# Ex.No:1a DEVELOPAN APPLICATION THAT USES GUI COMPONENTS

Date: FONT AND COLOURS

AIM:

To develop a Simple Android Application that uses GUI components, Front and Colours.

# PROCEDURE:

# **Creating a New Project:**

- Open Android Studio and then click on File -> New -> New project.
- Then type the Application name as "ex1a" and click Next
- Then select the Minimum SDK as shown below and click Next.
- Then select the Empty Activity and click Next.
- Finally click Finish.
- It will take some time to build and load the project.

# **Code for activity\_main.xml:**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
android:orientation="vertical"
android:layout width="match_parent"
android:layout height="match parent">
<TextView
android:id="@+id/textView" android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content" android:layout_margin="30dp"
android:gravity="center" android:text="Hello World!" android:textSize="25sp"
android:textStyle="bold" />
<Button
android:id="@+id/button1" android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content" android:layout_margin="20dp"
android:gravity="center" android:text="Change font size" android:textSize="25sp"
<Button android:id="@+id/button2" android:layout_width="match_parent"</pre>
android:layout_height="wrap_content" android:layout_margin="20dp"
android:gravity="center" android:text="Change color" android:textSize="25sp" />
```

# Main Activity.java

```
package com.example.ex1a;
import android.graphics.Color;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.TextView;
import androidx.activity.EdgeToEdge;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import androidx.core.graphics.Insets;
import androidx.core.view.ViewCompat;
import androidx.core.view.WindowInsetsCompat;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  int ch=1;
  float font=30;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    EdgeToEdge.enable(this);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
    final TextView t=(TextView)findViewById(R.id.textView);
    Button b1=(Button)findViewById(R.id.button1);
    b1.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View view) {
         t.setTextSize(font);
         font=font+5;
         if(font==50)
           font=30;
  });
  Button b2=(Button)findViewById(R.id.button2);
    b2.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
    @Override
    public void onClick(View view) {
       switch(ch){
         case 1:
           t.setTextColor(Color.RED);
           break;
         case 2:
           t.setTextColor(Color.GREEN);
           break;
```

```
case 3:
            t.setTextColor(Color.BLUE);
            break;
          case 4:
            t.setTextColor(Color.CYAN);
            break;
          case 5:
            t.setTextColor(Color.YELLOW);
            break;
          case 6:
            t.setTextColor(Color.MAGENTA);
            break;
       ch++;
       if(ch==7)
          ch=1;
  });
     ViewCompat.setOnApplyWindowInsetsListener(findViewById(R.id.main), (v, insets) ->
       Insets systemBars = insets.getInsets(WindowInsetsCompat.Type.systemBars());
       v.setPadding(systemBars.left, systemBars.top, systemBars.right, systemBars.bottom);
       return insets;
     });
OUTPUT:
                                                                  Hello World!
                                    Hello World!
                                      Change font size
                                                                    Change color
                                       Panimalar Engineering College, Chennai.
                                        Department of Information Technology
```

**RESULT:** 

Thus a Simple Android Application that uses GUI components, Font and Colors is developed and executed successfully.

Title

Quality of Work Performance Viva voce Record Total

Staff Signature

Max.

Marks

Marks

Aw ar ded

# DEVELOP AN APPLICATION THAT USES LAYOUT AND MANAGERS EVENT LISTENERS

**EX:NO:1(B)** 

**DATE:** 

AIM:

To develop a Simple Android Application that uses Layout Managers and Event Listeners

# **PROCEDURE**

- Creating a New project
- Open Android Studio and then click on File -> New -> New Project
- Then type the Application name as "exno1b" and click Next.
- Then select the Minimum SDK as shown below and click Next.
- Then select the Empty Activity and click Next.
- Finally click Finish.
- It will take some time to build and load the project.
- After completion it will look as given below.
- Creating Second Activity for the Android Application:
- Click on File -> New -> Activity → Empty Activity
- Type the Activity Name as Second Activity and click Finish button.
- Thus Second Activity For the application is created.

# **PROGRAM:**

# Activity main.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    android:id="@+id/main"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    tools:context=".MainActivity">
```

```
<TextView
```

```
android:id="@+id/textView"
android:layout_width="169dp"
android:layout_height="43dp"
android:text="Details Form"
android:textAlignment="center"
android:textColor="@color/black"
app:layout_constraintBottom_toBottomOf="parent"
app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
app:layout_constraintHorizontal_bias="0.483"
app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
```

```
app:layout_constraintTop_toTopOf="parent"
app:layout_constraintVertical_bias="0.155" />
FextView
android:id="@+id/textView2"
```

```
<TextView
    android:id="@+id/textView2"
    android:layout_width="59dp"
    android:layout_height="28dp"
    android:text="Name"
    app:layout_constraintBottom_toBottomOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintHorizontal_bias="0.11"
    app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toTopOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintVertical_bias="0.284" />
```

# android:id="@+id/textView3" android:layout\_width="58dp" android:layout\_height="25dp" android:text="Reg.No" app:layout\_constraintBottom\_toBottomOf="parent" app:layout\_constraintEnd\_toEndOf="parent" app:layout\_constraintHorizontal\_bias="0.11" app:layout\_constraintStart\_toStartOf="parent" app:layout\_constraintTop\_toTopOf="parent" app:layout\_constraintVertical\_bias="0.376"/>

# <TextView android:id="@+id/textView4" android:layout\_width="52dp" android:layout\_height="21dp" android:text="Dept" app:layout\_constraintBottom\_toBottomOf="parent" app:layout\_constraintEnd\_toEndOf="parent" app:layout\_constraintHorizontal\_bias="0.108" app:layout\_constraintStart\_toStartOf="parent" app:layout\_constraintTop\_toTopOf="parent" app:layout\_constraintVertical\_bias="0.464" />

```
<Button
android:id="@+id/button"
android:layout_width="121dp"
android:layout_height="42dp"
android:text="Submit"
app:layout_constraintBottom_toBottomOf="parent"
```

```
app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintHorizontal bias="0.446"
    app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintVertical bias="0.588"/>
  <Spinner
    android:id="@+id/spinner"
    android:layout width="217dp"
    android:layout height="25dp"
    app:layout constraintBottom toBottomOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintHorizontal bias="0.603"
    app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintVertical bias="0.467" />
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/editTextText"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:ems="10"
    android:inputType="text"
    android:text=""
    app:layout constraintBottom toBottomOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintHorizontal bias="0.582"
    app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintVertical bias="0.281"/>
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/editTextText2"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:ems="10"
    android:inputType="text"
    android:text=""
    app:layout constraintBottom toBottomOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintHorizontal bias="0.582"
    app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintVertical bias="0.374"/>
</androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout>
```

# Activitymain2.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:id="@+id/main"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  tools:context=".MainActivity2">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/textView5"
    android:layout widtah="242dp"
    android:layout height="55dp"
    android:text=""
    android:textAlignment="center"
    app:layout constraintBottom toBottomOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintHorizontal bias="0.456"
    app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintVertical bias="0.259" />
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/textView6"
    android:layout width="247dp"
    android:layout height="56dp"
    android:text=""
    android:textAlignment="center"
    app:layout constraintBottom toBottomOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintHorizontal bias="0.469"
    app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintVertical bias="0.434" />
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/textView7"
    android:layout width="242dp"
    android:layout height="55dp"
    android:text=""
    android:textAlignment="center"
```

```
app:layout constraintBottom toBottomOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintHorizontal bias="0.455"
    app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintVertical bias="0.578"/>
</androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout>
Main Activity.java
package com.example.ex1b;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.ArrayAdapter;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.Spinner;
import android.widget.TextView;
import androidx.activity.EdgeToEdge;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import androidx.core.graphics.Insets;
import androidx.core.view.ViewCompat;
import androidx.core.view.WindowInsetsCompat;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    EdgeToEdge.enable(this);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
    String dept_array[]={"Select","CSE","IT","EEE","MECH","ECE"};
    TextView t1=(TextView) findViewById(R.id.textView);
    TextView t2=(TextView) findViewById(R.id.textView2);
    EditText e1=(EditText) findViewById(R.id.editTextText);
    EditText e2=(EditText) findViewById(R.id.editTextText2);
    Spinner spinner=(Spinner) findViewById(R.id.spinner);
    ArrayAdapter adapter=new
ArrayAdapter(MainActivity.this,android.R.layout.simple spinner dropdown item,dept array
```

spinner.setAdapter(adapter);

Button b=(Button) findViewById(R.id.button);

```
b.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View view) {
         Intent i=new Intent(MainActivity.this,MainActivity2.class);
         i.putExtra("name",e1.getText().toString());
         i.putExtra("regno",e2.getText().toString());
         i.putExtra("dept",spinner.getSelectedItem().toString());
         startActivity(i);
    });
    ViewCompat.setOnApplyWindowInsetsListener(findViewById(R.id.main), (v, insets) ->
{
       Insets systemBars = insets.getInsets(WindowInsetsCompat.Type.systemBars());
       v.setPadding(systemBars.left, systemBars.top, systemBars.right, systemBars.bottom);
       return insets:
    });
MainActivity2.java
 package com.example.ex1b;
       import android.os.Bundle;
       import android.widget.TextView;
       import android.content.Intent;
       import androidx.activity.EdgeToEdge;
       import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
       import androidx.core.graphics.Insets;
       import androidx.core.view.ViewCompat;
       import androidx.core.view.WindowInsetsCompat;
       public class MainActivity2 extends AppCompatActivity {
         String name, regno, dept;
         @Override
         protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
            super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
            EdgeToEdge.enable(this);
            setContentView(R.layout.activity main2);
            TextView t5=(TextView) findViewById(R.id.textView5);
            TextView t6=(TextView) findViewById(R.id.textView6);
            TextView t7=(TextView) findViewById(R.id.textView7);
            Intent i=getIntent();
            name=i.getStringExtra("name");
            regno=i.getStringExtra("regno");
            dept=i.getStringExtra("dept");
            t5.setText(name);
            t6.setText(regno);
```

```
if(dept.equals("Select")){
                    t7.setText("Not Selected");
                 else {
                    t7.setText(dept);
                 ViewCompat.setOnApplyWindowInsetsListener(findViewById(R.id.main), (v,
            insets) -> {
                    Insets systemBars =
            insets.getInsets(WindowInsetsCompat.Type.systemBars());
                    v.setPadding(systemBars.left, systemBars.top, systemBars.right,
            systemBars.bottom);
                                                    Panimalar Engineering College, Chennai.
                                                     Department of Information Technology
                                                                     Max.
                                                                              Marks
       return insets;
                                                                     Marks
                                                                             Aw ar ded
                  });
                                                    Quality of Work /
                                                    Performance
                                                    Viva voce
                                                    Record
                                                                      10
                                                    Total
OUTPUT:
                                                         Staff Signature
```

# **RESULT:**

Thus a Simple Android Application that uses Layout Managers and Event Listeners is developed and executed successfully.

#### Ex.No:2 DEVELOP AN APPLICATION THAT MAKES USE OF DATABASES

Date:

AIM:

To develop a Simple Android Application that makes use of databases.

# **PROCEDURE:**

# **Creating a New Project:**

- Open Android Studio and then click on File -> New -> New project.
- Then type the Application name as "exno2" and click Next
- Then select the Minimum SDK as shown below and click Next.
- Then select the Empty Activity and click Next.
- Finally click Finish.

# **Code for activity\_main.xml:**

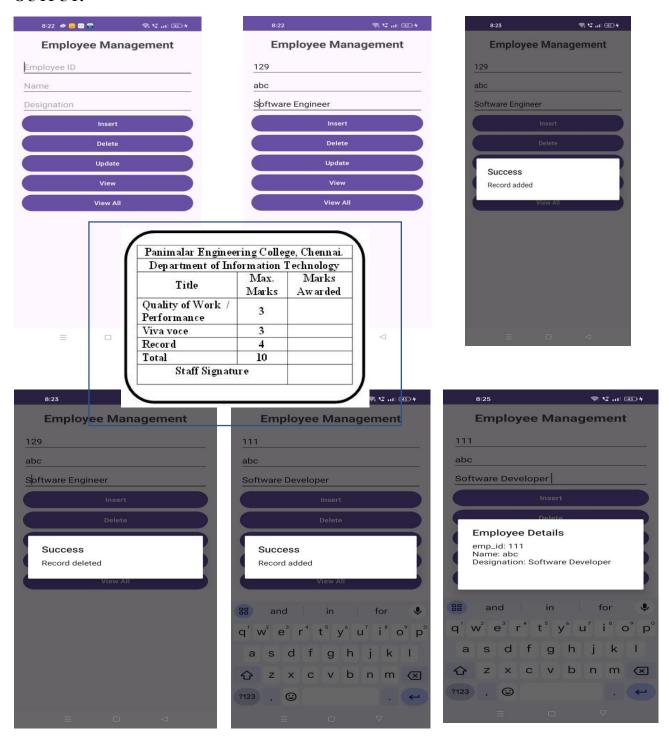
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/textViewTitle"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Employee Management"
    android:textSize="24sp"
    android:textStyle="bold"
    android:layout_gravity="center"
    android:paddingBottom="16dp"/>
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/editText"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:hint="Employee ID" />
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/editText2"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:hint="Name" />
```

```
<EditText
       android:id="@+id/editTextText2"
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:hint="Designation"/>
     <Button
       android:id="@+id/buttonIns"
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
       android:layout height="wrap content"
       android:text="Insert" />
     <Button
       android:id="@+id/buttondel"
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Delete" />
     <Button
       android:id="@+id/buttonupd"
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Update" />
     <Button
       android:id="@+id/button4"
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="View"/>
     <Button
       android:id="@+id/buttonviewall"
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="View All" />
   </LinearLayout>
Code for MainActivity.java:
package com.example.exno2;
package com.example.myapplication;
import android.app.AlertDialog;
import android.content.Context;
import android.database.Cursor;
import android.database.sqlite.SQLiteDatabase;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  EditText emp id, name, designation;
  Button Insert, Delete, Update, View, ViewAll;
```

```
SQLiteDatabase db;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
    emp id = findViewById(R.id.editText);
    name = findViewById(R.id.editText2);
    designation = findViewById(R.id.editTextText2);
    Insert = findViewById(R.id.buttonIns);
    Delete = findViewById(R.id.buttondel);
    Update = findViewById(R.id.buttonupd);
    View = findViewById(R.id.button4);
    ViewAll = findViewById(R.id.buttonviewall);
    // Create or open the database
    db = openOrCreateDatabase("EmployeeDB", Context.MODE PRIVATE, null);
    db.execSQL("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Employee(emp id VARCHAR, name
VARCHAR, designation VARCHAR);");
    // Insert Record
    Insert.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View view) {
         if (emp_id.getText().toString().trim().isEmpty() ||
              name.getText().toString().trim().isEmpty() ||
              designation.getText().toString().trim().isEmpty()) {
           showMessage("Error", "Please enter all values");
           return;
         db.execSQL("INSERT INTO Employee VALUES("" + emp_id.getText() + "", "" +
name.getText() + "", "" + designation.getText() + "");");
         showMessage("Success", "Record added");
    });
    // Delete Record
    Delete.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View view) {
         if (emp_id.getText().toString().trim().isEmpty()) {
           showMessage("Error", "Please enter emp id");
```

```
return;
         Cursor c = db.rawQuery("SELECT * FROM Employee WHERE emp id="" +
emp id.getText() + """, null);
         if (c.moveToFirst()) {
           db.execSQL("DELETE FROM Employee WHERE emp_id="" +
emp_id.getText() + """);
           showMessage("Success", "Record deleted");
           showMessage("Error", "Invalid emp id");
    });
    // Update Record
    Update.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View view) {
         if (emp_id.getText().toString().trim().isEmpty()) {
           showMessage("Error", "Please enter emp_id");
           return:
         Cursor c = db.rawQuery("SELECT * FROM Employee WHERE emp id="" +
emp_id.getText() + """, null);
         if (c.moveToFirst()) {
           db.execSQL("UPDATE Employee SET name="" + name.getText() + "",
designation="" + designation.getText() + "" WHERE emp_id="" + emp_id.getText() + """);
           showMessage("Success", "Record updated");
         } else {
           showMessage("Error", "Invalid emp_id");
    });
    // View Record
    View.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View view) {
         if (emp_id.getText().toString().trim().isEmpty()) {
           showMessage("Error", "Please enter emp id");
           return;
```

```
Cursor c = db.rawQuery("SELECT * FROM Employee WHERE emp id="" +
emp_id.getText() + """, null);
         if (c.moveToFirst()) {
            name.setText(c.getString(1));
            designation.setText(c.getString(2));
         } else {
            showMessage("Error", "Invalid emp_id");
    });
    // View All Records
    ViewAll.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View view) {
         Cursor c = db.rawQuery("SELECT * FROM Employee", null);
         if(c.getCount() == 0) {
           showMessage("Error", "No records found");
            return;
         }
         StringBuilder buffer = new StringBuilder();
         while (c.moveToNext()) {
            buffer.append("emp_id: ").append(c.getString(0)).append("\n");
            buffer.append("Name: ").append(c.getString(1)).append("\n");
            buffer.append("Designation: ").append(c.getString(2)).append("\n\n");
         showMessage("Employee Details", buffer.toString());
    });
  // Function to show a message in a dialog
  public void showMessage(String title, String message) {
    AlertDialog.Builder builder = new AlertDialog.Builder(this);
    builder.setCancelable(true);
    builder.setTitle(title);
    builder.setMessage(message);
    builder.show();
```



# **RESULT:**

Thus the Simple Android Application that makes use of Database is developed and executed successfully.

#### DEVELOP A NATIVE APPLICATION THAT USES GPS LOCATION INFORMATION

Ex.No: 3

Date:

AIM:

To develop an Android Application that creates an alert upon receiving a message using GPS location information.

#### **PROCEDURE:**

# **Creating a New Project:**

- Open Android Studio and then click on File -> New -> New project.
- Then type the Application name as "gpsloc" and click Next
- Then select the Minimum SDK as shown below and click Next.
- Then select the Empty Activity and click Next.
- Finally click Finish.

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>

# Code for activity main.xml:

```
<androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:id="@+id/main"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  android:background="#7CE2EF"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/textView3"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:text="Get Location"
    android:textSize="34sp"
    android:textColor="#000000"
    android:textStyle="bold"
    app:layout constraintBottom toTopOf="@+id/textView2"
    app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent"
    android:layout marginTop="60dp"/>
```

```
<TextView
    android:id="@+id/textView2"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    app:layout constraintBottom toBottomOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toBottomOf="@id/textView3"
    android:layout marginTop="16dp"/>
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/button get location"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:text="Get Current Location"
    app:layout constraintTop toBottomOf="@id/textView2"
    app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
    android:layout marginTop="24dp"/>
</androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout>
Code for MainActivity.java:
    package com.example.gpsloc;
    import android. Manifest;
    import android.content.Context;
    import android.content.pm.PackageManager;
    import android.location.Address;
    import android.location.Geocoder;
    import android.location.Location;
    import android.location.LocationManager;
    import android.os.Build;
    import android.os.Bundle;
```

import android.widget.TextView; import android.widget.Toast;

import java.util.List; import java.util.Locale;

TextView tv;

import androidx.annotation.NonNull;

import androidx.core.app.ActivityCompat;

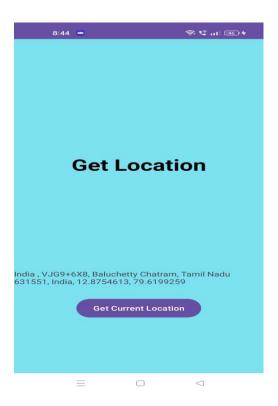
LocationManager locationManager;

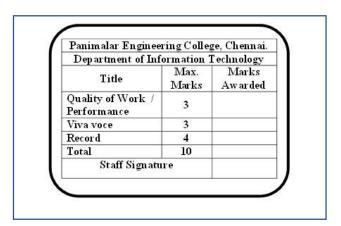
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;

public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {

```
@Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
    tv = findViewById(R.id.textView2);
    locationManager = (LocationManager)
getSystemService(Context.LOCATION SERVICE);
    if (ActivityCompat.checkSelfPermission(this,
Manifest.permission.ACCESS FINE LOCATION) !=
PackageManager.PERMISSION GRANTED ||
        ActivityCompat.checkSelfPermission(this,
Manifest.permission.ACCESS COARSE LOCATION) !=
PackageManager.PERMISSION GRANTED) {
      requestLocationPermissions();
    } else {
      getLastKnownLocation();
  private void requestLocationPermissions() {
    if (Build. VERSION. SDK INT >= Build. VERSION CODES.M) {
      Toast.makeText(this, "Allow location access, please",
Toast.LENGTH LONG).show();
      ActivityCompat.requestPermissions(this, new String[]{
          Manifest.permission.ACCESS FINE LOCATION,
          Manifest.permission.ACCESS COARSE LOCATION, 5622);
  private void getLastKnownLocation() {
    if (ActivityCompat.checkSelfPermission(this,
Manifest.permission.ACCESS FINE LOCATION) ==
PackageManager.PERMISSION GRANTED ||
        ActivityCompat.checkSelfPermission(this,
Manifest.permission.ACCESS COARSE LOCATION) ==
PackageManager.PERMISSION GRANTED) {
      Location gpsLoc =
locationManager.getLastKnownLocation(LocationManager.GPS PROVIDER);
      Location networkLoc =
locationManager.getLastKnownLocation(LocationManager.NETWORK PROVIDER);
      Location finalLoc = gpsLoc != null ? gpsLoc : networkLoc;
      if (finalLoc != null) {
```

```
double latitude = finalLoc.getLatitude();
         double longitude = finalLoc.getLongitude();
         getAddressFromLocation(latitude, longitude);
       } else {
         tv.setText("Location not available");
  private void getAddressFromLocation(double latitude, double longitude) {
    try {
       Geocoder geocoder = new Geocoder(this, Locale.getDefault());
       List<Address> addresses = geocoder.getFromLocation(latitude, longitude, 1);
       if (addresses != null && !addresses.isEmpty()) {
         String userCountry = addresses.get(0).getCountryName();
         String userAddress = addresses.get(0).getAddressLine(0);
         tv.setText(userCountry + ", " + userAddress + ", " + latitude + ", " + longitude);
       } else {
         tv.setText("Unknown location");
    } catch (Exception e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
       tv.setText("Error fetching address");
  @Override
  public void onRequestPermissionsResult(int requestCode, @NonNull String[] permissions,
@NonNull int[] grantResults) {
    super.onRequestPermissionsResult(requestCode, permissions, grantResults);
    if (requestCode == 5622) {
       if (grantResults.length > 0 && grantResults[0] ==
PackageManager.PERMISSION GRANTED) {
         getLastKnownLocation();
       } else {
         Toast.makeText(this, "Permission denied", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
```





# **RESULT:**

Thus the Android Application that creates a GPS location information is developed and executed successfully.

# Ex.No:4 IMPLEMENT AN APPLICATION THAT CREATES AN ALERT

Date: UPON RECEIVING A MESSAGE

AIM:

To develop an Android Application that creates an alert upon receiving a message.

# **PROCEDURE:**

# **Creating a New Project:**

- Open Android Studio and then click on File -> New -> New project.
- Then type the Application name as "notification" and click Next
- Then select the Minimum SDK as shown below and click Next.
- Then select the Empty Activity and click Next.
- Finally click Finish.

# Code for activity main.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/textView"
    android:layout_width="0dp"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Message"
    android:textSize="20sp"
    app:layout_constraintBottom_toTopOf="@+id/editText1"
    app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent"
    android:layout_marginTop="32dp"
    android:layout_marginStart="16dp"
    android:layout_marginEnd="16dp"/>
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/editText1"
    android:layout_width="0dp"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_marginStart="16dp"
    android:layout_marginEnd="16dp"
    android:layout_marginTop="16dp"
    android:inputType="textMultiLine"
```

```
android:ems="10"
    app:layout_constraintBottom_toTopOf="@+id/button"
    app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@+id/textView"/>
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/button"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Notify"
    app:layout_constraintBottom_toBottomOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@+id/editText1"
    android:layout_marginTop="32dp" />
</androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout>
```

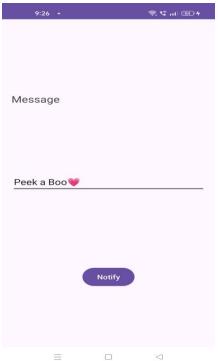
#### Code for AndroidManifest.xml:

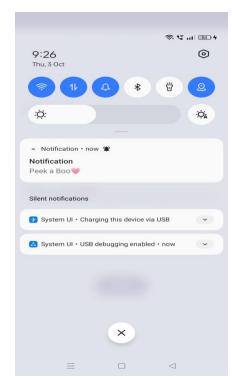
```
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  package="com.example.notification">
  <application
    android:allowBackup="true"
    android: icon="@mipmap/ic_launcher"
    android:label="@string/app_name"
    android:roundIcon="@mipmap/ic_launcher_round"
    android:supportsRtl="true"
    android:theme="@style/Theme.Notification">
    <activity
       android:name=".MainActivity"
      android:exported="true">
       <intent-filter>
         <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
         <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
       </intent-filter>
    </activity>
  </application>
</manifest>
```

```
Code for MainActivity.java:
package com.example.notification;
import android.app.NotificationChannel;
import android.app.NotificationManager;
import android.app.PendingIntent;
import android.content.Context;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Build;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import androidx.core.app.NotificationCompat;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private static final String CHANNEL ID = "notify channel";
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
    final EditText editText = findViewById(R.id.editText1);
    Button notifyButton = findViewById(R.id.button);
    // Create the notification channel
    createNotificationChannel();
    notifyButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View v) {
         String message = editText.getText().toString();
         if (!message.isEmpty()) {
           showNotification(message);
         } else {
           Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Please enter a message",
Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
    });
```

```
private void createNotificationChannel() {
    if (Build.VERSION.SDK INT>= Build.VERSION CODES.O) {
      CharSequence name = "Notification Channel";
      String description = "Channel for notifications";
      int importance = NotificationManager.IMPORTANCE DEFAULT;
      NotificationChannel channel = new NotificationChannel(CHANNEL ID, name,
importance);
      channel.setDescription(description);
      NotificationManager notificationManager =
getSystemService(NotificationManager.class);
      notificationManager.createNotificationChannel(channel);
  }
  private void showNotification(String message) {
    NotificationCompat.Builder builder = new NotificationCompat.Builder(this,
CHANNEL ID)
         .setSmallIcon(R.drawable.ic launcher foreground) // Your notification icon
         . setContentTitle ("Notification") \\
         .setContentText(message)
         .setPriority(NotificationCompat.PRIORITY DEFAULT);
    NotificationManager notificationManager = (NotificationManager)
getSystemService(Context.NOTIFICATION SERVICE);
    notificationManager.notify(1, builder.build());
```







Department of Inf	ormation 7	l echnology
Title	Max. Marks	Marks Awarded
Quality of Work / Performance	3	
Viva voce	3	
Record	4	
Total	10	
Staff Signatu	ıre	

# **RESULT:**

Thus the Android Application that creates an alert upon receiving a message is developed and executed successfully.

# Ex.No:5 DEVELOP AN APPLICATION THAT MAKES USE OF RSS FEED

Date:

AIM:

To develop an Android Application that makes use of RSS Feed.

# PROCEDURE:

# **Creating a New Project:**

- Open Android Studio and then click on File -> New -> New project.
- Then type the Application name as "rss" and click Next
- Then select the Minimum SDK as shown below and click Next.
- Then select the Empty Activity and click Next.
- Finally click Finish.

# Code for activity\_main.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout
   xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
   xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
   android:layout_width="match_parent"
   android:layout_height="match_parent"
   android:orientation="vertical"
   tools:ignore="ExtraText">

   <!-- Use the standard Android ID for ListView -->
   <ListView
        android:id="@android:id/list"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>

</LinearLayout>
```

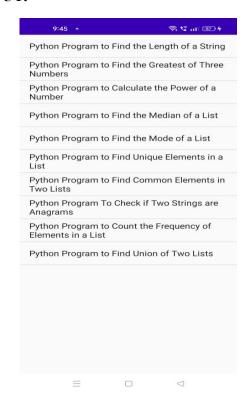
# Code for AndroidManifest.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  package="com.example.rss"> <!-- Make sure this matches your app's package structure -->
  <!-- Internet permission to allow the app to connect to the web -->
  <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET"/>
  <application
    android:allowBackup="true"</pre>
```

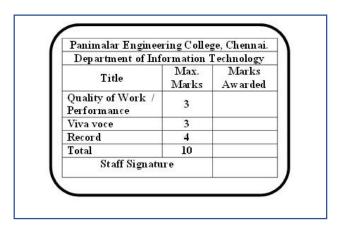
```
android:icon="@mipmap/ic launcher"
    android:label="@string/app name"
    android:supportsRtl="true"
    android:theme="@style/AppTheme">
     <!-- Define MainActivity as the launcher activity -->
    <activity android:name=".MainActivity"
       android:exported="true">
       <intent-filter>
         <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
         <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
       </intent-filter>
    </activity>
  </application>
</manifest>
Code for MainActivity.java:
package com.example.rss;
import android.app.ListActivity;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.net.Uri;
import android.os.AsyncTask;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.ArrayAdapter;
import android.widget.ListView;
import org.xmlpull.v1.XmlPullParser;
import org.xmlpull.v1.XmlPullParserException;
import org.xmlpull.v1.XmlPullParserFactory;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStream;
import java.net.MalformedURLException;
import java.net.URL;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
public class MainActivity extends ListActivity {
  List<String> headlines;
  List<String> links;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
```

```
new MyAsyncTask().execute(); // Start the AsyncTask to fetch RSS feed
  class MyAsyncTask extends AsyncTask<Object, Void, ArrayAdapter<String>> {
    @Override
    protected ArrayAdapter<String> doInBackground(Object... params) {
       headlines = new ArrayList<>();
       links = new ArrayList<>();
       try {
         URL url = new URL("https://codingconnect.net/feed"); // RSS feed URL
         XmlPullParserFactory factory = XmlPullParserFactory.newInstance();
         factory.setNamespaceAware(false);
         XmlPullParser xpp = factory.newPullParser();
         xpp.setInput(getInputStream(url), "UTF-8");
         boolean insideItem = false:
         int eventType = xpp.getEventType();
         while (eventType != XmlPullParser.END_DOCUMENT) {
           if (eventType == XmlPullParser.START TAG) {
              if (xpp.getName().equalsIgnoreCase("item")) {
                insideItem = true; // Found an item
              } else if (xpp.getName().equalsIgnoreCase("title") && insideItem) {
                headlines.add(xpp.nextText()); // Extract the headline
              } else if (xpp.getName().equalsIgnoreCase("link") && insideItem) {
                links.add(xpp.nextText()); // Extract the link
            } else if (eventType == XmlPullParser.END TAG &&
xpp.getName().equalsIgnoreCase("item")) {
              insideItem = false; // End of an item
           eventType = xpp.next(); // Move to the next element
       } catch (MalformedURLException e) {
         e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (XmlPullParserException e) {
         e.printStackTrace();
       } catch (IOException e) {
         e.printStackTrace();
       return null; // Return null, but headlines and links are populated
    @Override
    protected void onPostExecute(ArrayAdapter<String> adapter) {
       // Create and set the adapter with the fetched headlines
       adapter = new ArrayAdapter <> (MainActivity.this, android.R.layout.simple list item 1,
headlines);
```

```
setListAdapter(adapter);
     }
  @Override
  protected void onListItemClick(ListView 1, View v, int position, long id) {
    // Handle list item click by opening the corresponding link
    Uri uri = Uri.parse(links.get(position)); // Get the link
    Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION VIEW, uri); // Create intent to view the link
    startActivity(intent); // Start the activity to view the link
  public InputStream getInputStream(URL url) {
       return url.openConnection().getInputStream(); // Open connection and return input
stream
     } catch (IOException e) {
       e.printStackTrace(); // Print stack trace for debugging
       return null; // Return null if there's an error
Code for Colors.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
  <color name="colorPrimary">#6200EE</color> <!-- You can change this color code -->
  <color name="colorPrimaryDark">#3700B3</color> <!-- Change as needed -->
  <color name="colorAccent">#03DAC5</color> <!-- Change as needed -->
</resources>
Code for styles.xml:
<resources>
  <!-- Base application theme. -->
  <style name="AppTheme" parent="Theme.AppCompat.Light.DarkActionBar">
     <!-- Customize your theme here. -->
    <item name="colorPrimary">@color/colorPrimary</item>
    <item name="colorPrimaryDark">@color/colorPrimaryDark</item>
    <ir><item name="colorAccent">@color/colorAccent</item></ri>
  </style>
</resources>
```







# **RESULT:**

Thus Android Application that makes use of RSS Feed is developed and executed successfully.

#### Ex.No:6 CREATE AN APPLICATION USING SENSOR MANAGER

Date:

AIM:

To create an application using Sensor Manager.

# **PROCEDURE:**

# **Creating a New Project:**

- Open Android Studio and then click on File -> New -> New project.
- Then type the Application name as "sensor manager" and click Next
- Then select the Minimum SDK as shown below and click Next.
- Then select the Empty Activity and click Next.
- Finally click Finish.
- It will take some time to build and load the project.
- Afier completion it will look as given below.

# Code for activity\_main.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/textview"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:text="Distance Status"
    android:textSize="24sp"
    android:layout marginTop="100dp"
    app:layout constraintBottom toBottomOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent" />
```

</androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout>

```
Code for MainActivity.java:
package com.example. sensor manager;
import android.content.Context;
import android.graphics.Color;
import android.hardware.Sensor;
import android.hardware.SensorEvent;
import android.hardware.SensorEventListener;
import android.hardware.SensorManager;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity implements SensorEventListener {
  SensorManager sensorManager;
  Sensor proximitySensor;
  TextView tv1;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
    tv1 = findViewById(R.id.textview);
    tv1.setBackgroundColor(Color.YELLOW);
    sensorManager = (SensorManager) getSystemService(Context.SENSOR SERVICE);
    proximitySensor = sensorManager.getDefaultSensor(Sensor.TYPE PROXIMITY);
    if (proximitySensor == null) {
      Toast.makeText(this, "No proximity sensor found in device.",
Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
      finish();
    } else {
      sensorManager.registerListener(this, proximitySensor,
SensorManager.SENSOR DELAY NORMAL);
  }
  @Override
  public void onSensorChanged(SensorEvent event) {
    if (event.sensor.getType() == Sensor.TYPE PROXIMITY) {
```

if (event.values[0] == 0) {
 tv1.setText("Near");

} else {

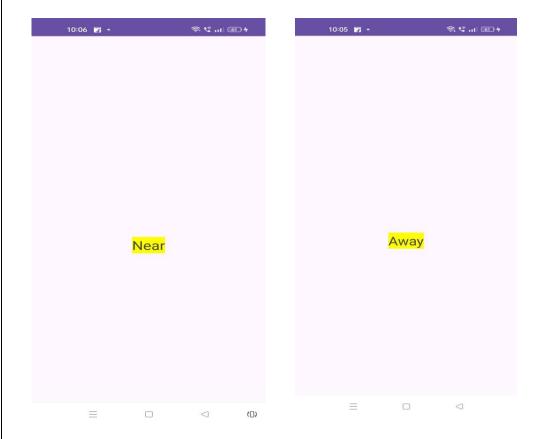
```
tv1.setText("Away");

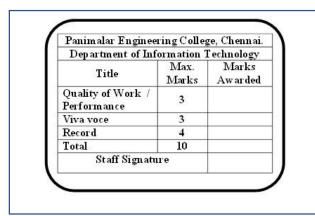
}

@Override
public void onAccuracyChanged(Sensor sensor, int accuracy) {
    // Can be left empty for this example
}

@Override
protected void onResume() {
    super.onResume();
    sensorManager.registerListener(this, proximitySensor,
SensorManager.SENSOR_DELAY_NORMAL);
}

@Override
protected void onPause() {
    super.onPause();
    sensorManager.unregisterListener(this);
}
```





# **RESULT:**

Thus Android Application that creates an application using Sensor Manager is developed and executed successfully.

# Ex. No: 7 CREATE AN ANDROID APPLICATION THAT CONVERTS

**Date:** THE USER INPUT TEXT TO VOICE

AIM:

To create an Android application that converts the user input text to voice.

# **PROCEDURE:**

# **Creating a New Project:**

- Open Android Studio and then click on File -> New -> New project.
- Then type the Application name as "texttospeech and click Next
- Then select the Minimum SDK as shown below and click Next.
- Then select the Empty Activity and click Next.
- Finally click Finish.

android:layout centerHorizontal="true"

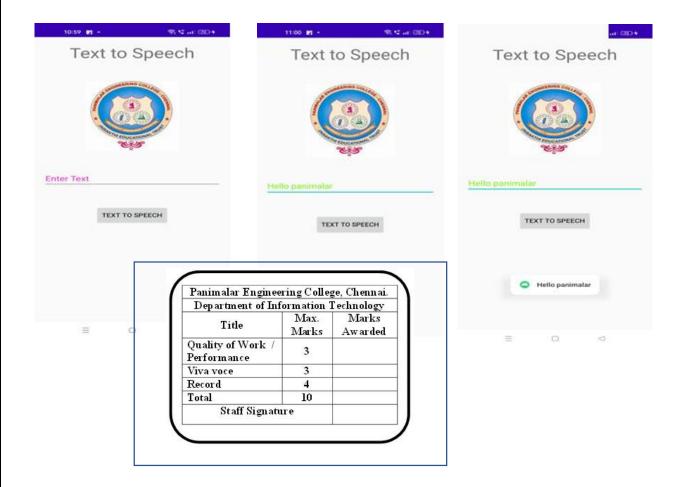
# Code for activity main.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  android:paddingLeft="16dp"
  android:paddingRight="16dp"
  android:paddingTop="16dp"
  android:paddingBottom="16dp"
  tools:context=".MainActivity"
  android:transitionGroup="true">
  <TextView
    android:text="Text to Speech"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/textview"
    android:textSize="35sp"
    android:layout alignParentTop="true"
    android:layout centerHorizontal="true" />
  <ImageView
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/imageView"
    android:src="@drawable/drawable"
  android:layout below="@+id/textView"
```

```
android:theme="@style/Base.TextAppearance.AppCompat" />
  <EditText
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/editText"
    android:layout below="@+id/imageView"
    android:layout marginTop="46dp"
    android:hint="Enter Text"
    android:textColor="#ff7aff10"
    android:textColorHint="#ffff23d1" />
  <Button
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:text="Text to Speech"
    android:id="@+id/button"
    android:layout below="@+id/editText"
    android:layout centerHorizontal="true"
    android:layout marginTop="46dp" />
</RelativeLayout>
Code for AndroidMainfest.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  package="com.example.texttospeech">
  <application
    android:allowBackup="true"
    android:icon="@mipmap/ic launcher"
    android:label="@string/app_name"
    android:theme="@style/AppTheme">
    <activity
      android:name=".MainActivity"
      android:label="@string/app name"
      android:exported="true"> <!-- Explicitly set exported -->
      <intent-filter>
         <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
         <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
      </intent-filter>
    </activity>
  </application>
</manifest>
```

```
Coding for styles.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
  <!-- Base application theme -->
  <style name="AppTheme" parent="Theme.AppCompat.Light.DarkActionBar">
    <!-- Customize your theme here -->
    <item name="colorPrimary">@color/colorPrimary</item>
    <item name="colorPrimaryDark">@color/colorPrimaryDark</item>
    <item name="colorAccent">@color/colorAccent</item>
  </style>
</resources>
Coding for colors.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
  <color name="colorPrimary">#6200EE</color> <!-- Default color -->
  <color name="colorPrimaryDark">#3700B3</color> <!-- Darker shade -->
  <color name="colorAccent">#03DAC5</color> <!-- Accent color -->
</resources>
Code for MainActivity.java:
      package com.example.texttospeech;
      import android.app.Activity;
      import android.os.Bundle;
      import android.speech.tts.TextToSpeech;
      import android.view.View;
      import android.widget.Button;
      import android.widget.EditText;
      import android.widget.Toast;
      import java.util.Locale;
      public class MainActivity extends Activity {
         TextToSpeech t1;
         EditText ed1;
         Button b1:
         @Override
         protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
           super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
           setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
           ed1 = findViewById(R.id.editText);
           b1 = findViewById(R.id.button);
```

```
// Initialize TextToSpeech
    t1 = new TextToSpeech(getApplicationContext(), new
TextToSpeech.OnInitListener() {
       @Override
       public void onInit(int status) {
         if (status != TextToSpeech.ERROR) {
            t1.setLanguage(Locale.UK);
         } else {
            Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(), "TTS Initialization failed!",
Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
       }
    });
    // Button Click Listener
    b1.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View v) {
         String toSpeak = ed1.getText().toString();
         if (!toSpeak.isEmpty()) {
           Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(), toSpeak,
Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
           // Use four-parameter speak method for newer versions of Android
           t1.speak(toSpeak, TextToSpeech.QUEUE_FLUSH, null, null);
            Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(), "Please enter text",
Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
    });
  @Override
  protected void onPause() {
    if (t1 != null) {
      t1.stop();
      t1.shutdown();
    super.onPause();
```



# **RESULT:**

Thus Android Application that creates an application using Sensor Manager is developed and executed successfully.

# DEVELOP A MOBILE APPLICATION FOR SIMPLE AND DAY TO DAY NEEDS (Mini Project) – CALCULATOR

Ex.No: 8

Date:

AIM:

To create an Android application for simple and day to day needs.

# **PROCEDURE:**

# **Creating a New Project:**

- Open Android Studio and then click on File -> New -> New project.
- Then type the Application name as "miniproject" nd click Next
- Then select the Minimum SDK as shown below and click Next.
- Then select the Empty Activity and click Next.
- Finally click Finish.

# Code for activity main.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout</p>
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  android:padding="16dp"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/num1EditText"
    android:layout width="0dp"
    android:layout height="48dp"
    android:layout marginTop="44dp"
    android:hint="Enter number 1"
    android:inputType="numberDecimal"
    app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent"/>
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/num2EditText"
    android:layout width="0dp"
    android:layout height="48dp"
```

```
android:layout marginTop="12dp"
  android:hint="Enter number 2"
  android:inputType="numberDecimal"
  app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
  app:layout constraintHorizontal bias="0.47"
  app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
  app:layout constraintTop toBottomOf="@id/num1EditText" />
<Button
  android:id="@+id/addButton"
  android:layout width="wrap content"
  android:layout height="wrap content"
  android:layout marginTop="20dp"
  android:text="+"
  android:textSize="16sp"
  app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
  app:layout constraintTop toBottomOf="@id/num2EditText" />
<Button
  android:id="@+id/subtractButton"
  android:layout width="wrap content"
  android:layout height="wrap content"
  android:layout marginTop="20dp"
  android:text="-"
  android:textSize="16sp"
  app:layout constraintEnd toStartOf="@id/multiplyButton"
  app:layout constraintStart toEndOf="@id/addButton"
  app:layout constraintTop toBottomOf="@id/num2EditText" />
<Button
  android:id="@+id/multiplyButton"
  android:layout width="wrap content"
  android:layout height="wrap content"
  android:layout marginTop="20dp"
  android:text="x"
  android:textSize="16sp"
  app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
  app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@id/num2EditText" />
<Button
  android:id="@+id/divideButton"
  android:layout width="wrap content"
  android:layout height="wrap content"
  android:layout marginTop="20dp"
  android:text="/"
  android:textSize="16sp"
  app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
  app:layout constraintTop toBottomOf="@id/addButton" />
<Button
  android:id="@+id/sqrtButton"
```

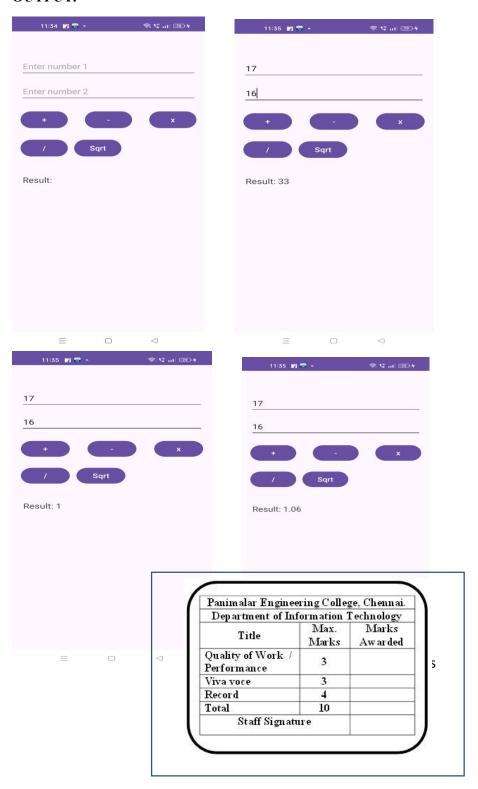
```
android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:layout marginTop="20dp"
    android:layout marginEnd="140dp"
    android:text="Sqrt"
    android:textSize="16sp"
    app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
    app:layout constraintTop toBottomOf="@id/subtractButton" />
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/resultTextView"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:layout marginStart="4dp"
    android:layout marginTop="40dp"
    android:text="Result: "
    android:textSize="18sp"
    app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@id/divideButton" />
</androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout>
```

# Code for MainActivity.java:

```
package com.example.miniproj;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import java.text.DecimalFormat;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  // Declare variables to hold references to UI elements
  private EditText num1EditText, num2EditText;
  private TextView resultTextView;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
    // Initialize UI elements from the layout
```

```
num1EditText = findViewById(R.id.num1EditText);
  num2EditText = findViewById(R.id.num2EditText);
  resultTextView = findViewById(R.id.resultTextView);
  // Set click listeners for arithmetic operation buttons
  setUpButtonListeners();
}
private void setUpButtonListeners() {
  Button addButton = findViewById(R.id.addButton);
  addButton.setOnClickListener(v -> performCalculation('+'));
  Button subtractButton = findViewById(R.id.subtractButton);
  subtractButton.setOnClickListener(v -> performCalculation('-'));
  Button multiplyButton = findViewById(R.id.multiplyButton);
  multiplyButton.setOnClickListener(v -> performCalculation('*'));
  Button divideButton = findViewById(R.id.divideButton);
  divideButton.setOnClickListener(v -> performCalculation('/'));
  Button sqrtButton = findViewById(R.id.sqrtButton);
  sqrtButton.setOnClickListener(v -> calculateSquareRoot());
private void performCalculation(char operator) {
  // Get the values entered in the input fields
  String num1Str = num1EditText.getText().toString();
  String num2Str = num2EditText.getText().toString();
  // Check if either input field is empty
  if (num1Str.isEmpty() || num2Str.isEmpty()) {
    Toast.makeText(this, "Please enter both numbers", Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
    return; // Exit the method to prevent calculations with empty inputs
  // Convert the input values to numeric format
  double num1 = Double.parseDouble(num1Str);
  double num2 = Double.parseDouble(num2Str);
  double result;
  // Perform the appropriate calculation based on the operator
  switch (operator) {
    case '+':
       result = num1 + num2;
       break;
    case '-':
       result = num1 - num2;
       break;
    case '*':
       result = num1 * num2;
```

```
break;
     case '/':
       if (num2 != 0) {
          result = num1 / num2;
       } else {
         Toast.makeText(this, "Cannot divide by zero", Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
          return; // Exit the method if division by zero is attempted
       break;
     default:
       return; // Exit if operator is invalid (should not happen)
  // Format the result and display it
  displayResult(result);
}
private void calculateSquareRoot() {
  String num1Str = num1EditText.getText().toString();
  if (num1Str.isEmpty()) {
     Toast.makeText(this, "Please enter a number", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
     return; // Exit the method to prevent calculations with empty inputs
  double num = Double.parseDouble(num1Str);
  double sqrtResult = Math.sqrt(num);
  // Format the square root result and display it
  displayResult(sqrtResult, "Square Root: ");
private void displayResult(double result) {
  displayResult(result, "Result: ");
private void displayResult(double result, String prefix) {
  DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat("#.##");
  resultTextView.setText(prefix + df.format(result));
```



# **RESULT:**

Thus Android Application that creates an application for simple and day to day needs are developed and executed successfully.