# DATABASE DESIGN FINAL PROJECT REPORT CAR RENTAL SYSTEM

### **TEAM MEMBERS:**

Naveenraj Palanisamy - nxp154130 Niveditha Varadha Chandrasekaran - nxv152130 Avaljot Singh Khurana - ask150930

# **INDEX**

1. Introduction	3
2. Entities	4
3. Relations	5
4. Assumptions	6
5. ER/EER Diagram	7
6. Functional Dependencies	8
7. Final relational schema	10
8. SQL Statements	11
9. PL/SQL Statements	20
10. Conclusion	27

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

We have chosen to produce a Car Rental system. In our system, Customer can rent a car based on make and a model. Our system provides customer to have different pick-up and drop-off locations and will impose late fee if the rental car is returned beyond the return date and time. The Customers can purchase car rental insurance which is optional and can use upto one discount coupon to their final bill. Customers who have membership will be by default given a 10% discount in their final bill. We will see detailed description below.

#### 1.1 REQUIREMENTS

- a) Car rental agency should have collection of cars.
- b) Each car should belong to a particular Car Category and each car will belong to a particular location.
- c) Customer, based on his location and car category preferences, rents a car.
- d) Based on his location and car category preferences, list of cars available to rent will be shown along with available date and time (from and to).
- e) Customer will select a car from the suggestions and should be able to reserve it for rent.
- f) When a customer reserves a car, he/she should be able to optionally purchase a Car Insurance Plan and should be able to apply at most one discount code.
- g) If a customer is also a member of the car rental agency and has a membership ID then he/she will be given a default 10% discount in additional to the discount code applied. Therefore the total discount percentage will be 10 plus the discount percentage given by the discount code applied.
- h) Billing is generated when a car is returned.
- i) Customer can return the car before the due date, on the due date or he/she can return it late also.
- j) If a customer returns a car after the due date, additional late fee is calculated and added to the bill.
- k) A default 8.25% tax is applied on the amount which also includes the late fee and this tax is added to obtain the total amount to which the discount will be applied and a final amount is obtained.
- Once the car is returned it becomes available for the booking.
- m) A booking can be cancelled until 5 days before the actual pick up.

- n) Company may have several discount plans like weekend discount, corporate discount etc.
- o) Car price will be calculated based on the selected make and model.

#### 2. ENTITIES

#### a) Customer:

Customer will be the one who is using car rental system for reserving a car. He can be a member of the system or a non-member of the system. Member of the system will have membership id. Customer entity will store details like customer driving license number, email, address, name, and phone number.

# b) Car:

Car entity will have list of cars available in the system. Each car will be associated with a car category and car will have attributes like make, model, mileage and registration number. Car will also have separate flag to check the availability of the car.

#### c) Car Category:

Every car has a car category. Price is calculated based on the car category. Car category will have attributes like no of person, no of luggage's, name, and cost per day and late fee per hour.

#### d) Location

Location entity here denotes the pickup and drop off location of the car. Customer can pick up the car from the particular location and can have same or different drop off location. Location will have attributes like Location id, name and address.

#### e) Booking

Each car reservation will be monitored in the entity called booking. Booking will have attributes like booking id, from date and time of booking and due return date and time and actual return date and time of the booking, and booking status. This booking amount might also include rental insurance and discount code.

#### f) Billing

When a customer returns a car, a bill will be generated on the particular booking. Billing have attributes like Bill ID, bill date, bill status, total late fee, tax amount, and total amount.

#### g) Discount

Customer can apply discount code while the bill is generated. Each discount code has different discount percentage. Discount will have attributes like discount code, name, expiry date and discount percentage.

#### h) Car Rental Insurance

Customer may already have car rental insurance or can buy one while booking the car. Car rental insurance will have attributes like insurance code, coverage type, name and cost per day.

#### 3. RELATIONS

#### a) Car to Car Category:

Every car is associated with a car category. Once customer selects a car, the cost per day is obtained from the car category that the selected car belongs to. The relation name is 'Belongs to'.

#### b) Car to Location:

Customer will be picking up or dropping the car in a particular location. Customer can pick up or drop-off the car at the particular location. So, cars will be present at a location. The relation name is 'Current location'

#### c) Booking to Billing:

Once customer returns a car bill will be generated for each booking. There can be case like booking is cancelled in that case no bill will be associated with the booking. The relation name is 'Gives'.

#### d) Booking to Discount:

Customer may apply a discount code when he/she books a car. This discount will be applied to the total amount after tax and late fee while the bill is generated. Based on the discount code total amount will be reduced by some percentage. The relation name is 'Has'.

#### e) Booking to Car Rental Insurance:

Customer can select rental insurance while booking a car so that rental insurance will cover damages based on the coverage type. The relation name is 'Includes'.

#### f) Booking to Location:

Customer can pick a car for rent from a particular location. The relation name is 'Pick up location'.

#### g) Booking to Location:

Customer can drop off rental car in a particular location. The relation name is 'Drop off location'.

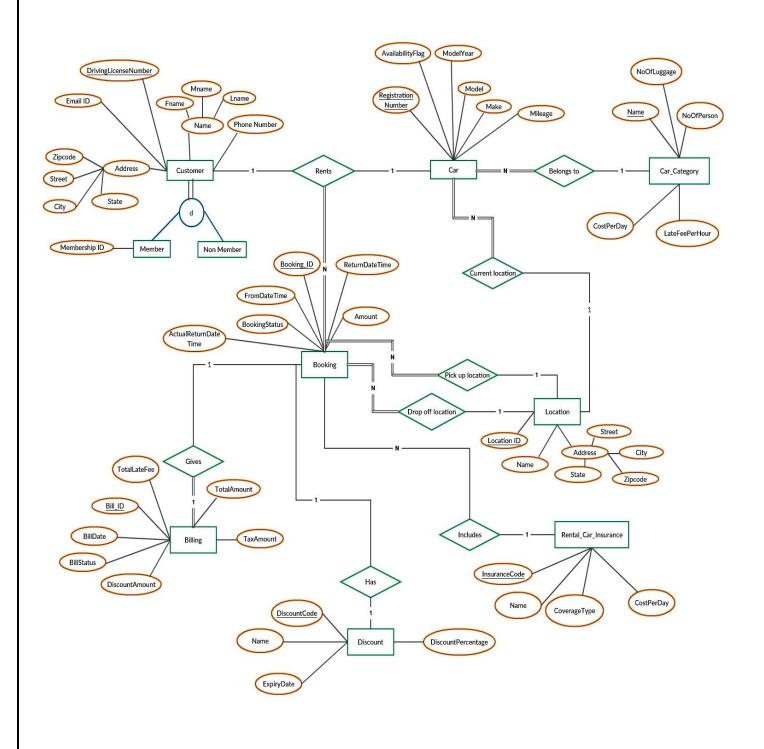
#### h) Customer to Car to Booking:

Customer will select car for rent. So the customer will be related to the both car and the booking. The relation between these 3 entities is a ternary relation and the relation name is 'Rents'.

#### 4. ASSUMPTIONS

- a) Each booking is associated with only one car reservation at a time.
- b) Car available in the system should be present at some location.
- c) Billing may or may not have discount code applied.
- d) Not all Booking is associated with billing because of the cancelled bookings.
- e) Booking may or may not have rental insurance because customer may have his own insurance.

# 5. ER/EER DIAGRAM



#### 6. FUNCTIONAL DEPENDENCIES

#### a) Customer Details Relation:

- DL\_number -> Fname, Mname, Lname, Phone\_number, Email\_id, Street, City,
   State, Zipcode, Membership id, Membership type
- Zipcode -> State, City

#### b) Car Relation:

- Registration\_number -> Model, Make, Model\_year, Car\_category\_name, Loc\_id, Mileage, Availability\_flag
- Model -> Make

#### c) Car\_Category Relation:

 Category\_name -> No\_of\_luggage, No\_of\_person, Cost\_per\_day, Late\_fee\_per\_hour

#### d) Location \_Details Relation:

- Location\_id -> Name,Street,City,State,Zipcode
- Zipcode -> State, City

#### e) Booking\_Details Relation:

#### f) Billing\_Details Relation:

 Bill\_id -> Bill\_date, Bill\_status, Discount\_amt, Total\_amt, Tax\_amt, Booking\_id, Total\_late\_fee

#### g) Discount\_Details Relation:

- Discount\_code -> Discount\_name,Expiry\_date,Discount\_percentage
- Discount\_name -> Discount\_code ,Expiry\_date,Discount\_percentage

#### h) Rental\_Car\_Insurance Relation:

- Insurance\_code -> Insurance\_name,Coverage\_type,Cost\_per\_day
- Insurance\_name -> Insurance\_code ,Coverage\_type,Cost\_per\_day

# **6.1** Functional dependencies that violated normalization rules:

The Following transitive dependencies exist in the relational schema.

#### Customer\_Details Relation

- DL\_number -> Zipcode
- Zipcode -> State, City

#### • Car Relation

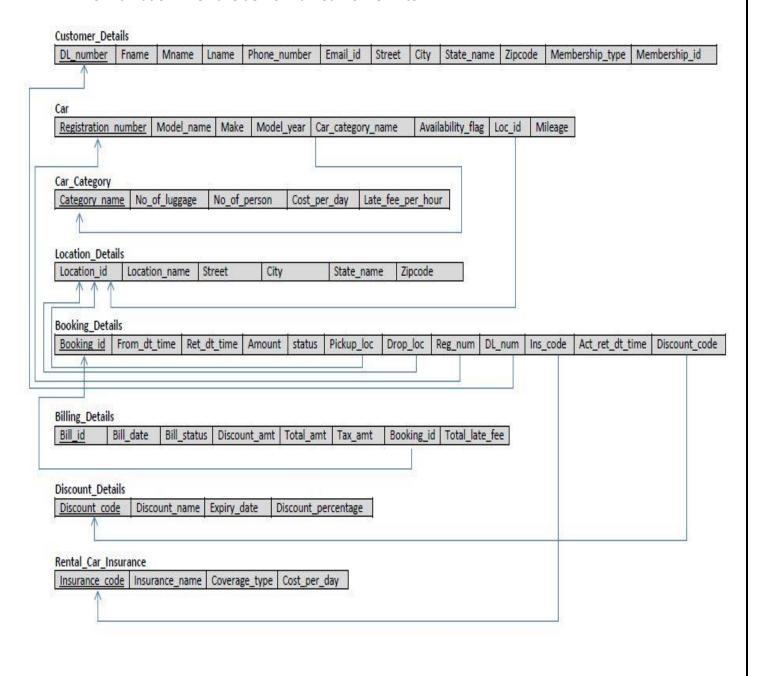
- Registration\_number -> Model\_name
- Model name -> Make

#### • Location\_Details Relation

- Location\_id -> Zipcode
- Zipcode -> State, City

#### 7. FINAL RELATIONAL SCHEMA

For convenience, we have chosen to represent our final relational schema in 2NF normalization. We have de-normalized from 3NF to 2NF.



#### 8. SQL STATEMENTS

#### 8.1 Create table Statements

#### a) Customer Details

```
CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER DETAILS
( DL NUMBER CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
FNAME VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,
MNAME VARCHAR(15),
LNAME VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,
PHONE NUMBER NUMBER(10) NOT NULL,
EMAIL ID VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
STREET VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
CITY VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
STATE NAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
ZIPCODE NUMBER(5) NOT NULL,
MEMBERSHIP TYPE CHAR(1) DEFAULT 'N' NOT NULL,
MEMBERSHIP ID CHAR(5),
CONSTRAINT CUSTOMERPK
PRIMARY KEY (DL NUMBER)
);
```

#### b) Car\_Category

```
CREATE TABLE CAR_CATEGORY

( CATEGORY_NAME VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,
    NO_OF_LUGGAGE INTEGER NOT NULL,
    NO_OF_PERSON INTEGER NOT NULL,
    COST_PER_DAY NUMBER(5,2) NOT NULL,
    LATE_FEE_PER_HOUR NUMBER(5,2) NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT CARCATEGORYPK
    PRIMARY KEY (CATEGORY_NAME)
);
```

#### c) Location\_Details

```
CREATE TABLE LOCATION_DETAILS
( LOCATION_ID CHAR(4) NOT NULL,
   LOCATION_NAME VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
```

```
STREET VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
    CITY VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
    STATE NAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
    ZIPCODE NUMBER(5) NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT LOCATIONPK
    PRIMARY KEY (LOCATION ID)
  );
d) Car
   CREATE TABLE CAR
   ( REGISTRATION NUMBER CHAR(7) NOT NULL,
    MODEL_NAME VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,
    MAKE VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,
    MODEL YEAR NUMBER(4) NOT NULL,
    MILEAGE INTEGER NOT NULL,
    CAR CATEGORY NAME VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,
    LOC ID CHAR(4) NOT NULL,
    AVAILABILITY_FLAG CHAR(1) NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT CARPK
    PRIMARY KEY (REGISTRATION NUMBER),
    CONSTRAINT CARFK1
    FOREIGN KEY (CAR CATEGORY NAME) REFERENCES
   CAR CATEGORY(CATEGORY NAME),
    CONSTRAINT CARFK2
    FOREIGN KEY (LOC_ID) REFERENCES LOCATION_DETAILS(LOCATION_ID)
   );
e) Discount_Details
   CREATE TABLE DISCOUNT DETAILS
   ( DISCOUNT_CODE CHAR(4) NOT NULL,
    DISCOUNT NAME VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,
    EXPIRY DATE DATE NOT NULL,
    DISCOUNT PERCENTAGE NUMBER(4,2) NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT DISCOUNTPK
    PRIMARY KEY (DISCOUNT CODE),
    CONSTRAINT DISCOUNTSK
   UNIQUE (DISCOUNT NAME)
   );
```

#### f) Rental Car Insurance

```
CREATE TABLE RENTAL_CAR_INSURANCE
(INSURANCE_CODE CHAR(4) NOT NULL,
INSURANCE_NAME VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
COVERAGE_TYPE VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL,
COST_PER_DAY NUMBER(4,2) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT INSURANCEPK
PRIMARY KEY (INSURANCE_CODE),
CONSTRAINT INSURANCESK
UNIQUE (INSURANCE_NAME)
);
```

#### g) Booking\_Details

```
CREATE TABLE BOOKING DETAILS
(BOOKING_ID CHAR(5) NOT NULL,
FROM DT TIME TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
 RET DT TIME TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
AMOUNT NUMBER(10,2) NOT NULL,
 BOOKING STATUS CHAR(1) NOT NULL,
PICKUP LOC CHAR(4) NOT NULL,
DROP LOC CHAR(4) NOT NULL,
REG NUM CHAR(7) NOT NULL,
 DL NUM CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
INS CODE CHAR(4),
ACT_RET_DT_TIME TIMESTAMP,
DISCOUNT CODE CHAR(4),
CONSTRAINT BOOKINGPK
 PRIMARY KEY (BOOKING ID),
 CONSTRAINT BOOKINGFK1
FOREIGN KEY (PICKUP_LOC) REFERENCES LOCATION_DETAILS(LOCATION_ID),
CONSTRAINT BOOKINGFK2
FOREIGN KEY (DROP LOC) REFERENCES LOCATION DETAILS (LOCATION ID),
CONSTRAINT BOOKINGFK3
 FOREIGN KEY (REG NUM) REFERENCES CAR(REGISTRATION NUMBER),
CONSTRAINT BOOKINGFK4
FOREIGN KEY (DL NUM) REFERENCES CUSTOMER DETAILS(DL NUMBER),
CONSTRAINT BOOKINGFK5
 FOREIGN KEY (INS CODE) REFERENCES RENTAL CAR INSURANCE (INSURANCE CODE),
```

```
CONSTRAINT BOOKINGFK6

FOREIGN KEY (DISCOUNT_CODE) REFERENCES DISCOUNT_DETAILS(DISCOUNT_CODE)
);
```

#### h) Billing\_Details

```
CREATE TABLE BILLING_DETAILS
(BILL_ID CHAR(6) NOT NULL,
BILL_DATE DATE NOT NULL,
BILL_STATUS CHAR(1) NOT NULL,
DISCOUNT_AMOUNT NUMBER(10,2) NOT NULL,
TOTAL_AMOUNT NUMBER(10,2) NOT NULL,
TAX_AMOUNT NUMBER(10,2) NOT NULL,
BOOKING_ID CHAR(5) NOT NULL,
TOTAL_LATE_FEE NUMBER(10,2) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT BILLINGPK
PRIMARY KEY (BILL_ID),
CONSTRAINT BILLINGFK1
FOREIGN KEY (BOOKING_ID) REFERENCES BOOKING_DETAILS(BOOKING_ID));
```

#### 8.2 Insert SQL Statements

```
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER_DETAILS VALUES('F1234554', 'NAVEEN', NULL,'RAJ','4696004267', 'naveen@gmail.com','700 CAMPBELL RD', 'RICHARDSON','TEXAS',75080,'M','M1001');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER_DETAILS VALUES('F9764521', 'NIVEDITHA', NULL,'VARADHA CHANDRASEKARAN','4696478596', 'nivi07@gmail.com', '800 RENNER RD','RICHARDSON','TEXAS',75080,'M','M1002');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER_DETAILS VALUES('F2345611', 'SURESH', 'KUMAR','GOPALAKRISHNAN','8189187546', 'suresh2234@gmail.com', '6547 CANOGA AVE','CANOGA PARK','CALIFORNIA',91303,'N',NULL);
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER_DETAILS VALUES('R8763578', 'MARK', NULL,'HUFF','7345678902', 'markhuff@gmail.com','1445 ROSS AVE', 'DALLAS','TEXAS',75202,'N',NULL);
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER_DETAILS VALUES('I3478953', 'MARK', 'S','TOWNSEND','9872563478', 'markstown@gmail.com','7825 MCCALLUM BLVD', 'DALLAS','TEXAS',75252,'M','M1003');
```

```
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER DETAILS VALUES ('E7521097', 'MITA',
NULL, 'RANA', '9098123429', 'mitarana@gmail.com', '367 MEANDERING WAY',
'HOUSTON','TEXAS',76245,'N',NULL);
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER DETAILS VALUES('T0981237', 'DANISH',
NULL, 'HASSAN', '6712890345', 'danishhasan@gmail.com', '888 PRESTON ROAD',
'DULLES', 'VIRGINIA', 92367, 'M', 'M1004');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER_DETAILS VALUES('F0091266', 'MIKE',
NULL, 'BOYEAR', '7892340918', 'mikeboy@gmail.com', '1007 DALLAS PARKWAY',
'DALLAS', 'TEXAS', 72212, 'N', NULL);
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER DETAILS VALUES('P1234567', 'CHRIS',
NULL, 'ALEXANDER', '9902489', 'chrisalex@gmail.com', '2256 WALL STREET',
'NEWARK','NEW JERSEY',65289,'M','M1005');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER DETAILS VALUES ('V5690245',
'VELA', 'R', 'REYNALDO', '9908762514', 'reyvela@gmail.com', '0099 ALMA ROAD',
'DULLES','VIRGINIA',97325,'N',NULL);
INSERT INTO CAR CATEGORY VALUES ('ECONOMY', 2, 5, 30, 0.9);
INSERT INTO CAR CATEGORY VALUES ('COMPACT', 3, 5, 32, 0.96);
INSERT INTO CAR CATEGORY VALUES ('MID SIZE', 3, 5, 35, 1.05);
INSERT INTO CAR CATEGORY VALUES ('STANDARD', 3, 5, 38, 1.14);
INSERT INTO CAR CATEGORY VALUES ('FULL SIZE', 4, 5, 40, 1.2);
INSERT INTO CAR CATEGORY VALUES('LUXURY CAR',5,5,75,2.25);
INSERT INTO CAR CATEGORY VALUES('MID SIZE SUV',2,5,36,1.08);
INSERT INTO CAR CATEGORY VALUES ('STANDARD SUV', 3, 5, 40, 1.2);
INSERT INTO CAR CATEGORY VALUES('FULL SIZE SUV', 2, 8, 60, 1.8);
INSERT INTO CAR CATEGORY VALUES ('MINI VAN', 5, 7, 70, 2.1);
INSERT INTO LOCATION DETAILS VALUES('L101', 'DALLAS LOVE FIELD AIRPORT',
'Herb Kelleher Way', 'Dallas', 'Texas', 75235);
INSERT INTO LOCATION DETAILS VALUES('L102','LOS ANGELES INTL AIRPORT',
'World Way', 'Los Angeles', 'California', 90045);
INSERT INTO LOCATION DETAILS VALUES('L103', 'DALLAS/ FORT WORTH INTL AIRPORT',
'International Pkwy', 'DFW Airport', 'Texas', 75261);
INSERT INTO LOCATION DETAILS VALUES('L104', 'WEST HOUSTON AIRPORT',
'Groschke Rd', 'Houston', 'Texas', 77094);
INSERT INTO LOCATION DETAILS VALUES('L105','WASHINGTON DULLES INTL AIRPORT',
```

```
'Saarinen Cir', 'Dulles', 'Virginia', 20166);
INSERT INTO LOCATION DETAILS VALUES('L106', 'NEWARK LIBERTY INTL AIRPORT',
'Brewster Rd', 'Newark', 'New Jersey', 07114);
INSERT INTO LOCATION DETAILS VALUES('L107', 'SALT LAKE CITY INTL AIRPORT',
'N Terminal Dr', 'Salt Lake City', 'Utah', 84122);
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('ABX1234','CIVIC','HONDA',
2014,10000,'ECONOMY','L101','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('SDF4567', 'FIESTA', 'FORD',
2015,15000,'ECONOMY','L102','N');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('WER3245','ACCENT','HYUNDAI',
2014,12356,'ECONOMY','L103','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('GLZ2376','COROLLA','TOYOTA',
2016,5000, 'ECONOMY', 'L104', 'A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('HJK1234','CIVIC','HONDA',
2015,20145, 'ECONOMY', 'L102', 'N');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('GLS7625', 'FOCUS', 'FORD',
2014,12000,'COMPACT','L107','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('FKD8202', 'GOLF', 'VOLKSWAGAN',
2016,9000,'COMPACT','L106','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES ('HNX1890', 'PRIUS', 'TOYOTA',
2015,15690,'COMPACT','L105','N');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('KJS1983', 'PRIUS', 'TOYOTA',
2014,20900,'COMPACT','L104','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('SDL9356','FOCUS','FORD',
2016,10009,'COMPACT','L103','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('OTY7293','CRUZE','CHEVROLET',
2016,17800, 'MID SIZE', 'L102', 'A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('QWE4562','LEGACY','SUBARU',
2012,13420,'MID SIZE','L101','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('CXZ2356', 'AVENGER', 'DODGE',
2015,5000, 'MID SIZE', 'L102', 'A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('ASD9090','ACCORD','HONDA',
2016,200, 'MID SIZE', 'L103', 'A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('UYT3981','LEGACY','SUBARU',
2013,16750,'MID SIZE','L104','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('TRE9726','200','CHRYSTLER',
```

```
2012,14320,'STANDARD','L105','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('HGF5628', 'TAURUS', 'FORD',
2013,15540,'STANDARD','L106','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('LKJ7253','200','CHRYSTLER',
2014,16300,'STANDARD','L107','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('VBN6283','TAURUS','FORD',
2015,17500,'STANDARD','L101','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('POI7281','200','CHRYSTLER',
2016,18830,'STANDARD','L102','N');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('MNB8654', 'FALCON', 'FORD',
2012,10900,'FULL SIZE','L103','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('UHV9786','IMPALA','CHEVROLET',
2013,11500,'FULL SIZE','L104','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES ('EFB5427', 'WAYFARER', 'FORD',
2014,14350,'FULL SIZE','L105','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('PLM9873','IMPALA','CHEVROLET',
2015,18900,'FULL SIZE','L106','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('WDV2458', 'FALCON', 'FORD',
2016,5600, 'FULL SIZE', 'L107', 'A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('QSC8709', 'MKZ', 'LINCOLN',
2012,18700,'LUXURY CAR','L101','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES ('TGB8961', 'GENESIS', 'HYUNDAI',
2013,17620,'LUXURY CAR','L102','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('MKU0172', 'TLX', 'ACURA',
2014,12345, LUXURY CAR', L103', A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES ('CFT1908', '3281', 'BMW',
2015,10800,'LUXURY CAR','L104','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('WHM7619','AVALON','TOYOTA',
2016,7800,'LUXURY CAR','L105','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('WLZ8955', 'ESCAPE', 'FORD',
2012,19800,'MID SIZE SUV','L106','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('QIO7621', 'EQUINOX', 'CHEVROLET',
2013,17560, 'MID SIZE SUV', 'L107', 'A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('YSN1927', 'PATHFINDER', 'NISSAN',
2014,14390,'MID SIZE SUV','L101','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('EDM8610', 'GLA', 'MERCEDEZ BENZ',
2015,12900, 'MID SIZE SUV', 'L102', 'A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('AHK7325','RAV4','TOYOTA',
```

```
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('OHZ0976', 'EDGE', 'FORD',
2012,27890,'STANDARD SUV','L104','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('RKS9862', 'TAHOE', 'CHEVROLET',
2013,20390, 'STANDARD SUV', 'L105', 'A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('WIJ6190', 'EDGE', 'FORD',
2014,18700,'STANDARD SUV','L106','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('ZDT8612', 'TAHOE', 'CHEVROLET',
2015,14300,'STANDARD SUV','L107','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('LDJ7719', 'EDGE', 'FORD',
2016,5690,'STANDARD SUV','L101','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('UIA8709', 'EXPEDITION', 'FORD',
2012,19870,'FULL SIZE SUV','L102','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('WKJ7972', 'SEQUOIA', 'TOYOTA',
2013,14500,'FULL SIZE SUV','L103','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('JLS1097', 'SUBURBAN', 'CHEVROLET',
2014,13290,'FULL SIZE SUV','L104','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('UHJ6782', 'EXPEDITION', 'FORD',
2015,11750,'FULL SIZE SUV','L105','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('XBM6822', 'SUBURBAN', 'CHEVROLET',
2016,3400,'FULL SIZE SUV','L106','A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('SHK7767', 'QUEST', 'NISSAN',
2012,23478, MINI VAN', 'L107', 'A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('JSL7920', 'ODYSSEY', 'HONDA',
2013,19320, MINI VAN', 'L106', 'A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('PAJ5289','GRAND CARAVAN','DODGE',
2014,23478, MINI VAN', 'L105', 'A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('TSJ6290','QUEST','NISSAN',
2015,13200, MINI VAN', 'L104', 'A');
INSERT INTO CAR VALUES('MWO9296','ODYSSEY','HONDA',
2016,2300, MINI VAN', 'L103', 'A');
INSERT INTO DISCOUNT DETAILS VALUES ('D678', 'IBM CORPORATE',
to date('2018-01-25','YYYY-MM-DD'),25);
INSERT INTO DISCOUNT DETAILS VALUES ('D234','CTS CORPORATE',
to date('2019-09-02','YYYY-MM-DD'),20);
INSERT INTO DISCOUNT DETAILS VALUES ('D756', 'HOLIDAY SPECIAL',
```

2016,3400, 'MID SIZE SUV', 'L103', 'A');

```
to date('2017-10-29','YYYY-MM-DD'),10);
INSERT INTO DISCOUNT_DETAILS VALUES ('D109','WEEKLY RENTALS',
to date('2020-11-09','YYYY-MM-DD'),25);
INSERT INTO DISCOUNT DETAILS VALUES ('D972','ONE WAY SPECIAL',
to date('2016-12-15','YYYY-MM-DD'),20);
INSERT INTO DISCOUNT DETAILS VALUES ('D297', 'UPGRADE SPECIAL',
to date('2018-02-18','YYYY-MM-DD'),20);
INSERT INTO RENTAL CAR INSURANCE VALUES('1201', 'COLLISION DAMAGE WAIVER',
'Covers theft and total damage to the rental car',15);
INSERT INTO RENTAL_CAR_INSURANCE VALUES('1202',
'SUPPLEMENTAL LIABILITY PROTECTION', 'Covers damage done to others',12);
INSERT INTO RENTAL CAR INSURANCE VALUES('1203',
'PERSONAL ACCIDENT INSURANCE', 'Covers medical costs for driver and passengers',10);
INSERT INTO RENTAL CAR INSURANCE VALUES('1204',
'PERSONAL EFFECTS COVERAGE', 'Covers theft of personal belongings',5);
INSERT INTO BOOKING DETAILS VALUES('B1001', TO TIMESTAMP('2016-01-20 10:00:00',
'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),TO TIMESTAMP('2016-01-25 10:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD
HH24:MI:SS'),
150,'R','L101','L101','ABX1234','F1234554',NULL,
TO TIMESTAMP('2016-01-25 10:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'), 'D756');
INSERT INTO BOOKING DETAILS VALUES('B1002',TO TIMESTAMP('2016-01-21 11:00:00',
'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),TO TIMESTAMP('2016-01-24 10:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD
HH24:MI:SS'),
90,'C','L102','L102','SDF4567','T0981237',NULL,NULL,NULL);
INSERT INTO BOOKING DETAILS VALUES('B1003',TO TIMESTAMP('2016-02-10 13:00:00',
'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),TO_TIMESTAMP('2016-01-15 13:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD
HH24:MI:SS'),
450,'R','L101','L101','QSC8709','R8763578','I201',
TO TIMESTAMP('2016-01-15 13:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'), NULL);
INSERT INTO BOOKING DETAILS VALUES('B1004',TO TIMESTAMP('2016-04-24 13:00:00',
'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),TO TIMESTAMP('2016-04-25 20:30:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD
HH24:MI:SS'),
48,'R','L106','L106','WLZ8955','F0091266','I202',
TO TIMESTAMP('2016-04-23 20:30:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),'D234');
```

```
INSERT INTO BOOKING DETAILS VALUES('B1005',TO TIMESTAMP('2016-04-18 09:00:00',
'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),TO TIMESTAMP('2016-04-25 09:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD
HH24:MI:SS').
266, 'B', 'L102', 'L106', 'POI7281', 'P1234567', NULL, NULL, 'D972');
INSERT INTO BOOKING DETAILS VALUES('B1006', TO TIMESTAMP('2016-04-21 17:00:00',
'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),TO TIMESTAMP('2016-04-25 17:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD
HH24:MI:SS'),
168, 'B', 'L105', 'L107', 'HNX1890', 'V5690245', 'I203', NULL, 'D234');
INSERT INTO BOOKING DETAILS VALUES('B1007',TO TIMESTAMP('2016-04-16 08:00:00',
'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),TO TIMESTAMP('2016-04-25 17:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD
HH24:MI:SS'),
405, 'B', 'L102', 'L102', 'SDF4567', 'I3478953', 'I201', NULL, 'D756');
INSERT INTO BOOKING DETAILS VALUES('B1008',TO TIMESTAMP('2016-04-11 08:00:00',
'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),TO_TIMESTAMP('2016-04-25 17:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD
HH24:MI:SS'),
630, 'B', 'L102', 'L102', 'HJK1234', 'T0981237', 'I201', NULL, 'D756');
INSERT INTO BILLING DETAILS VALUES('BL1001', to date('2016-01-25', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
'P',24.36,138.03,12.38,'B1001',0);
INSERT INTO BILLING DETAILS VALUES ('BL1002', to date ('2016-01-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
'P',0,487.13,12.38,'B1003',0);
INSERT INTO BILLING DETAILS VALUES ('BL1003', to date ('2016-04-24', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
'P',10.39 ,41.57 ,3.96 ,'B1004',0);
```

# 9. PL/SQL STATEMEMTS

# 9.1 Stored Procedure 1: CALCULATE\_LATE\_FEE\_AND\_TAX

Given the return date and time while booking, actual return date and time, registration number of the car and booking amount, this procedure calculates the total late fee using late fee per hour, return date and time and the actual return date and time of the rental car. Once the total late fee is obtained, it is added to the amount and the total tax is calculated.

```
--Procedure Name: CALCULATE_LATE_FEE_AND_TAX
--This stored procedure calculates the total late fee and tax.
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE CALCULATE LATE FEE AND TAX
(actualReturnDateTime IN BOOKING DETAILS.ACT RET DT TIME%TYPE,
ReturnDateTime IN BOOKING DETAILS.RET DT TIME%TYPE,
regNum IN BOOKING DETAILS.REG NUM%TYPE,
amount IN BOOKING DETAILS.AMOUNT%TYPE,
totalLateFee OUT BILLING DETAILS.TOTAL AMOUNT%TYPE,
totalTax OUT BILLING DETAILS.TAX AMOUNT%TYPE ) AS
--local declarations
lateFeePerHour CAR CATEGORY.LATE FEE PER HOUR%TYPE;
hourDifference DECIMAL(10,2);
BEGIN
SELECT LATE FEE PER HOUR INTO lateFeePerHour
FROM CAR CATEGORY CC INNER JOIN CAR C ON CC.CATEGORY NAME =
C.CAR CATEGORY NAME WHERE C.REGISTRATION NUMBER = regNum;
IF actualReturnDateTime > ReturnDateTime THEN
   hourDifference := (TO DATE (TO CHAR (actualReturnDateTime,
           'dd/mm/yyyy hh24:mi:ss'), 'dd/mm/yyyy hh24:mi:ss')
          - TO DATE (TO CHAR (ReturnDateTime, 'dd/mm/yyyy hh24:mi:ss')
          ,'dd/mm/yyyy hh24:mi:ss'))*(24);
  totalLateFee := hourDifference * lateFeePerHour;
ELSE
  totalLateFee := 0;
END IF;
totalTax := (amount + totalLateFee)*0.0825;
END;
```

# 9.2 Stored Procedure 2: CALCULATE\_DISCOUNT\_AMOUNT

Given the driving license number, total amount and the discount code, this procedure calculates the discount amount based on the discount code used by the customer while booking the rental car. Additional 10% discount is given to the customers who have membership ID. The discount amount is calculated on the total amount obtained after adding the late fee and the tax amount.

• For Non-members:

Discount amount = total amount \* ((discountPercentage)/100)

• For members:

Discount amount = total amount \* ((discountPercentage+10)/100)

```
-- Procedure Name: CALCULATE DISCOUNT AMOUNT
--This stored procedure calculates the discount amount for a booking.
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE CALCULATE_DISCOUNT_AMOUNT
(dINum IN CUSTOMER DETAILS.DL NUMBER%TYPE,
amount IN BILLING DETAILS.TOTAL AMOUNT%TYPE,
discountCode IN DISCOUNT DETAILS.DISCOUNT CODE%TYPE,
discountAmt OUT BILLING DETAILS.DISCOUNT AMOUNT%TYPE) AS
--local declarations
memberType CUSTOMER_DETAILS.MEMBERSHIP_TYPE%TYPE;
discountPercentage DISCOUNT DETAILS.DISCOUNT PERCENTAGE%TYPE;
BEGIN
      SELECT MEMBERSHIP TYPE INTO memberType FROM CUSTOMER DETAILS
      WHERE DL NUMBER = dlNum;
      IF NVL(discountCode,'NULL') <> 'NULL' THEN
             SELECT DISCOUNT PERCENTAGE INTO discountPercentage
            FROM DISCOUNT DETAILS WHERE DISCOUNT CODE = discountCode;
            IF memberType = 'M' THEN
                   discountAmt := amount * ((discountPercentage+10)/100);
            ELSE
                   discountAmt := amount * (discountPercentage/100);
            END IF;
      ELSE
            IF memberType = 'M' THEN
                   discountAmt := amount * 0.1;
            ELSE
                   discountAmt := 0;
            END IF;
      END IF;
END;
```

#### 9.3 Stored Procedure 3: GENERATE REVENUE REPORT

This procedure generates monthly revenue report based on the bill date, location and car categories. For every location, the no of cars in each car category along with the total revenue is calculated and a monthly report is generated. This stored procedure makes use of cursor for report generation.

-- Procedure Name: GENERATE REVENUE REPORT --This stored procedure calculates and generates the monthly revenue report. CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE GENERATE REVENUE REPORT AS --local declarations thisLocationID LOCATION DETAILS.LOCATION ID%TYPE; currentLocationID LOCATION DETAILS.LOCATION ID%TYPE; locationName LOCATION DETAILS.LOCATION NAME%TYPE; thisCategoryName CAR CATEGORY.CATEGORY NAME%TYPE; thisNoOfCars integer; thisRevenue DECIMAL(15,2); --Cursor declaration CURSOR CURSOR REPORT IS SELECT TABLE1.LOCATIONID, TABLE1.CATNAME, TABLE1.NOOFCARS,SUM(NVL((TABLE2.AMOUNT),0)) AS REVENUE FROM (SELECT LC.LID AS LOCATIONID, LC.CNAME AS CATNAME, COUNT(C.REGISTRATION NUMBER) AS NOOFCARS FROM (SELECT L.LOCATION ID AS LID, CC.CATEGORY NAME AS CNAME FROM CAR CATEGORY CC CROSS JOIN LOCATION DETAILS L) LC LEFT OUTER JOIN CAR C ON LC.CNAME = C.CAR CATEGORY NAME AND LC.LID = C.LOC ID GROUP BY LC.LID, LC.CNAME ORDER BY LC.LID) TABLE1 LEFT OUTER JOIN (SELECT BC.PLOC AS PICKLOC, BC. CNAME AS CNAMES, SUM(BL.TOTAL AMOUNT) AS AMOUNT FROM (SELECT B.PICKUP LOC AS PLOC, C1.CAR CATEGORY NAME AS CNAME, B.BOOKING ID AS BID FROM BOOKING DETAILS B INNER JOIN CAR C1 ON B.REG NUM = C1.REGISTRATION NUMBER) BC INNER JOIN BILLING DETAILS BL ON BC.BID = BL.BOOKING ID WHERE (to date (SYSDATE, 'dd-MM-yyyy') - to date(BL.BILL DATE, 'dd-MM-yyyy')) <=30 GROUP BY BC.PLOC,BC.CNAME ORDER BY BC.PLOC) TABLE2 ON TABLE1.LOCATIONID=TABLE2.PICKLOC AND TABLE1.CATNAME = TABLE2.CNAMES GROUP BY TABLE1.LOCATIONID, TABLE1.CATNAME, TABLE1.NOOFCARS ORDER BY TABLE1.LOCATIONID; BEGIN dbms output.put line(''); dbms output.put line('Revenue Report'); dbms output.put line('\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*);

```
dbms output.put line('');
  OPEN CURSOR REPORT;
  FETCH CURSOR REPORT INTO thisLocationID, thisCategoryName,
  thisNoOfCars, thisRevenue;
  IF CURSOR REPORT%NOTFOUND THEN
         dbms output.put line('No Report to be Generated');
  ELSE
  currentLocationID := thisLocationID;
         <<LABEL NEXTLOC>>
         SELECT LOCATION NAME INTO locationName from LOCATION DETAILS
         WHERE LOCATION ID = currentLocationID;
         dbms_output.put_line('Location Name: '|| locationName);
  dbms_output.put line(' ');
         dbms_output.put_line('Car Category' || ' '||'Number of Cars'
         || '|| 'Revenue');
         dbms output.put line('-----' || ' '||'------'
         ||| '|| '-----');
  dbms_output.put_line(thisCategoryName | |
         RPAD('', (16 - LENGTH(thisCategoryName)))||thisNoOfCars
         | | RPAD(' ', (18 - LENGTH(thisNoOfCars))) | | thisRevenue);
         LOOP
               FETCH CURSOR REPORT INTO thisLocationID, thisCategoryName,
               thisNoOfCars, thisRevenue;
               EXIT WHEN (CURSOR REPORT%NOTFOUND);
               IF thisLocationID = currentLocationID THEN
                      dbms_output.put_line(thisCategoryName | |
                      RPAD('', (16 - LENGTH(thisCategoryName)))||thisNoOfCars
                      | | RPAD(' ', (18 - LENGTH(thisNoOfCars))) | | thisRevenue);
               ELSE
                      currentLocationID := thisLocationID;
                      dbms output.put_line(' ');
                      dbms_output.put line('****************
                   *************
                    ****************
                      dbms output.put line('');
                      GOTO LABEL NEXTLOC;
               END IF;
   END LOOP;
  END IF;
END;
```

#### 9.4 Trigger 1: GENERATE BILLING

This trigger inserts a tuple into the Billing\_Details table when the actual return date is updated and booking status is updated to 'R' in Booking\_Details table. It generates Bill when the rental car is returned. This is triggered whenever a row is updated in Booking Details table.

-- Trigger Name: GENERATE BILLING --This trigger generates the bill and inserts a row in Billing Details table CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER GENERATE BILLING AFTER UPDATE ON BOOKING DETAILS FOR EACH ROW WHEN (NVL(TO CHAR(NEW.ACT RET DT TIME), 'NULL') <> 'NULL' AND NEW.BOOKING STATUS ='R') DECLARE -- declaration section lastBillId BILLING DETAILS.BILL ID%TYPE; newBillId BILLING\_DETAILS.BILL\_ID%TYPE; discountAmt BILLING DETAILS.DISCOUNT AMOUNT%TYPE; totalLateFee BILLING DETAILS.TOTAL LATE FEE%TYPE; totalTax BILLING DETAILS.TAX AMOUNT%TYPE; totalAmountBeforeDiscount BILLING DETAILS.TOTAL AMOUNT%TYPE; finalAmount BILLING DETAILS.TOTAL AMOUNT%TYPE; **BEGIN** SELECT BILL ID INTO lastBillid FROM ( SELECT BILL ID, ROWNUM AS RN FROM BILLING DETAILS) WHERE RN= (SELECT MAX(ROWNUM) FROM BILLING\_DETAILS); newBillId := 'BL' | TO CHAR(TO NUMBER(SUBSTR(lastBillId,3))+1); CALCULATE LATE FEE AND TAX(:NEW.ACT RET DT TIME, :NEW.RET DT TIME, :NEW.REG NUM,:NEW.AMOUNT, totalLateFee, totalTax); totalAmountBeforeDiscount := :NEW.AMOUNT + totalLateFee + totalTax; CALCULATE\_DISCOUNT\_AMOUNT(:NEW.DL\_NUM, totalAmountBeforeDiscount, :NEW.DISCOUNT CODE, discountAmt);

## 9.5 Trigger 2: UPDATE\_CAR\_DETAILS

This trigger updates the availability flag, mileage and location of the car in the car table when the actual return date is updated or when a booking is cancelled. This is triggered whenever a row is updated in Booking Details table.

```
-- Trigger Name: UPDATE CAR DETAILS
--This trigger updates the availability flag, mileage and location in the car table
--when the car is returned.
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UPDATE CAR DETAILS
AFTER UPDATE ON BOOKING_DETAILS
FOR EACH ROW
WHEN (NVL(TO_CHAR(NEW.ACT_RET_DT_TIME),'NULL') <> 'NULL' OR
NEW.BOOKING STATUS ='C')
DECLARE
BEGIN
  IF :NEW.BOOKING STATUS ='C' THEN
         UPDATE CAR SET AVAILABILITY FLAG = 'A', LOC ID = :NEW.PICKUP LOC WHERE
         REGISTRATION_NUMBER = :NEW.REG_NUM;
  ELSE
         IF NVL(TO CHAR(:NEW.ACT RET DT TIME), 'NULL') <> 'NULL' THEN
               UPDATE CAR SET AVAILABILITY FLAG = 'A', LOC ID = :NEW.DROP LOC,
               MILEAGE = MILEAGE+GET MILEAGE WHERE REGISTRATION NUMBER =
               :NEW.REG NUM;
         END IF;
  END IF;
END;
```

# **10.CONCLUSION**

During the course of this project, we learnt a lot of the work and best practices that go into creating a database, the rules to construct a good ER diagram, How to come up with relational schema mapping from the ER diagram, deriving the functional dependencies and how to normalize the relational schema. We learnt on how to design a system from Database perspective and how to efficiently store and manipulate data.