

Desenvolvimento da fórmula de Gauss - Legendre ~~com 4~~ pontos

$$I = \int_{x_1}^{x_2} f(x) dx \approx \frac{x_2 - x_1}{2} \left[\sum_{k=1}^4 f(x(a_k)) w_k \right] =$$

$$= \frac{x_2 - x_1}{2} [f(x(a_1)) w_1 + f(x(a_2)) w_2 + f(x(a_3)) w_3 + f(x(a_4)) w_4]$$

1) Quem são a_1, a_2, a_3 e a_4 ?

Os valores a_1, \dots, a_4 são as raízes do polinômio de Legendre de grau 4, $P_4(x)$

$$P_4(x) = \frac{1}{2^4 4!} \frac{d^4}{dx^4} [(x^2 - 1)^4] = \frac{1}{8} (35x^4 - 30x^2 + 3)$$

Resolvendo $P_4(x) = \frac{1}{8} (35x^4 - 30x^2 + 3) = 0$ temos

$$a_1 = -0.86224, a_2 = -0.33998, a_3 = +0.33998,$$

$$a_4 = +0.86224$$

Aplicando esses valores em $x(a_k) = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} + \frac{x_2 - x_1}{2} a_k$ obtemos

$$x(a_1) = x(-0.86224) = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} - \frac{x_2 - x_1}{2} 0.86224$$

$$x(a_2) = x(-0.33998) = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} - \frac{x_2 - x_1}{2} 0.33998$$

$$x(a_3) = x(0.33998) = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} + \frac{x_2 - x_1}{2} 0.33998$$

$$x(a_4) = x(0.86224) = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} + \frac{x_2 - x_1}{2} 0.86224$$

Por fim, precisamos calcular os valores dos pesos w_1, w_2, w_3 e w_4

(2) $w_k = \int_{-1}^1 L_k(x) dx$, onde $L_k(x)$ é um polinômio interpolador de Lagrange

$$\begin{aligned} (2) L_1(x) &= \frac{(x - \alpha_2)(x - \alpha_3)(x - \alpha_4) - (x + 0.86114)(x - 0.33998)(x - 0.86114)}{(x - \alpha_1)(x - \alpha_3)(x - \alpha_4)} = \frac{-0.752872}{-0.752872} \\ &= \frac{x^3 - 0.86114x^2 - 0.125586x + 0.0995361}{-0.752872} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) L_2(x) &= \frac{(x - \alpha_1)(x - \alpha_3)(x - \alpha_4) - (x + 0.86114)(x - 0.33998)(x - 0.86114)}{(x - \alpha_2)(x - \alpha_3)(x - \alpha_4)} = \frac{0.425638}{0.425638} \\ &= \frac{x^3 - 0.33998x^2 - 0.741562x + 0.252116}{0.425638} \end{aligned}$$

Com isso temos

$$\begin{aligned} w_1 &= \int_{-1}^1 L_1(x) dx = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{x^3 - 0.86114x^2 - 0.125586x + 0.0995361}{-0.752872} dx \\ &= 0.498738 = w_4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} w_2 &= \int_{-1}^1 L_2(x) dx = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{x^3 - 0.33998x^2 - 0.741562x + 0.252116}{0.425638} dx \\ &= 0.652147 = w_3 \end{aligned}$$

E com isso, temos todos os ingredientes necessários para implementar a fórmula de Gauss-Legendre com 4 pontos