

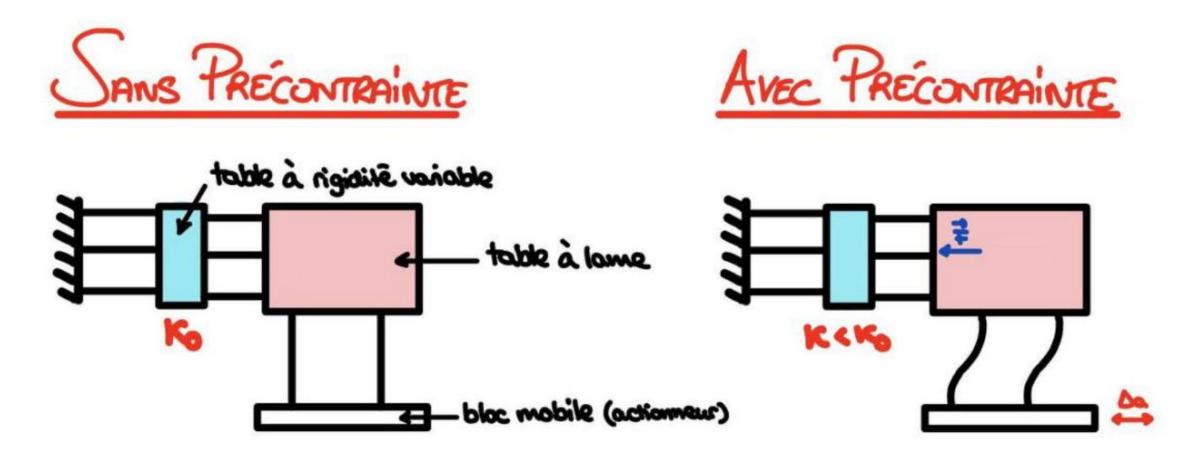
Moment annulé

Masse optimisé



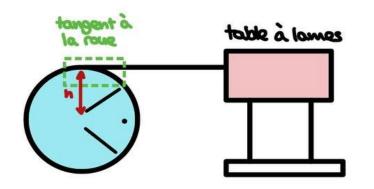


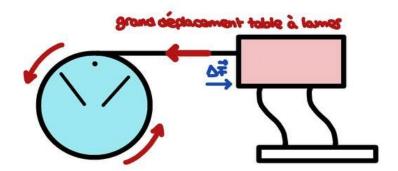
Principe de compensation de rigidité

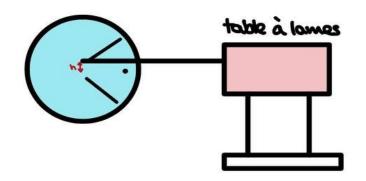


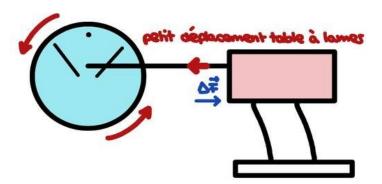


Principe de réglage du zéro







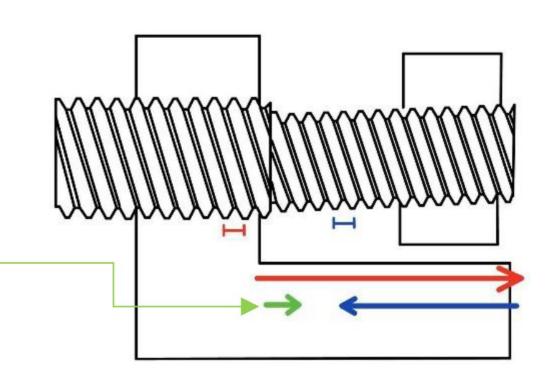




système vis-écrou

- vis différentielle
- Anti-rotation et guidage
- Accouplement
- Rattrapage du jeu

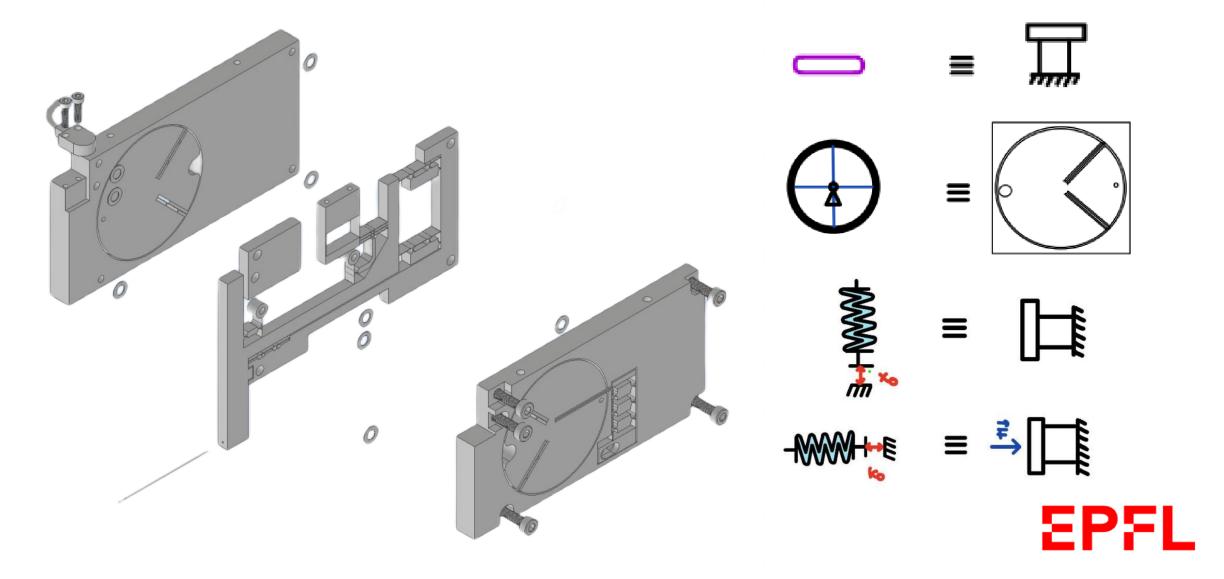
Pas virtuel de 50 μm



2.6: Schéma du principe de vis différentielle



Traduction en guidage Flexible



Concepts Originaux

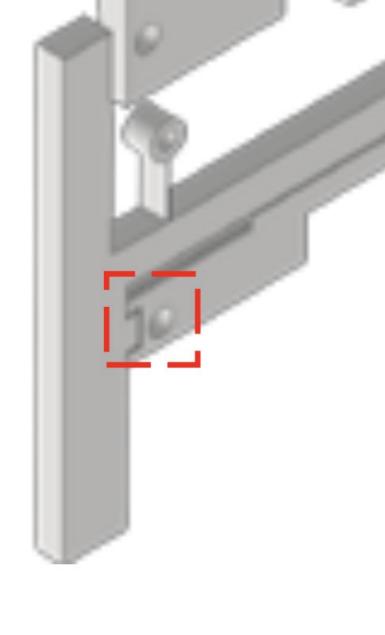
Equilibrage SFMI à l'aide des roues

Principe de vis différentielle

Précontrainte d'usine

Système multicouches

Système de protection du mécanisme



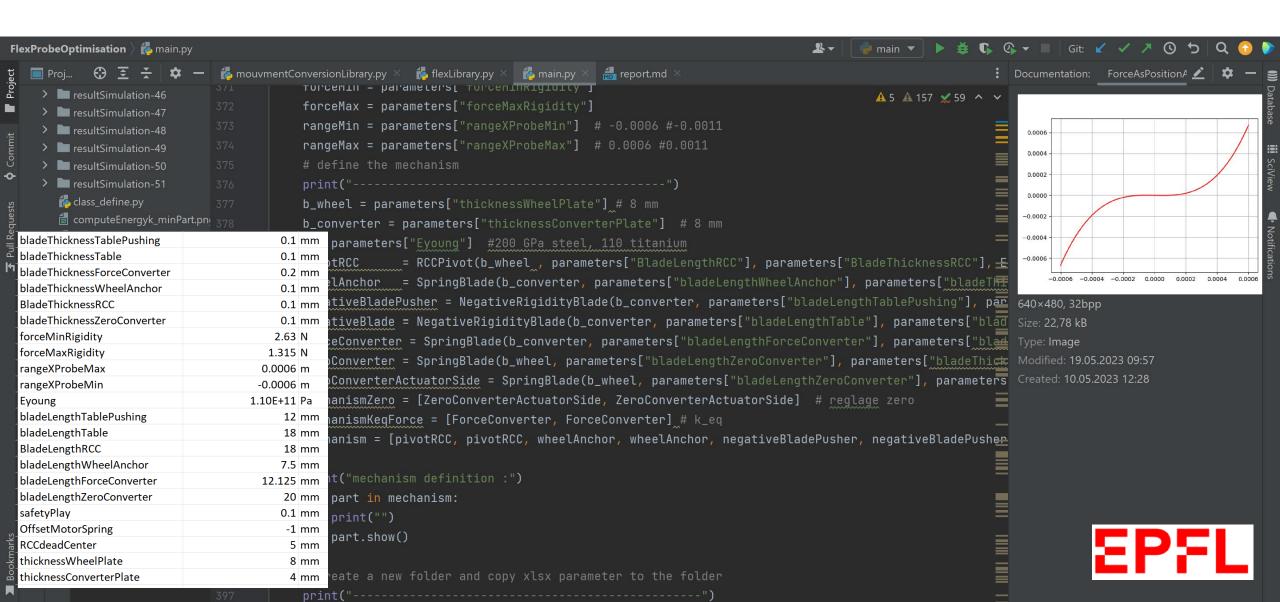


Dimensionnement du mécanisme

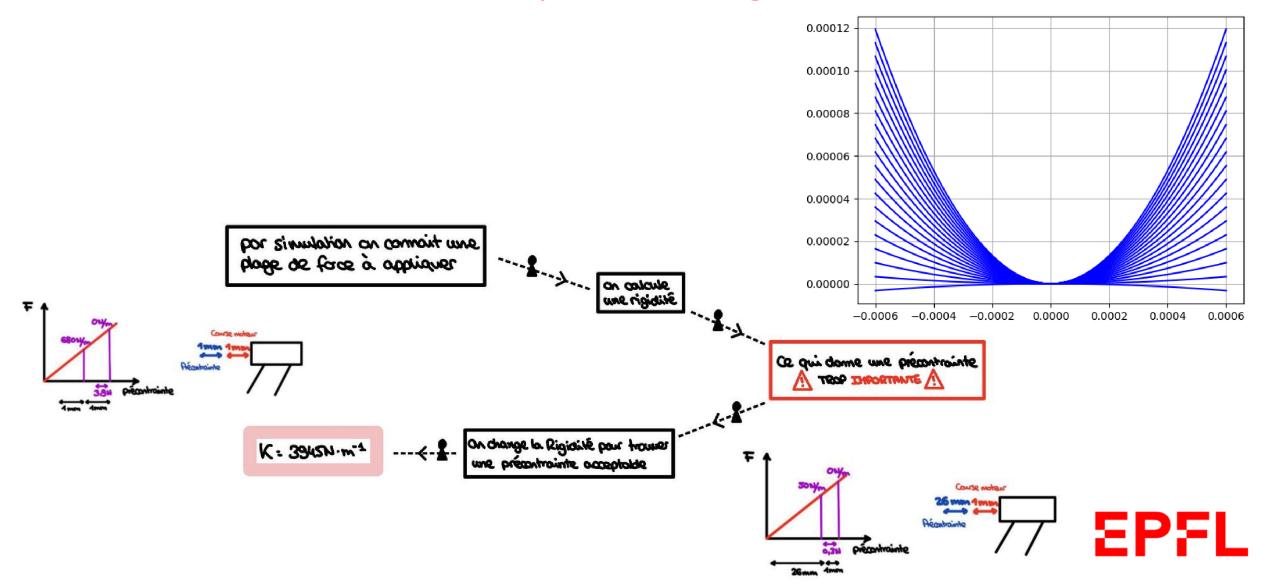
- Minimisation du nombre de lammes
- Minimisation de la rigidité des lammes
- Dimensionnent Réglage du zéro
- Calcul de la rigidité total à vide
- Dimensionnement pusher Réglage de la rigidité



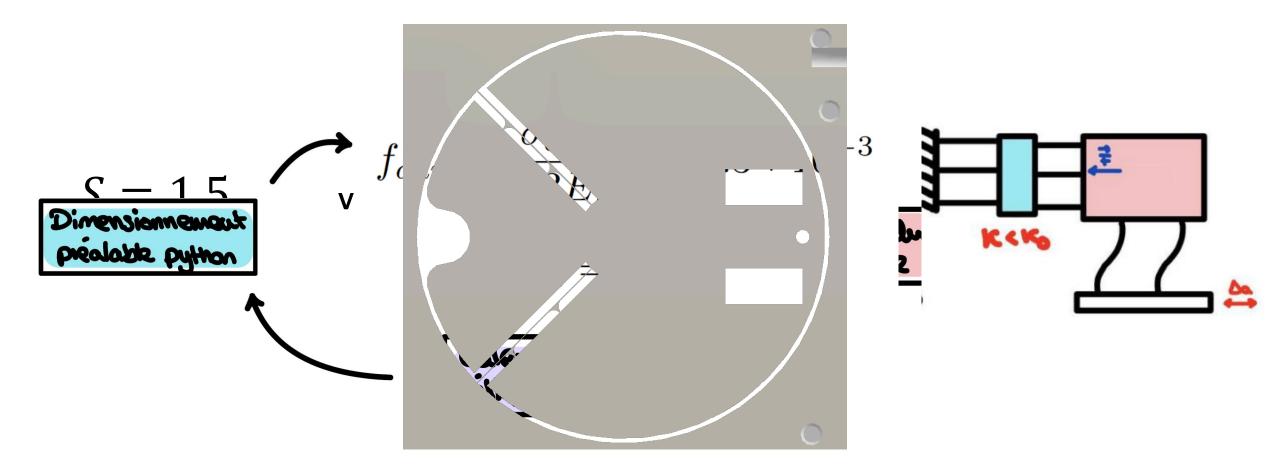
Optimisation Python



Dimensionnent du pusher rigidité zéro

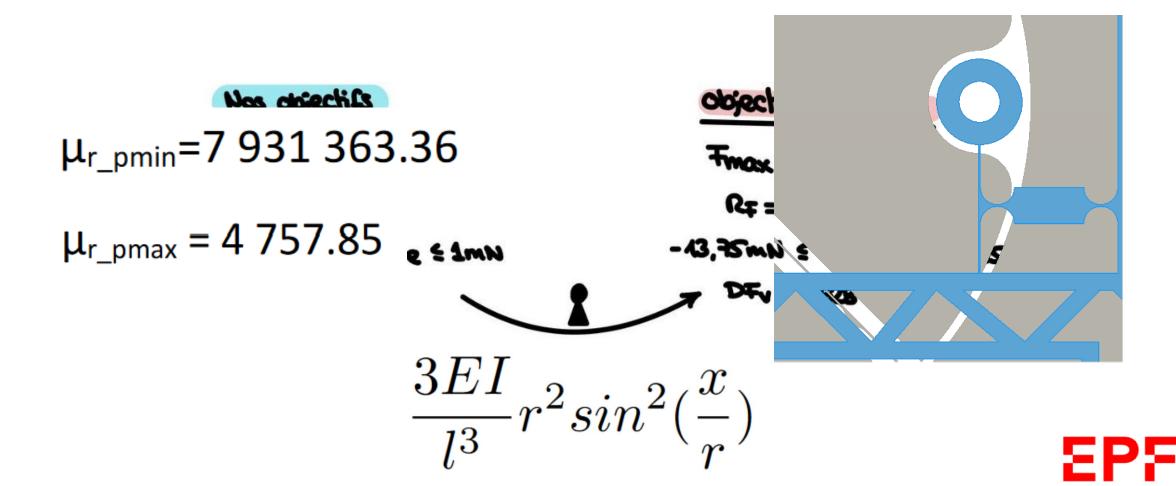


Codétaintes maxines la siadhatsoindes





Revue des performances

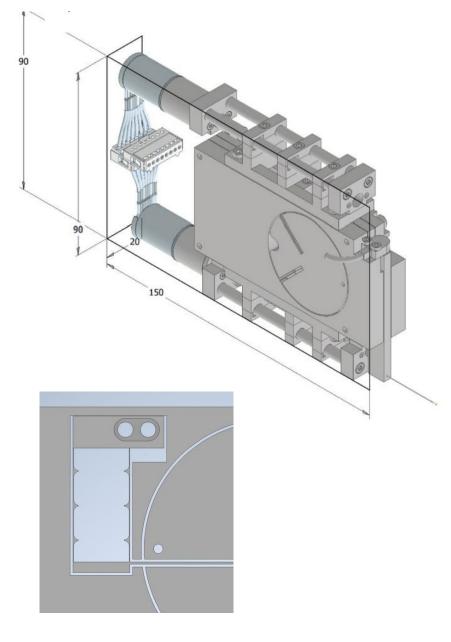


Construction

Assemblage vissé

Supports pour lames

Alliage Ti-6Al-4V





Conclusion

