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1  // Arun Guha
2  // 3/31/08
3  // Hash Table of words implemented using Linear Probing.
4
5  #include <stdio.h>
6  #include <string.h>
7  #include <math.h>
8
9  // Note: This constrains the limits of static memory allocation...
10 #define MAX_SIZE 29
11 #define TABLE_SIZE 59999
12
13 struct htable {
14     char entries[TABLE_SIZE][MAX_SIZE+1];
15 };
16
17 // Hash Table Functions.
18 void initTable(struct htable *h);
19 int hashvalue(char word[]);
20 void insertTable(struct htable *h, char word[]);
21 int searchTable(struct htable *h, char word[]);
22 void deleteTable(struct htable *h, char word[]);
23
24 int main() {
25
26     char filename[MAX_SIZE+1], temp[MAX_SIZE+1];
27     FILE *ifp;
28     int numwords, i;
29     struct htable mytable;
30     int ans;
31
32     // Get the file name.
33     printf("What is the name of the dictionary file?\n");
34     scanf("%s", &filename);
35     ifp = fopen(filename, "r");
36
37     fscanf(ifp, "%d", &numwords);
38
39     // Read in all of the words from a file into the table.
40     // This is only done once.
41     printf("get here\n");
42     initTable(&mytable);
43     printf("init table\n");
44
45     for (i=0; i<numwords; i++) {
46         fscanf(ifp, "%s", temp);
47         insertTable(&mytable, temp);
48     }
49
50
51     // Allow the user to make changes to the hash table and search for words.
52     do {
53
54         printf("Do you want to 1)search word, 2) add word, 3) delete a word?\n");
55         scanf("%d", &ans);
56
57         // Search for a word.
58         if (ans == 1) {
59
60             printf("What word are you looking for?\n");
61             scanf("%s", temp);
62             if (searchTable(&mytable, temp))
63                 printf("%s was found.\n", temp);
64             else
65                 printf("%s was NOT found.\n", temp);
66         }
67
68         // Add a word.
69         else if (ans == 2) {
70
71             printf("What word do you want to add?\n");
72             scanf("%s", temp);
73             if (searchTable(&mytable, temp))
74                 printf("%s was ALREADY in the table\n", temp);
75             else
76                 insertTable(&mytable, temp);
77         }
78
79         // Delete a word.
80         else if (ans == 3) {
81
82             printf("What word do you want to delete?\n");
83             scanf("%s", temp);
84             deleteTable(&mytable, temp);

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85
86     }
87
88     } while (ans < 4); // Not very user friendly, just quits for any number > 3.
89
90     system("PAUSE");
91     return 0;
92 }
93
94 // Pre-condition: none
95 // Post-condition: Sets each entry in the hash table pointed to by h to the
96 //                 empty string.
97 void initTable(struct htable *h) {
98     int i;
99
100     // Our marker for an empty entry is the empty string.
101     for (i=0; i<TABLE_SIZE; i++)
102         strcpy(h->entries[i], "");
103 }
104
105 // Pre-condition: none
106 // Post-condition: Calculates a hash value for word.
107 int hashvalue(char word[]) {
108
109     int i, sum=0;
110
111     // Basically represents the value of word in base 128 (according to ascii
112     // values) and returns its value mod the TABLE_SIZE.
113     for (i=0; i<strlen(word); i++)
114         sum = (128*sum + (int)(word[i]))%TABLE_SIZE;
115
116     return sum;
117 }
118
119 // Pre-condition: h points to a valid hash table that IS NOT full.
120 // Post-condition: word will be inserted into the table h.
121 void insertTable(struct htable *h, char word[]) {
122
123     int hashval, quad = 1;
124     hashval = hashvalue(word);
125
126     // Here's the linear probing part.
127     while (strcmp(h->entries[hashval], "") != 0)
128     {
129         hashval = (hashval+(quad*quad))%TABLE_SIZE;
130         quad++;
131     }
132
133     strcpy(h->entries[hashval], word);
134 }
135
136 // Pre-condition: h points to a valid hash table.
137 // Post-condition: 1 will be returned iff word is stored in the table pointed to
138 //                 by h. Otherwise, 0 is returned.
139 int searchTable(struct htable *h, char word[]) {
140
141     int hashval, quad = 1;
142     hashval = hashvalue(word);
143
144     // See what comes first, the word or a blank spot.
145     while (strcmp(h->entries[hashval], "") != 0 &&
146           strcmp(h->entries[hashval], word) != 0)
147     {
148         hashval = (hashval+(quad*quad))%TABLE_SIZE;
149         quad++;
150     }
151
152     // The word was in the table.
153     if (strcmp(h->entries[hashval], word) == 0)
154         return 1;
155
156     // It wasn't.
157     return 0;
158 }
159
160
161 // Pre-condition: h points to a valid hash table.
162 // Post-condition: deletes word from the table pointed to by h, if word is
163 //                 stored here. If not, no change is made to the table pointed
164 //                 to by h.
165 void deleteTable(struct htable *h, char word[]) {
166
167     int hashval, quad = 1;
168     hashval = hashvalue(word);

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169
170 // See what comes first, the word or a blank spot.
171 while (strcmp(h->entries[hashval], "") != 0 &&
172        strcmp(h->entries[hashval], word) != 0)
173     {
174         hashval = (hashval+(quad*quad))%TABLE_SIZE;
175         quad++;
176     }
177
178 // Reset the word to be the empty string.
179 if (strcmp(h->entries[hashval], word) == 0)
180     strcpy(h->entries[hashval], "");
181
182 // If we get here, the word wasn't in the table, so nothing is done.
183 }
184

```