

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Period \_\_\_\_\_

**Kinematics #1**  
**Constant Speed**

Let's continue practicing the idea of speed. While you may find it easy to solve these problems in your head, construct a model showing what is happening in the problem. Whether it be a picture, or a graph, the models should provide the reader with all of the necessary information to understand the problem without reading it.

- 1) Does a car speedometer measure speed, velocity, or both? Explain.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- 2) When an object moves with constant velocity, does its average velocity during any time interval differ from its instantaneous velocity at any instant? Explain.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- 3) What must your car's average speed be in order to travel 235 km in 2.75 h?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- 4) If you are driving 95 km/h along a straight road and you look to the side for 2.0 s, how far do you travel during this inattentive period?

- 5) You are driving home from school steadily at 95 km/h for 180 km. It then begins to rain and you slow to 65 km/h. You arrive home after driving 4.5 h.
- How far is your hometown from school?
  - What was your average speed?
- 6) A horse trots away from its trainer in a straight line, moving 38m away in 9.0s. It then turns abruptly and gallops halfway back in 1.8 s. Calculate
- the horse's average speed
  - the horse's average velocity for the entire trip, using "away from the trainer" as the positive direction.
- 7) Two locomotives approach each other on parallel tracks. Each has a speed of 155 km/h with respect to the ground. If they are initially 8.5 km apart, how long will it be before they reach each other?