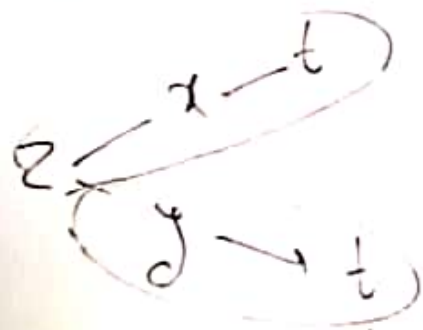


❖ بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم ❖

$$z = x^2 + y^2$$

$$\begin{cases} x = Cst \\ y = Sint \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = ?$$



$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} = 2Cst \cdot (Sint) + 2Sint \cdot (Cst)$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 2x = 2Cst$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -Sint$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 2y$$

$$= 2Sint$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = Cst$$

$$= 2CstSint + 2SintCst = 0$$

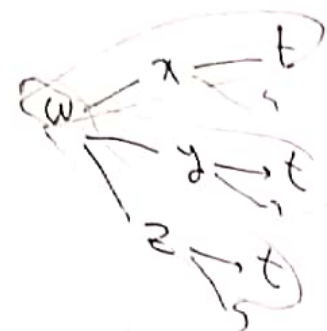
$w = e^t - \sin t^v$

$\frac{dw}{dt} = e^t - \cos t^v$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{dw}{dt} &= \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{dz}{dt} \\
 &= -xy \cos xy \cdot xt - x^v \cos xy \cdot xt^v + 1 \cdot e^t \\
 &= -1 \cdot 1 \cdot t \cos t^v \cdot xt - 1 \cdot t^v \cos t^v \cdot xt^v + e^t \\
 &= -1 \cdot t^v \cos t^v - 1 \cdot t^v \cos t^v + e^t \\
 &= -2t^v \cos t^v + e^t
 \end{aligned}$$

$w = z - \sin(xy) \cdot \int w$

$\begin{cases}
 x = t^v \\
 y = t^v \\
 z = e^t
 \end{cases}$



$\begin{aligned}
 &\sin u \\
 &u' \cos u \\
 &x^v y^v (t^v)^v \cdot t^v \\
 &= t^v
 \end{aligned}$

❖ بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم ❖

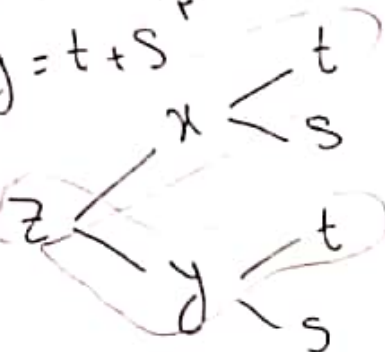
$$Z = x^r + y^r = \cos^r t + \sin^r t = 1 \rightarrow \frac{dZ}{dt} = 0$$

$$x = \cos t$$

$$y = \sin t$$

$$Z = e^x \ln y$$

$$\begin{cases} x = r + s \\ y = t + s \end{cases}$$



$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial Z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial t}$$

$$= e^x \ln y \cdot r + \frac{1}{y} e^x \cdot 1 = r e^{r+s} \ln(t+s^r) + \frac{1}{t+s^r} e^{r+s}$$

$$Z = \sin(x^2 y) \rightarrow (\sqrt{\pi}, 1) \text{ at } (x, y) \rightarrow \frac{dx}{dt} = v$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = w$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial Z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt}$$

Diagram illustrating the partial derivatives with respect to  $x$  and  $y$  at the point  $(\sqrt{\pi}, 1)$ :

$x \rightarrow \sqrt{\pi}$

$y \rightarrow 1$

$$2xy \cos x^2 y \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + x^2 \cos x^2 y \cdot \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$2\sqrt{\pi} \cos \pi \cdot v + \pi \cos \pi \cdot w$$

$$-2\sqrt{\pi} \cdot v - \pi \cdot w = -2\sqrt{\pi} - \pi$$

$$x^2 y \quad \pi \cdot 1$$

❖ بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم ❖

مثال: در یک استوانه { شعاع با سرعت  $\frac{dr}{dt} = 2$  در حال افزایش  
ارتفاع با سرعت  $\frac{dh}{dt} = 3$  می باشد.

سرعت تغییر حجم استوانه را بدست آوریم.  
استوانه تغییر حجم نسبت به زمان

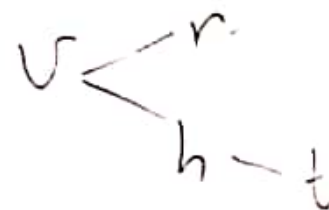
در لحظه اول حجم  $10 \text{ cm}^3$   
ارتفاع  $1 \text{ cm}$   
مساحت

(r, h)  
 $V = \pi r^2 h$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{\partial V}{\partial r} \cdot \frac{dr}{dt} + \frac{\partial V}{\partial h} \cdot \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$= 2\pi r h \cdot \frac{dr}{dt} + \pi r^2 \cdot \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} \left( \begin{smallmatrix} 10 \\ r \\ h \end{smallmatrix} \right) = 2\pi \times 10 \times 1 \times \frac{2}{10} + \pi \times 10^2 \times \frac{3}{10} = 4\pi + 30\pi = 34\pi$$



$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$$

$$V = xyz$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial r}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{\partial r}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$= yz \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + xz \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} + xy \cdot \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$\left. \frac{dr}{dt} \right|_{(x,y,z)=(2,10,4)} = 10 \times 4 \times \frac{1}{10} + 4 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{10} + 2 \times 10 \times \frac{1}{10} = 1 + 2 - 1 = 2 \text{ cm/s}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = +2 \text{ (با سرعت ۲ از افزایش ۲)}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = +1 \text{ (با سرعت ۱ از افزایش ۱)}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = -1 \text{ (با سرعت ۱ از کاهش ۱)}$$

ابعاد ملب مستطیل

$$x = 2$$

$$y = 10$$

$$z = 4$$

سرعت تغییر حجم در لحظه

حجم ملب مستطیل با سرعت ۵ cm/s در حال کاهش است.