

Exercise 01.03: Working with Partitions

In this exercise, you will:

- Create a new table that allows querying videos by title and year using a composite partition key

Background

Your peers need to query videos based on 'title' and 'added_year'. The new columns for this table are:

| Column Name | Data Type |
|-------------|-----------|
| title | text |
| added_year | int |
| added_date | timestamp |
| description | text |
| user_id | uuid |
| video_id | timeuuid |

Steps

1. Use a text editor to view the file
/home/ubuntu/labwork/partitions/videos_by_title_year.csv file.
2. At prompt, navigate to the directory */home/ubuntu/labwork/partitions/*.
3. Start `cqlsh`.
4. Create a second table in the *killrvideo* keyspace called 'videos_by_title_year.'
 - a. Use the column names and data types as shown in the structure above.
 - b. Confirm users can query this table on both 'title' and 'added_year' by combining them into a composite partition key.

```
cqlsh> USE killrvideo;  
cqlsh:killrvideo> CREATE TABLE videos_by_title_year (  
  title TEXT,  
  added_year INT,  
  added_date TIMESTAMP,  
  description TEXT,
```

```
user_id UUID,  
video_id TIMEUUID,  
PRIMARY KEY ((title, added_year))  
);
```

5. Load the data from the *videos_by_title_year.csv* file using the COPY command.

```
cqlsh> COPY videos_by_title_year (title, added_year, added_date,  
description, user_id, video_id) FROM 'videos_by_title_year.csv' WITH  
HEADER=true;  
Using 1 child processes  
  
Starting copy of killrvideo.videos_by_title_year with columns [title,  
added_year, added_date, description, user_id, video_id].  
Processed: 430 rows; Rate:      858 rows/s; Avg. rate:    1225 rows/s  
430 rows imported from 1 files in 0.351 seconds (0 skipped).
```

6. Use the command SELECT to COUNT(*) the number of imported rows. Confirm this amount matches the rows the COPY command reported as imported.

```
cqlsh> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM killrvideo.videos_by_title_year;  
count  
-----  
430  
  
(1 rows)
```

7. Try running queries on the 'videos_by_title_year' table to query on a specific 'title' and 'added_year'.

- a. Below are some example 'title' and 'added_year' entries. How would you construct a cqlsh query to pull up information on each video title?

```
SELECT * FROM videos_by_title_year WHERE title = 'Introduction To  
Apache Cassandra' AND added_year = 2014;  
SELECT * FROM videos_by_title_year WHERE title = 'Sleepy Grumpy Cat'  
AND added_year = 2015;  
SELECT * FROM videos_by_title_year WHERE title = 'Grumpy Cat: Slow  
Motion' AND added_year = 2015;  
SELECT * FROM videos_by_title_year WHERE title = 'AzureDev' AND  
added_year = 2015;
```

Example entries:

| title | added_year |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| Introduction to Apache Cassandra | 2014 |
| Sleepy Grumpy Cat | 2015 |
| Introduction to Azure Search | 2015 |
| AzureDev | 2015 |

8. What error is returned when you try to query on just 'title' or just 'added_year'? Why?
9. Exit `cqlsh`.

END OF EXERCISE