

Introduction to Computing

Lecture 8

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Practice Questions

Write a C++ program that prompts the user to input two integer values and find the greatest value of the two values.

Solution

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int a, b;
    cin >> a;
    cin >> b;

    if (a > b)
    {
        cout << "Max: " << a; //output max
    }

    else
    {
        cout << "Max: " << b; //output max
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Write a C++ program that prompts the user to input three integer values and find the greatest value of the three values.

Solution

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int a, b, c;
    cin >> a;
    cin >> b;
    cin >> c;

    if ((a > b) && (a > c))
        cout << "Max: " << a; //output max

    else if ((b > a) && (b > c))
        cout << "Max: " << b; //output max

    else
        cout << "Max: " << c; //output max

    return 0;
}
```

Solution

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int a, b, c, max;
    cin >> a;
    cin >> b;
    cin >> c;

    max = a; //let max take the first value

    if (max < b)
        max = b; // compare max with b and update max

    if (max < c)
        max = c; //compare max with c and take c

    cout << "Max: " << max; //output max
    return 0;
}
```

Write a C++ program that tells whether the input number is even or odd.

Solution

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int num;
    cout << "Enter a number :";
    cin >> num;

    if (num % 2 == 0)
    {
        cout << "This is an even number";
    }
    else
    {
        cout << "This is an odd number";
    }

}
```

Write a C++ program that tells whether the input number is even or odd using Switch.

Solution

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int num;
    cout << "Enter a number :";
    cin >> num;
    int choice = num % 2;

    switch (choice)
    {
        case 0:
            cout << "This is an even number";
            break;
        case 1:
            cout << "This is an odd number";
            break;
    }
}
```

Write a method with a while loop to prints **n through **0** in square brackets.**
For example, if n = 6 print

Please enter number: <6>

[6] [5] [4] [3] [2] [1] [0]

Solution

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int n;

    cout << "Please enter number :";
    cin >> n;

    int i = n;

    while (i >= 0)
    {
        cout << "[" << i << "] ";
        i--;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Write a C++ program that prompts the user to input like this:

1/2

and your program output:

0.5

Solution

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    float nominator;
    float denominator;
    char useless;

    cout << "Enter expression :";
    cin >> nominator >> useless >> denominator;
    cout << "Answer :" << nominator/denominator;
}
```

ASCII Values

ASCII control characters			ASCII printable characters			Extended ASCII characters			Close
00	NULL	(Null character)	32	space	64	@	96	'	
01	SOH	(Start of Header)	33	!	65	A	97	a	
02	STX	(Start of Text)	34	"	66	B	98	b	
03	ETX	(End of Text)	35	#	67	C	99	c	
04	EOT	(End of Trans.)	36	\$	68	D	100	d	
05	ENQ	(Enquiry)	37	%	69	E	101	e	
06	ACK	(Acknowledgement)	38	&	70	F	102	f	
07	BEL	(Bell)	39	'	71	G	103	g	
08	BS	(Backspace)	40	(72	H	104	h	
09	HT	(Horizontal Tab)	41)	73	I	105	i	
10	LF	(Line feed)	42	*	74	J	106	j	
11	VT	(Vertical Tab)	43	+	75	K	107	k	
12	FF	(Form feed)	44	,	76	L	108	l	
13	CR	(Carriage return)	45	-	77	M	109	m	
14	SO	(Shift Out)	46	.	78	N	110	n	
15	SI	(Shift In)	47	/	79	O	111	o	
16	DLE	(Data link escape)	48	0	80	P	112	p	
17	DC1	(Device control 1)	49	1	81	Q	113	q	
18	DC2	(Device control 2)	50	2	82	R	114	r	
19	DC3	(Device control 3)	51	3	83	S	115	s	
20	DC4	(Device control 4)	52	4	84	T	116	t	
21	NAK	(Negative acknowl.)	53	5	85	U	117	u	
22	SYN	(Synchronous idle)	54	6	86	V	118	v	
23	ETB	(End of trans. block)	55	7	87	W	119	w	
24	CAN	(Cancel)	56	8	88	X	120	x	
25	EM	(End of medium)	57	9	89	Y	121	y	
26	SUB	(Substitute)	58	:	90	Z	122	z	
27	ESC	(Escape)	59	;	91	[123	{	
28	FS	(File separator)	60	<	92	\	124		
29	GS	(Group separator)	61	=	93]	125	}	
30	RS	(Record separator)	62	>	94	^	126	~	
31	US	(Unit separator)	63	?	95	-			
127	DEL	(Delete)			96	-			

Write program to check whether a character is alphabet or not

Solution

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    char ch;
    cin >> ch;

    if ((ch >= 97 && ch <= 122) || (ch >= 65 && ch <= 90))
    {
        printf("Character is an ALPHABET.");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Character is NOT ALPHABET.");
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Write program to which takes alphabet as an input and print next alphabet

Solution

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    char ch;

    cin >> ch;

    cout << "Next character is: " << ++ch;

    return 0;
}
```

Thanks a lot



If you are taking a Nap, **wake up.....Lecture Over**