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	ration 29 days 5 hours
Question 1 Correct	The k-digit number N is an Armstrong number if and only if the k-th power of each digit sums to N.
Marked out of 3.00	Given a positive integer N, return true if and only if it is an Armstrong number.
Y Flag question	Example 1:
	Input:
	153
	Output:
	true
	Explanation:
	153 is a 3-digit number, and 153 = 1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3.
	Example 2:
	locustr

Note:

1 <= N <= 10^8

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 #include<math.h>
3 - int main(){
 int main(){
int n;
scanf("%d",&n);
int x = 0,n2=n;
while(n2 > 0)

            X++;
n2/=10;
 9
10
11
17
            n3/=10;
17
18
19 if(n==sum){
20 printf("true");
      else
printf("false");
 22
 23
      return 0;
 24
 25
 26
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	153	true	true	~
1	123	false	false	~

Passed all tests! <

Question 2
Correct
Marked out of 5.00
F Flag question

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()(
    int rn,n,nt=0,i=0;
    scanf("%d",%n);
 5
             do{
                  nt=n;rn=0;
 6
                  while(n!=0){
rn=rn*10 + n%10;
 7
 8
 9
                        n=n/10;
                  }
n=nt+rn;
10
11
12
                  i++;
13
            while(rn!=nt || i==1);
printf("%d",rn);
return 0;
14
15
16
17 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	32	55	55	~
~	789	66966	66066	~

Passed all tests! <

Correct

Marked out of 7.00

F Flag question

A number is considered lucky if it contains either 3 or 4 or 3 and 4 both in it. Write a program to print the nth lucky number. Example, 1st lucky number is 3, and 2nd lucky number is 4 and 3rd lucky number is 33 and 4th lucky number is 34 and so on. Note that 13, 40 etc., are not lucky as they have other numbers in it.

The program should accept a number 'n' as input and display the nth lucky number as output.

Sample Input 1:

3

Sample Output 1:

33

Explanation:

Here the lucky numbers are 3, 4, 33, 34, and the 3rd lucky number is 33.

Sample Input 2:

34

Sample Output 2:

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
    #include(stdio.h>
int main(){
   int n=1,i=0,nt,co=0,e;
   scanf("%d",%e);
   while(i<e){</pre>
                    nt-n;
while(nt!=0)
     6
     7
     8
                          co=0;
     9
                          if(nt%10!=3 && nt%10!=4)
    10
    11 .
    12
                                co-1;
    13
                                break;
    14
                          )
nt/=10;
    15
    16
    17 .
                     if(co==0){
    18
                           1++;
    19
    20
                     n++;
    21
                printf("%d",--n);
return 0;
    22
    23
     24 }
```

Input	Expected	000	
34	33344	33344	~