

Estimativa do erro para a fórmula de Newton-Cotes aberta com polinômio de grau 2

$$I_e = h \int_{\bar{x}}^{\bar{x}+h} \left(f(\bar{x}) + f'(\bar{x})(\xi h) + \frac{f''(\bar{x})}{2!}(\xi h)^2 + \frac{f'''(\bar{x})}{3!}(\xi h)^3 + \frac{f^{(4)}(\bar{x})}{4!}(\xi h)^4 + \dots \right) d\xi$$

~~Estimativa do erro para a fórmula de Newton-Cotes fechada com polinômio de grau 2~~

$$I_f = \frac{\Delta x}{3} \cdot \left(2f\left(0 + \frac{\Delta x}{4}\right) - f\left(0 + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) + 2f\left(0 + \frac{\Delta x \cdot 3}{4}\right) \right)$$

$$h = \frac{\Delta x}{2}, \quad \bar{x} = \frac{0 + b}{2}$$

Usando a série de Taylor nos três pontos de interpolação, temos

$$- f\left(0 + \frac{\Delta x}{4}\right) = f\left(\bar{x} + \left(-\frac{h}{2}\right)\right) = f(\bar{x}) - \frac{f'(\bar{x})h}{2} + \frac{f''(\bar{x})h^2}{2!4} - \frac{f'''(\bar{x})h^3}{3!8} + \frac{f^{(4)}(\bar{x})h^4}{4!26} + \dots$$

$$- f\left(0 + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) = f(\bar{x} + 0) = f(\bar{x})$$

$$- f\left(0 + \frac{3\Delta x}{4}\right) = f\left(\bar{x} + \frac{h}{2}\right) = f(\bar{x}) + \frac{f'(\bar{x})h}{2} + \frac{f''(\bar{x})h^2}{2!4} + \frac{f'''(\bar{x})h^3}{3!8} + \frac{f^{(4)}(\bar{x})h^4}{4!26} + \dots$$

$$\frac{f^{(4)}(\bar{x})h^4}{4!26} + \dots$$

Substituindo esses valores em I_f temos

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_1 &= \frac{\Delta x}{3} \left(2f(\bar{x}) - f(\bar{x}) + 2f(\bar{x}) - 2f'(\bar{x})h + 2f'(\bar{x})h + \right. \\
 &\quad \left. 2 \frac{f''(\bar{x})h^2}{2!4} + 2 \frac{f''(\bar{x})h^2}{2!4} - 2 \frac{f'''(\bar{x})h^3}{3!8} + 2 \frac{f'''(\bar{x})h^3}{3!8} + \right. \\
 &\quad \left. 2 \frac{f^{(4)}(\bar{x})h^4}{4!26} + 2 \frac{f^{(4)}(\bar{x})h^4}{4!26} + \dots \right) = \\
 &= \frac{\Delta x}{3} \left(3f(\bar{x}) + \frac{f''(\bar{x})h^2}{2} + \frac{f^{(4)}(\bar{x})h^4}{96} + \dots \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Integrando I₂ obtemos

$$I_2 = h \left(2f(\bar{x}) + \frac{h^2}{2!} f''(\bar{x}) + \frac{h^4}{4!} f^{(4)}(\bar{x}) \frac{2}{5} + \dots \right)$$

O erro é dado por $E_a = I_2 - I_1$. Substituímos os valores obtidos acima temos

$$\begin{aligned}
 E_a &= 2h f(\bar{x}) + \frac{h^3}{2!} f''(\bar{x}) \frac{2}{3} + \frac{h^5}{4!} f^{(4)}(\bar{x}) \frac{2}{5} + \dots \\
 &= \Delta x f(\bar{x}) - \frac{\Delta x}{3} f''(\bar{x}) \frac{h^2}{2} - \frac{\Delta x}{3} \frac{f^{(4)}(\bar{x})h^4}{96} - \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \Delta x f(\bar{x}) - \Delta x f(\bar{x}) + \frac{\Delta x^3}{3 \cdot 8} f''(\bar{x}) - \frac{\Delta x^3}{3 \cdot 24} f''(\bar{x}) + \frac{h^5}{4!} f^{(4)}(\bar{x}) \frac{2}{5} \\
 &= \frac{\Delta x}{3} - \frac{f^{(4)}(\bar{x})h^4}{96} - \dots = \frac{2 \cdot \Delta x^5 \cdot f^{(4)}(\bar{x})}{24 \cdot 5 \cdot 32} - \frac{\Delta x^5 \cdot f^{(4)}(\bar{x})}{96 \cdot 3 \cdot 26} + \dots \\
 &= \frac{\Delta x^5 f^{(4)}(\bar{x})}{23040} - \frac{\Delta x^5 f^{(4)}(\bar{x})}{4608} = \Delta x^5 f^{(4)}(\bar{x}) \left(\frac{22}{23040} - \frac{5}{4608} \right) =
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{7 \cdot \Delta x^5}{23040} f^{(4)}(\bar{x})$$

Essa é a estimativa do erro.