## Carnegie Mellon University

Combining Reinforcement Learning and a Safe Controller towards Optimization and Safety

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### **Presentation Overview**

- Problem Statement
  - Significance
- Proposed Solution Different Approaches to Reinforcement Learning
- Hybrid Architecture for Shielding
- Scenario
  - Car Platooning
  - Model in Reinforcement Learning vs. the Safe Controller

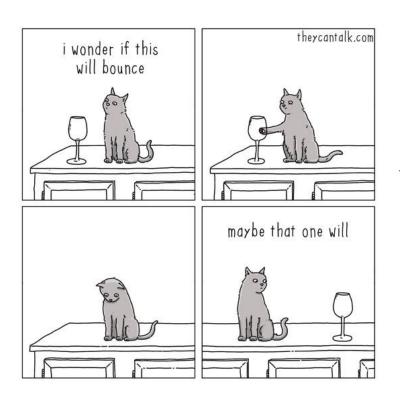




## Optimization vs Safety in Reinforcement Learning

**Problem Statement** 

## Reinforcement Learning in a Nutshell



- Trial-and-Error
- Exploration vs Exploitation
- Pretty successful overall, think AlphaGo, Deepmind AlphaStar and OpenAl.

Just not really deployable in real-life for now...



## A Real-life Problem: Vehicle Platooning

- Multiple vehicles following each other, i.e. leader and followers.
- Aims to reduce the distance between them
- Taking less space on the road
- Allowing more vehicles to occupy highways
- Let's solve traffic.





## **Optimization vs Safety**

#### Safe Controller (SC) [1]

- In Maude
- Formally verified
- Does not optimize the final answer, though is able to return a safe range of velocities
- Guarantees a 100% no crashes

#### Reinforcement Learning (RL)

- In Python
- Shown to converge to an optimal solution
- Guarantees a 100% a crash (maybe multiple)

Mix and match?





## Three Different Approaches to RL+SC

**Proposed Solution** 

### **Proposed Approaches**

#### **Tabular Q-learning**

- No safety guarantees
- Computationally faster
- Known to converge towards optimal policy

#### Shielding in RL using a SC

- Incorporates a safe controller into a RL architecture
- SC computes a set of safe actions given current state
- RL does not need to learn how to continue "living", just how to optimize

#### **Logic-Based Inference RL**

- Only investigated in deterministic environments
- Learning inference rules
- Uses an inductive reasoning approach to incorporate rule knowledge into decision-making



These different approaches are to be tested on

<u>Safety vs. Optimization</u> [includes speed]

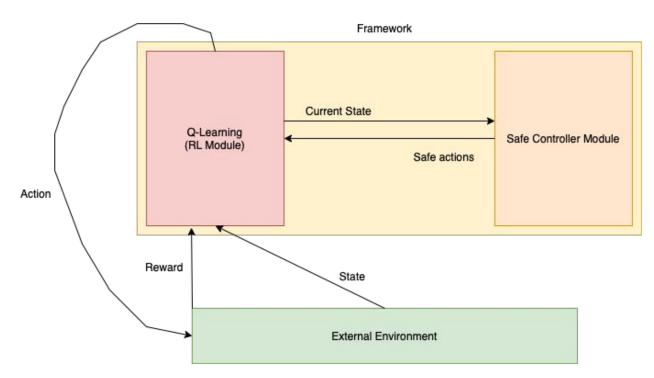




# Hybrid Architecture [Shielding]

**Proposed Architecture** 

## **Hybrid Architecture for Shielding**



- Independent components
- Focus on the framework that translates between both implementations
- First step: formalize scenario





## Car Platooning Model in RL vs the SC

Scenario

## **Car Platooning Scenario**

- Two vehicles for simplicity, one leader and one follower.
- They are both moving on one line (x-axis)
- Each have the choice to accelerate or decelerate.

#### Important goals:

- 1. Don't crash.
- Minimize the distance between the vehicles.

There's two ways the vehicles can crash, either by (1) hitting each other or (2) running a red light/stop sign.

Let's look at how this model is formalized in RL vs. a SC.



### Formalization of the Scenario

#### **Model in Reinforcement Learning**

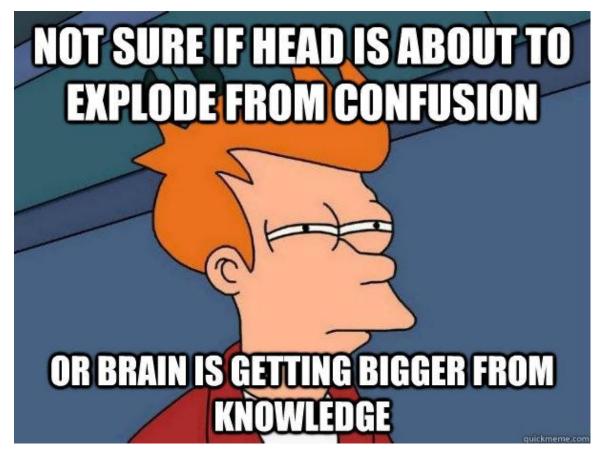
- S A state vector to denote time, position, velocities.
- A An action vector for possible accelerations.
- R A reward function (i.e. given the distance between the vehicles.
- $\varphi$  A transition function s.t.  $\varphi(s_t, a_t) = s_{t+1}$
- $\gamma$  A discounting factor in [0,1]

#### **Model in the Safe Controller**

- Local Knowledge Base
  - Set of grounded facts p@t
- Events = ev@t
  - Equivalent to task@0
- Executable semantics
- System configuration search to ensure that no path given those accelerations result in a crash.

Next-time: Translation between model in RL into/out model in SC





Le moi for the past three months

