Computer Networks Lab Assignment 6

Lab 6: NAT Configuration

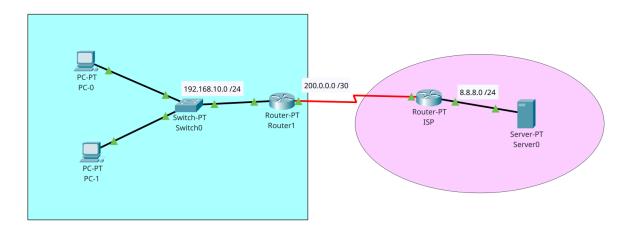
Objective:

- To configure Network Address Translation (NAT) on a router using Cisco Packet Tracer
- To demonstrate the setup and configuration of NAT to allow internal network devices to communicate with external networks.

Steps taken to set up the network

Step 1:

Drag and drop required Network devices (2 Router-PT's and 1 Switch-PT) and End devices (2 PC-PT's and a Server-PT) as shown below.



Step 2:

Open each Router and navigate to physical tab, and add PT-ROUTER-NM-1CGE, PT-ROUTER-NM-1S, PT-ROUTER-NM-1FFE Modules to the Router1 and add the same modules as Router1 except for PT-ROUTER-NM-1FFE, add PT-ROUTER-NM-1CGE module.



Step 3:

Make connections using cables between all the devices as shown in the picture.

Use Copper Straight through cable to connect different devices and use a Serial DCE cable to connect ISP Router and Router 1.

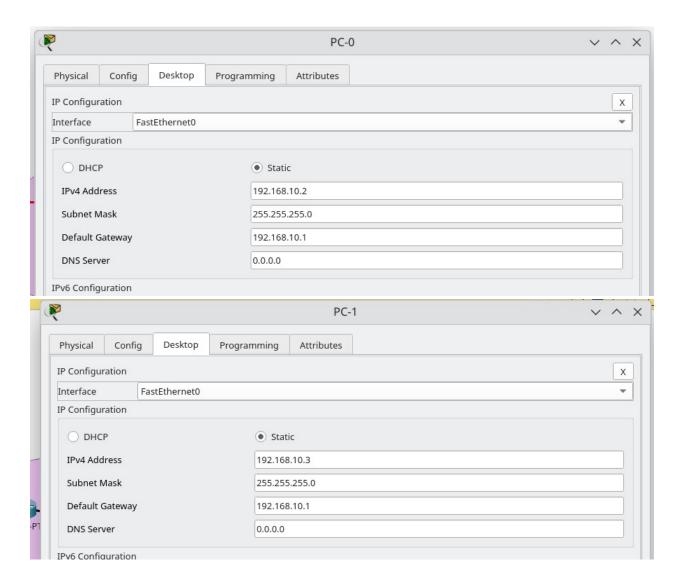
Step 4:

Now, Configure IP address of the routers and end devices according to the configuration table below;

Device Name	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask
Router1	FastEthernet0/0	192.168.10.1	255.255.255.0
Router1	Serial0/0/0	200.0.0.1	255.255.255.252
ISP Router	Serial0/0/0	200.0.0.2	255.255.255.252

PC Configuration Table:

Device Name	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Gateway
PC0	192.168.10.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.10.1
PC1	192.168.10.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.10.1



```
Router>
Router=configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#int fa o/o

% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

Router(config)#int fa 0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#no shut
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config-if)#ip address 200.0.0.1 255.255.252
Router(config-if)#no shut
Router(config-if)#no shut
Router(config-if)#no shut
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#
```

Router1

```
Router**conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#int gi 8/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 8.8.8.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#no shut

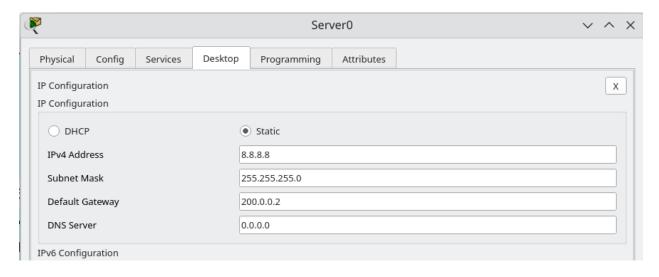
Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet8/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet8/0, changed state to up

Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#

ISP Router
```

And configure the Ip address of the server as;



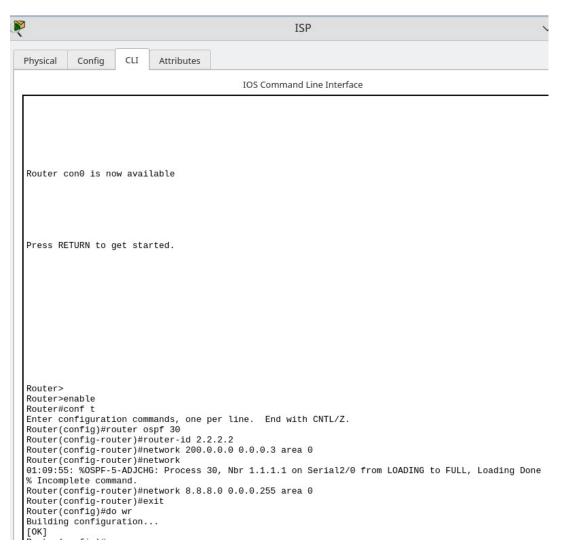
Step 5:

We shall enable ospf routing protocol between both routers.

In Router 1;

```
Router>enable
Router#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#int fa 0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#no shut
Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
exit
Router(config)#exit
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by console
Router#int se 2/0
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
Router#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#int se 2/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 200.0.0.
Router(config-if)#ip address 200.0.0.
Router(config-if)#ip address 200.0.0.
Router(config-if)#ip address 200.0.0.
Router(config-if)#ip address 200.0.0.1 255.255.255.252
Router(config-if)#no shut
Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up
Router(config)#router ospf 30
Router(config-router)#router-id 1.1.1.1
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.10.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.10.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#network 200.0.0.0 0.0.0.3 area 0
Router(config-router)#
Router(config-router)#
Router(config-router)#exit
Router(config)#
Router(config)#do wr
Building configuration...
Router(config)#
```

In ISP router;



Step 6: Ping Server (8.8.8.8) from PC-1

```
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

Command Prompt

Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 8.8.8.8

Pinging 8.8.8.8 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.

Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=29ms TTL=126

Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=22ms TTL=126

Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 8.8.8.8:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 29ms, Average = 17ms

C:\>
```

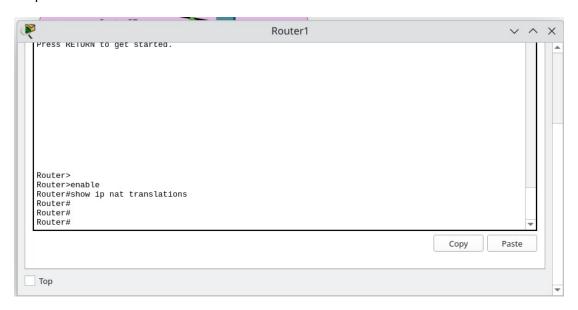
```
C:\>tracert 8.8.8.8

Tracing route to 8.8.8.8 over a maximum of 30 hops:

1 0 ms 0 ms 192.168.10.1
2 0 ms 1 ms 0 ms 200.0.0.2
3 1 ms 0 ms 1 ms 8.8.8.8

Trace complete.
```

Step 7: Check for Address Translation



Step 8:

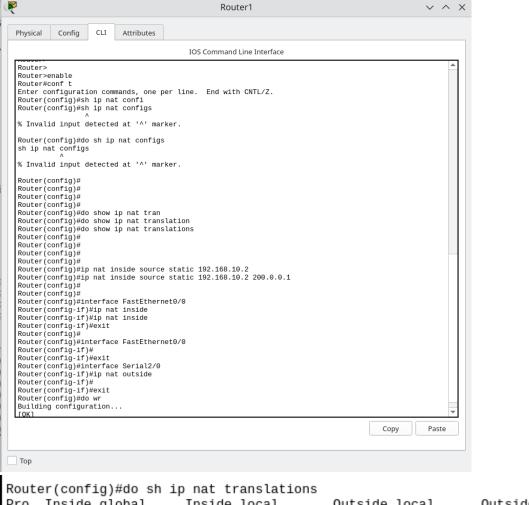
Configure Static NAT and configure interfaces as NAT inside and outside.

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 8.8.8.8

Pinging 8.8.8.8 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=31ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 8.8.8.8:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 31ms, Average = 8ms
```



Pro Inside global Inside local Outside local Outside global
--- 200.0.0.1 192.168.10.2 --- ---

Now, let us ping again and verify the NAT;

In Router1;

```
Router(config)#do sh ip nat translations
                                          Outside local
Pro Inside global
                       Inside local
                                                              Outside global
                       192.168.10.2:10
icmp 200.0.0.1:10
                                           8.8.8.8:10
                                                              8.8.8.8:10
icmp 200.0.0.1:11
                       192.168.10.2:11
                                          8.8.8.8:11
                                                              8.8.8.8:11
icmp 200.0.0.1:12
                       192.168.10.2:12
                                          8.8.8.8:12
                                                              8.8.8.8:12
                                                              8.8.8.8:13
icmp 200.0.0.1:13
                       192.168.10.2:13
                                          8.8.8.8:13
icmp 200.0.0.1:1
                       192.168.10.2:1
                                          8.8.8.8:1
                                                              8.8.8.8:1
icmp 200.0.0.1:2
                       192.168.10.2:2
                                          8.8.8.8:2
                                                              8.8.8.8:2
                                          8.8.8.8:3
                                                              8.8.8.8:3
icmp 200.0.0.1:3
                       192.168.10.2:3
icmp 200.0.0.1:4
                       192.168.10.2:4
                                          8.8.8.8:4
                                                              8.8.8.8:4
icmp 200.0.0.1:8
                       192.168.10.2:8
                                          8.8.8.8:8
                                                              8.8.8.8:8
icmp 200.0.0.1:9
                       192.168.10.2:9
                                          8.8.8.8:9
                                                              8.8.8.8:9
    200.0.0.1
                       192.168.10.2
```