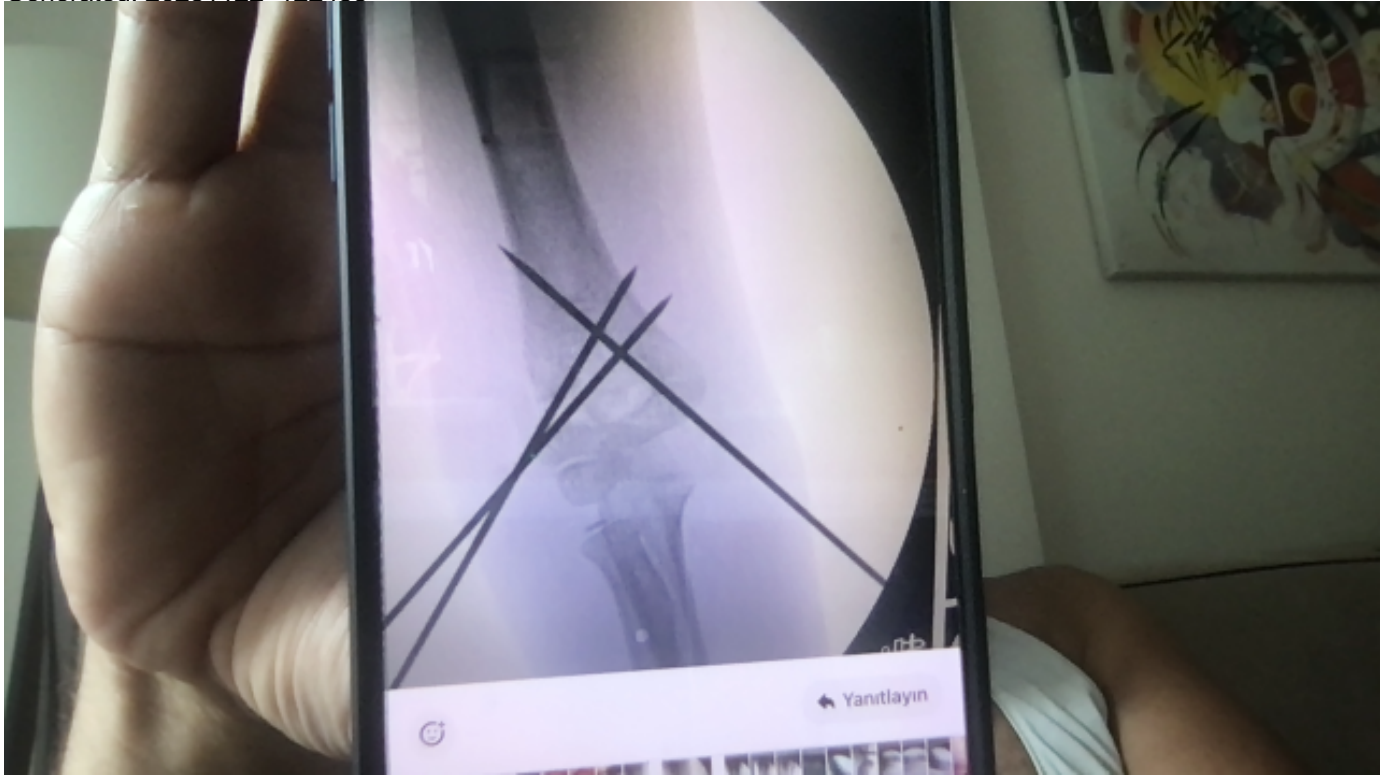
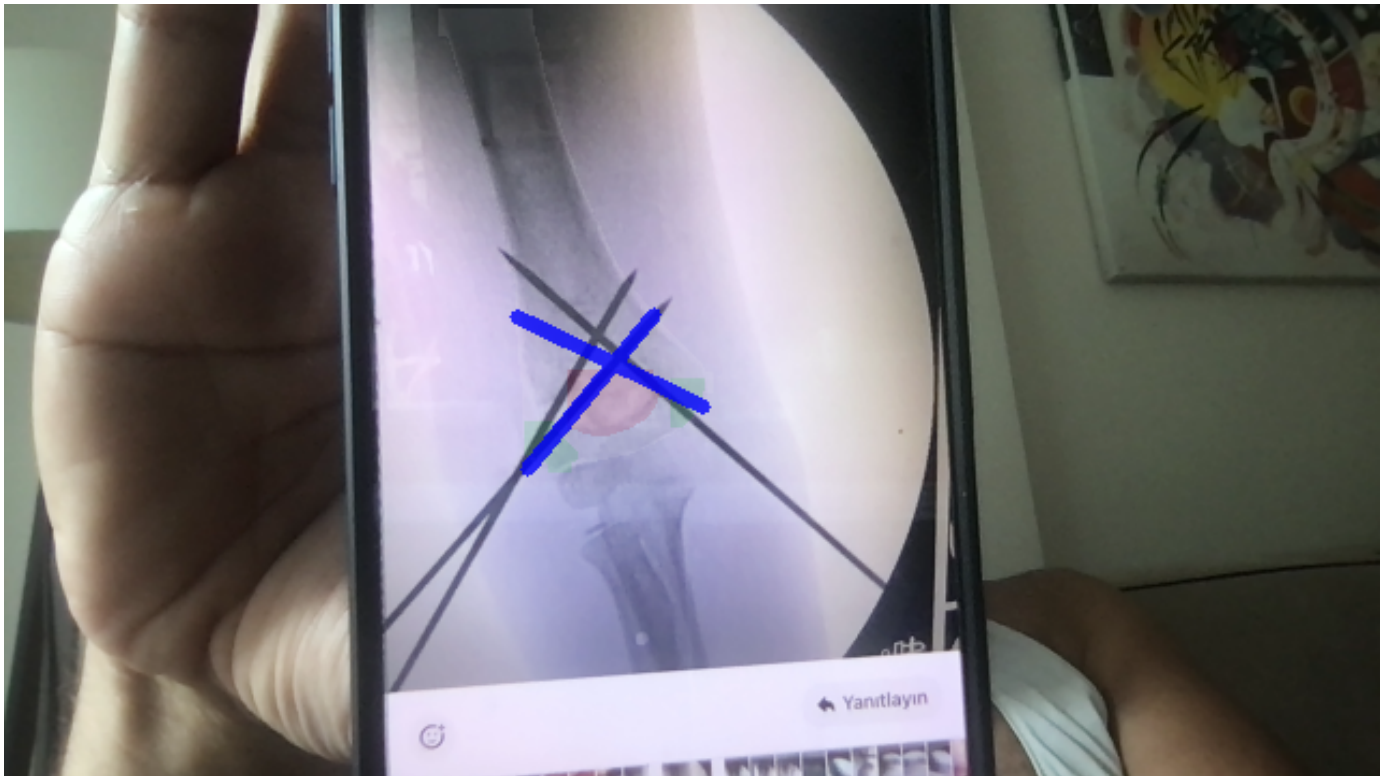


Supracondylar Humerus K-wire Planning Report

Generated: 20251122 122453



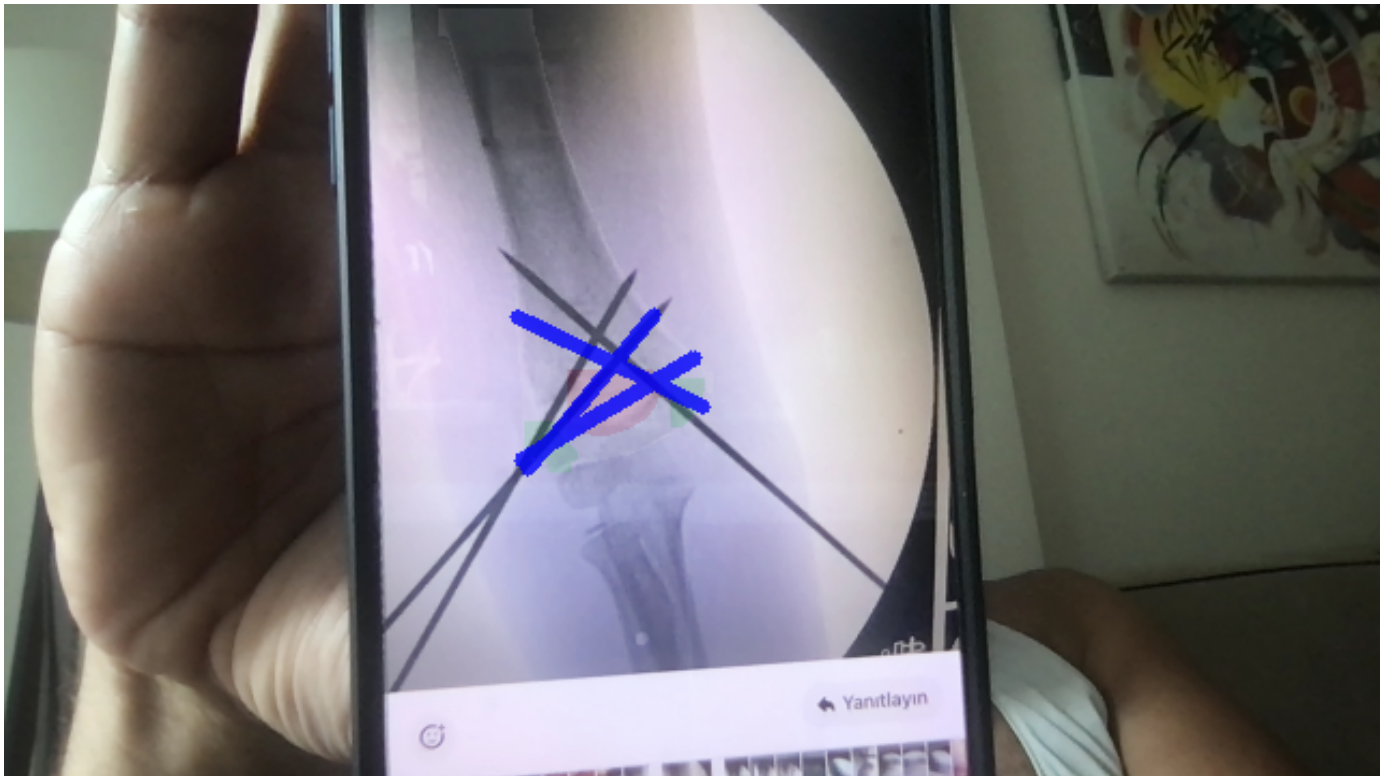
Original AP radiograph (unprocessed).



Cross – 2 wires

Cross – 2 wires:

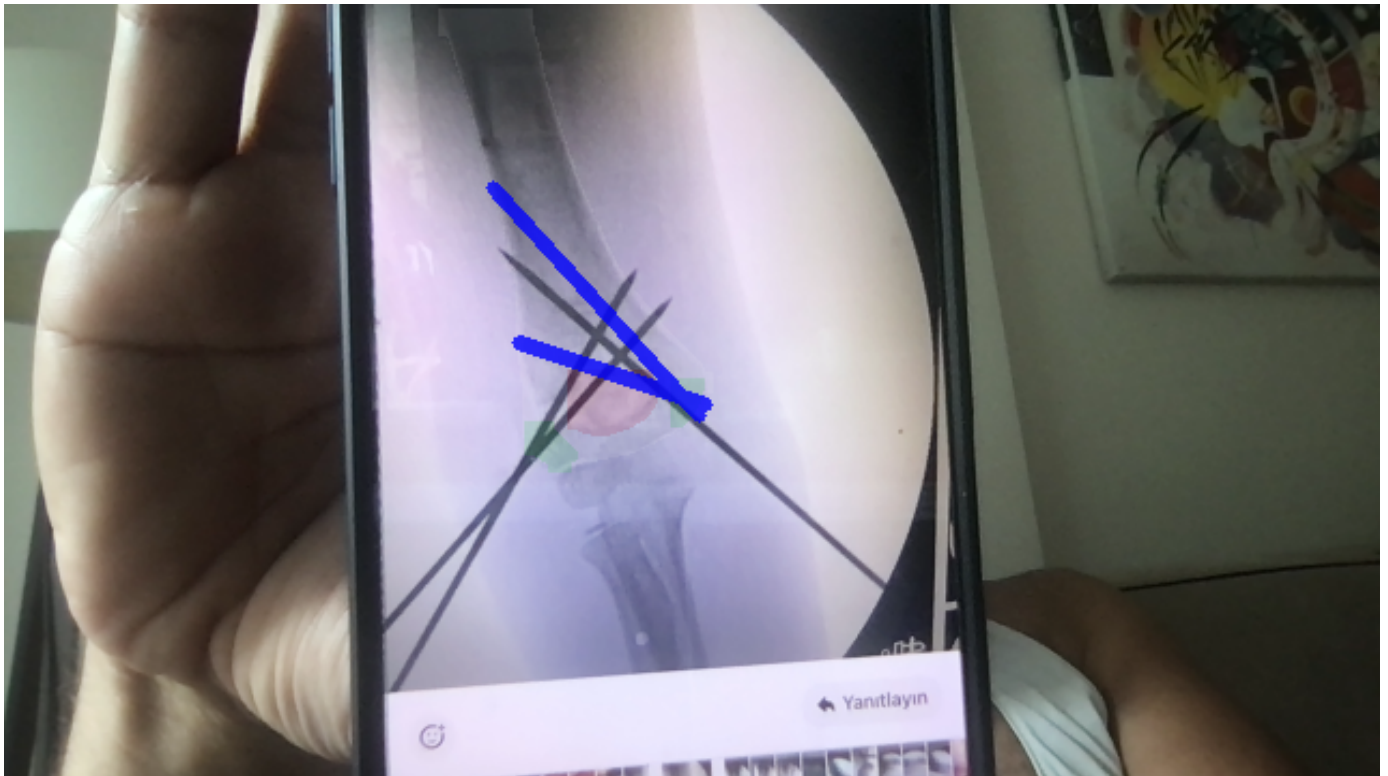
- Divergence angle: 103.6°
- Entry spread (relative to humerus width): 0.50
- Crossing height (relative): 0.23
- Pros:
 - Good divergence ($\geq 30^\circ$) – likely stable construct.
 - Adequate lateral spread of entry points.



Cross – 3 wires

Cross – 3 wires:

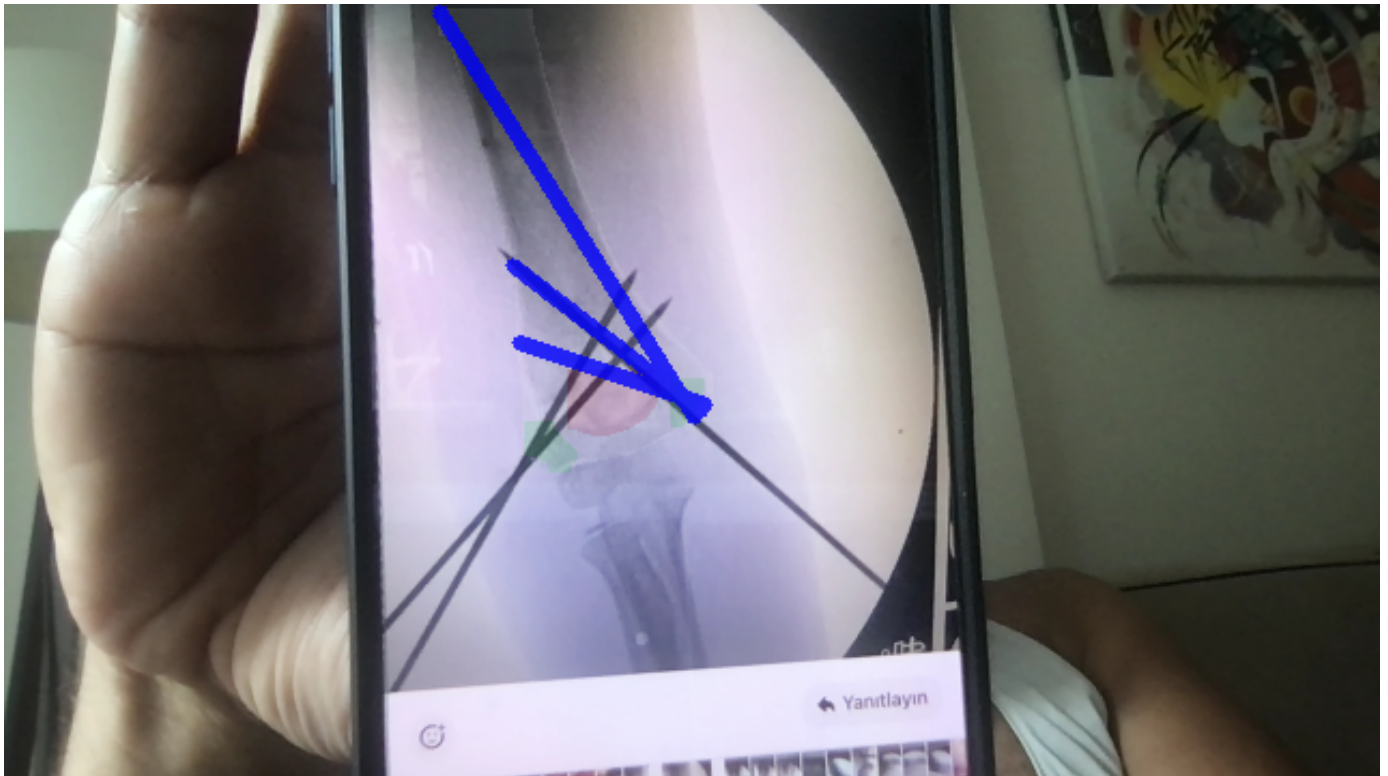
- Divergence angle: 103.6°
- Entry spread (relative to humerus width): 0.50
- Crossing height (relative): 0.23
- Pros:
 - Good divergence ($\geq 30^{\circ}$) – likely stable construct.
 - Adequate lateral spread of entry points.



Lateral – 2 wires

Lateral – 2 wires:

- Divergence angle: 29.4°
- Entry spread (relative to humerus width): 0.02
- Warnings: low_divergence_angle
- Cons:
 - Low divergence ($<30^{\circ}$) – potential mechanical weakness.
 - Narrow entry spread – reduced buttressing.



Lateral – 3 wires

Lateral – 3 wires:

- Divergence angle: 19.3°
- Entry spread (relative to humerus width): 0.04
- Warnings: low_divergence_angle
- Cons:
 - Low divergence ($<30^{\circ}$) – potential mechanical weakness.
 - Narrow entry spread – reduced buttressing.