Status	Finished
Started	Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM
Completed	Wednesday, 30 October 2024, 4:46 PM
Duration	54 days

Question **1**

Correct

Marked out of 3.00

Flag question

Write a program to read two integer values and print true if both the numbers end with the same digit, otherwise print false. Example: If 698 and 768 are given, program should print true as they both end with 8. Sample Input 1 25 53 Sample Output 1 false Sample Input 2 27 77 Sample Output 2 true

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
int a,b;
scanf("%d%d",&a,&b);
if(a%10==b%10)
printf("true");
else
printf("false");
return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	25 53	false	false	✓
✓	27 77	true	true	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

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question

Objective

In this challenge, we're getting started with conditional statements.

Task

Given an integer, ***n***, perform the following conditional actions:

- If ***n*** is odd, print Weird
- If ***n*** is even and in the inclusive range of ***2*** to ***5***, print ***Not Weird***
- If ***n*** is even and in the inclusive range of ***6*** to ***20***, print ***Weird***

Given an integer, ***n***, perform the following conditional actions:

- If ***n*** is odd, print Weird
- If ***n*** is even and in the inclusive range of ***2*** to ***5***, print ***Not Weird***
- If ***n*** is even and in the inclusive range of ***6*** to ***20***, print ***Weird***
- If ***n*** is even and greater than ***20***, print ***Not Weird***

Complete the stub code provided in your editor to print whether or not ***n*** is weird.

Input Format

A single line containing a positive integer, ***n***.

Constraints

- $1 \leq n \leq 100$

Output Format

Print Weird if the number is weird; otherwise, print Not Weird.

Sample Input 0

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int n;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    if(n%2==1)
    {
    printf("Weird");
    }
   else if(n==2 || n==4)
    {
    printf("Not Weird");
    }
   else  if(n%2==0 &&(n>=6 && n<=20))
    {
    printf("Weird");
    }
    else if(n%2==0 && n>20)
    {
    printf("Not Weird");
    }
    return 0;
}

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3	Weird	Weird	✓
✓	24	Not Weird	Not Weird	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Three numbers form a Pythagorean triple if the sum of squares of two numbers is equal to the square of the third. For example, 3, 5 and 4 form a Pythagorean triple, since 3*3 + 4*4 = 25 = 5*5 You are given three integers, a, b, and c. They need not be given in increasing order. If they form a Pythagorean triple, then print "yes", otherwise, print "no". Please note that the output message is in small letters. Sample Input 1 3 5 4 Sample Output 1 yes Sample Input 2 5 8 2 Sample Output 2 no

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int a,b,c;
scanf("%d\n%d\n%d",&a,&b,&c);
a=a*a;
b=b*b;
c=c*c;
if( a==b+c)
{
printf("yes");
}
else if(b==a+c)
{
printf("yes");
}
else if(c==a+b)
{
    printf("yes");
}
else
{
    printf("no");
}
return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 5 4	yes	yes	✓
✓	5 8 2	no	no	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Finish review