Data Structures and Object Oriented Programming

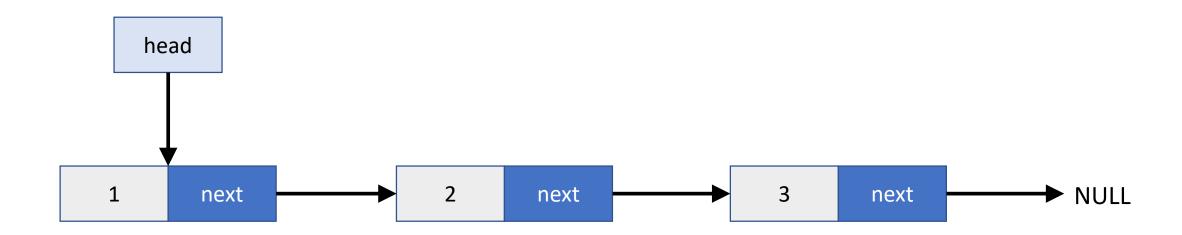
Lecture 9

Dr. Naveed Anwar Bhatti

Webpage: naveedanwarbhatti.github.io

Object-Oriented Programming in C++

Doubly Linked List





Doubly Linked List

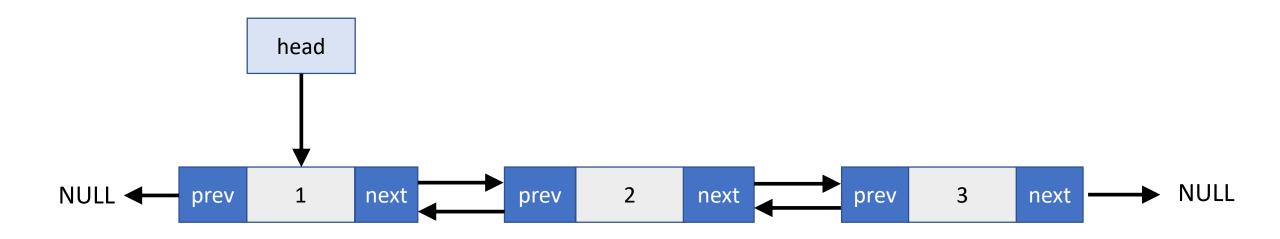
```
struct Node {
   int data;
   Node* next = NULL;
   Node* previous = NULL;
};
```

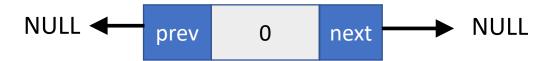
```
int main()
{
    return 0;
}
```

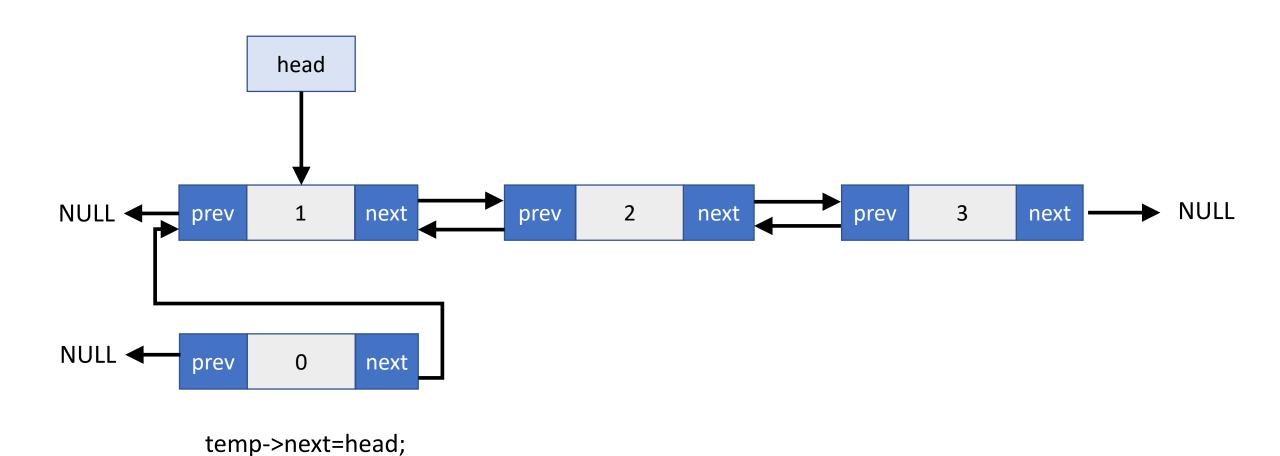
```
struct Node {
   int data;
   Node* next = NULL;
   Node* previous = NULL;
};
class LinkedList {
   Node *head=NULL;
public:
   void printList();
   void insert_start(int value);
   void insert_end(int value);
   void insert_after(int n,int value);
   void delete_start();
   void delete_end();
   void delete_after(int n);
};
```

```
int main()
{
    return 0;
}
```

1



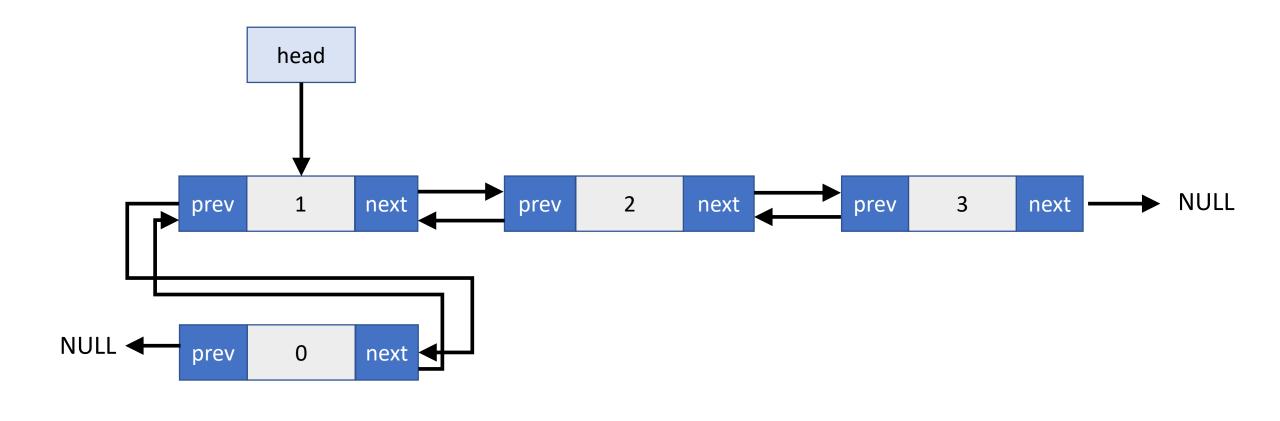


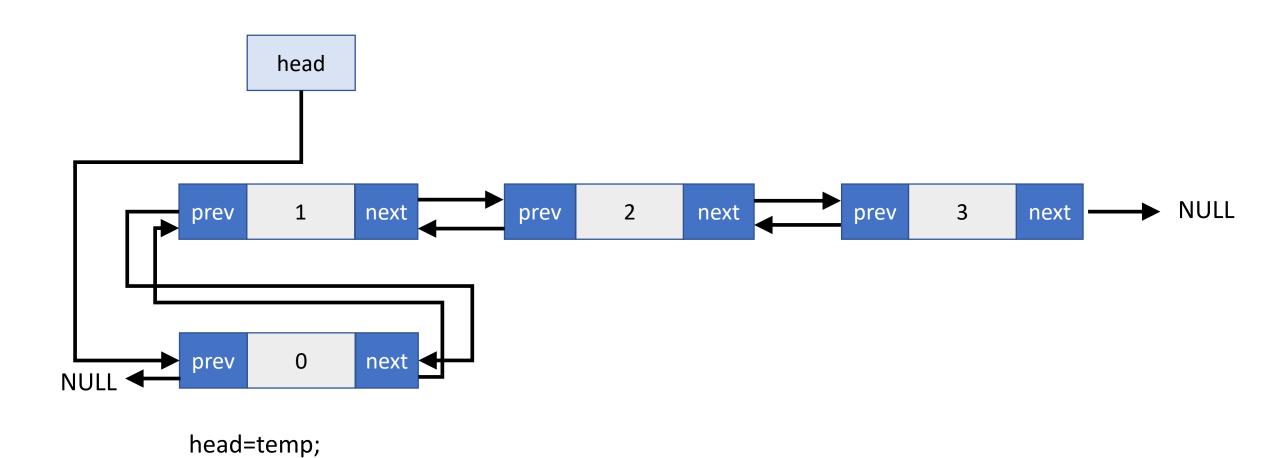


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Doubly Linked List (insert_start)

head->previous=temp;



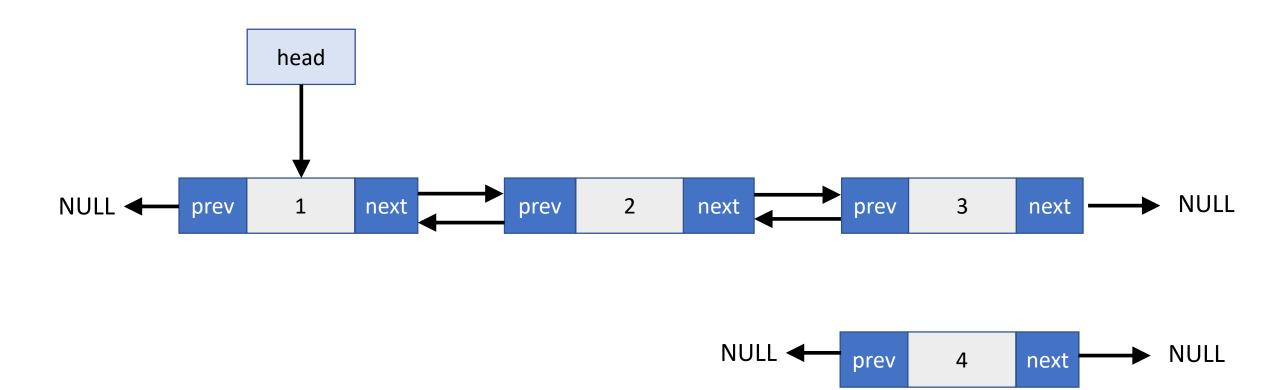


```
void LinkedList::insert_start(int value)
{
   Node* temp = new Node;
   temp->data = value;
   temp->next = head;
   head->previous = temp;
   head = temp;
}
```



```
void LinkedList::insert_start(int value)
   Node* temp = new Node;
   temp->data = value;
   if (head == NULL)
       head = temp;
   else
       temp->next = head;
       head->previous = temp;
       head = temp;
```







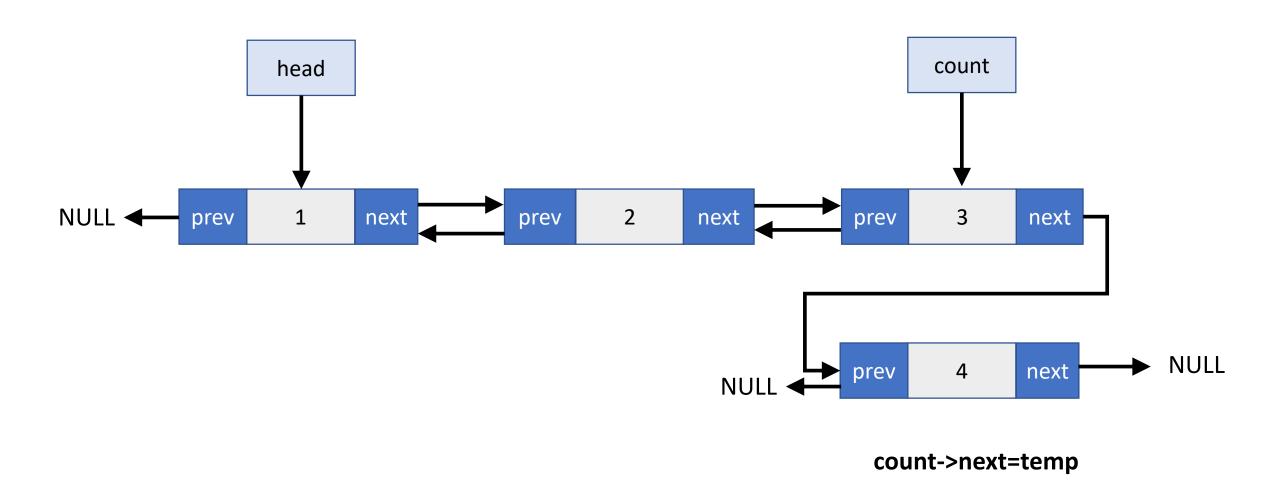
NULL 4

prev

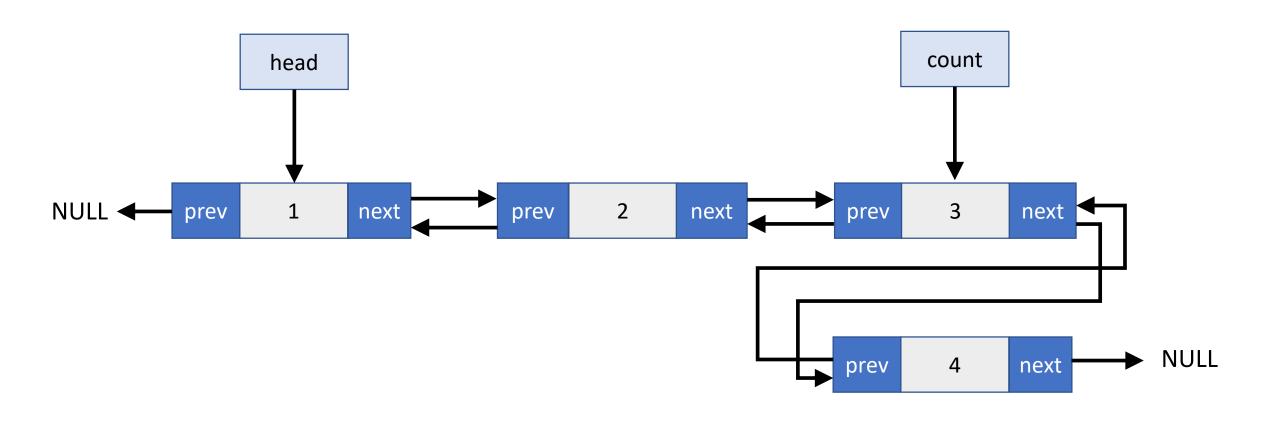
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next

NULL





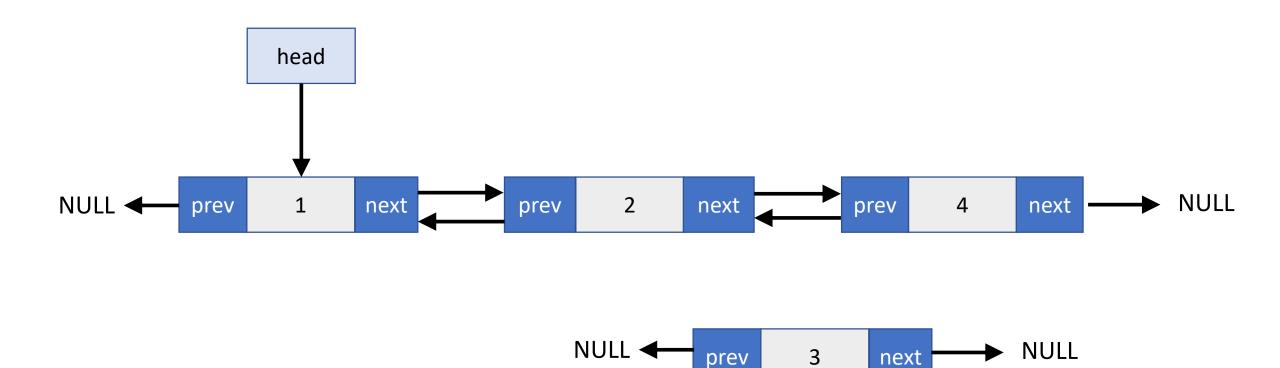


temp->previous=count

Linked List (insert_end)

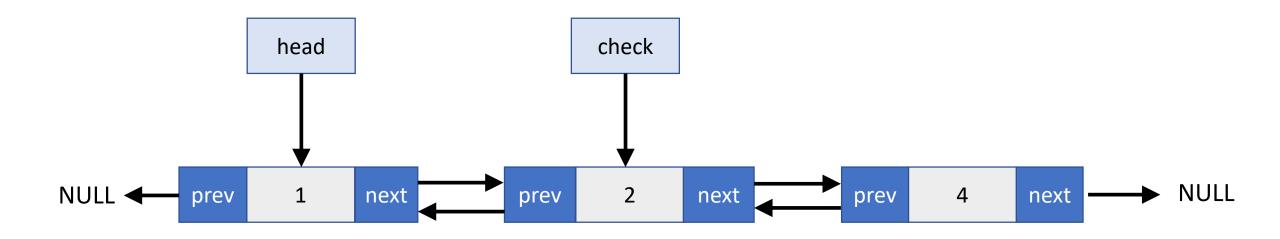
```
void LinkedList::insert_end(int value)
   Node* temp = new Node;
   temp->data = value;
   if (head == NULL)
       head = temp;
   else
       Node* count = head;
       while (count->next != NULL)
           count = count->next;
       count->next = temp;
       temp->previous = count;
```

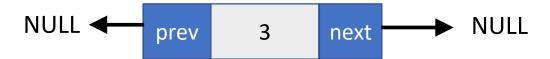


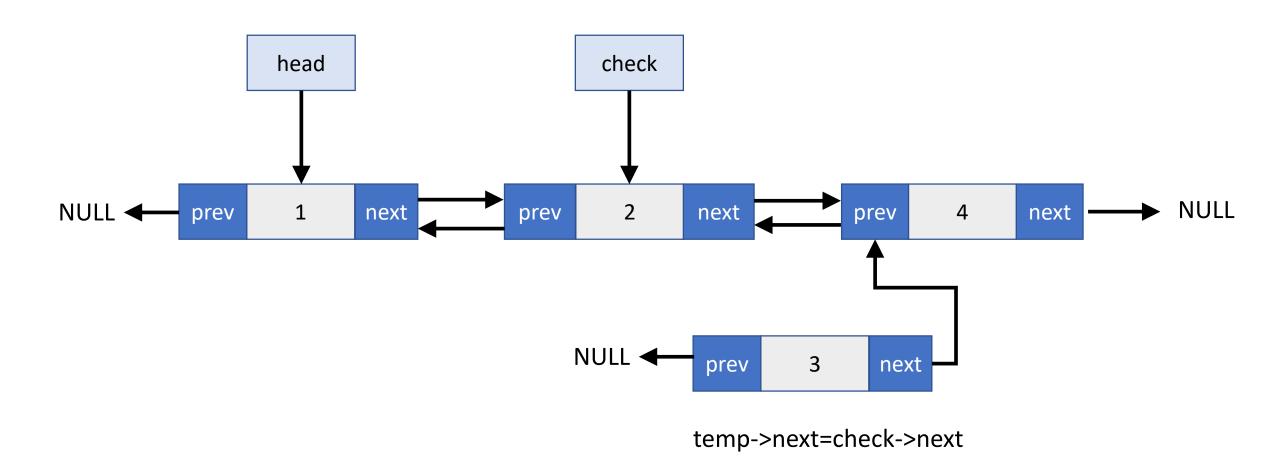


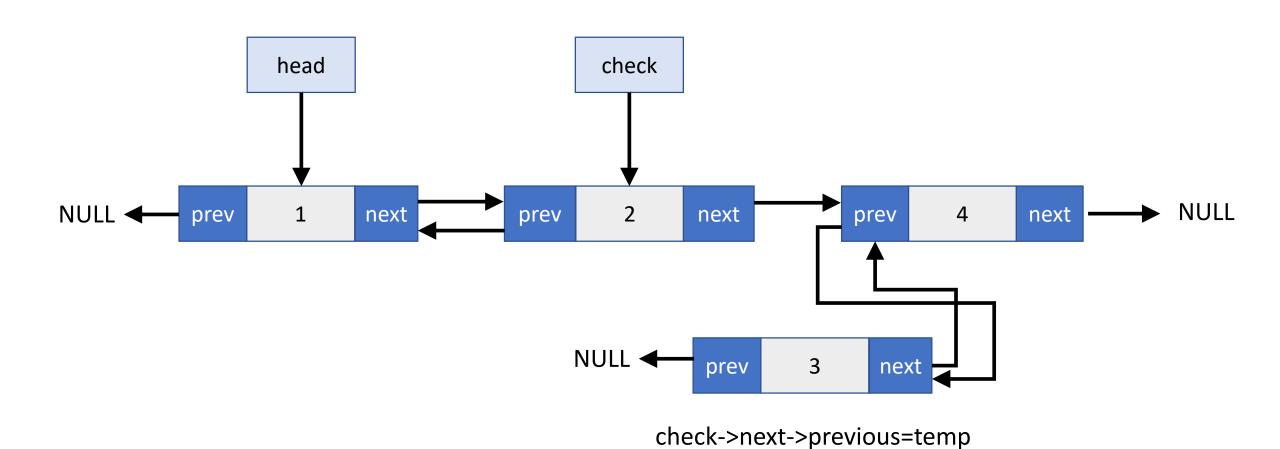
prev

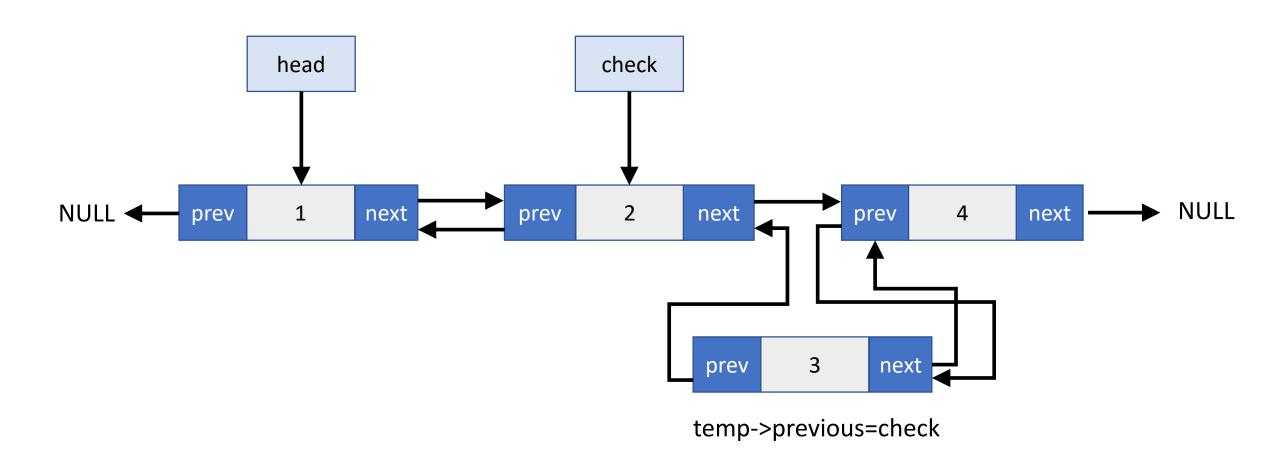
next



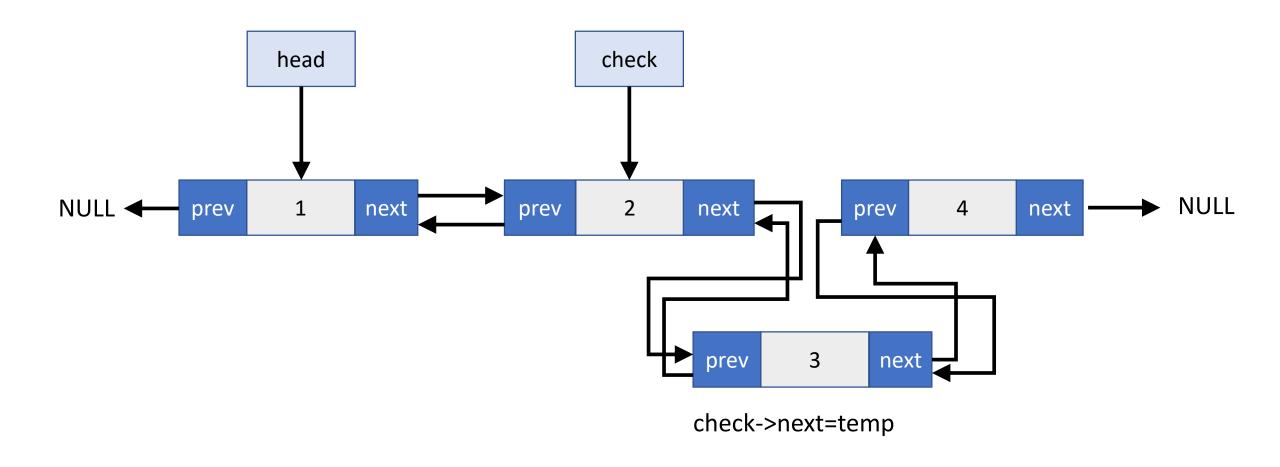








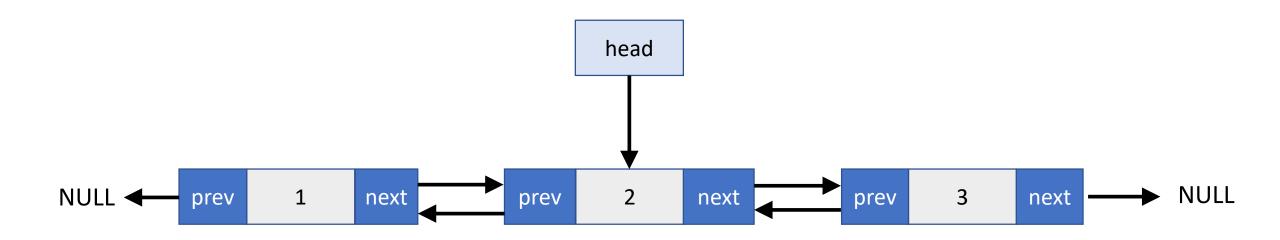
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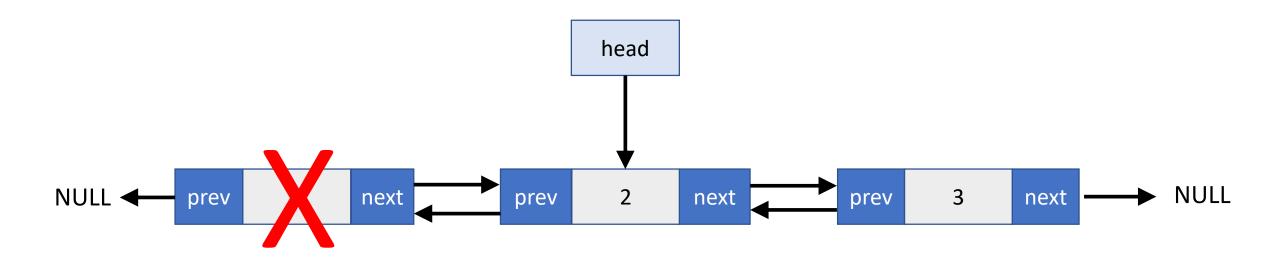


```
void LinkedList::insert_after(int n, int value)
   Node* temp = new Node;
   temp->data = value;
   Node* check = head;
   while (check->data != n)
       check = check->next;
       if (check == NULL)
           return;
   temp->next = check->next;
   check->next->previous = temp;
   check->next = temp;
   temp->previous = check;
```

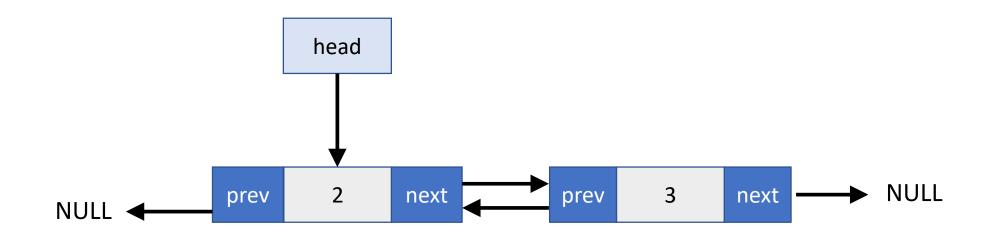




head=head->next



delete head->previous



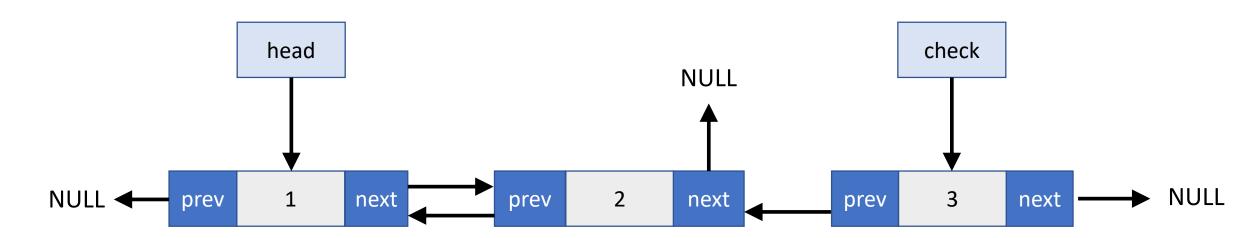
head->previous=NULL;



```
void LinkedList::delete_start()
   if (head == NULL)
       return;
   else
       head=head->next;
       delete head->previous;
       head->previous = NULL;
```

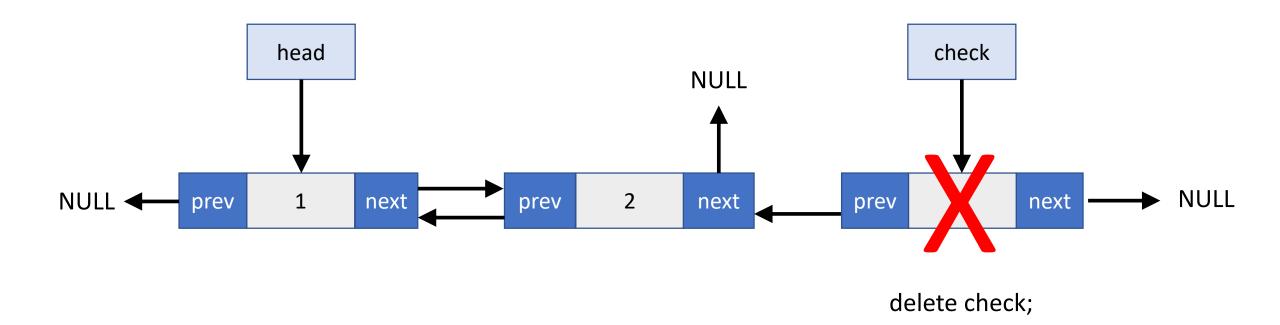


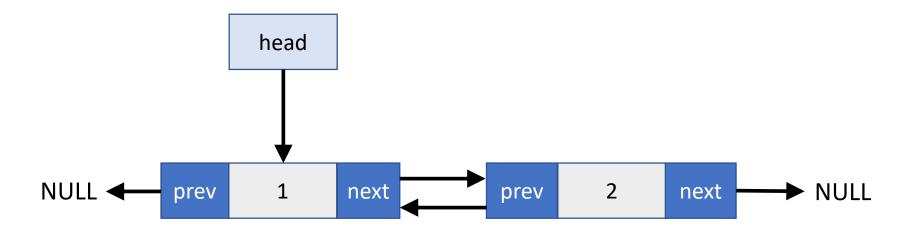




check->previous->next=NULL

1

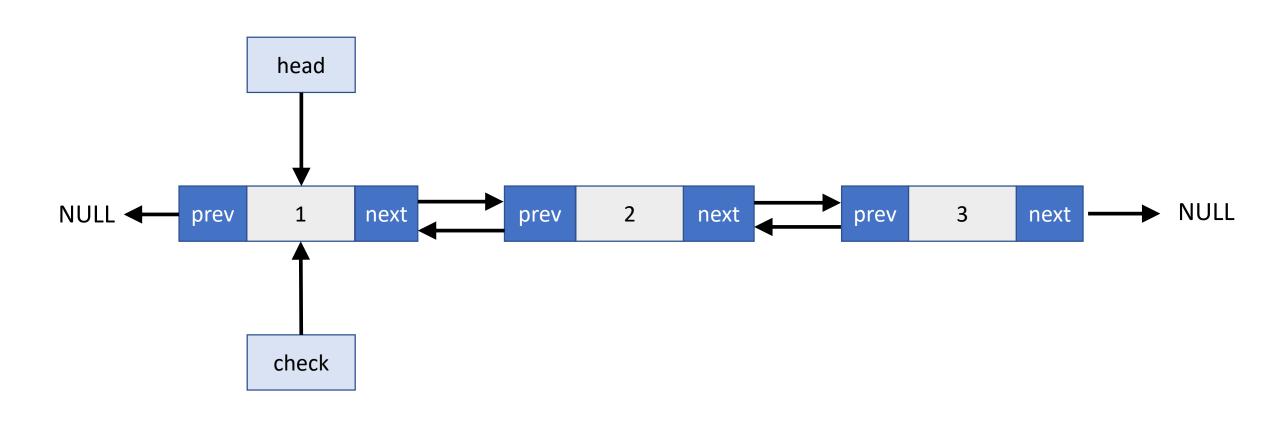


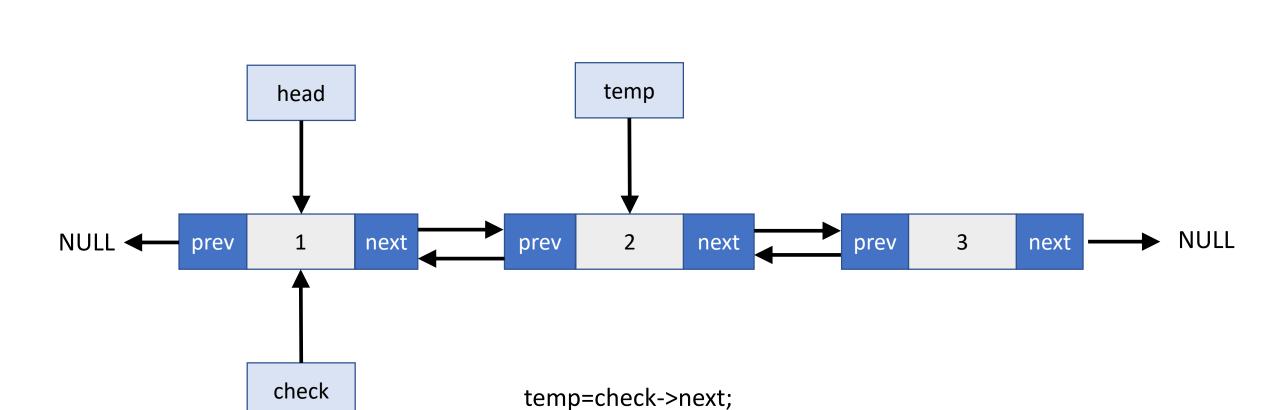


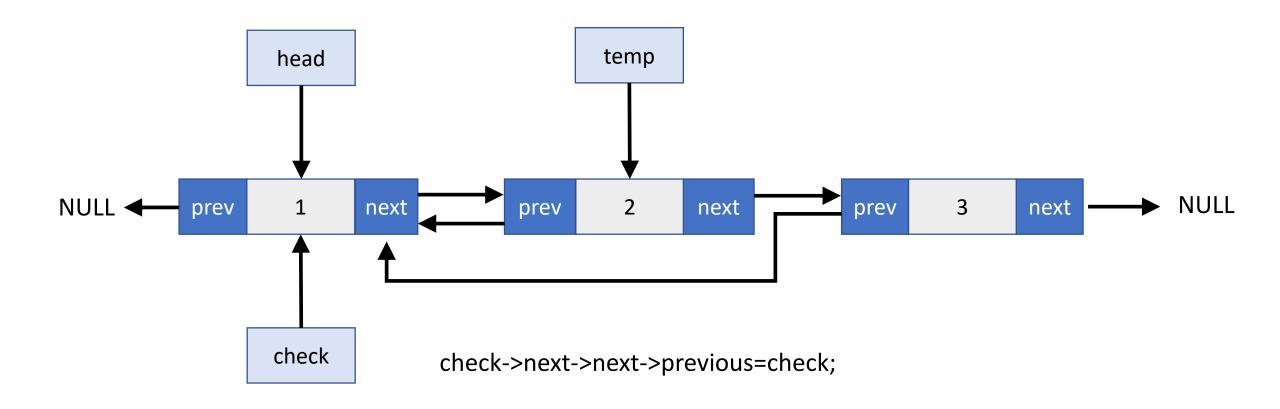


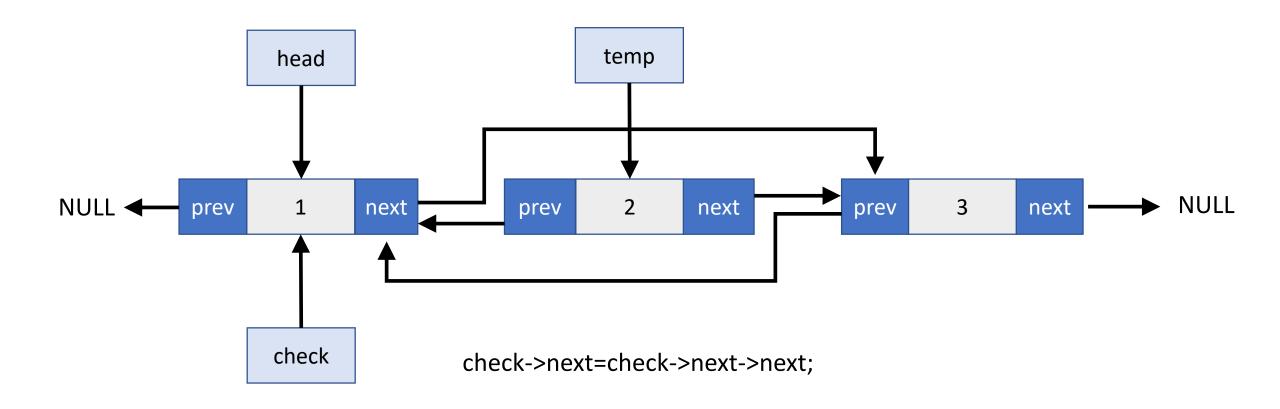
```
void LinkedList::delete_end()
   if (head == NULL)
       return;
   else
       Node* check = head->next;
       while (check->next != NULL)
           check = check->next;
       check->previous->next = NULL;
       delete check;
```

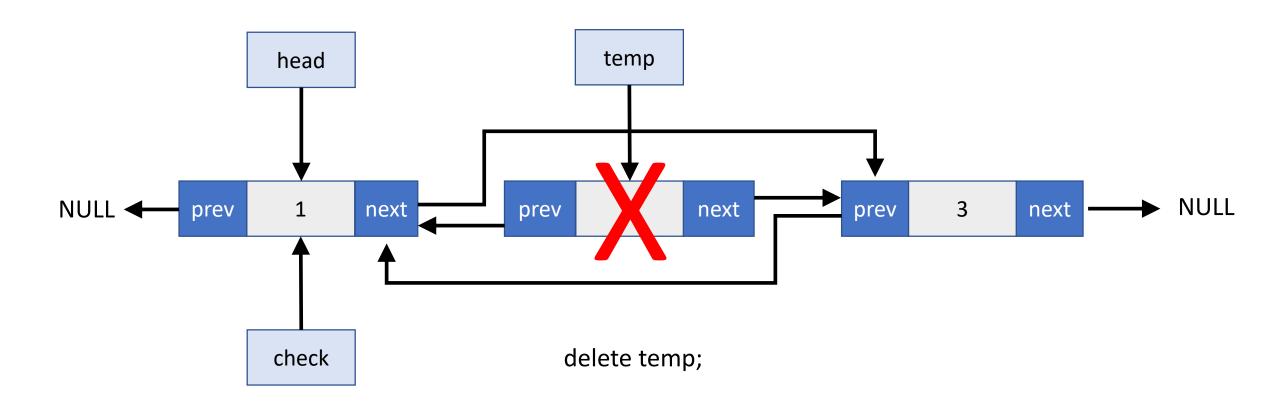


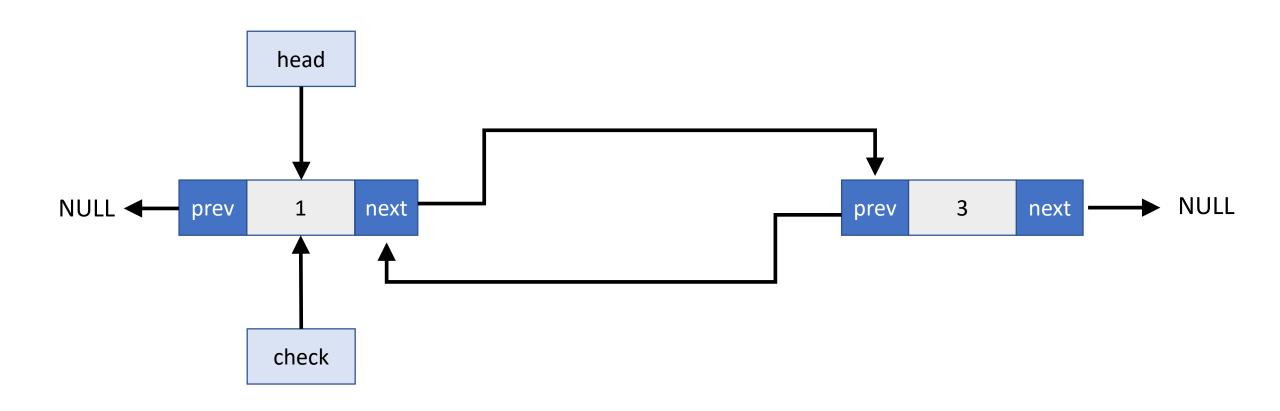














```
void LinkedList::delete_after(int n)
   if (head == NULL)
       return;
   else
       Node* check = head;
       while (check->data != n)
           check = check->next;
           if (check == NULL)
              return;
       Node* temp = check->next;
       check->next->next->previous = check;
       check->next = check->next->next;
       delete temp;
```

Can we do it without using *temp* pointer ????

Thanks a lot



If you are taking a Nap, wake up.....Lecture Over