

Predict Diabetes

PRESENTING TEACHER NOPADON

Public Data

Predict Diabetes Dataset

Ex. Dataset

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	ВМІ	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age	Outcome
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50	1
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351	31	0
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672	32	1
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	0.167	21	0
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288	33	1

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 768 entries, 0 to 767 Data columns (total 9 columns): Column Non-Null Count Dtype Pregnancies 768 non-null int64 Glucose 768 non-null int64 BloodPressure 768 non-null int64 SkinThickness 768 non-null int64 Insulin int64 768 non-null BMI 768 non-null float64 DiabetesPedigreeFunction 768 non-null float64 Age 768 non-null int64 Outcome 768 non-null int64 dtypes: float64(2), int64(7) memory usage: 54.1 KB

Coding

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
                                                                      Algorithm K-Nearest Neighbors
In [2]: diabetes = pd.read_csv('diabetes.csv')
        # print(diabetes.columns)
        diabetes.head()
Out[3]:
            Pregnancies Glucose BloodPressure SkinThickness Insulin BMI DiabetesPedigreeFunction Age Outcome
         0
                          148
                                                                                   0.627
                                                                                          50
                    6
                                        72
                                                            0 33.6
                           85
                                        66
                                                            0 26.6
                                                                                   0.351
                                                                                          31
                                                     29
                                                                                                    0
                    8
                                                            0 23.3
                                                                                   0.672
                                                                                          32
         2
                          183
                                        64
         3
                           89
                                        66
                                                           94 28.1
                                                                                   0.167
                                                                                          21
                                                                                                    0
                    0
                          137
                                        40
                                                           168 43.1
                                                                                   2.288
                                                                                         33
                                                                                                    1
In [4]: diabetes.shape
```

Out[4]: (768, 9)

```
In [5]: diabetes.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 768 entries, 0 to 767
        Data columns (total 9 columns):
                                       Non-Null Count Dtype
             Column
             Pregnancies
                                       768 non-null
                                                       int64
             Glucose
                                       768 non-null
                                                       int64
             BloodPressure
                                       768 non-null
                                                       int64
             SkinThickness
                                       768 non-null
                                                       int64
             Insulin
                                       768 non-null
                                                       int64
                                       768 non-null
                                                       float64
             BMT
             DiabetesPedigreeFunction 768 non-null
                                                       float64
                                       768 non-null
                                                       int64
             Age
                                                       int64
             Outcome
                                       768 non-null
        dtypes: float64(2), int64(7)
        memory usage: 54.1 KB
In [6]: x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(diabetes.loc[:, diabetes.columns != 'Outcome'], diabetes['Outcome'],
                                                            stratify=diabetes['Outcome'], random state=66)
        training accuracy = []
        test accuracy = []
        # try n neighbors from 1 to 10
        neighbors settings = range(1, 11)
        for n neighbors in neighbors settings:
            # build the model
            knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors = n neighbors)
            knn.fit(x train, y train)
            # record training set accuracy
            training accuracy.append(knn.score(x train, y train))
            # record test set accuracy
            test accuracy.append(knn.score(x test, y test))
```

```
In [6]: x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(diabetes.loc[:, diabetes.columns != 'Outcome'], diabetes['Outcome'],
                                                              stratify=diabetes['Outcome'], random state=66)
         training accuracy = []
         test accuracy = []
         neighbors settings = range(1, 11) #ลองใช้ระยะตั้งแต่ 1-10
         for n neighbors in neighbors settings:
             knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors = n neighbors) #สร้าง Model
             knn.fit(x train, y train)
             training_accuracy.append(knn.score(x_train, y_train)) #บันทึกค่า record
             test accuracy.append(knn.score(x test, y test)) #บันทึกค่า score
In [7]: knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors = 9)
         knn fit = knn.fit(x train, y train)
         test value = x test[:1]
In [8]: print("Predict: {0}".format(knn.predict(test value)))
         Predict: [1]
In [9]: test value
Out[9]:
              Pregnancies Glucose BloodPressure SkinThickness Insulin BMI DiabetesPedigreeFunction Age
                                                                                      0.314 35
          506
                       0
                             180
                                           90
                                                       26
                                                              90 36.5
In [10]: print('Accuracy of K-NN classifier on train: {:}'.format(knn.score(x train, y train)))
         Accuracy of K-NN classifier on train: 0.7916666666666666
In [11]: print('Accuracy of K-NN classifier on test: {:}'.format(knn.score(x test, y test)))
         Accuracy of K-NN classifier on test: 0.776041666666666
```