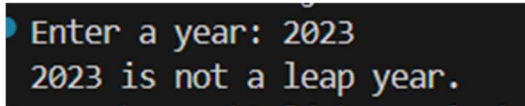


## Assignment - 4.3

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SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE		DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING	
Program Name: B. Tech		Assignment Type: Lab	Academic Year:2025-2026
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Course Code	23CS002PC304	Course Title	AI Assisted Coding
Year/Sem	III/I	Regulation	R23
Date and Day of Assignment	Week 2 - Wednesday	Time(s)	23CSBTB01 To 23CSBTB52
Duration	2 Hours	Applicable to Batches	All batches
Assignment Number: 3.3(Present assignment number)/24(Total number of assignments)			

Q.No.	Question	Expected Time to complete
1	<b>Lab 4: Advanced Prompt Engineering – Zero-shot, One-shot, and Few-shot Techniques</b>  <b>Lab Objectives</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To explore and apply different levels of prompt examples in AI-assisted code generation</li> <li>To understand how zero-shot, one-shot, and few-shot prompting affect AI output quality</li> <li>To evaluate the impact of context richness and example quantity on AI</li> </ul>	Week2 - Wednesday

	<p>performance</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To build awareness of prompt strategy effectiveness for different problem types</li> </ul> <p><b>Lab Outcomes (LOs)</b>  <b>After completing this lab, students will be able to:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use zero-shot prompting to instruct AI with minimal context</li> <li>Use one-shot prompting with a single example to guide AI code generation</li> <li>Apply few-shot prompting using multiple examples to improve AI responses</li> <li>Compare AI outputs across different prompting strategies</li> </ul>	
	<p><b>Task 1: Zero-Shot Prompting – Leap Year Check</b></p> <p><b>Scenario</b>  Zero-shot prompting involves giving instructions without providing examples.</p> <p><b>Task Description</b>  Use zero-shot prompting to instruct an AI tool to generate a Python function that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Accepts a year as input</li> <li>Checks whether the given year is a leap year</li> <li>Returns an appropriate result</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> No input-output examples should be provided in the prompt.</p> <p><b>Expected Output</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>AI-generated leap year checking function</li> <li>Correct logical conditions</li> <li>Sample input and output</li> <li>Screenshot of AI-generated response (if required)</li> </ul> <p>PROMPT:</p> <p>Generate a Python function that accepts a year as input and determines whether it is a leap year or not.</p> <p>Examples:  Input: 2020 → Output: True  Input: 1900 → Output: False  Input: 2000 → Output: True</p> <p>CODE:</p> <pre>def is_leap_year(year):     return year % 4 == 0 and (year % 100 != 0 or year % 400 == 0) #Example usage: year = int(input("Enter a year: ")) if is_leap_year(year):     print(f"{year} is a leap year.") else:     print(f"{year} is not a leap year.")</pre> <p>OUTPUT:</p> 	

## Task 2: One-Shot Prompting – Centimeters to Inches Conversion

### Scenario

One-shot prompting guides AI using a single example.

### Task Description

Use one-shot prompting by providing one input-output example to generate a Python function that:

- Converts centimeters to inches
- Uses the correct mathematical formula

### Example provided in prompt:

Input: 10 cm → Output: 3.94 inches

### Expected Output

- Python function with correct conversion logic
- Accurate calculation
- Sample test cases and outputs

### PROMPT:

Generate a Python function that converts centimeters to inches using the correct mathematical formula.

Example:

Input: 10 cm

Output: 3.94 inches

### CODE:

```
def cm_to_inches(cm):  
    inches = cm / 2.54  
    return round(inches, 2)  
  
#Example usage:  
cm = float(input("Enter length in centimeters: "))  
inches = cm_to_inches(cm)  
print(f"{cm} cm is equal to {inches} inches.")
```

### OUTPUT:

```
Enter length in centimeters: 10  
10.0 cm is equal to 3.94 inches.
```

## Task 3: Few-Shot Prompting – Name Formatting

### Scenario

Few-shot prompting improves accuracy by providing multiple examples.

### Task Description

Use few-shot prompting with 2–3 examples to generate a Python function that:

- Accepts a full name as input

- Formats it as "Last, First"

**Example formats:**

- "John Smith" → "Smith, John"
- "Anita Rao" → "Rao, Anita"

**Expected Output**

- Well-structured Python function
- Output strictly following example patterns
- Correct handling of names
- Sample inputs and outputs

**PROMPT:**

Create a Python function that accepts a full name as input and formats it in the form "Last, First".

**Examples:**

"John Smith" → "Smith, John"

"Anita Rao" → "Rao, Anita"

"Suresh Kumar" → "Kumar, Suresh"

**CODE:**

```
def format_name(full_name):
    parts = full_name.split()
    if len(parts) >= 2:
        first_name = parts[0]
        last_name = parts[-1]
        return f"{last_name}, {first_name}"
    else:
        return full_name

#Example usage:
name = input("Enter full name: ")
formatted_name = format_name(name)
print(f"Formatted name: {formatted_name}")
```

**OUTPUT:**

```
Enter full name: allu arjun
Formatted name: arjun, allu
```

**Task 4: Comparative Analysis – Zero-Shot vs Few-Shot**

**Scenario**

Different prompt strategies may produce different code quality.

**Task Description**

- Use zero-shot prompting to generate a function that counts vowels in a string

- Use few-shot prompting for the same problem
- Compare both outputs based on:
  - Accuracy
  - Readability
  - Logical clarity

#### Expected Output

- Two vowel-counting functions
- Comparison table or short reflection paragraph
- Conclusion on prompt effectiveness

PROMPT:

Generate a Python function that counts the number of vowels present in a given string. Provide sample input and output.

Examples:

Input: "hello" → Output: 2

Input: "artificial intelligence" → Output: 9

CODE:

```
def count_vowels(input_string):
    vowels = "aeiouAEIOU"
    count = sum(1 for char in input_string if char in vowels)
    return count
#Example usage:
input_string = input("Enter a string: ")
vowel_count = count_vowels(input_string)
print(f"Number of vowels in the string: {vowel_count}")
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter a string: hello
Number of vowels in the string: 2
```

#### Task 5: Few-Shot Prompting – File Handling

##### Scenario

File processing requires clear logical understanding.

##### Task Description

Use few-shot prompting to generate a Python function that:

- Reads a .txt file
- Counts the number of lines in the file
- Returns the line count

#### Expected Output

- Working Python file-processing function
- Correct line count
- Sample .txt input and output
- AI-assisted logic explanation

PROMPT:

Generate a Python function that reads a .txt file and counts the number of lines present in the file.

Examples:

file containing 4 lines → Output: 4

A file containing 12 lines → Output: 12

CODE:

```
def count_lines_in_file(file_path):  
    with open(file_path, 'r') as file:  
        lines = file.readlines()  
        return len(lines)  
#Example usage:  
file_path = input("Enter the path to the .txt file: ")  
line_count = count_lines_in_file(file_path)  
print(f"Number of lines in the file: {line_count}")
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the path to the .txt file: C:\Users\telje\OneDrive\Desktop\AI\example.txt  
Number of lines in the file: 4
```