# <u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Searching techniques: Linear and Binary</u> / <u>Week10\_Coding</u>

Started on	Monday, 10 June 2024, 10:23 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Monday, 10 June 2024, 10:34 PM
Time taken	10 mins 10 secs
Marks	4.00/5.00

**Grade 80.00** out of 100.00

```
Question 1
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Given an list, find peak element in it. A peak element is an element that is greater than its neighbors.

An element a[i] is a peak element if

```
A[i-1] \le A[i] \ge a[i+1] for middle elements. [0 \le i \le n-1]
```

 $A[i-1] \le A[i]$  for last element [i=n-1]

A[i] > = A[i+1] for first element [i=0]

#### **Input Format**

The first line contains a single integer  $\boldsymbol{n}$  , the length of  $\boldsymbol{A}$  .

The second line contains n space-separated integers, A[i].

#### **Output Format**

Print peak numbers separated by space.

## Sample Input

5

8 9 10 2 6

#### **Sample Output**

10 6

#### For example:

Input	Result
4	12 8
12 3 6 8	

## Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Input Expected Got

	Input	put Expected Got		
<b>~</b>	7 15 7 10 8 9 4 6	15 10 9 6	15 10 9 6	<b>~</b>
<b>~</b>	4 12 3 6 8	12 8	12 8	<b>~</b>

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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```
Question 2
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Bubble Sort is the simplest <u>sorting</u> algorithm that works by repeatedly swapping the adjacent elements if they are in wrong order. You read an <u>list</u> of numbers. You need to arrange the elements in ascending order and print the result. The <u>sorting</u> should be done using bubble sort.

Input Format: The first line reads the number of elements in the array. The second line reads the array elements one by one.

Output Format: The output should be a sorted list.

#### For example:

Input	Result
6 3 4 8 7 1 2	1 2 3 4 7 8
5 4 5 2 3 1	1 2 3 4 5

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 ▼ def bubble_sort(arr):
 2
          n = len(arr)
          for i in range(n):
 3 ▼
 4
              swapped = False
 5 ▼
              for j in range(0, n-i-1):
 6 ▼
                   \quad \textbf{if} \ \mathsf{arr}[\texttt{j}] \ \Rightarrow \ \mathsf{arr}[\texttt{j+1}] \texttt{:}
 7
                        arr[j], arr[j+1] = arr[j+1], arr[j]
                        swapped = True
 8
 9 🔻
              if not swapped:
10
                   break
11
        return arr
12  n = int(input())
    arr = list(map(int, input().split()))
13
     sorted_arr = bubble_sort(arr)
print(" ".join(map(str, sorted_arr)))
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	6 3 4 8 7 1 2	1 2 3 4 7 8	1 2 3 4 7 8	<b>~</b>
~	6 9 18 1 3 4 6	1 3 4 6 9 18	1 3 4 6 9 18	<b>~</b>
~	5 4 5 2 3 1	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

```
Question 3
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Write a Python program to sort a <u>list</u> of elements using the merge sort algorithm.

## For example:

Input	Result
5	3 4 5 6 8
6 5 4 3 8	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1   | a=int(input())
2   | b = input().split()
3   | b = [int(i) for i in b]
4   | b.sort()
5   | for i in b:
6   | print(i,end=" ")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5 6 5 4 3 8	3 4 5 6 8	3 4 5 6 8	<b>~</b>
~	9 14 46 43 27 57 41 45 21 70	14 21 27 41 43 45 46 57 70	14 21 27 41 43 45 46 57 70	<b>~</b>
~	4 86 43 23 49	23 43 49 86	23 43 49 86	~

Passed all tests! <

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

```
Question 4
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Write a Python program for binary search.

## For example:

Input	Result
1,2,3,5,8	False
3,5,9,45,42 42	True

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 v def binary_search(arr,x):
 2
        arr.sort()
        left,right=0,len(arr)-1
 3
        while left <=right:</pre>
 4 ▼
 5
           mid=(left+right)//2
 6 ▼
            if arr[mid]==x:
 7
                return True
 8 •
            elif arr[mid]<x:</pre>
 9
                left=mid+1
10 🔻
            else:
                right=mid-1
11
12
13
        return False
14
15
    numbers=list(map(int,input().split(',')))
16
    target=int(input())
    result=binary_search(numbers,target)
17
18 print(result)
```

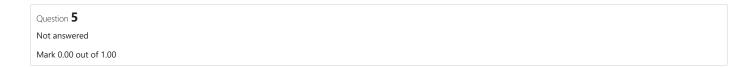
	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1,2,3,5,8	False	False	<b>~</b>
~	3,5,9,45,42 42	True	True	<b>~</b>
~	52,45,89,43,11 11	True	True	<b>~</b>

Passed all tests! <

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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To find the frequency of numbers in a <u>list</u> and display in sorted order.

#### **Constraints:**

1<=n, arr[i]<=100

## Input:

1 68 79 4 90 68 1 4 5

## output:

12

4 2

5 1

68 2

79 1

90 1

## For example:

Input				R	esult		
4	. 3	5	3	4	5	3	2
						4	2
						5	2

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

1

# ■ Week10\_MCQ

Jump to...

Sorting ►

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