

PHPStanのエラーをprettyにしようとしている

Natsuki

PHPStan使ってますか

```
<?php

class User {
    public function __construct(
        public string $name,
        public ?int $age
    ) {}

    public function nextAge(): int {
        return $this->age + 1;
    }
}
```

VSCodeのエラーは見づら過ぎる!!

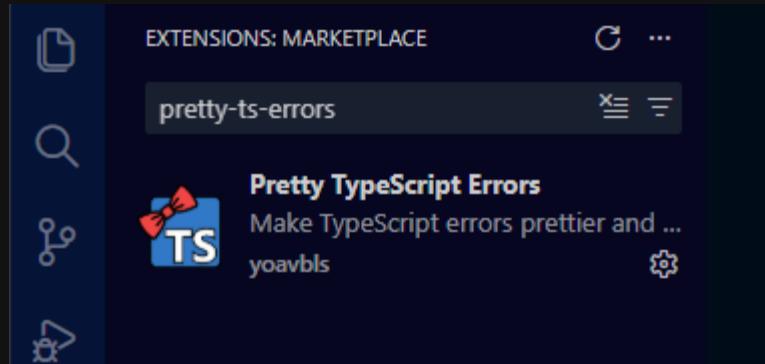
```
/**  
 * @return array{  
 *     id: int,  
 *     name: string,  
 *     // ...  
 * }  
*/  
function getProfile(): array  
{  
    return [  
        'id' => 123,  
        'name' => 'John Doe',  
        // ...  
    ];  
}
```

age: int.

Function buildUserProfile() should return array{id: int, name: string, email: string, age: int, address: array{zip: string, prefecture: string, city: string, street: string}, tags: array<string>, created_at: string, updated_at: string} but returns array{id: 1, name: 'Alice', email: 'alice@example.com', age: 20, address: array{zip: '123-4567', prefecture: 'Tokyo', city: 'Chiyoda'}, tags: array{'admin', 'editor'}, created_at: '2022-01-01 00:00:00'}.

💡 Offset 'address' (array{zip: string, prefecture: string, city: string, street: string}) does not accept type array{zip: '123-4567', prefecture: 'Tokyo', city: 'Chiyoda'}: Array does not have offset 'street'. PHPStan([return.type](#))

pretty-ts-errorsみたいのが欲しい



エラー文をパスーすればいいのでは(1)

php-yacc

第179回 PHP勉強会@東京でのきんじょうさんの話

❖ オフラインです

エラー文をパスーすればいいのでは(2)

racc

ぺちこん関西2025でのトーク

Umeda.rbにて わいださん のraccの話

The screenshot shows a Meetup event page for "Umeda.rb #2" on October 21, 2025. The event title is "Umeda.rb" with a Ruby diamond icon. The event details include the date (2025/10/21), time (19:00 ~ 21:00), and location (Grand Front Osaka Tower A31F MyNaBiru A). The map shows the location near Grand Front Osaka and Shiodome Street. A small black T-Rex icon is visible on the right side of the page.

LRパーサーとか難しいのでなんとなくの理解

パーサーを使わないアプローチ

パーサーは作らずエラーパターンからマッチさせる

```
age: int.  
Function buildUserProfile() should return array{id: int, name: string, email: string, age: int, address: array{zip: string,  
prefecture: string, city: string, street: string}, tags: array<string>, created_at: string, updated_at: string} but returns  
array{id: 1, name: 'Alice', email: 'alice@example.com', age: 20, address: array{zip: '123-4567', prefecture: 'Tokyo', city:  
'Chiyoda'}, tags: array{'admin', 'editor'}, created_at: '2022-01-01 00:00:00'}.  
⚠ Offset 'address' (array{zip: string, prefecture: string, city: string, street: string}) does not accept type array{zip: '123-  
4567', prefecture: 'Tokyo', city: 'Chiyoda'}: Array does not have offset 'street'. PHPStan(return.type)
```

/Function 関数名 should return 型(array{...}) but returns 型(array{...})./

エラーの種類だけ、パターンマッチで捨う

エラーパターンの変更を追従するのが大変 & プラグインの数だけ対応が必要
=> 汎用的にエラー文をパスできた方がいい

ちなみにpretty-ts-errorsは正規表現

```
message
.replaceAll(
  /(is missing the following properties from type\s?)'(.*)': ((?:#\?\w+, )*)(?:(!and)\w+)?)/g,
  (_, pre, type, post) =>
  `${pre}${formatTypeBlock("", type, codeBlock)}: <ul>${post
    .split(", ")
    .filter(Boolean)
    .map((prop: string) => `<li>${prop}</li>`)
    .join("")}</ul>`
)
```

<https://github.com/yoavbls/pretty-ts->

errors/blob/8527285178e9a88c80ad63fa7f0129192b67bad2/packages/formatter

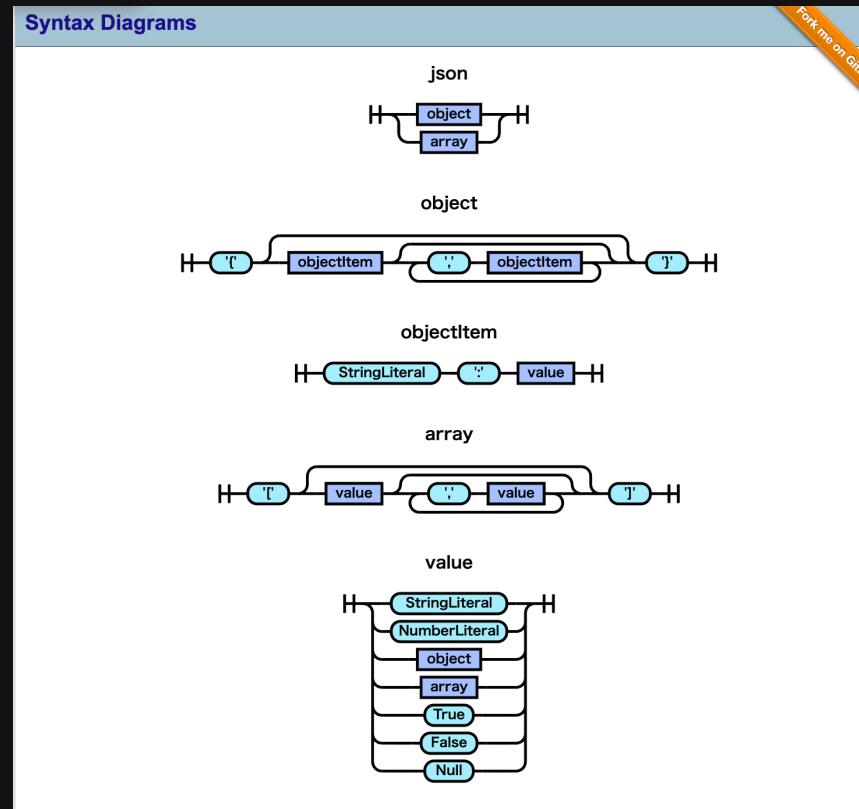
TSはエラーパターンが決まってるからできる

Chevrotain

TypeScript製のパーサージェネレーター
マメジカ

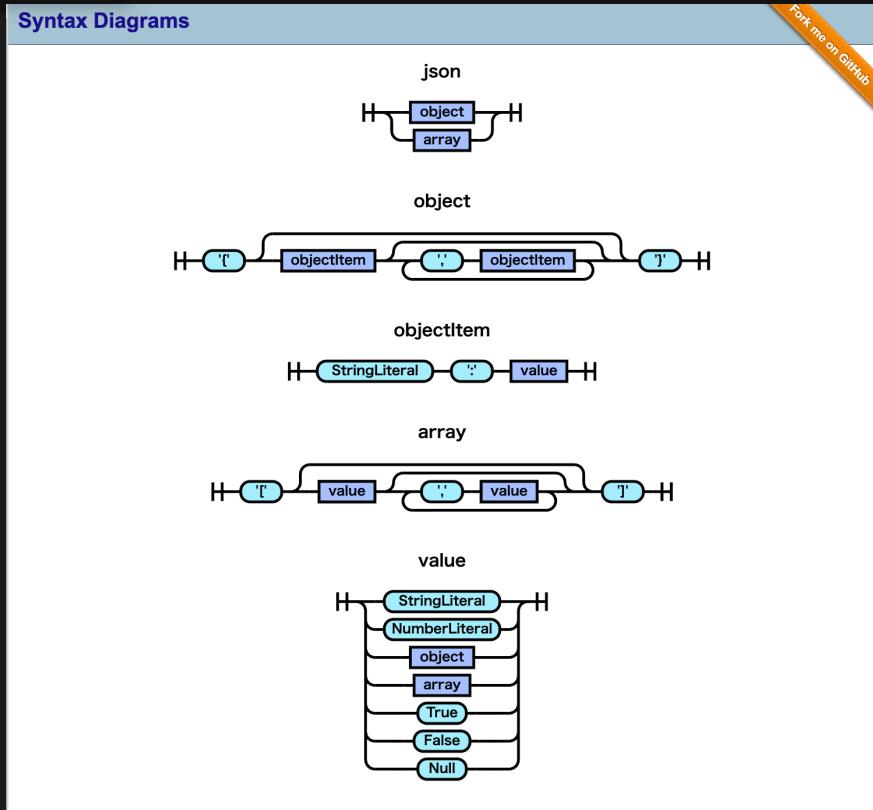


例



例

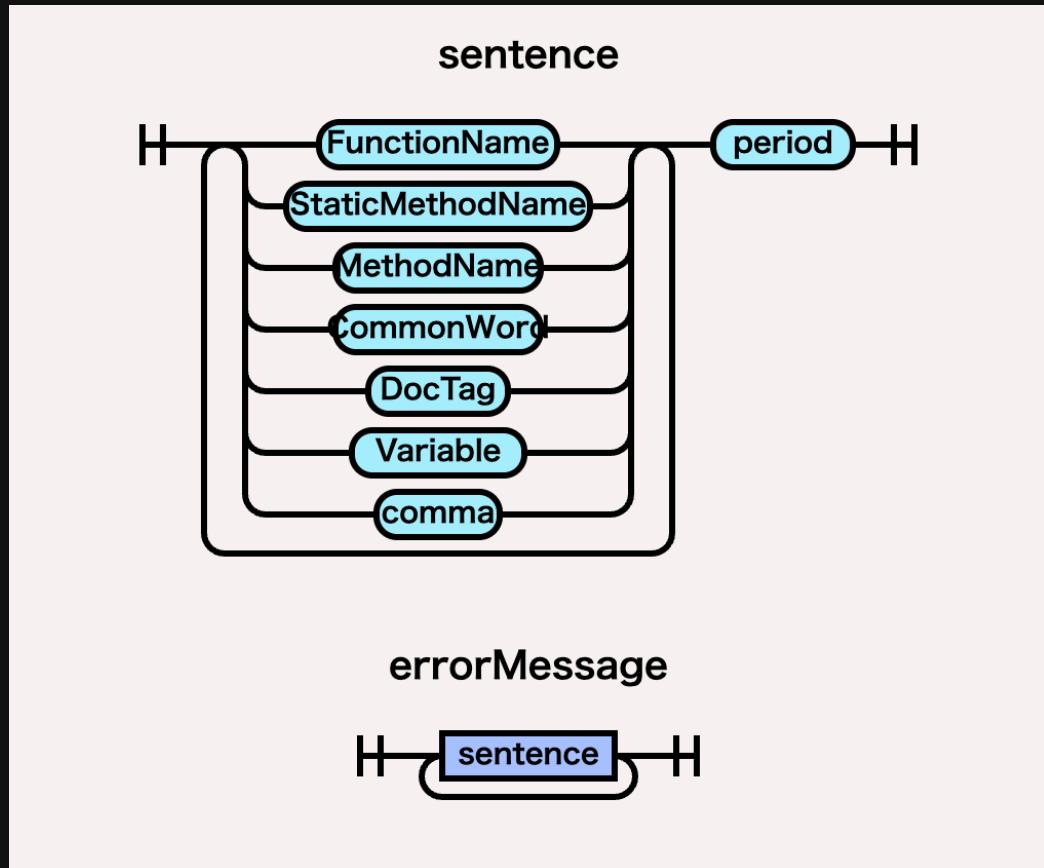
```
class JsonParser extends CstParser {  
    constructor() {  
        this.RULE("json", () => {  
            this.OR([  
                { ALT: () => this.SUBRULE(this.object) },  
                { ALT: () => this.SUBRULE(this.array) },  
            ]);  
        });  
  
        this.RULE("object", () => {  
            this.CONSUME(LCurly);  
            this.MANY_SEP({  
                SEP: Comma,  
                DEF: () => {  
                    this.SUBRULE(this.objectItem);  
                },  
            });  
            this.CONSUME(RCurly);  
        });  
  
        this.RULE("objectItem", () => {  
            this.CONSUME(StringLiteral);  
            this.CONSUME(Colon);  
            this.SUBRULE(this.value);  
        });  
    }  
}
```



パーサーの定義の前に字句解析(Lexer)

```
const True = createToken({ name: "True", pattern: /true/ });
const False = createToken({ name: "False", pattern: /false/ });
const Null = createToken({ name: "Null", pattern: /null/ });
const LCurly = createToken({ name: "LCurly", pattern: /\{/ });
const RCurly = createToken({ name: "RCurly", pattern: /\}/ });
```

phpstan-error-parserを作っています



使い方

```
import { parse } from 'phpstan-error-parser';

const result = parse('PHPDoc tag @mixin contains unresolvable type.')

[
  {
    type: 'common_word',
    value: 'PHPDoc',
    location: {
      startColumn: 0,
      endColumn: 6,
    },
  },
  {
    type: 'common_word',
    value: 'tag',
    location: {
      startColumn: 7,
      endColumn: 10,
    },
  },
  {
    type: 'doc_tag',
    value: '@mixin',
  }
]
```

VSCODE拡張の組み込み

アプローチは二つ

pretty-ts-errorsのように別拡張として提供

phpstan-vscode自体に組み込む

pretty-ts-errorsとphpstan-vscodeがエラーを表示 している仕組み

pretty-ts-errors ⇒ Diagnostic

phpstan-vscode ⇒ HoverProvider

Diagnostic(診断)

場所とメッセージを渡すとエラー表示してくれる

```
interface Diagnostic {  
    range: Range;  
  
    severity?: DiagnosticSeverity;  
  
    source?: string;  
  
    message: string;  
}
```

<https://microsoft.github.io/language-server-protocol/specifications/lsp/3.17/specification/#diagnostic>

phpstan-vscodeはPHPStanの結果をこれでVSCodeに渡している

messageにMarkdownを渡せばリッチな表示ができる？ ⇒ できない

HoverProvider

ホバーイベントに応じてメッセージを返す

```
interface Hover {  
    /**  
     * The hover's content  
     */  
    contents: MarkedString | MarkedString[] | MarkupContent;  
  
    /**  
     * An optional range is a range inside a text document  
     * that is used to visualize a hover, e.g. by changing the background color.  
     */  
    range?: Range;  
}
```

https://microsoft.github.io/language-server-protocol/specifications/lsp/3.17/specification/#textDocument_hover

‘Hover’ではcontentsにMarkdownを渡せばリッチな表示ができる！！

pretty-ts-errorsでもそれによるDiscussionがある

<https://github.com/yoavbls/pretty-ts-errors/discussions/43>

2. Allow diagnostics messages to have markdown

Solves [#15](#), [#19](#), [#3](#) and make us closer to solve: [#11](#), [#21](#), [#26](#), [#25](#)

If VSCode allows it we could be able to move the formatting to a language server plugin which will allow us to:

1. Control the order of the original error and the pretty one
2. Hide the original error without losing it in the problems pane in VSCode or for other extensions like [Error Lens](#)
3. Support more platforms more easily like Neovim, Visual Studio and maybe even JetBrains IDEs

 [Upvote or comment here](#)

#

LSP 3.18 ならDiagnosticにもMarkdownが使える

```
/**  
 * The diagnostic's message.  
 *  
 * @since 3.18.0 – support for MarkupContent. This is guarded by the client  
 * capability `textDocument.diagnostic.markupMessageSupport`.  
 */  
message: string | MarkupContent;
```

<https://microsoft.github.io/language-server-protocol/specifications/lsp/3.18/specification/#diagnostic>

いつになるか分からないので

別拡張としてphpstan-error-parserでパースして、HoverProviderで実装する予定

おしまい