

SCALABLE WEB APPLICATION ARCHITECTURE (USING DJANGO + EXTJS)

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TALK OUTLINE



1. Application architecture



2. Backend code organization (Django)



3. Frontend code organization (ExtJS)



4. Communication APIs



5. Deployment and Scaling

YOURTRULY

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- project manager at Politechnika Gdańsk
- freelance developer and consultant
- polyglot, currently: Python and JavaScript
- web developer since 1996
- **@postrational**
- <http://michal.karzynski.pl>

APPLICATION ARCHITECTURE



Backend

Server

I/O

Python

Django

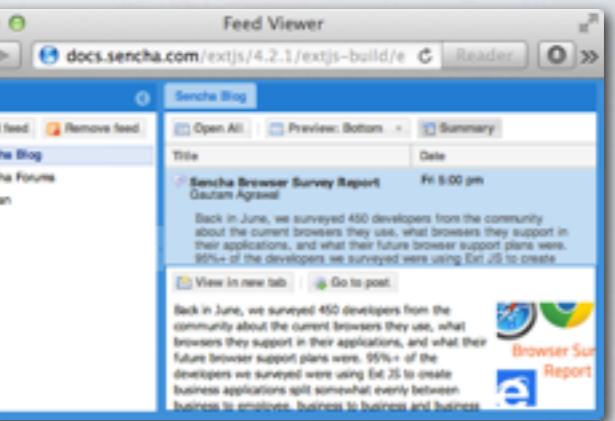


API

Cloud

Transport

JSON



Frontend

Browser

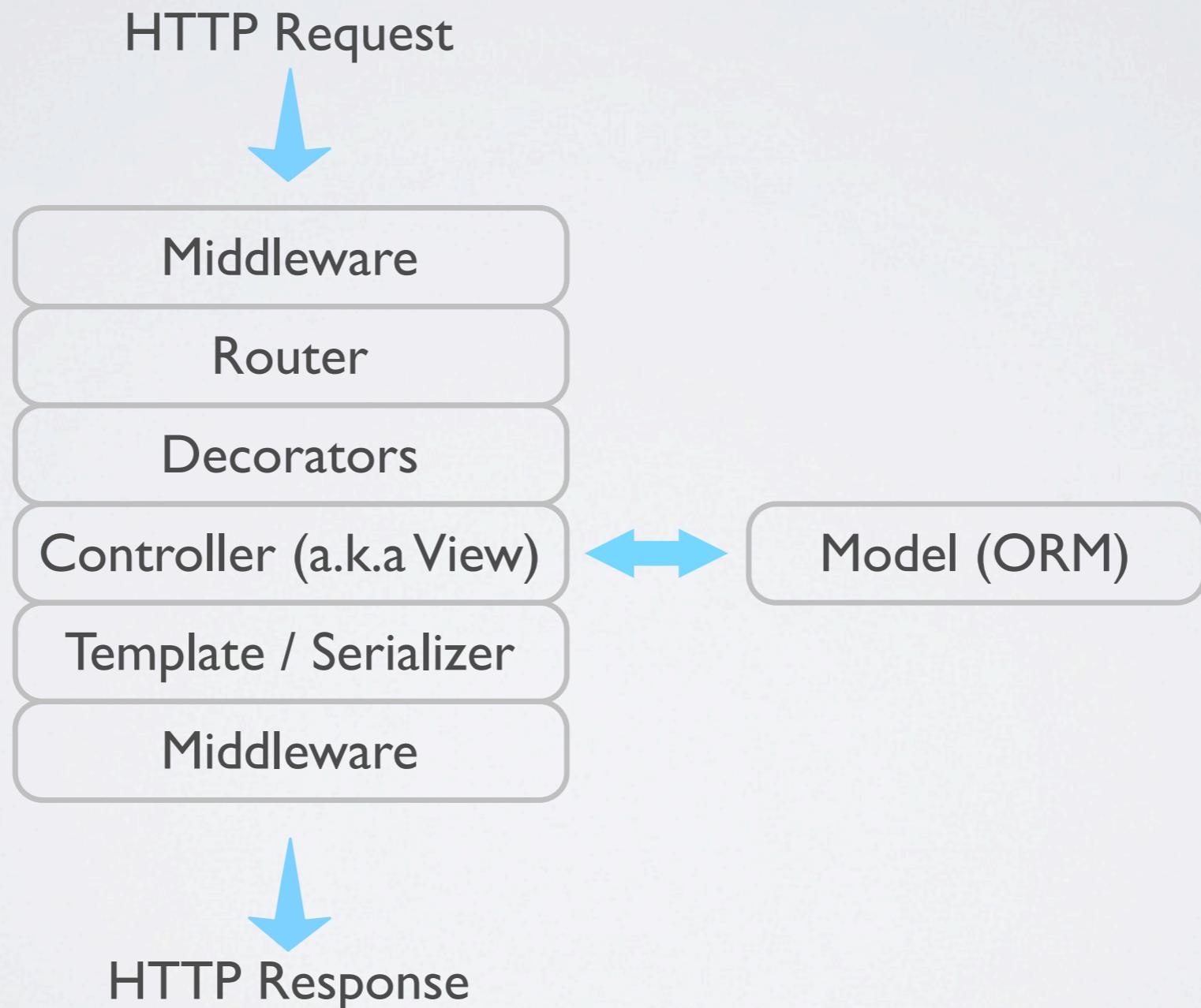
GUI

JavaScript

ExtJS



BACKEND (DJANGO) CODE STRUCTURE





MIDDLEWARE



- Processes incoming requests and outgoing responses
- Hooks in before or after the controller function
- e.g. SessionMiddleware, CacheMiddleware

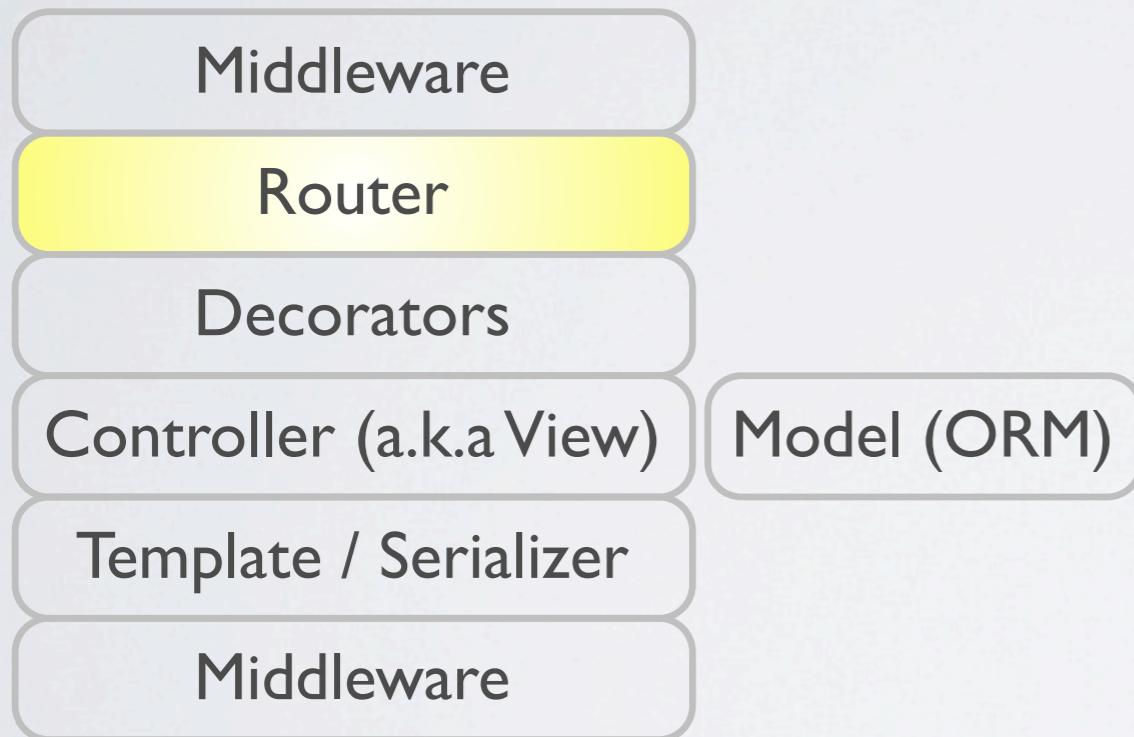


MIDDLEWARE EXAMPLE

```
class SessionMiddleware(object):
    def process_request(self, request):
        engine = import_module(settings.SESSION_ENGINE)
        session_key = request.COOKIES.get(
            settings.SESSION_COOKIE_NAME, None)
        request.session = engine.SessionStore(session_key)
```



ROUTER



- Maps URL patterns to controller function calls
- Uses regular expressions
- Can use positional and named parameters
- Routes with default parameter values



ROUTER EXAMPLE

```
urlpatterns = patterns('myapp.views',
    url(r'^$', home_page),                                     # simple pattern

    url(r'^admin/', include(admin.site.urls)),                  # pattern inclusion

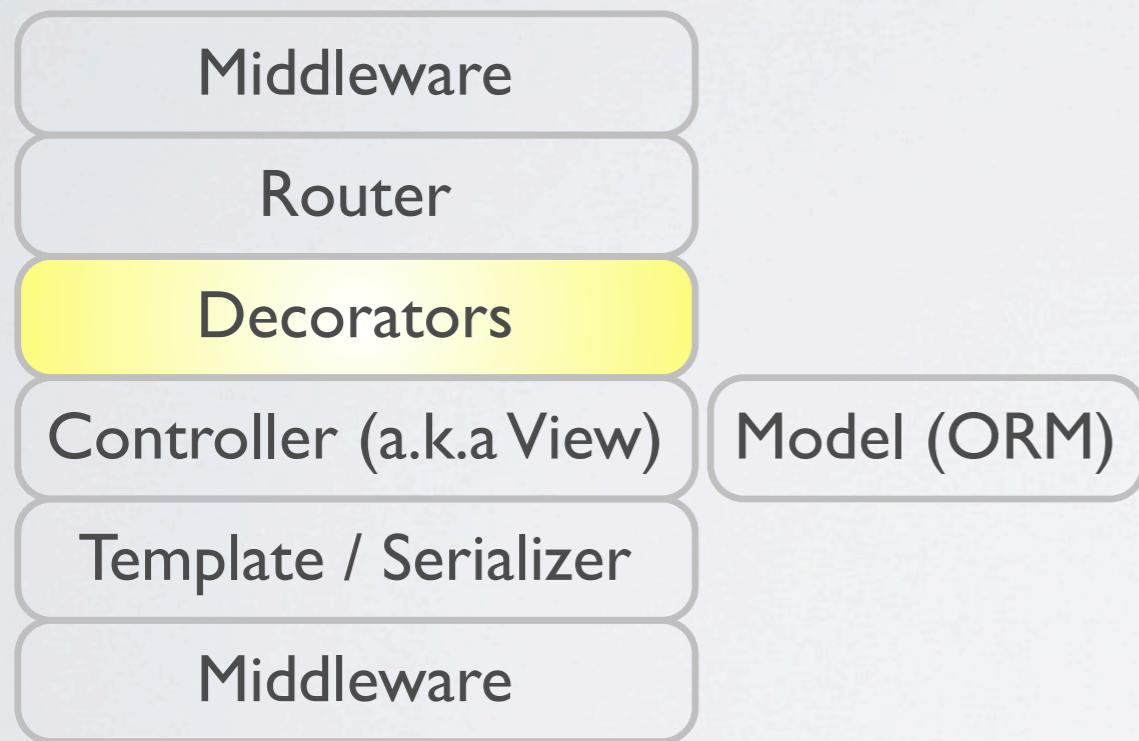
    url(r'^item/(\w+)/(\d+)/$', display_item),                 # positional params

    url(r'^info/(?P<slug>[-\w]+)/$', display_page),        # named params

    url(r'^info/$', display_page, { 'slug' : 'index' }),       # default value
)
```



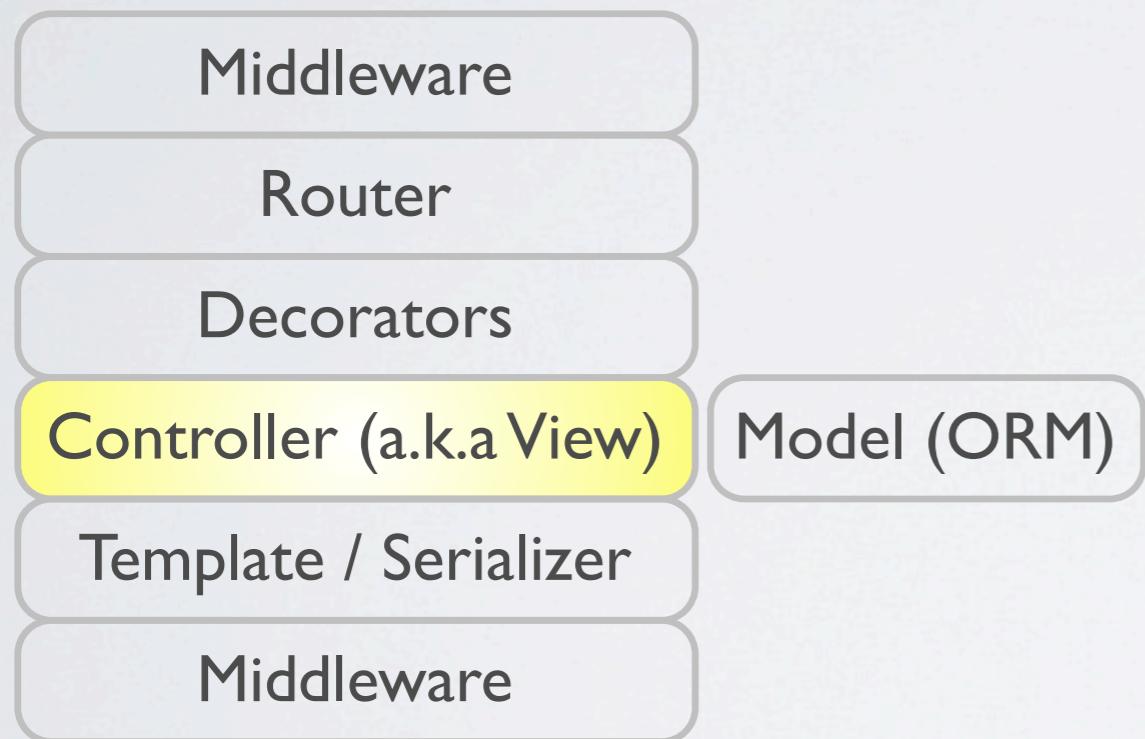
DECORATORS



- Wrap controller functions in additional logic
- Can modify request object or cause a redirect
- e.g. `login_required`, `permission_required`, `cache_page`



CONTROLLER (VIEW)



- Main application logic
- Functions receive an HTTP request and returns an HTTP response
- Communicates with the model layer, session store, etc.



CONTROLLER (VIEW) EXAMPLE

```
def display_institute(request, id):
    institute = get_object_or_404(Institute, pk=safeint(id))

    return render_to_response('institute_display.html',
        { 'institute' : institute })
```



CONTROLLER (VIEW) EXAMPLE

```
def save_offer(self, request):
    form_data = json_deserialize(request.read())

    # Validate incoming offer data
    offer_form = OfferForm(form_data)
    validation_errors = offer_form.errors

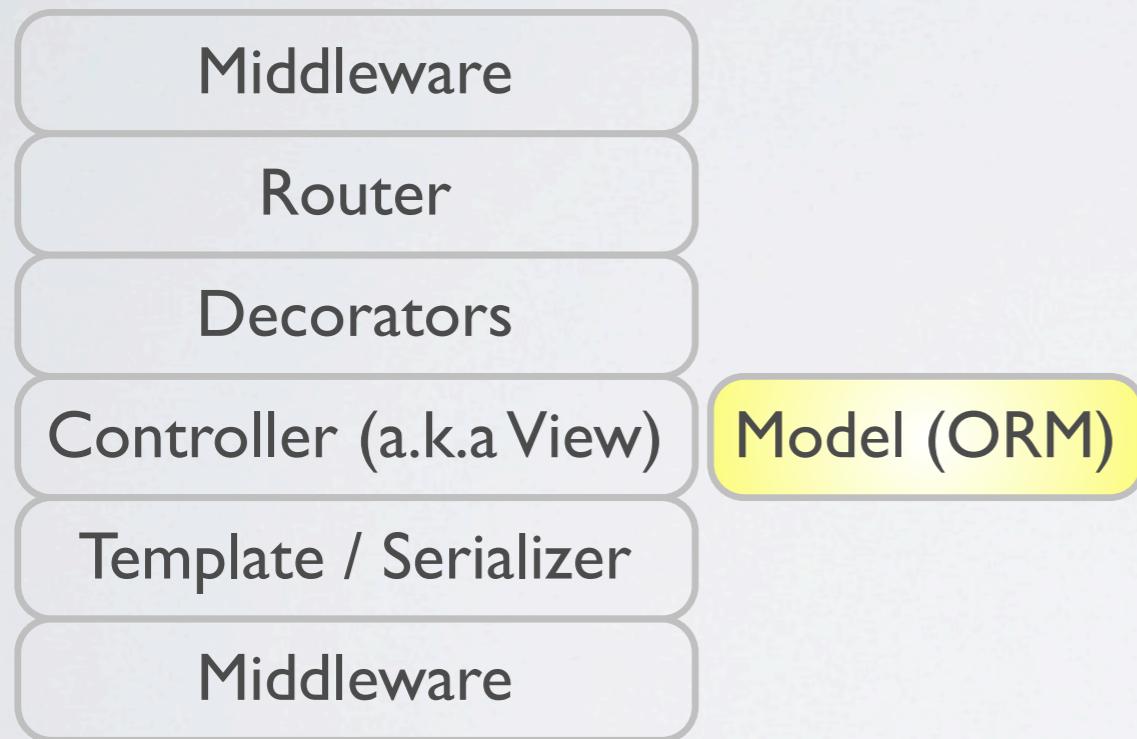
    if not validation_errors:
        offer = offer_form.save()
        response = { 'success' : True, 'offer_url' : offer.get_absolute_url() }

    if validation_errors:
        for key in validation_errors.keys():
            validation_errors[key] = " ".join(validation_errors[key])
    response = { 'success' : False, 'errors' : validation_errors }

return HttpResponse(json_serialize(response), mimetype='application/json')
```



MODEL (ORM)



- Database abstraction layer
- Converts DB rows into Python objects
- Generates DB structure and lazy-loading SQL queries



MODEL (ORM) EXAMPLE

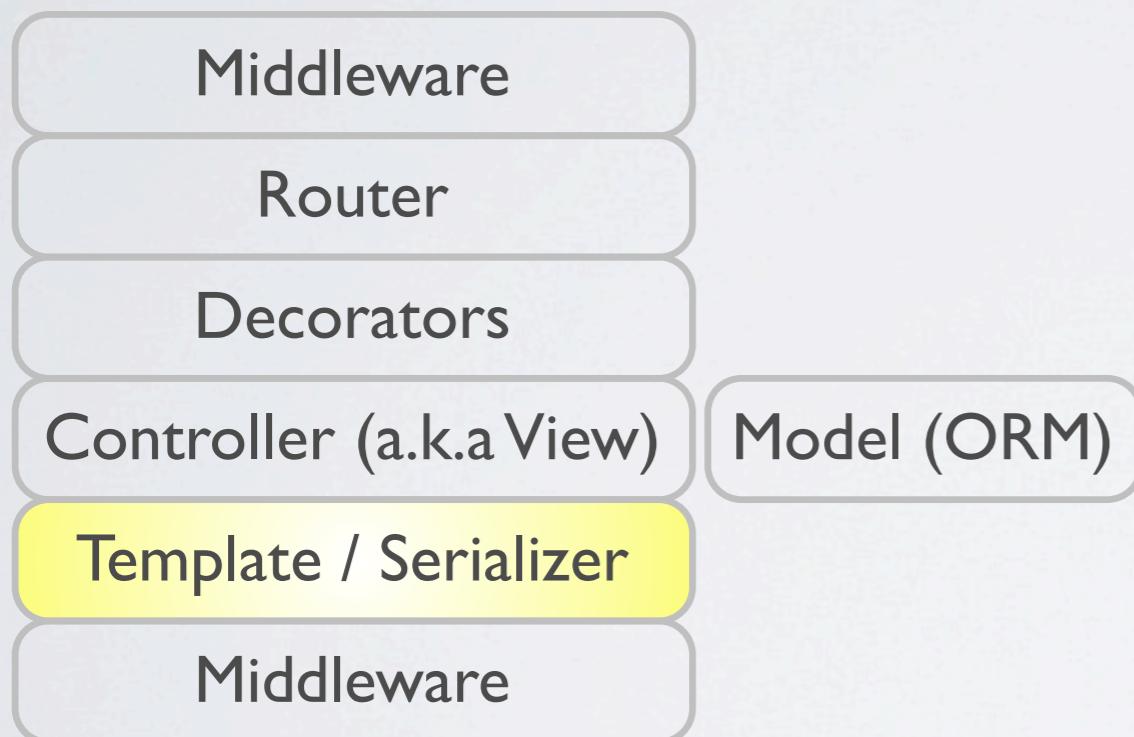
```
class Person(models.Model):
    first_name = models.CharField(_('first name'), max_length=30, blank=True)
    last_name = models.CharField(_('last name'), max_length=30, blank=True)
    email = models.EmailField(_('email address'), blank=True)

    def get_full_name(self):
        """
        Returns the first_name plus the last_name, with a space in between.
        """
        full_name = '%s %s' % (self.first_name, self.last_name)
        return full_name.strip()
```

```
Offer.objects.filter(deadline__date__gte=datetime.date.today())\
    .distinct().annotate(closest_deadline=Min('deadline__date'))\
    .order_by('closest_deadline').select_related()
```



TEMPLATE



- Generate HTML
- Use Django's templating language

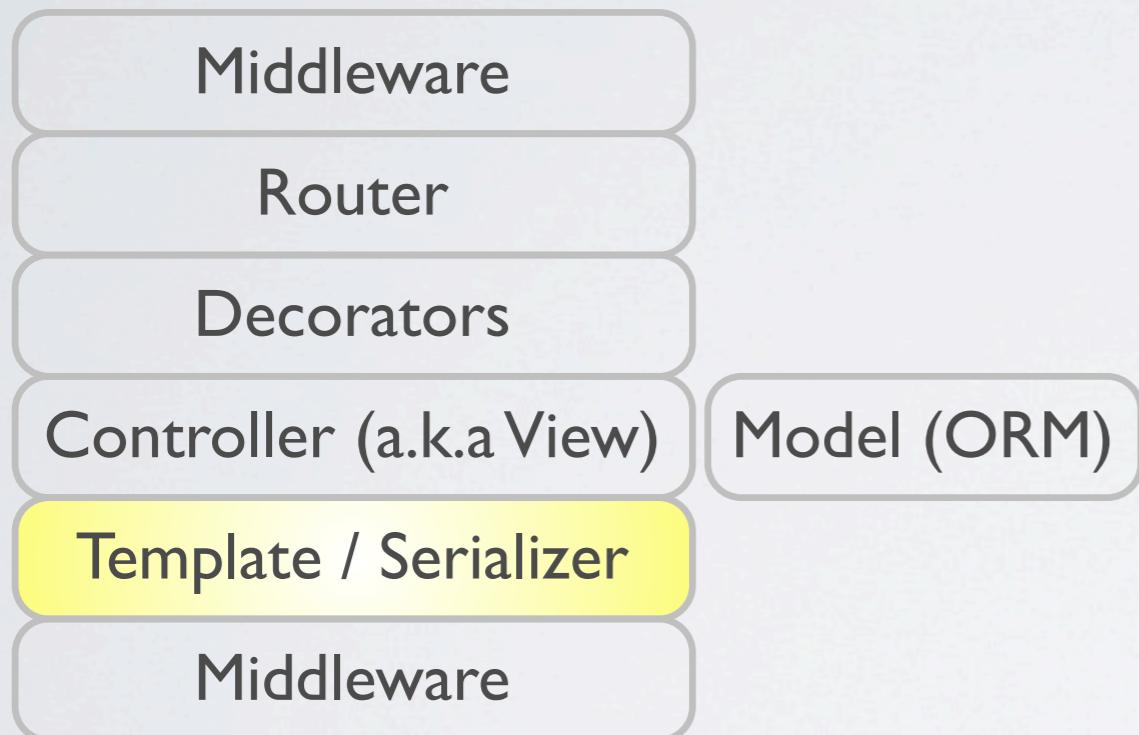


TEMPLATE EXAMPLE

```
{% extends "base.html" %}  
{% load markup_textile %}  
  
{% block title %}{{ page.title }} {% endblock %}  
  
{% block body %}  
    <div class="page-header">  
        <h3>{{ page.title }}</h3>  
    </div>  
  
    <div class="span7">  
        <p>  
            {{ page.body|textile }}  
        </p>  
    </div>  
  
{% if page.comments %}  
    <div id="disqus_thread" class="span7"></div>  
{% endif %}  
{% endblock %}
```



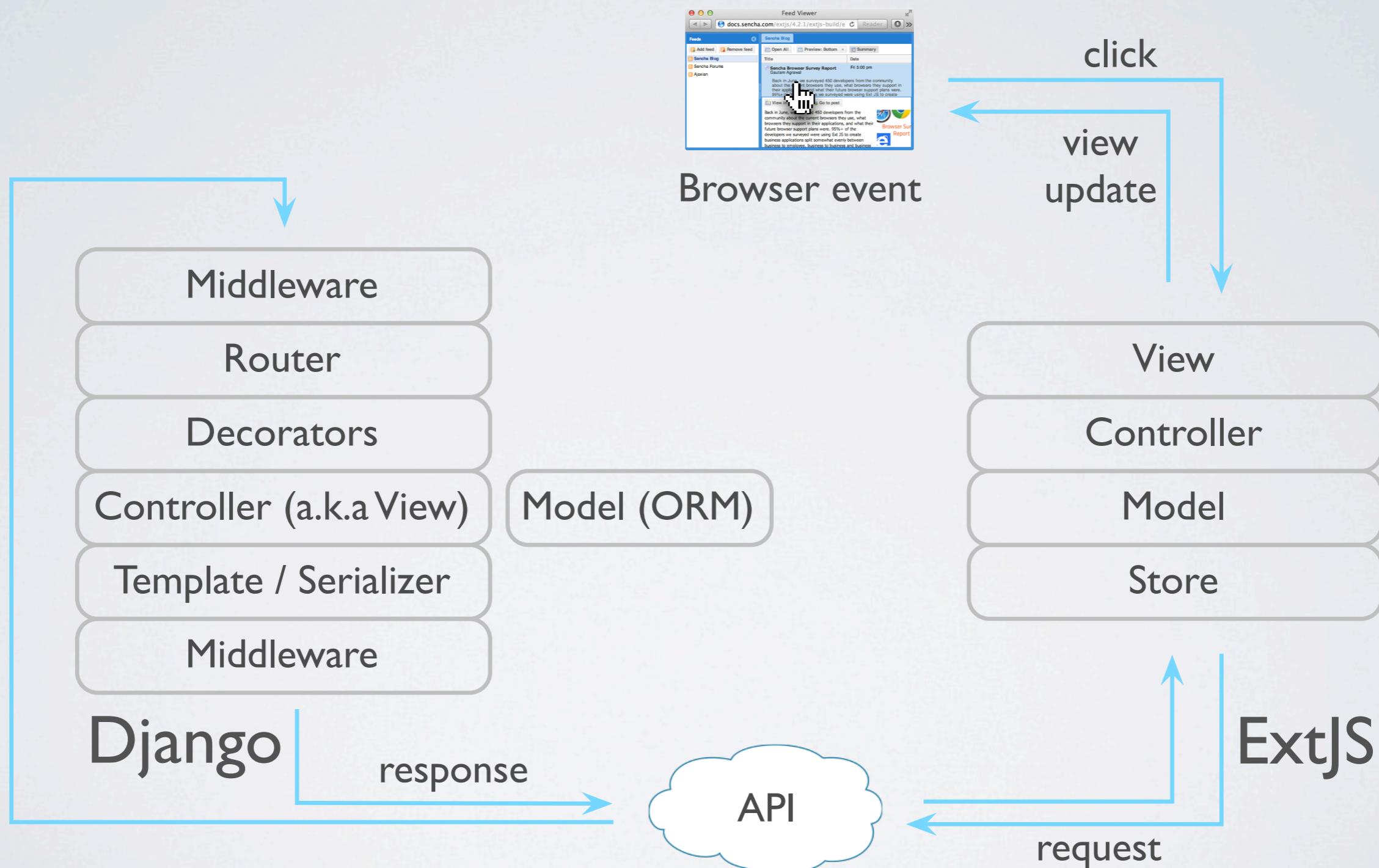
SERIALIZER



- Convert objects into strings for easy transport and data exchange

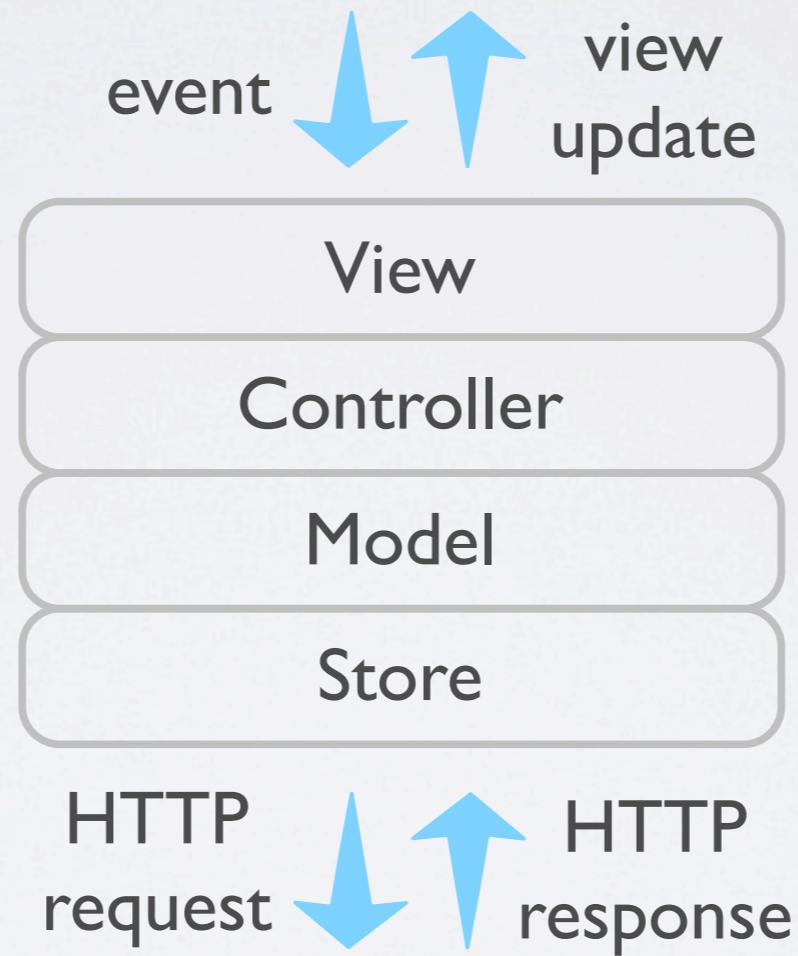
```
return HttpResponse(json_serialize(data), mimetype='application/json')
```

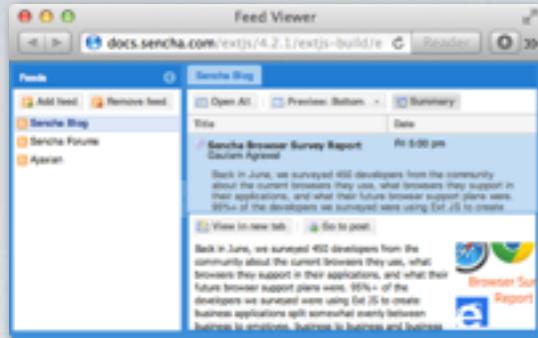
APPLICATION ARCHITECTURE



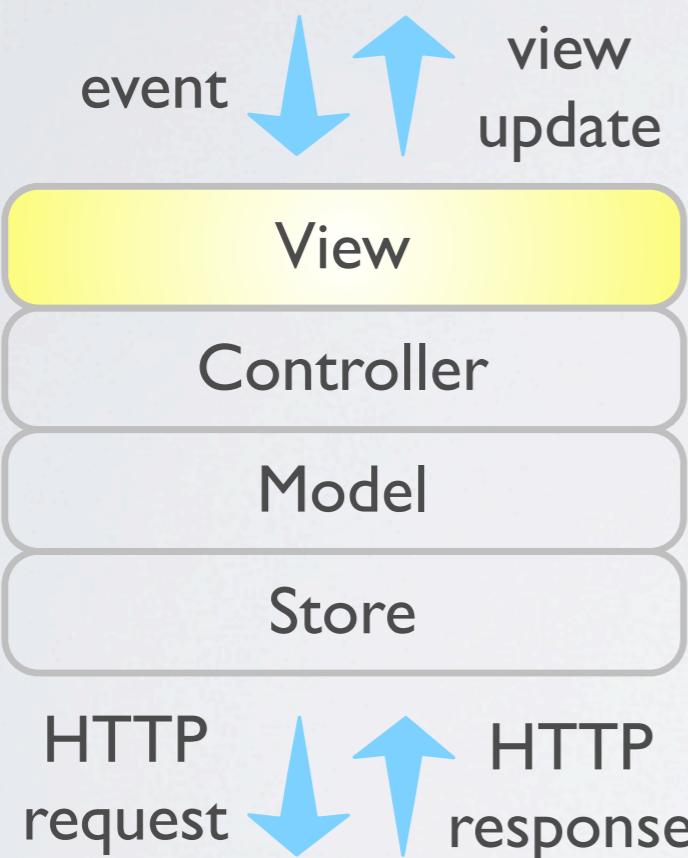


FRONTEND (EXTJS) CODE STRUCTURE

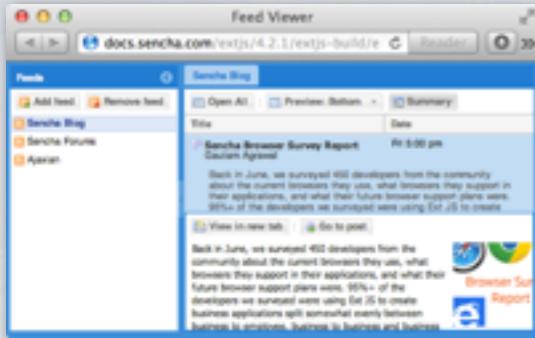




VIEW

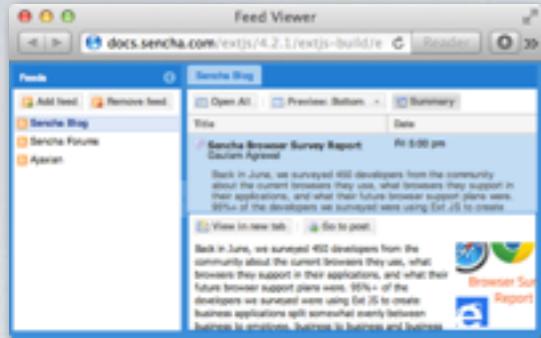


- Sets up visible GUI widgets
- Binds collection views to data stores



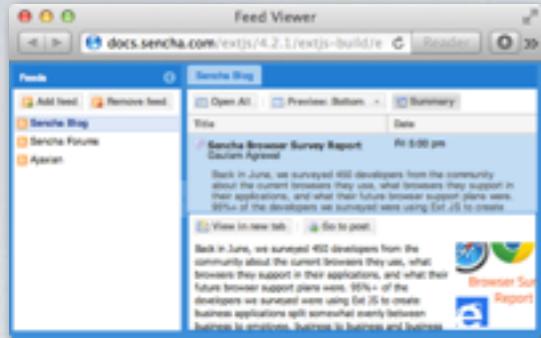
VIEW EXAMPLE

```
Ext.create('Ext.grid.Panel', {  
    title: 'People',  
    alias : 'widget.peoplepanel',  
  
    store: Ext.data.StoreManager.lookup('peopleStore'),  
  
    columns: [  
        { text: 'First name', dataIndex: 'first_name' },  
        { text: 'Last name', dataIndex: 'last_name' },  
        { text: 'Email', dataIndex: 'email', flex: 1 }  
    ],  
    height: 200,  
    width: 400,  
    renderTo: Ext.getBody()  
});
```

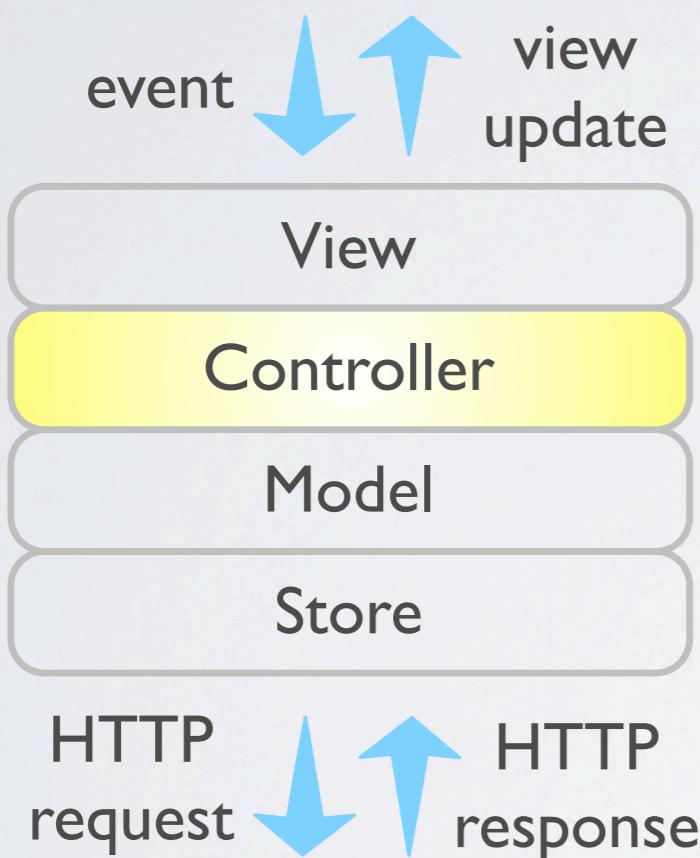


VIEW EXAMPLE

People		
First Name	Last Name ▲	Email
Sterling	Archer	sterling@isis.com
Cyril	Figgis	cyrli@isis.com
Lana	Kane	lana@isis.com
Algernop	Krieger	algernop@isis.com



CONTROLLER

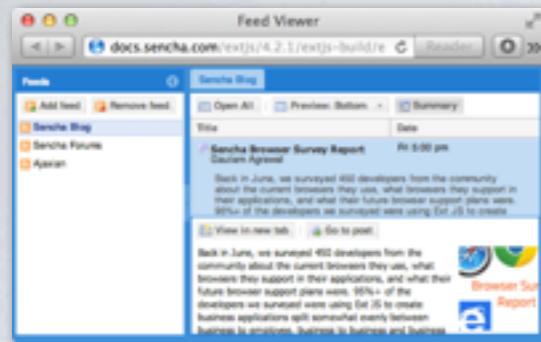


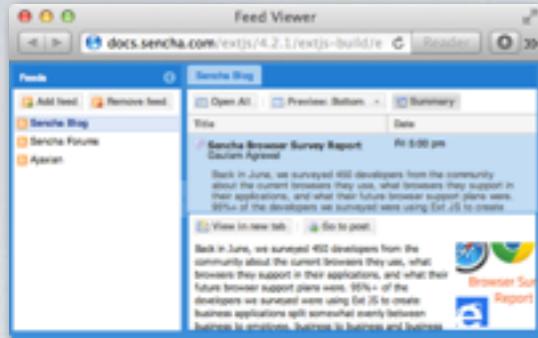
- Main application logic
- Sets up event listeners
- Interacts with models
- ...or sends custom requests to the API, processes responses, updates the GUI

CONTROLLER EXAMPLE

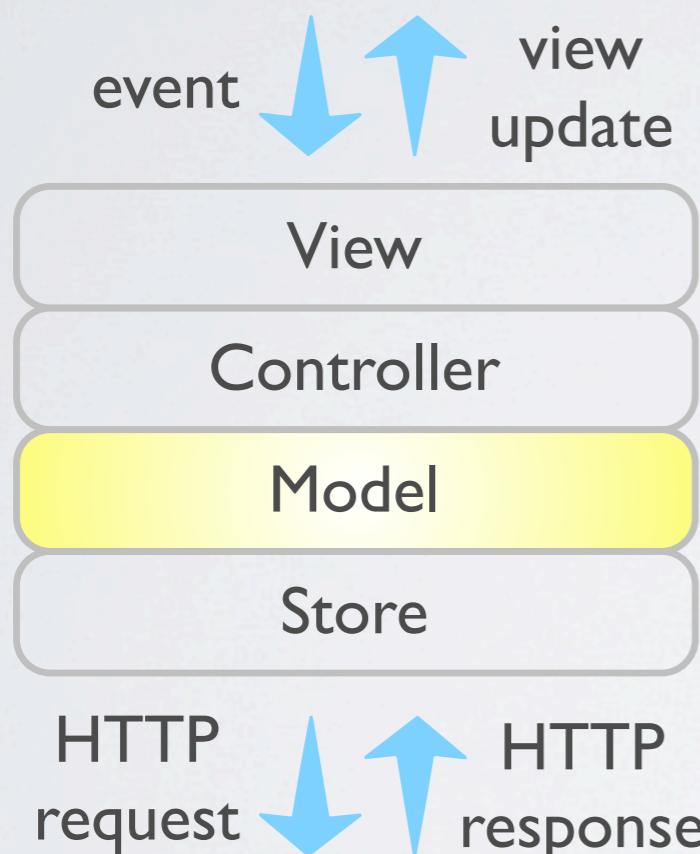
```
Ext.define('MyApp.controller.People', {
    extend: 'Ext.app.Controller',
    init: function() {
        this.control({
            'peoplepanel':{
                itemclick : this.onPersonClicked
            }
        });
    },
    onPersonClicked: function(view, record, item, index, e, eOpts){
        console.log('Person item clicked:' record.get('firstName'));

        record.set('was_clicked', true);
        record.save();
    }
});
```

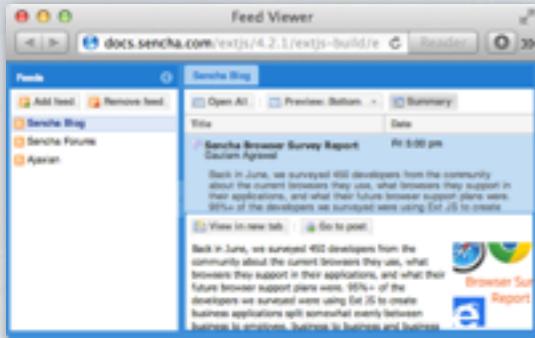




MODEL



- Represents API data as JavaScript objects
- Client-side representation of server-side models
- Performs data validation



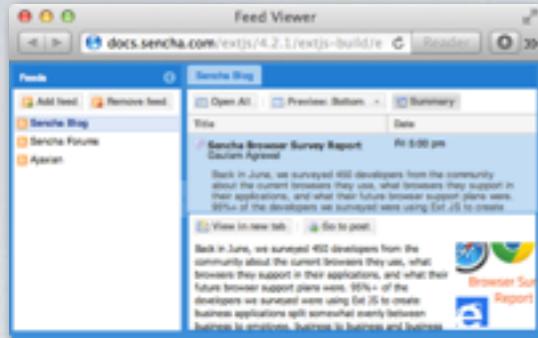
MODEL EXAMPLE

```
Ext.define('Person', {
    extend: 'Ext.data.Model',

    idProperty: 'id',

    fields: [
        {name: 'id', type: 'int'},
        {name: 'first_name', type: 'string'},
        {name: 'last_name', type: 'string'},
        {name: 'age', type: 'int'},
        {name: 'was_clicked', type: 'bool'}
    ],

    get_full_name: function() {
        return this.get('first_name') + ' ' + this.get('last_name');
    }
});
```



STORE



- Communicates with the API
- Enables UI data binding
- Converts API responses to instances of models

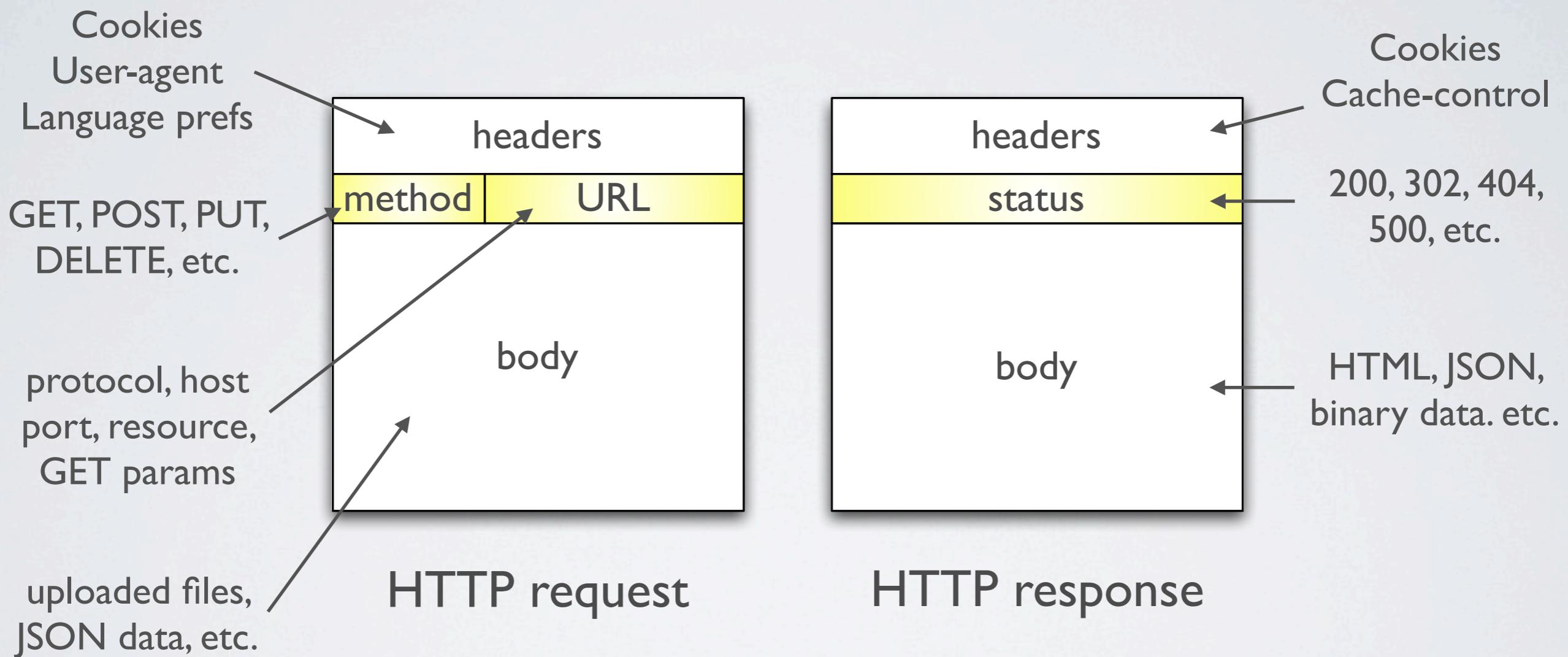


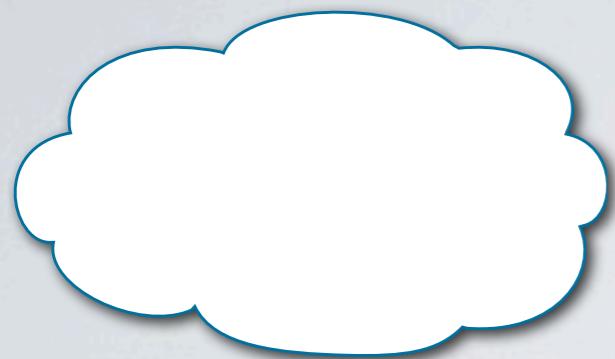
STORE EXAMPLE

```
Ext.define('MyApp.store.Persons', {
    extend : 'Ext.data.Store',
    storeId:'peopleStore',
    model: 'MyApp.model.Person'

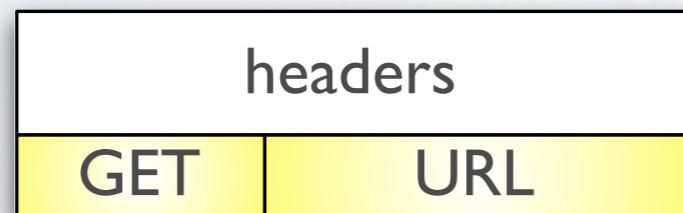
    proxy: {
        type: 'ajax',
        api: {
            create : '/api/person/new',
            read   : '/api/person/load',
            update : '/api/person/update',
            destroy: '/api/person/destroy'
        },
        reader: {
            type: 'json',
            root: 'person',
            successProperty: 'success'
        }
    }
});
```

HTTP API DESIGN

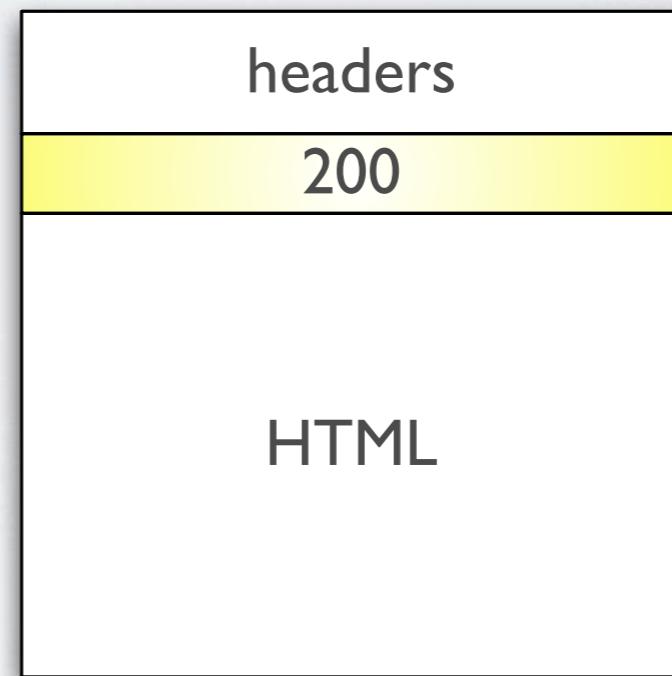




TRADITIONAL HTTP



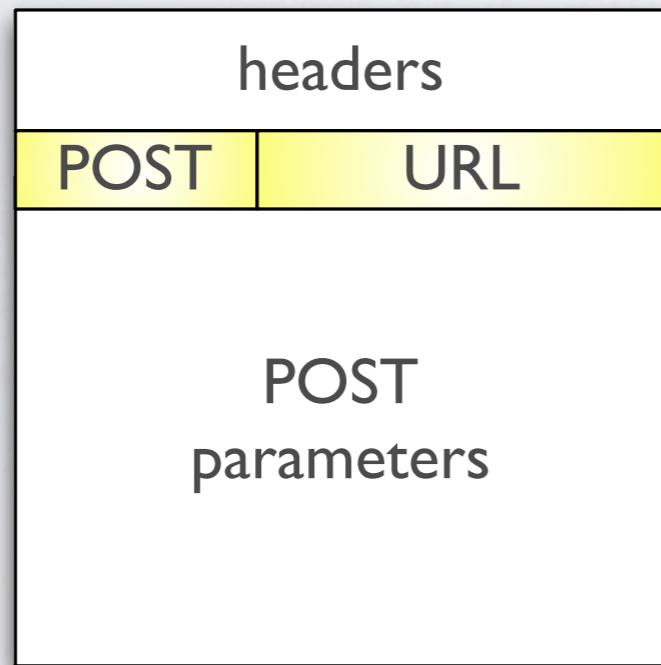
request



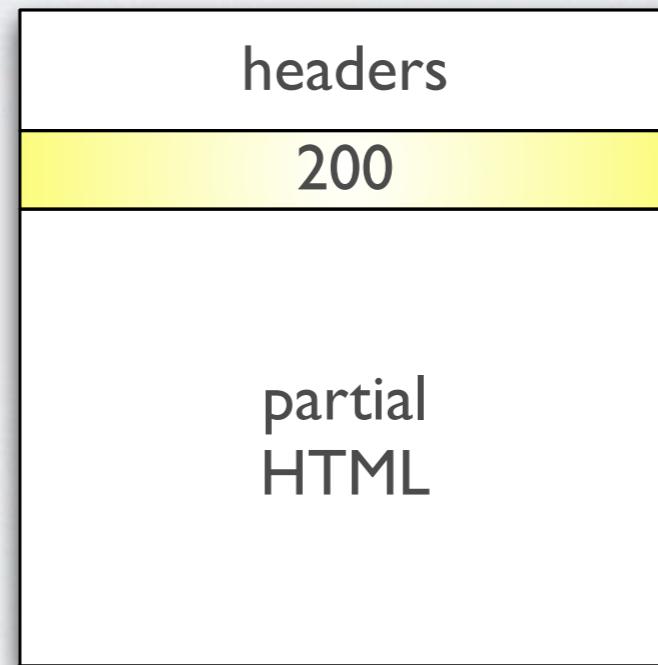
response



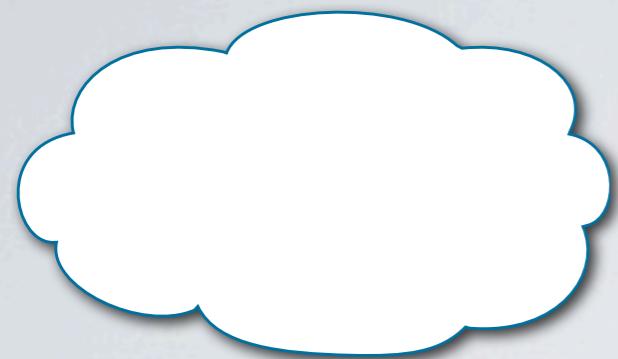
AJAXIFIED WEBSITE



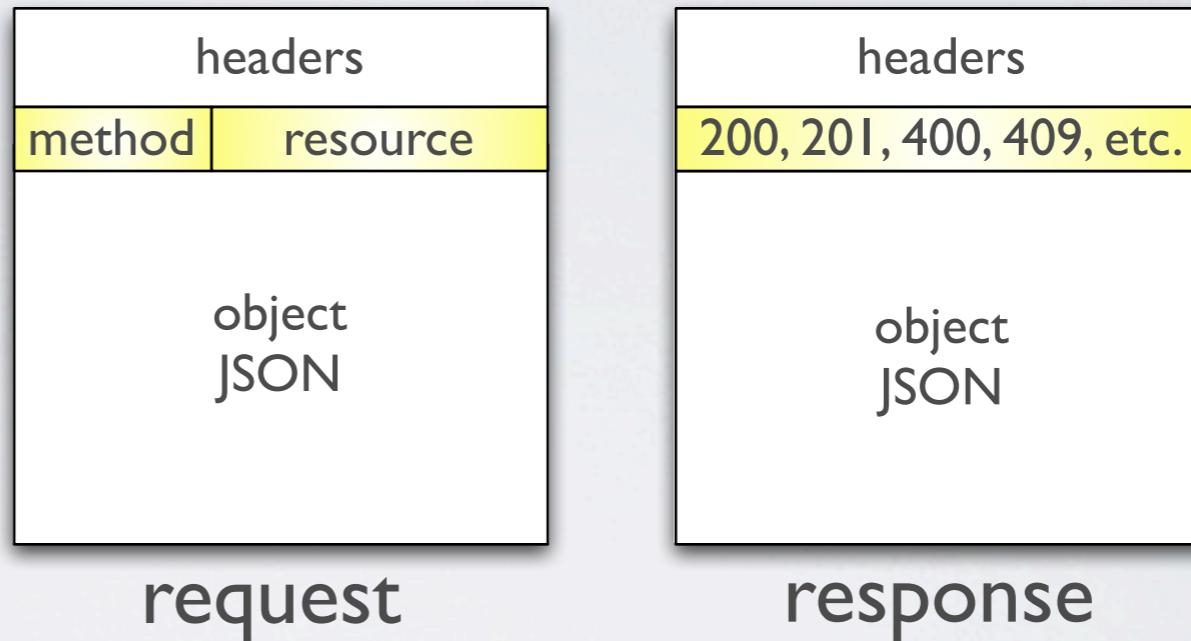
request



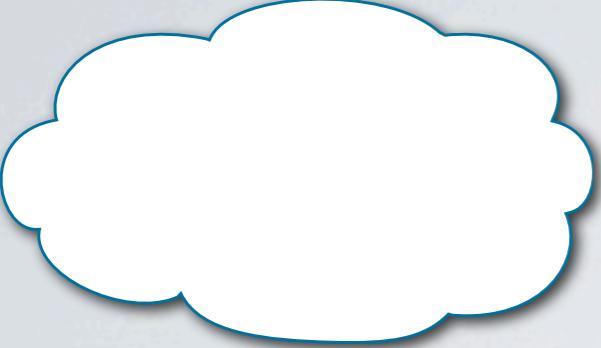
response



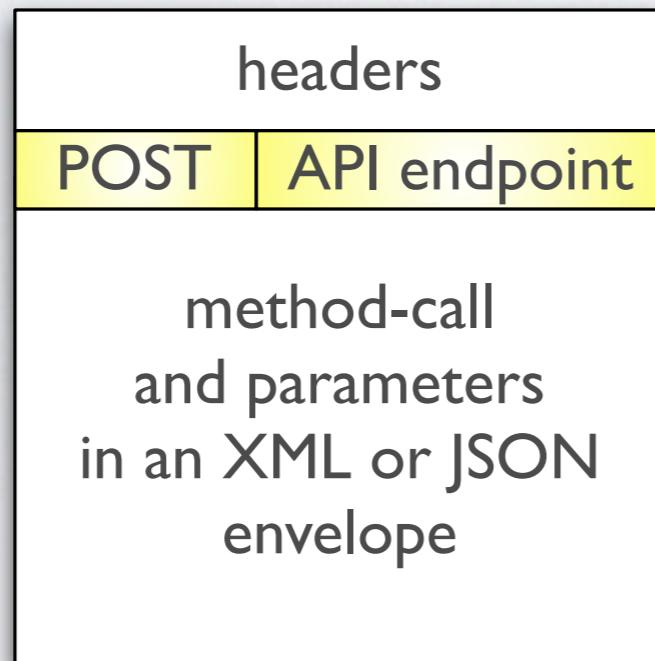
REST



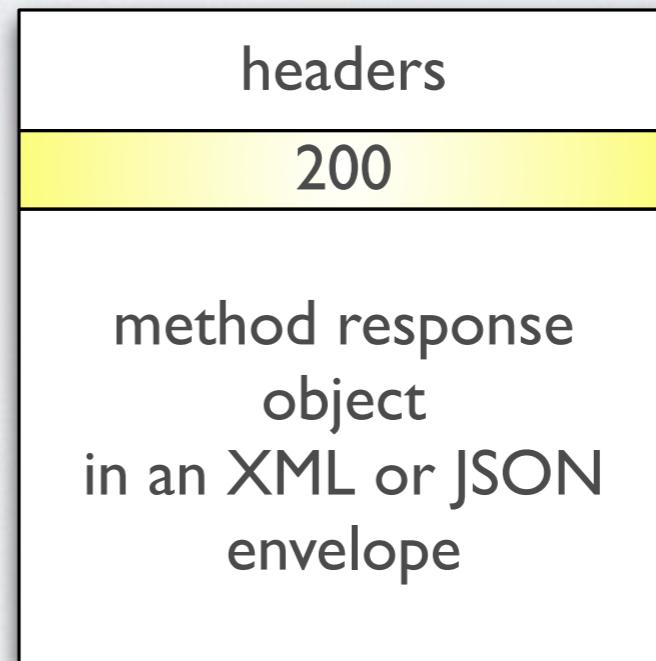
Resource	GET	PUT	POST	DELETE
Collection URI	List elements	Replace collection	Create element	Delete collection
Element URI	Retrieve element	Replace or create		Delete element



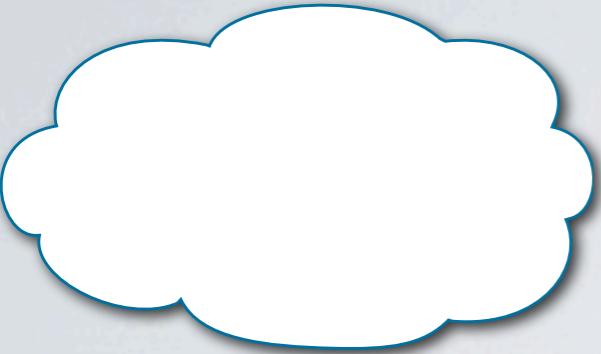
SOAP / JSON-RPC REMOTE PROCEDURE CALL



request



response



EXTJS-STYLE API

headers	
method	function URI
function arguments JSON	

request

headers
200
response object JSON

response

Demo



READY... SET... DEPLOY!!!





SCALING

Step 1: Optimize your code

- optimize number of DB queries
- rewrite slower ORM queries as native SQL (stored procedures)
- use caching





SCALING

Step 2: Add Redis

- in memory key-value store
- as session store
- as cache backend





SCALING

Step 3: Add Varnish

- in-memory cache
- speed up serving static files





SCALING

Step 4:

Split up your servers



Frontend



Backend



Cache



DB



SCALING

Step 5:

Clusters



Static files cluster
or use a CDN



Redis cluster
(coming soon)

DB Cluster

Thank you

<http://michal.karzynski.pl>

