

# **Data Structures and Object Oriented Programming**

## **Lecture 12**

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# Operator Overloading

## Some More Binary Operators





# Assignment (=) Operator

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int x, y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x = a;  
        y = b;  
    }  
  
};
```

```
int main() {  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

Will it give me any error?



# Assignment (=) Operator

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int x, y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x = a;  
        y = b;  
    }  
};
```

```
int main() {  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

Will it give me any error?



Member-wise copy



# Assignment (=) Operator

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= new int  
        x = a;  
        y= new int;  
        y = b;  
    }  
};
```

```
int main() {  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

Will it give me any error?



# Assignment (=) Operator

- Consider this example:

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class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= new int  
        x = a;  
        y= new int;  
        y = b;  
    }  
  
};
```

```
int main() {  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

Will it give me any error?



## Be careful with member-wise copy

- If member data is a pointer, the pointer address is copied
- this could be disastrous



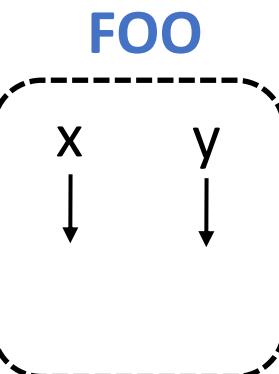
# Assignment (=) Operator

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= new int  
        x = a;  
        y= new int;  
        y = b;  
    }  
  
};
```

```
int main() {  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo; X  
    return 0;  
}
```

Will it give me any error?





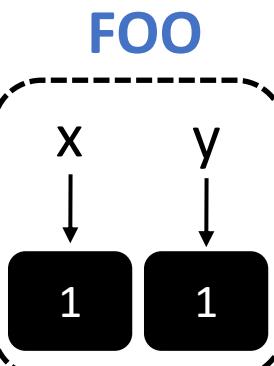
# Assignment (=) Operator

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= new int  
        x = a;  
        y= new int;  
        y = b;  
    }  
  
};
```

```
int main() {  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo; X  
    return 0;  
}
```

Will it give me any error?





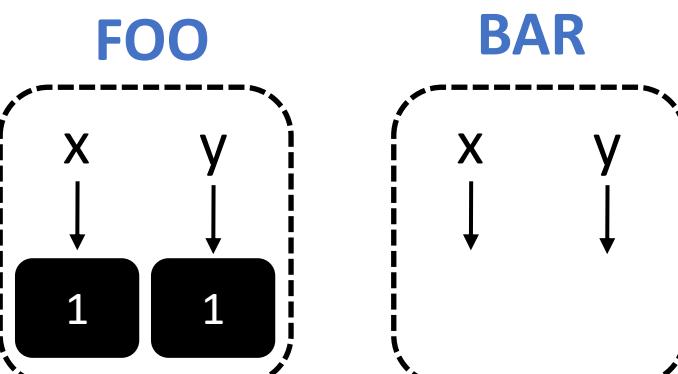
# Assignment (=) Operator

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= new int  
        x = a;  
        y= new int;  
        y = b;  
    }  
};
```

```
int main() {  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo; X  
    return 0;  
}
```

Will it give me any error?



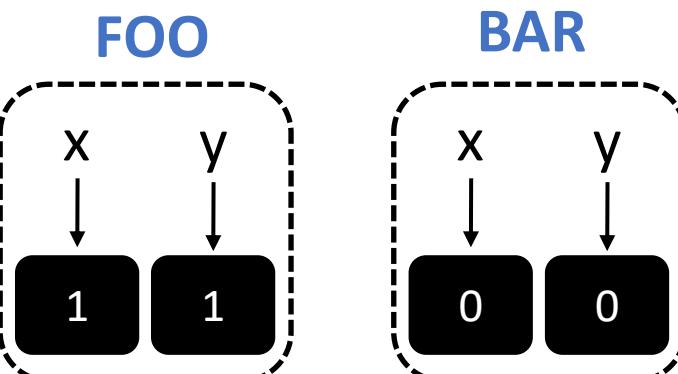
# Assignment (=) Operator

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= new int  
        x = a;  
        y= new int;  
        y = b;  
    }  
};
```

```
int main() {  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo; X  
    return 0;  
}
```

Will it give me any error?





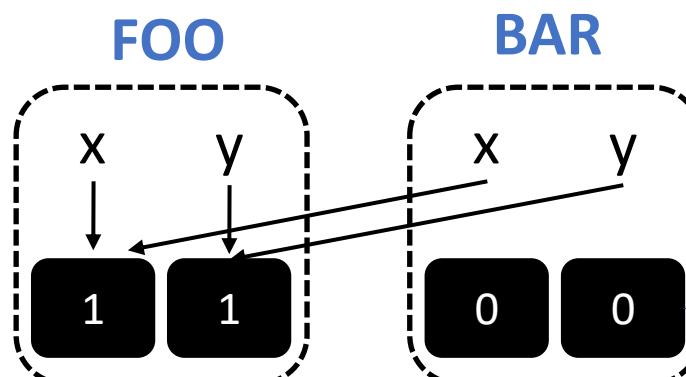
# Assignment (=) Operator

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= new int  
        x = a;  
        y= new int;  
        y = b;  
    }  
};
```

```
int main() {  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo; X  
    return 0;  
}
```

Will it give me any error?



Memory leak

# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= new int  
        x = a;  
        y= new int;  
        y = b;  
    }  
  
    friend myclass& operator= (myclass&  
    param1, myclass& param2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator= (myclass& param1, myclass&  
param2)  
{  
    *(param1.x) = *(param2.x);  
    *(param1.y) = *(param2.y);  
    return param1;  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= new int  
        x = a;  
        y= new int;  
        y = b;  
    }  
  
    friend myclass& operator= (myclass&  
    param1, myclass& param2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator= (myclass& param1, myclass&  
param2)  
{  
    *(param1.x) = *(param2.x);  
    *(param1.y) = *(param2.y);  
    return param1;  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

If your object has a pointer to memory that was dynamically allocated previously, e.g., in the constructor, you will need an overloaded assignment operator

# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= new int  
        x = a;  
        y= new int;  
        y = b;  
    }  
  
    friend myclass& operator+ (myclass&  
    param1, myclass& param2);  
};
```

Why taking reference parameters?

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& param1, myclass&  
param2)  
{  
    *(param1.x) = *(param2.x);  
    *(param1.y) = *(param2.y);  
    return param1;  
}  
  
int main() {  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= new int  
        x = a;  
        y= new int;  
        y = b;  
    }  
  
    friend myclass& operator+ (myclass&  
    param1, myclass& param2);  
};
```

Why taking reference parameters?

Avoid Copy Constructor

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& param1, myclass&  
param2)  
{  
    *(param1.x) = *(param2.x);  
    *(param1.y) = *(param2.y);  
    return param1;  
}  
  
int main() {  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= new int  
        x = a;  
        y= new int;  
        y = b;  
    }  
  
    friend myclass& operator+ (myclass&  
    param1, myclass& param2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& param1, myclass&  
param2)  
{  
    *(param1.x) = *(param2.x);  
    *(param1.y) = *(param2.y);  
    return param1;  
}  
  
int main() {  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

Why returning **param1**?

# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Consider this example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= new int  
        x = a;  
        y= new int;  
        y = b;  
    }  
  
    friend myclass& operator+ (myclass&  
    param1, myclass& param2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& param1, myclass&  
param2)  
{  
    *(param1.x) = *(param2.x);  
    *(param1.y) = *(param2.y);  
    return param1;  
}  
  
int main() {  
    myclass foo(1, 1);  
    myclass bar(0, 0);  
    bar = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

Why returning **param1**?

baz=bar=foo; ???

# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Another complex example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int size1, int size2)  
    {  
        x= new int [size1]  
        y= new int [size2];  
    }  
  
    friend myclass operator+ (myclass& p1,  
                             myclass& p2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& p1, myclass& p2)  
{  
    delete [] p1.x;  
    delete [] p1.y;  
    p1.x= new int [sizeof(p2.x)];  
    p1.y= new int [sizeof(p2.y)];  
  
    // Memberwise copy ///  
    return p1;  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(10, 10);  
    myclass bar(5, 5);  
    bar = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Another complex example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int size1, int size2)  
    {  
        x= new int [size1]  
        y= new int [size1];  
    }  
  
    friend myclass operator+ (myclass& p1,  
                             myclass& p2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& p1, myclass& p2)  
{  
    delete [] p1.x;  
    delete [] p1.y;  
    p1.x= new int [sizeof(p2.x)];  
    p1.y= new int [sizeof(p2.y)];  
    return p1;  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(10, 10);  
    foo = foo; Self Assignment  
    return 0;  
}
```

# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Another complex example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int size1, int size2)  
    {  
        x= new int [size1]  
        y= new int [size1];  
    }  
  
    friend myclass operator+ (myclass& p1,  
                             myclass& p2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& p1, myclass& p2)  
{  
    delete [] p1.x;  
    delete [] p1.y;  
    p1.x= new int [sizeof(p2.x)];  
    p1.y= new int [sizeof(p2.y)];  
    return p1;  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(10, 10);  
    foo = foo; Self Assignment  
    return 0;  
}
```

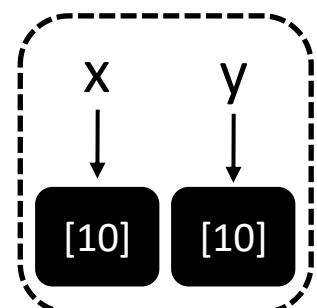
Any Problem???

# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Another complex example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int size1, int size2)  
    {  
        x= new int [size1]  
        y= new int [size1];  
    }  
  
    friend myclass operator+ (myclass& p1,  
                             myclass& p2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& p1, myclass& p2)  
{  
    delete [] p1.x;  
    delete [] p1.y;  
    p1.x= new int [sizeof(p2.x)];  
    p1.y= new int [sizeof(p2.y)];  
    return p1;  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(10, 10);  
    foo = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

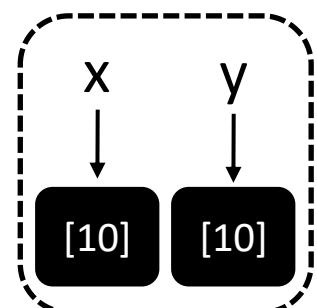


# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Another complex example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int size1, int size2)  
    {  
        x= new int [size1]  
        y= new int [size1];  
    }  
  
    friend myclass operator+ (myclass& p1,  
                             myclass& p2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& p1, myclass& p2)  
{  
    delete [] p1.x; ←  
    delete [] p1.y;  
    p1.x= new int [sizeof(p2.x)];  
    p1.y= new int [sizeof(p2.y)];  
    return p1;  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(10, 10);  
    foo = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

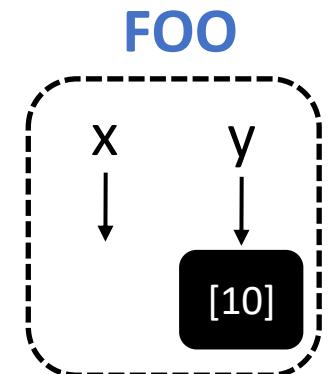


# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Another complex example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int size1, int size2)  
    {  
        x= new int [size1]  
        y= new int [size1];  
    }  
  
    friend myclass operator+ (myclass& p1,  
                             myclass& p2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& p1, myclass& p2)  
{  
    delete [] p1.x; ←  
    delete [] p1.y;  
    p1.x= new int [sizeof(p2.x)];  
    p1.y= new int [sizeof(p2.y)];  
    return p1;  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(10, 10);  
    foo = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

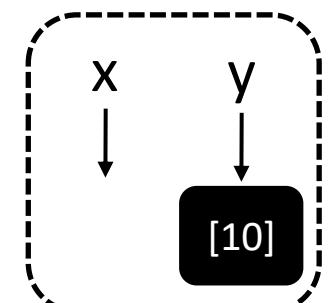


# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Another complex example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int size1, int size2)  
    {  
        x= new int [size1]  
        y= new int [size1];  
    }  
  
    friend myclass operator+ (myclass& p1,  
                             myclass& p2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& p1, myclass& p2)  
{  
    delete [] p1.x;  
    delete [] p1.y; ←  
    p1.x= new int [sizeof(p2.x)];  
    p1.y= new int [sizeof(p2.y)];  
    return p1;  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(10, 10);  
    foo = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

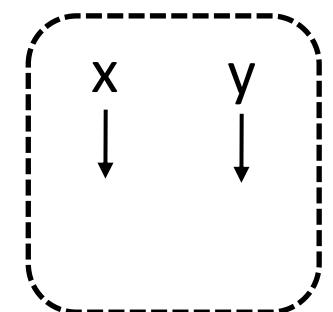


# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Another complex example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int size1, int size2)  
    {  
        x= new int [size1]  
        y= new int [size1];  
    }  
  
    friend myclass operator+ (myclass& p1,  
                             myclass& p2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& p1, myclass& p2)  
{  
    delete [] p1.x;  
    delete [] p1.y; ←  
    p1.x= new int [sizeof(p2.x)];  
    p1.y= new int [sizeof(p2.y)];  
    return p1;  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(10, 10);  
    foo = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

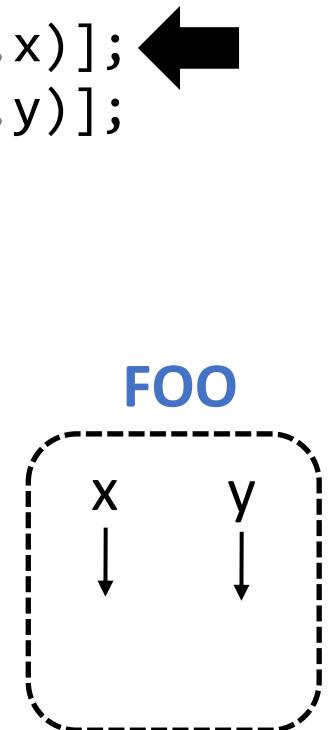


# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Another complex example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int size1, int size2)  
    {  
        x= new int [size1]  
        y= new int [size1];  
    }  
  
    friend myclass operator+ (myclass& p1,  
                             myclass& p2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& p1, myclass& p2)  
{  
    delete [] p1.x;  
    delete [] p1.y;  
    p1.x= new int [sizeof(p2.x)]; ←  
    p1.y= new int [sizeof(p2.y)];  
    return p1;  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(10, 10);  
    foo = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

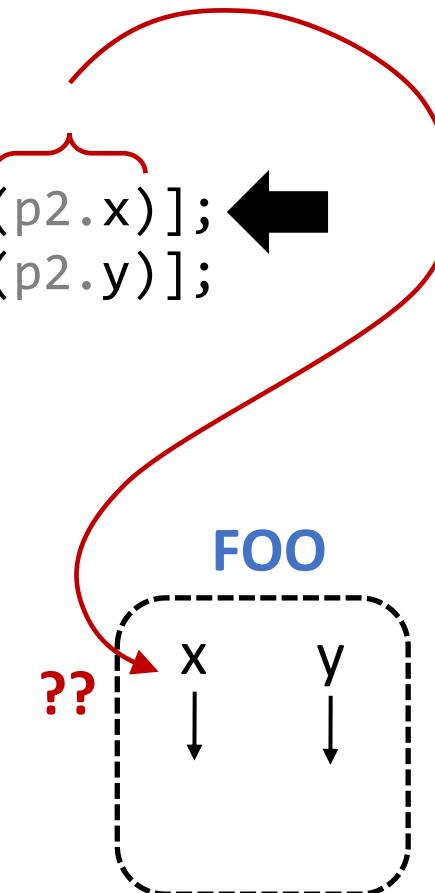


# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Another complex example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int size1, int size2)  
    {  
        x= new int [size1]  
        y= new int [size1];  
    }  
  
    friend myclass operator+ (myclass& p1,  
                             myclass& p2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& p1, myclass& p2)  
{  
    delete [] p1.x;  
    delete [] p1.y;  
    p1.x= new int [sizeof(p2.x)];  
    p1.y= new int [sizeof(p2.y)];  
    return p1;  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(10, 10);  
    foo = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```



# Solution = Assignment Operator Overloading

- Another complex example:

```
class myclass {  
    int *x, *y;  
public:  
    myclass(int size1, int size2)  
    {  
        x= new int [size1]  
        y= new int [size1];  
    }  
  
    friend myclass operator+ (myclass& p1,  
                             myclass& p2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+ (myclass& p1, myclass& p2)  
{  
    if(&p1 != &p2)  
    {  
        delete [] p1.x;  
        delete [] p1.y;  
        p1.x= new int [sizeof(p2.x)];  
        p1.y= new int [sizeof(p2.y)];  
    }  
    return p1;  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(10, 10);  
    foo = foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```

# Overloading “+” operator

- Example:

```
class myclass {  
    int x, y;  
public:  
    myclass(int a, int b)  
    {  
        x= a;  
        y= b;  
    }  
  
    friend myclass operator+=(myclass& p1,  
                                myclass& p2);  
};
```

```
myclass& operator+=(myclass& p1, myclass&  
p2)  
{  
    p1.x= p1.x + p2.x;  
    p1.y= p1.y + p2.y;  
  
    return p1;  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    myclass foo(10, 10);  
    foo += foo;  
    return 0;  
}
```



## Other binary operators

- **The operators**

`-=, /=, *=, |=, %=, &=, ^=, <<=, >>=, !=`

**can be overloaded in a very similar fashion**

# Thanks a lot



If you are taking a Nap, **wake up.....Lecture Over**