

# Data Structures and Object Oriented Programming

## Lecture 1

Dr. Naveed Anwar Bhatti

**Webpage:** [naveedanwarbhatti.github.io](http://naveedanwarbhatti.github.io)



# Who am I? Dr. Naveed Anwar Bhatti

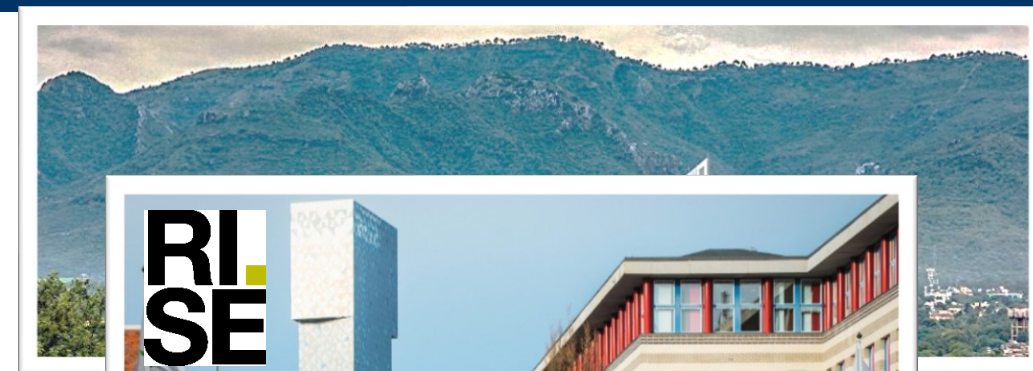
**Hometown:** Islamabad

**Last Job:**

Senior Researcher  
RISE, Stockholm, Sweden  
Joined on April, 2018  
**ERCIM Post-Doc (April, 2018 – Sep, 2019)**

**Education:**

- |            |   |
|------------|---|
|            | Computer Science  |
| <b>PhD</b> | Politecnico di Milano, Italy  |
| 2018       | <i>System Support for Transiently Powered Embedded Systems</i>  |
|            | Computer Science  |
| <b>MS</b>  | FAST-NUCES, Islamabad, Pakistan   |
| 2013       | <i>Long range RFID System: Decoupling sensing and energy in sensor networks using energy transfer</i> |
|            | Telecom   |
| <b>BS</b>  | FAST-NUCES, Islamabad, Pakistan   |
| 2011       | <i>Internet Controlled Unmanned Ground Vehicle</i>  |





## How to reach me?

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**Email:** [naveed.bhatti@ri.se](mailto:naveed.bhatti@ri.se)

**Webpage:** [naveedanwarbhatti.github.io](https://naveedanwarbhatti.github.io)

**Class page and slides:** TBD



# Course Objectives: Why are you here?

- Pointers and Arrays

Week 1

- Pointers
- Multi-dimensional Arrays
- Typecasting (Type conversion)
- Dynamic Memory Allocation

- User-defined data types

Week 2

- User-defined Data Types
- Typedef
- Structures
- Unions

- Object-Oriented Programming in C++

Week 3, 4 and 5

- Classes and Objects
- Classes vs Structure
- Inheritance
- Operator Overloading
- Function and Class templates
- Method Overriding
- Virtual Functions



# Course Objectives: Why are you here?

- Introduction of Advanced Data Structures

Week 6, 7 and 8

- Algorithms

Week 9, 10, 11  
and 12

- Recursion
- Searching
- Sorting
- Insertion
- Selection
- Bubble
- Merge
- Heap

- ☐ Linear
- ☐ Binary
- ☐ Depth-First
- ☐ Breadth-First

- Array Lists
- Linked Lists
- Stacks
- Queues
- Trees
- Vectors (Optional)



- **Pre-requisite**
  - Willingness to work hard!
  - Computer Programming
  - Initiative (very little spoon feeding)
- **Tough Course with fair marking**



- **Grading split**
  - Assignments & **class participation** 10+5%
  - Quizzes: 5% (start of class, **<4 min long**)
  - **Always bring paper and pen to class**
  - First & Second Sessional Exam: 30% each
  - Project: 10%
  - Final Exam: 40%



- **Vital to building trust!**
  - Both in you and the university
- **Very serious consequences**
  - In assignment/project will result in a **direct F grade**
  - Code will be checked for similarity
- **A serious offence**
  - Offensive on both religious and secular levels

**Dr. Arshad Ali**  
Director HEC

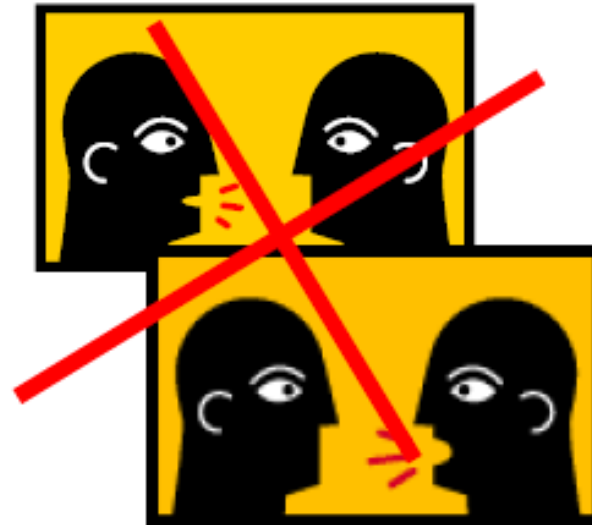
**Dr. Haroon Rashid**  
Rector COMSATS

**Dr. Mukhtar Ahmed**  
Chairman HEC





# Prohibitions





# Class Attendance and Late arrival

- **University and HEC cares about it**
  - **I do not !**
  - I shall say you are present as long as you tell me before class
  - If you are not serious about the course, its your loss
    - Both money wise
    - And grade wise (directly: 10% participation, quizzes indirectly: exams)
- **If you arrive late**
  - Be discrete (come in with minimal fanfare)
  - Be courteous (to other students trying to listen)



- **One** Assignment can be submitted late
  - Total of 72 hrs late submission allowed
  - Any thing greater means your assignment is rejected
  - Choose your late submission carefully.



# Pointers and Arrays





# Pointers (Recap)

1. Pointer variables
2. Static allocation
3. Address-of operator
4. Memory cell to which P points
5. Pointer operations

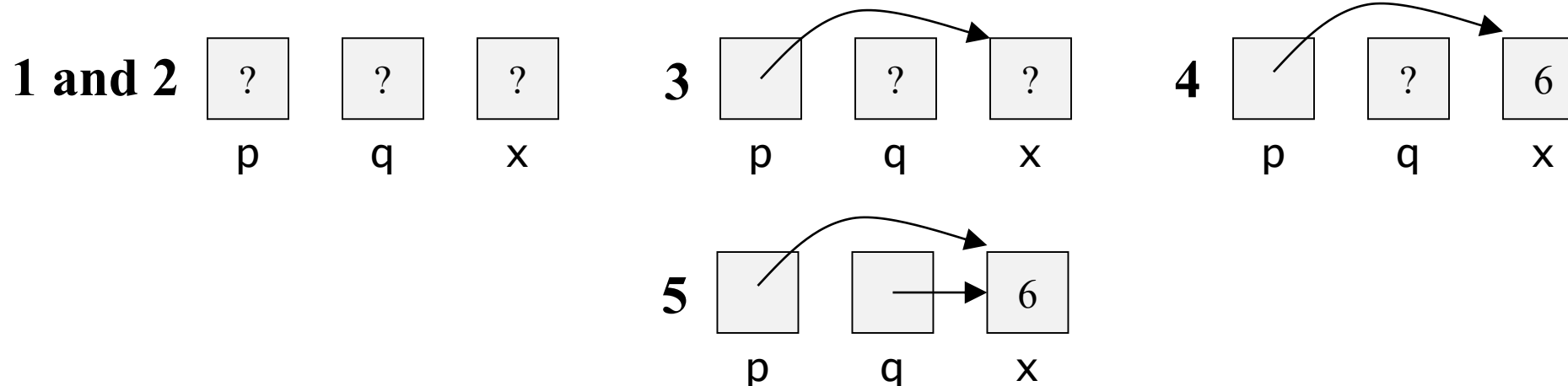
```
int *p, *q;
```

```
int x;
```

```
p = &x;
```

```
*p = 6;
```

```
q = p;
```





# Multi-dimensional Arrays

- An array is a contiguous block of memory.
- A 2D array of size m by n is defined as:

`int A[m][n];`

rows                      columns

The diagram illustrates the dimensions of a 2D array. Two blue arrows originate from the variables 'm' and 'n' in the code 'int A[m][n];'. The arrow from 'm' points down and to the left to the word 'rows'. The arrow from 'n' points down and to the right to the word 'columns'.

What is the number of bytes necessary to hold **int A[2][2]** ?



# Multi-dimensional Arrays

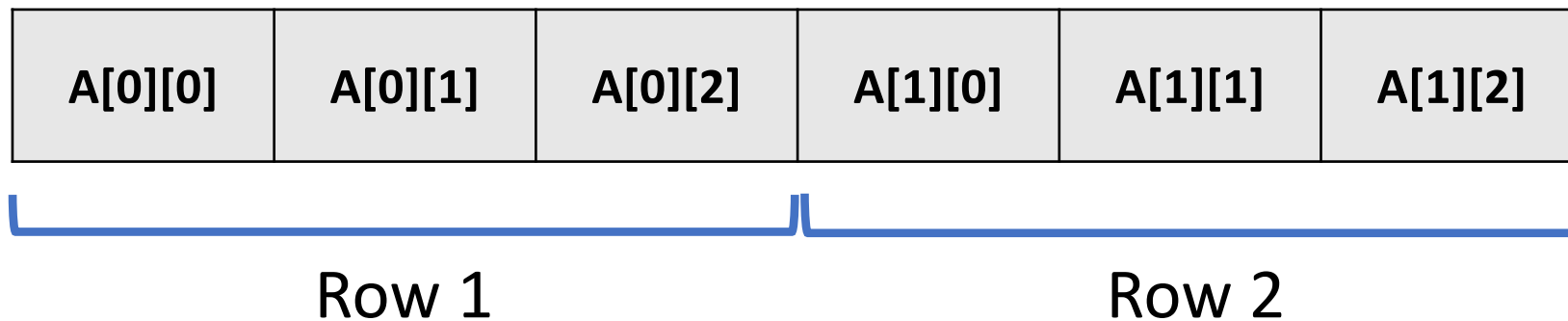
- It can be initialized as:

`A[2][3]={{1,2,3},{4,5,6}};`

	[0]	[1]	[2]
[0]	1	2	3
[1]	4	5	6

**Exercise:** Initialize A[2][3] with same values through for loop

- How a 2D array is stored?






# Multi-dimensional Arrays

- Accessing 2D arrays using Pointers:

`int A[n];`  
name of the array is pointer



```
cout<<A[1];  
cout<<*(A+1);
```

- How does 2D arrays and pointers relate:

A[0]			A[1]		
A[0][0]	A[0][1]	A[0][2]	A[1][0]	A[1][1]	A[1][2]





# Multi-dimensional Arrays

- Now... If I want access  $A[1][2]$  via pointer, what will I write?

First Solution  $*(A[1] + 2)$

Second Solution  $*(*(A+1) + 2)$

- You can view **3D** or **nD** array the same way, i.e., `int A[2][2][2]`

