

Data Structures and Object Oriented Programming

Lecture 16

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Inheritance





Definition:

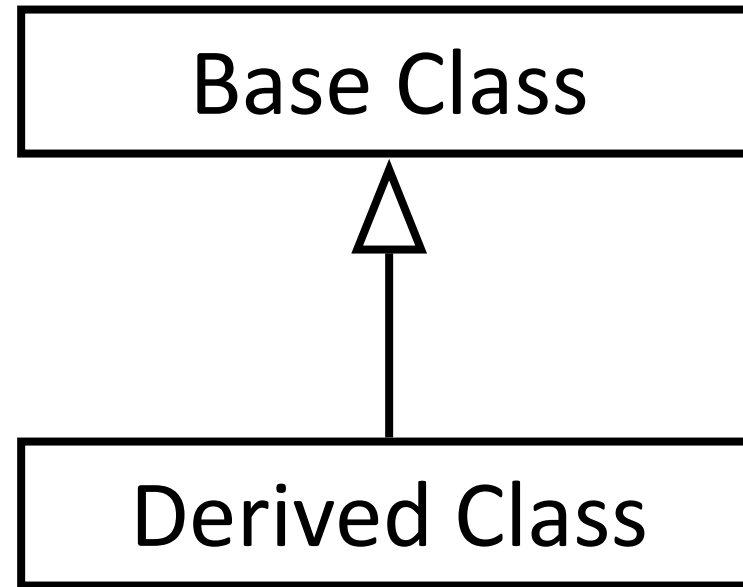
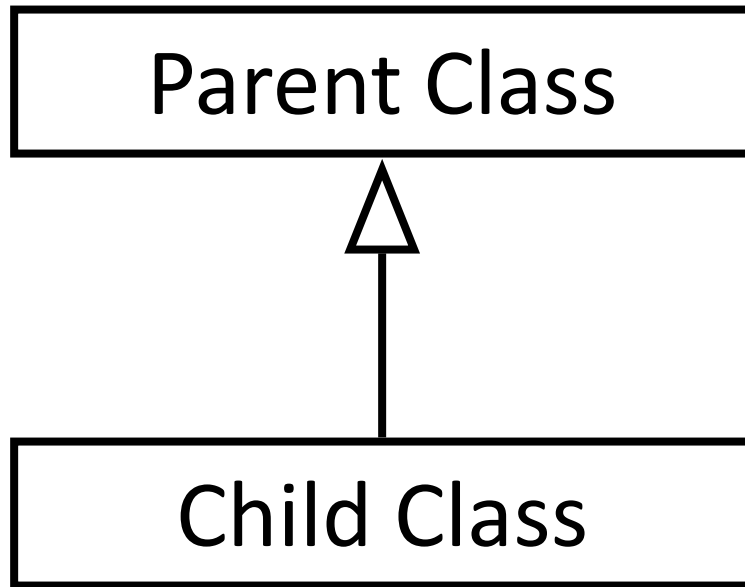
“Process of extending existing class into new class is known as inheritance”

- Existing class is known as **Base Class** (or Parent Class)
- New class is known as **Derived Class** (or Child Class)

What is inherited from the base class?

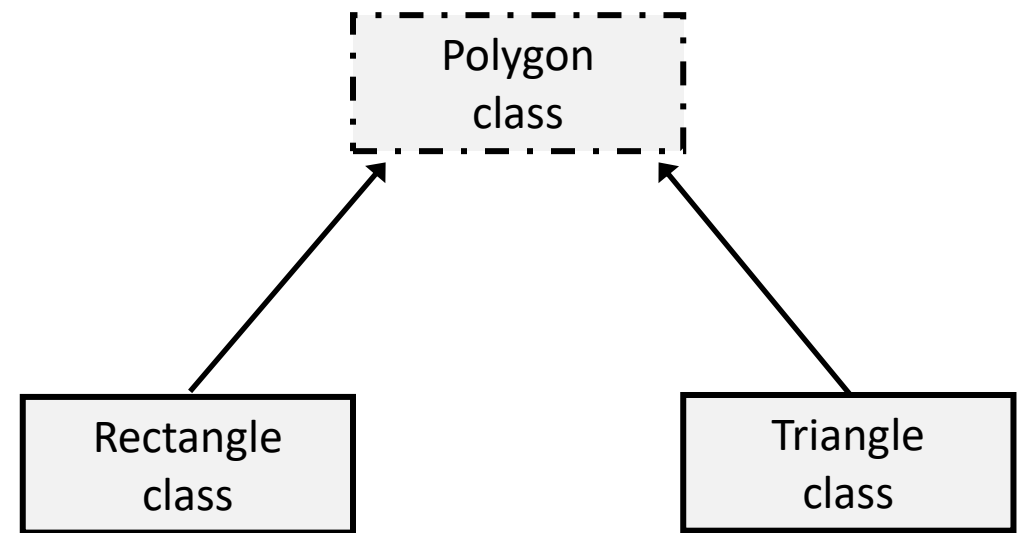
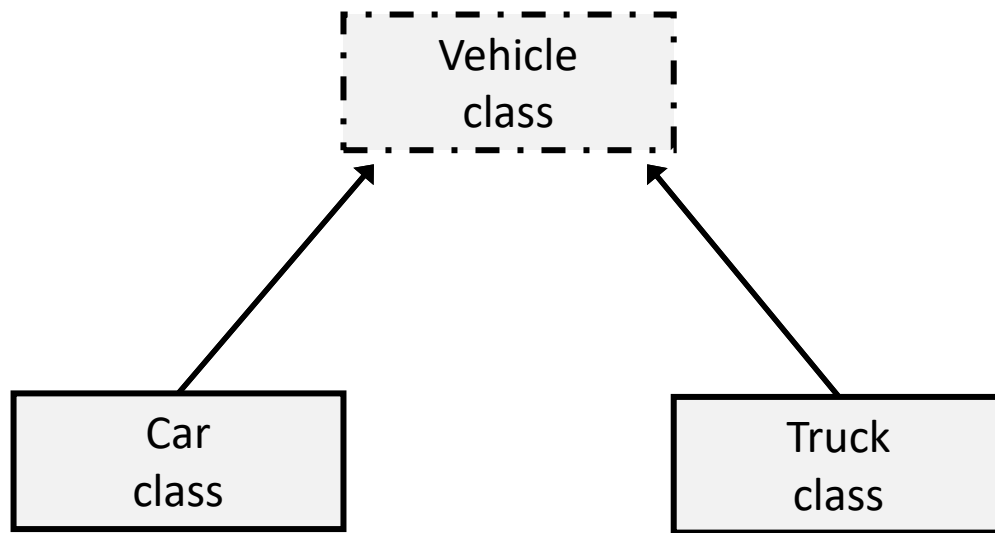
Every member of a base class except:

- constructors and its destructor
- assignment operator members (operator=)
- friends
- private members (**Hidden**)





Inheritance (example)



Inheritance (Syntax and Example)

Syntax

```
class ChildClass: public BaseClass
{
    ...
};
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
class Parent
{
public:
    int x, y;
    void set_values(int a, int b)
    {
        x = a; y = b;
    }
};
```

```
class Child : public Parent {
public:
    int multiply()
    {
        return x * y;
    }
};
```

```
int main()
{
    Child var1;
    var1.set_values(4, 5);
    cout << var1.multiply();
    return 0;
}
```



Access in Inheritance

- There are three different access control in inheritance
 - Public
 - Protected
 - Private
- Use keyword public, private or protected to define access level in inheritance



```
class Child: public Parent {...};
```

Member access in	
Base Class	Derived Class
Public	Public
Protected	Protected
Private	Hidden



Protected Inheritance

```
class Child: protected Parent {...};
```

Member access in	
Base Class	Derived Class
Public	Protected
Protected	Protected
Private	Hidden



Private Inheritance

```
class Child: private Parent {...};
```

Member access in	
Base Class	Derived Class
Public	Private
Protected	Private
Private	Hidden



Inheritance (example)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Polygon {
private:
    int width, height;
public:
    void set_values(int a, int b)
    {
        width = a; height = b;
    }
    int get_width()
    {
        return width;
    }
    int get_height()
    {
        return height;
    }
};
```



Inheritance (example)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Polygon {
private:
    int width, height;
public:
    void set_values(int a, int b)
    {
        width = a; height = b;
    }
    int get_width()
    {
        return width;
    }
    int get_height()
    {
        return height;
    }
};
```

```
class Rectangle : public Polygon {
public:
    int area()
    {
        return get_width() * get_height();
    }
};
```



Inheritance (example)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Polygon {
private:
    int width, height;
public:
    void set_values(int a, int b)
    {
        width = a; height = b;
    }
    int get_width()
    {
        return width;
    }
    int get_height()
    {
        return height;
    }
};
```

```
class Rectangle : public Polygon {
public:
    int area()
    {
        return get_width() * get_height();
    }
};

int main()
{
    Rectangle rec1;
    rec1.set_values(4, 5);
    cout << rec1.area();
    return 0;
}
```



Inheritance (example)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Polygon {
private:
    int width, height;
public:
    void set_values(int a, int b)
    {
        width = a; height = b;
    }
    int get_width()
    {
        return width;
    }
    int get_height()
    {
        return height;
    }
};
```

```
class Rectangle : protected Polygon {
public:
    int area()
    {
        return get_width() * get_height();
    }
};

int main()
{
    Rectangle rec1;
    rec1.set_values(4, 5);
    cout << rec1.area();
    return 0;
}
```



Error



Inheritance (example)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Polygon {
private:
    int width, height;
public:
    void set_values(int a, int b)
    {
        width = a; height = b;
    }
    int get_width()
    {
        return width;
    }
    int get_height()
    {
        return height;
    }
};
```

```
class Rectangle : private Polygon {
public:
    int area()
    {
        return get_width() * get_height();
    }
};

int main()
{
    Rectangle rec1;
    rec1.set_values(4, 5);
    cout << rec1.area();
    return 0;
}
```

Error

Thanks a lot



If you are taking a Nap, **wake up**.....Lecture Over