CKA SYLLABUS

STORAGE - 10%
WORKLOAD AND SCHEDULING - 15%
CLUSTER ARCHITECTURE , CONFIGURATION - 25%
SERVICES AND NETWORKING - 20%
TROUBLESHOOTING - 30%

Kubernetes Installation —————

12GB RAM Required 16 GB Recommended
4GB - base OS VMware - 512MB UBUNTU- 4GB WORKER NODE - 4 GB
HDD - 40GB Free Space
Minimum 4 cores required
WE USE ONE MASTER AND 2 WORKERS ARCHITECTURE

Step 1

Create 3 images of ubuntu run on different ipaddress and network to be "bridge"

System names

Ubuntu-Master - 192.168.1.101 Ubuntu-Worker1 - 192.168.1.102 Ubuntu-Worker2 - 192.168.1.103

Sudo hostnamectl set-hostname Ubuntu-Master - in first system Sudo hostnamectl set-hostname Ubuntu-Worker1 - in second system Sudo hostnamectl set-hostname Ubuntu-Worker2 - in

Third system Step 2

IN ALL MACHINES sudo apt-get update Sudo apt-get install docker.io

docker —version
Enable the docker service Sudo su
Systemctl enable docker Systemctl start docker Systemctl status docker

Step 3
IN ALL MACHINES

Curl -s https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt/doc/apt- key.gpg | sudo apt-key add

Step 4
IN ALL MACHINES
Add Kubernetes repo
Sudo apt-add-repository "deb http://apt.kubernetes.io/kebernetes-cenial main"
Sudo apt-get install kubeadm kubelet kubectl
Sudo apt-mark hold kubeadm kubelet kubectl
Wait for 10 mins
Kubeadm version
Sudoswapoff-a (INALLMACHINES) Step 5

IN Ubuntu-Master Machine
Sudo kubeadm init —pod-network-cidr=10.244.0.0/16
It will display kubeadm join (KEEP BACKUP OF THE STATEMENT)
Mkdir -p \$HOME/.kube
Sudo cp -I /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf \$HOME/.kube/ config
Sudo chown \$(id -u):\$(id -g) \$HOME/.kube/config Sudo kubectl apply
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
coreos/flannel/master/Documentation/kube-flannel.yml
Kubectl get pods —all-namespaces

Step 6
IN ALL WORKER MACHINES
Copy back up kubeadm join command fully with given parameter

Run in all worker machines
COME BACK TO MASTER MACHINE Kubectl get nodes

```
43 git clone https://github.com/vishymails/YAML.git
```

- 44 kubectl get pods
- 45 kubectl get po
- 46 ls
- 47 kubectl create -f example1.yml
- 48 kubectl get pods
- 49 kubectl get pods -o wide
- 50 kubectl get pods -o yaml
- 51 kubectl describe pod tomcat-pod
- 52 kubectl get pods -o wide
- 53 ping 10.244.1.2
- 54 kubectl exec -it tomcat-pod -- /bin/sh

QUESTION 1. create a new pod called admin-pod with image busybox. Allow it to be able to set system_time. Container should sleep for 3200 seconds

40 cd CKA

- 41 ls
- 42 kubectl get nodes
- 43 git clone https://github.com/vishymails/YAML.git
- 44 kubectl get pods
- 45 kubectl get po
- 46 ls
- 47 kubectl create -f example1.yml
- 48 kubectl get pods
- 49 kubectl get pods -o wide
- 50 kubectl get pods -o yaml
- 51 kubectl describe pod tomcat-pod
- 52 kubectl get pods -o wide
- 53 ping 10.244.1.2
- 54 kubectl exec -it tomcat-pod -- /bin/sh
- 55 history
- 56 kubectl delete pod tomcat-pod
- 57 kubectl get pods -o wide
- 58 clear
- 59 alaias g=kubectl
- 60 alias g=kubectl
- 61 g get nodes
- 62 g get pods
- 66 g run admin-pod --image=busybox --dry-run=client -o yaml -- command sleep 3200

```
67 g get pods
 68 g run admin-pod --image=busybox --dry-run=client -o yaml --
command sleep 3200
 69 g get pods
 70 g run admin-pod --image=busybox --dry-run=client -o yaml --
command sleep 3200
 71 g get pods
 72 g run admin-pod --image=busybox --dry-run=client -o yaml --
command sleep 3200 | tee example2.yaml
 73 g run admin-pod --image=busybox --dry-run=client -o yaml --
command sleep 3200 | tee example3.yaml
 74 echo 'securityContext:
  capabilities:
   add: ["NET_ADMIN", "SYS_TIME"]
 75 echo 'securityContext:
  capabilities:
   add: ["NET_ADMIN", "SYS_TIME"]
' | tee -a example3.yaml
 76 g get pos
 77 g get po
 78 g delete -f example2.yaml
 79 g delete pod admin-pods
 80 g create -f example3.yaml
```

REPLICATION CONTROLLER

```
82 g get pods
83 g delete -f example3.yaml
84 g create -f example4.yml
85 g get po
86 g get po -o wide
87 g get po -l app=tomcat-app
88 g describe rc tomcat-rc
89 g scale rc tomcat-rc --replicas=9
90 g get po -l app=tomcat-app
91 g get po -o wide
92 g scale rc tomcat-rc --replicas=3
93 g get po -o wide
94 g delete rc tomcat-rc
95 g delete -f example4.yml
96 history
```

REPLICA SETS

```
g create -f example5.yml
98 g get pods
```

- 99 g get pods -I tier=frontend
- 100 g get pods -l tier=backendend
- 101 g get pods -l tier=backend
- 102 g get rs tomcat-rd -o wide
- 103 g get rs tomcat-rs -o wide
- 104 g describe rs tomcat-rs
- 105 g get po -o wide
- 106 g scale rs tomcat-rs --replicas=9
- 107 g get po -o wide
- 108 g scale rs tomcat-rs --replicas=3
- 109 g get po -o wide
- 110 g delete rs tomcat-rs
- 111 g delete -f example5.yml

QUESTION 2 : deploy a web-load-5461 pod using nginx:1.17 with the label set to tier=web

- 1 g run web-load-5461 --image=nginx:1.17 --labels tier=web -o yaml | tee example6.yaml
 - 2 g get po
 - 3 g get pods --show-labels
 - 4 history

DEPLOYMENT

- 1 g create -f examle7.yml
- 2 g create -f example7.yml
- 3 g get deploy
- 4 g get deploy -l app=tomcat-app
- 5 g get rs -l app=tomcat-app
- 6 g get po
- 7 g get po -o wide
- 8 g describe deploy tomcat-deploy
- 9 q deploy

- 10 g get deploy
- 11 g scale deployment tomcat-deploy --replicas=9
- 12 g get po
- 13 g scale deployment tomcat-deploy --replicas=1
- 14 g get po
- 15 history

ROLLOUTS

- 16 g get deploy -o wide
- 17 g set image deploy tomcat-deploy tomcat-containers=nginx:1.9.1
- 18 g rollout status deployment/tomcat-deploy
- 19 g get deploy -o wide
- 20 g scale deployment tomcat-deploy --replicas=9
- 21 g get deploy -o wide
- 22 g set image deploy tomcat-deploy tomcat-containers=vishymails/tomcatimage:1.0
 - 23 g rollout status deployment/tomcat-deploy
 - 24 g get deploy -o wide

ROLLBACK

IN OLDER VERSION TO START IMAGE RECORDING YOU HAVE TO ADD BELOW ANNOTATION BUT IN LATEST VERSIONS THIS ANNOTATION IS NOT NECESSARY

g set image deploy tomcat-deploy tomcat-containers=nginx:1.91 -- record

- 26 g set image deploy tomcat-deploy tomcat-containers=nginx:1.91
- 27 g get deploy -o wide
- 28 g rollout status deployment/tomcat-deploy
- 29 g get deploy -o wide

INANOTHER TERMINAL

- 43 alias g=kubectl
- 44 g rollout history deployment/tomcat-deploy
- 45 g rollout undo deployment/tomcat-deploy
- 46 g rollout status deployment/tomcat-deploy

Question 03) Create a new deployment called web-proj-268 with image

nginx:1.16 and one replica. Next, upgrade the deployment to version 1.17 using rolling update. Make sure that the version upgrade is recorded in the resource annotation. apiVersion: v1 kind: PersistentVolume metadata: name: kube-pv spec: storageClassName: standard capacity: storage: 1Gi volumeMode: Filesystem accessModes: - ReadWriteOnce hostPath: path:/mnt/nginx 51 g create deployment web-proj-268 --image=nginx:1.16 51 g create deployment web-proj-268 --image=nginx:1.16 -o yaml | tee example8.yaml 52 g describe deployment web-proj-268 53 g set image deployment web-proj-268 nginx=nginx:1.17 --record 54 g rollout history deployment web-proj-268 55 g get deploy -o wide 57 g get deploy 58 g delete deploy tomcat-deploy 59 g delete deploy web-proj-268 60 g create deployment web-proj-268 --image=nginx:1.16 -o yaml | tee

Question 04) Create a new deployment web-003, scale this deployment to 3 replicas, make sure desired number of pods are always running.

example8.yaml

```
alias g=kubectl

105 g create deployment web-003 --image=nginx --replicas=3 -o yaml |
tee example9.yaml

106 g get pods

112 g get po -l app=web-003

113 g delete pod web-003-75d568fccc-bjzq6

114 g get po -l app=web-003
```

CHECKING MASTER NODE DESCRIPTION AND LOGS

107 g get pods -A

108 g logs pod kube-controller-manager-kmaster -n kube-system

109 g describe pod kube-controller-manager-kmaster -n kube-system

110 sudo find / -name kube-controller-man* | grep bin

111 g logs kube-controller-manager-kmaster -n kube-system

98 Is /etc

99 Is /etc/kubernetes

100 Is /etc/kubernetes/manifests

101 clear

102 sudo vi /etc/kubernetes/manifests/kube-controller-manager.yaml

Qusetion 6) deploy a web-load-5461 pod using nginx:1.17 with the label set to tier=web

108 g delete pod web-load-5461 109 g run web-load-5461 --image=nginx:1.17 --labels tier=web 110 g get pods --show-labels

Create static Pods

Static Pods are managed directly by the kubelet daemon on a specific node, without the API server observing them. Unlike Pods that are managed by the control plane (for example, a Deployment); instead, the kubelet watches each static Pod (and restarts it if it fails).

Static Pods are always bound to one Kubelet on a specific node.

The kubelet automatically tries to create a mirror Pod on the Kubernetes API server for each static Pod. This means that the Pods running on a node are visible on the API server, but cannot be controlled from there. The Pod names will be suffixed with the node hostname with a leading hyphen. Note: If you are running clustered Kubernetes and are using static Pods to run a Pod on every node, you should probably be using a DaemonSet

instead.

Note: The spec of a static Pod cannot refer to other API objects (e.g.,

ServiceAccount, ConfigMap, Secret, etc).

Note: Static pods do not support ephemeral containers.

Q 7) Create static pod on node07 / kworker1 called static-nginx with image nginx and you have to make sure that it is recreated/restarted automatically in case of any failure happens.

STEP 1 - IN MASTER NODE

- 1 clear
- 2 g get nodes
- 3 ps -ef | grep kubelet
- 4 sudo grep static /var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml
- 5 g run static-nginx --image=nginx --dry-run=client -o yaml
- 6 g run static-nginx --image=nginx --dry-run=client -o yaml > example10.yml
 - 7 cat example10.yml | ssh kworker1 "tee static-pod.yaml"
 - 8 q get pods
 - 9 g get pods -o wide
 - 10 history

STEP 2 - In KWORKER 1 NODE

- 39 ps -ef | grep kubelet
- 40 sudo grep static /var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml
- 41 sudo cp static-pod.yaml /etc/kubernetes/manifests/.
- 42 ls /etc/kubernetes/manifests/
- 43 sudo vi /etc/kubernetes/manifests/static-pod.yaml

NO NEED TO USE ANY START COMMANDS YAML FILES WILL BE EXECUTED AND VISIBLE IN MASTER NODE IF U PLACE DEFINED YML FILE IN MANIFESTS FOLDER

STEP 3 - IN MASTER NODE

- 8 g get pods
- 9 g get pods -o wide
- 10 history

MULTICONTAINER POD

```
17 kubectl get pods
18 clear
19 g create -f example11.yml
20 g get po -o wide
21 g exec -it multicontainer-pod -- /bin/sh
22 g exec -it multicontainer-pod --container mytomcat -- /bin/sh
```

Q 8) Create a pod called pod-multi with 2 containers as it is descripted below:

Container 1 : name:container1, image: nginx

Container 2 : name:container2, image: busybox, command: sleep 4800

apiVersion: v1

kind: Pod metadata: labels:

run: pod-multi name: pod-multi

spec:

containers:
- image: nginx
name: container1
- image: busybox
name: container2

command: ["sleep","4800"]

g create -f multipod.yaml
g get pods -o wide
g describe pod pod-multi

SERVICES

- 1. NODE PORT
- 2. LOADBALANCER
- 3. CLUSTER IP

NODEPORT

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
name: tomcat-deploy
labels:
 app:tomcat-app
spec:
replicas: 3
selector:
 matchLabels:
  app:tomcat-app
template:
 metadata:
  labels:
   app:tomcat-app
 spec:
  containers:
   - name : tomcat-containers
    image: vishymails/tomcatimage:1.0
    ports:
     - containerPort: 8080
     -----
```

apiVersion : v1 kind : Service metadata :

name: my-service

labels:

app: tomcat-app

spec:

selector:

app : tomcat-app
type : NodePort

ports:

- nodePort : 31000

port: 80

targetPort: 8080

- 1 g get po
 - 2 g delete -f example11.yml
 - 3 g apply -f example12-1.yml
 - 4 g get po
 - 5 g apply -f example12-2.yml
 - 6 kubectl get service -l app=tomcatapp
 - 7 kubectl get service -l app=tomcat-app
 - 8 kubectl get service -l app=tomcat-app -o wide
 - 9 g get po -o wide
 - 10 g describe svc my-service
 - 11 curl
 - 12 curl http://10.244.1.44:8080
 - 13 curl http://10.244.1.35:8080
 - 14 g describe svc my-service
 - 15 curl http://10.244.2.35:8080
 - 16 curl http://10.244.2.36:8080
 - 17 g get odes
 - 18 g get nodes -o wide
 - 19 curl http://172.31.26.246:31000
 - 20 history

LOADBALANCER SERVICE

apiVersion : v1 kind : Service metadata :

name: my-service

labels:

app:tomcat-app

spec:

selector:

app : tomcat-app
type : LoadBalancer

ports:

- nodePort : 31000

port: 8080

targetPort: 8080

23 g delete svc my-service 24 g apply -f example12-3.yml 25 g describe service my-service 26 curl http://10.110.137.197:8080 27 g get svc -o wide

Q15) Expose "audit-web-app" pod to by creating a service "audit-web-app-service" on port 30002 on nodes of given cluster.

Note: Now given web application listens on port 8080

```
36 g run audit-web-app --image=vishymails/tomcatimage:1.0 --
port=8080
37 g get po
38 g describe pod audit-web-app
39 g expose pod audit-web-app --name=audit-web-app-svc --
type=NodePort --dry-run=client -o yaml > example13.yaml
40 g apply -f example13.yaml
41 g get pods -o wide | grep audit
42 g describe svc audit-web-app-svc
```

NAMESPACES

Q 9) Create a pod called delta-pod in defence namespace belonging to the development environment (env=dev) and frontend tier (tier=front), image: nginx:1.17

g create ns defense

- 2 g run delta-pod --image=nginx:1.17 --labels env=dev,tier=front -n defense
 - 3 g get pods
 - 4 g get pods -n defense
 - 5 g describe pods delta-pod -n defense
 - 6 g get pods
 - 7 g describe pods audit-web-app
 - 8 history
 - 9 g get namespace
 - 12 g get all
 - 13 g get all -n defense
 - 14 g get all --namespace defense
 - 16 g api-resources
 - 17 g api-resources --namespaced=true
 - 18 g api-resources --namespaced=false

Q10) Get web-load-5461 pod details in json format and store it in a file at / opt/output/web-load-5461-j070822n.json

- 21 g get po
 - 22 g apply -f example6.yaml
 - 23 g get po
 - 25 Is /opt/output
 - 26 sudo ls /opt/output
- 27 g get pods web-load-5461 -o json | sudo tee /opt/output/web-
- load-5461-j070822n.json
 - 28 sudo ls /opt/output

- 29 sudo mkdir /opt/output
- 30 g get pods web-load-5461 -o json | sudo tee /opt/output/web-load-5461-j070822n.json
 - 31 sudo ls /opt/output
 - 32 sudo cat /opt/output/web-load-5461-j070822n.json

Q12) A new application finance-audit-pod is deployed in finance namespace. Find out what is wrong with it and fix the issue.

NOTE: No configuration changes allowed, you can only delete or recreate the pod.

35 g create ns finance; g run finance-audit-pod --image=busybox -n finance --command speep 180

- 36 g get po
- 37 g get po -n finance
- 38 g describe pod finance-audit-pod -n finance
- 39 g describe pod finance-audit-pod -n finance | grep -i command -A5
- 40 g get pods finance-audit-pod -n finance -o yaml | tee example14.yaml
- 41 grep sleep example14.yaml
- 42 g delete pods finance-audit-pod -n finance --grace-period=0 --force
- 43 g create -f example14.yaml
- 44 g get pods -n finance

Q 13 :use JSONPath query to retrieve our OS images of all K8s nodes and store it in a file ~/allNodeOSImages8.txt

g get nodes -o jsonpath='{.items[*].status.nodeInfo.osImage}' | tee allNodeOSImages8.txt

PERSISTENCE VOLUMES

1. PV - PERSISTENT VOLUME

2. PVC - PERSISTENT VOLUME CLAIMS

PV - PLACE OF STORAGE IN CLUSTER PVC - REQUEST FOR STORAGE

LIFE CYCLE OF PERSISTENT VOLUMES

- 1. PROVISIONING
- 2. BINDING
- 3. USING
- 4. RECALIMING

PROVISIONING - 2 TYPES

- 1. STATIC
- 2. DYNAMIC

STATIC - PV NEED TO BE CREATED BEFORE PVC
DYNAMIC - PV IS CREATED AT SAME TIME OF PVC

CACHED VOLUME - EMPTY DIR VOLUME

TEMPORARY SPACE

emptydir demo

- 1 g apply -f example15.yml
- 2 kubectl get po
- 3 kubectl exec -it tomcat-pod -- /bin/bash
- 4 g describe pod tomcat-pod
- 5 kubectl exec -it tomcat-pod -- /bin/bash
- 6 g delete pod tomcat-pod
- 7 g apply -f example15.yml
- 8 kubectl exec -it tomcat-pod -- /bin/bash
- 9 history

HOSTPATH

MOUNTS A FILE OR FOLDER FROM THE HOST NODES FILE SYSTEM IN TO THE POD

- 19 g get po
- 20 g apply -f example16.yml
- 21 g get po -o wide
- 22 kubectl exec -it tomcat-hostpath -- /bin/bash
- 23 g describe pod tomcat-hostpath
- 24 g get po
- 25 g delete pod tomcat-hostpath
- 26 g apply -f example16.yml
- 27 kubectl exec -it tomcat-hostpath -- /bin/bash

MULTI CONTAINER POD SHARING COMMON VOLUME

- 29 g create -f example18.yml
- 30 q qet po
- 31 g exec -it multicontainer-pod1 --container producer -- /bin/bash
- 32 g exec -it multicontainer-pod1 --container consumer -- /bin/bash

PERSISTENT VOLUME CLAIMS

demo 1: WORKS WHEN DEFAULT PV IS ALREADY CONFIGURED

apiVersion: v1

kind: PersistentVolume

metadata:

name: kube-pv

spec:

storageClassName: standard

capacity : storage : 1Gi

volumeMode: Filesystem

accessModes:
- ReadWriteOnce

hostPath:
path:/mnt/nginx

apiVersion: v1

kind: PersistentVolumeClaim

metadata:

name: kube-pv

spec:

resources : requests : storage : 1Gi

volumeMode: Filesystem

accessModes:
- ReadWriteOnce

apiVersion : v1 kind : Pod metadata : name : pv-pod

labels:

name: pv-pod

spec:

containers:

- name : pv-pod image : nginx volumeMounts :

- mountPath : /test-pd
name : test-volume

ports:

- containerPort: 80

volumes:

- name : test-volume persistentVolumeClaim : claimName : kube-pv

```
---
PV
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolume
metadata:
name: nfs-pv
spec:
accessModes:
- ReadWriteMany
capacity:
  storage: 500Gi
nfs:
 path: /
  server: 10.218.47.252
 persistentVolumeReclaimPolicy: Recycle
 storageClassName: nfs
volumeMode: Filesystem
PVC
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
name: nfs-pvc
spec:
accessModes:
- ReadWriteMany
resources:
 requests:
   storage: 100Gi
 storageClassName: nfs
 volumeMode: Filesystem
```

Demo 3:

volumeName: nfs-pv

apiVersion: v1 kind: PersistentVolume metadata: name: kube-pv spec: storageClassName: standard capacity: storage: 1Gi volumeMode: Filesystem accessModes: - ReadWriteOnce hostPath: path:/etc/pv-store --apiVersion: v1 kind: PersistentVolumeClaim metadata: name: kube-pvc spec: storageClassName: standard resources: requests: storage: 1Gi volumeMode : Filesystem accessModes: - ReadWriteOnce apiVersion: v1 kind: Pod metadata: name: pv-podhostpath labels: name: pv-pod spec: containers: - name : pv-pod image: nginx volumeMounts:

mountPath : /test-pd name : test-volume

ports:

- containerPort : 80 nodeName: kworker1

volumes:

name : test-volumepersistentVolumeClaim :claimName : kube-pvc

DEMO 4

apiVersion: v1

kind: PersistentVolume

metadata:

name: kube-pv

labels : type : local

spec:

storageClassName: manual

capacity:
storage:1Gi
accessModes:
- ReadWriteOnce

hostPath:

path:/mnt/datas

apiVersion: v1

kind: PersistentVolumeClaim

metadata:

name: kube-pvc

spec:

storageClassName: manual

resources:

requests:
storage:1Gi
accessModes:
- ReadWriteOnce

apiVersion : v1 kind : Pod metadata :

name: pv-pod

labels:

name: pv-pod

spec:

containers:

name : pv-pod image : nginx volumeMounts :

mountPath : /test-pd name : test-volume

ports:

- containerPort: 80

volumes:

- name : test-volumepersistentVolumeClaim :claimName : kube-pvc

LINKING PV WITH PVC

apiVersion: v1

kind: PersistentVolume

metadata:

name: pv-name

labels: type: local

spec:

storageClassName: manual

capacity:

storage: 40Gi accessModes: - ReadWriteOnce

hostPath:

path: "/mnt/data"

apiVersion: v1

kind: PersistentVolumeClaim

metadata:

name: pvc-name

spec:

storageClassName: manual

accessModes:
- ReadWriteOnce
resources:
requests:

storage: 10Gi

volumeName: pv-name

ANOTHER REFERENCING VIA VOLUME TO CLAIM OBJECT

apiVersion: v1

kind: PersistentVolume

metadata:

name: pv0003

spec:

storageClassName: ""

capacity: storage: 5Gi accessModes:

- ReadWriteOnce

persistentVolumeReclaimPolicy: Retain

claimRef:

namespace: default

name: myclaim

nfs:

path: /tmp

server: 172.17.0.2

kind: PersistentVolumeClaim

apiVersion: v1 metadata:

name: myclaim

spec:

storageClassName: ""

accessModes:

- ReadWriteOnce

resources: requests: storage: 5Gi

Q14) Create a persistent volume with given specifications:

Volume Name - pv-rnd storage - 100Mi Access modes - ReadWriteMany host path - /pv/host-data-rnd

apiVersion: v1

kind: PersistentVolume

metadata:

name: pv-rnd

spec:

capacity:

storage: 100Mi

volumeMode: Filesystem

accessModes:

- ReadWriteMany

hostPath:

path: /pv/host-data-rnd

Q19) Craete a PersistentVolume, PersistentVolumeClaim and Pod with below specifications

PV - name: mypvl, Size: 100Mi, AccessModes: ReadWritemany,

Hostpath: /pv/log, Reclaim Policy: Retain

PVC - name: pv-claim-l, Storage request: 50Mi, Access Modes:

ReadWritemany

Pod - name: my-nginx-pod, image Name: nginx, Volume: PersistentVolumeClaim: pv-claim-I, volume mount: /log

apiVersion: v1 kind: PersistentVolume metadata: name: mypvl spec: capacity: storage: 100Mi volumeMode: Filesystem accessModes: - ReadWriteMany persistentVolumeReclaimPolicy: Retain hostPath: path: /pv/log --apiVersion: v1 kind: PersistentVolumeClaim metadata: name: pv-claim-l spec: accessModes: - ReadWriteMany volumeMode: Filesystem resources: requests: storage: 50Mi apiVersion: v1 kind: Pod metadata: name: my-nginx-pod spec:

containers:

name: mynginximage: nginxvolumeMounts:mountPath: "/log"

name: mypd

volumes:

- name: mypd

persistentVolumeClaim: claimName: pv-claim-l

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1

kind: StorageClass

metadata:

name: standard

provisioner: kubernetes.io/aws-ebs

parameters: type: gp2

reclaimPolicy: Retain

allowVolumeExpansion: true

mountOptions:

- debug

volumeBindingMode: Immediate

apiVersion: v1 kind: Pod metadata:

name: task-pv-pod

spec:

nodeSelector:

kubernetes.io/hostname: kube-01

volumes:

name: task-pv-storage persistentVolumeClaim: claimName: task-pv-claim

containers:

- name: task-pv-container

image: nginx

ports:

containerPort: 80 name: "http-server"

volumeMounts:

- mountPath: "/usr/share/nginx/html"

name: task-pv-storage

STORAGE CLASSES

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1

kind: StorageClass

metadata:

name: standard

provisioner: kubernetes.io/gce-pd

parameters:

type: pd-standard

volumeBindingMode: WaitForFirstConsumer

allowedTopologies:

- matchLabelExpressions:
- key: failure-domain.beta.kubernetes.io/zone

values:

- us-central-1a
- us-central-1b

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1

kind: StorageClass

metadata: name: slow

provisioner: kubernetes.io/aws-ebs

parameters: type: io1

iopsPerGB: "10"
fsType: ext4

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1

kind: StorageClass

metadata: name: slow

provisioner: kubernetes.io/gce-pd

parameters:

type: pd-standard

fstype: ext4

replication-type: none

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1

kind: StorageClass

metadata:

name: example-nfs

provisioner: example.com/external-nfs

parameters:

server: nfs-server.example.com

path: /share

readOnly: "false"

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1

kind: StorageClass

metadata: name: gold

provisioner: kubernetes.io/cinder

parameters:

availability: nova

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1

kind: StorageClass

metadata: name: fast

provisioner: kubernetes.io/vsphere-volume

parameters:

diskformat: zeroedthick

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1

kind: StorageClass

metadata: name: fast

provisioner: kubernetes.io/vsphere-volume

parameters:

diskformat: zeroedthick datastore: VSANDatastore

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1

kind: StorageClass

metadata: name: slow

provisioner: kubernetes.io/azure-disk

parameters:

skuName: Standard_LRS

location: eastus

storageAccount: azure_storage_account_name

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1

kind: StorageClass

metadata: name: slow

provisioner: kubernetes.io/azure-disk

parameters:

storageaccounttype: Standard_LRS

kind: managed

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1

kind: StorageClass

metadata:

name: azurefile

provisioner: kubernetes.io/azure-file

parameters:

skuName: Standard_LRS

location: eastus

storageAccount: azure_storage_account_name

apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1 kind: StorageClass metadata: name: portworx-io-priority-high provisioner: kubernetes.io/portworx-volume parameters: repl: "1" snap_interval: "70" priority_io: "high"

DAEMON SETS

apiVersion: apps/v1 kind: DaemonSet metadata: name: fluent-ds spec: template: metadata: labels: name: fluentd spec: containers: - name : fluentd image: gcr.io/google-containers/fluentd-elasticsearch:1.20

selector:

matchLabels: name: fluentd -----

COMMAND BASED CREATION

178 echo -n 'admin' | base64 > username.txt
179 echo -n 'password123' | base64 > password.txt
180 g get secrets
181 g create secret generic db-user-pass --from-file=./username.txt -from-file=./password.txt
182 g get secrets
183 g describe secrets db-user-pass

apiVersion : v1 kind : Secret metadata :

name: secret-ssh-authentication type: kubernetes.io/ssh-auth

data:

ssh-privatekey: |

b3BlbnNzaC1rZXktdjEAAAAABG5vbmUAAAAEbm9uZQAAAAAAAAAABAAA BlwAAAAdzc2gtcn

NhAAAAAwEAAQAAAYEAykPOPaEGHsGwLfu1xIMDXXMeNA4y7MmDfaxr8 Ud8yyJF+I8f/eQJ

PU7irfCElg54ogEhaGKEgUthyhpN9//79YQQIzD8MqAtxbed/Y7ILp12Z0Yp7u6WPeFPXW

UZU9T40oNcfwUWEd9IE69tmYUqTIIQ5fX0zPFZYrrpIypZUe23gVy52Ojg3 23Bv67rKlpb

Ds5mxZTucNlYSjGrgjcBR+ZlTgjMpVUUxVyaZjLeKftRKOLbNiosq/bxijNZ4Rw/DFVgVX

P7dEJih/

3KJhri0lkuYUflmFhnFHhvdWsZUfcu6lwk7wmYzbR8FEiSxYWC1ui0OKkz51Ua

NRgJPp5LBtOYqCVJqV5nEJzzYvB1Fg2hOsjez9zjci2lMAnxBbj6FSl/rMmk/UqvWXgJKv

8t+IH9uZxFDdadU10Bget12cN7zI92T2tkdmuZJC63RxBwr9HEHfqi0nQvBQ+JkCEJoREB

TM/

Hma9QNFoTrs+gH2Xg1a4HlOnjvSeeJC4JUxwdAAAFiBLeZwYS3mcGAAAA

B3NzaC1vc2

EAAAGBAMpDzj2hBh7BsC37tcZTA11zHjQOMuzJg32sa/

FHfMsiRfpfH/3kCT1O4q3whJYO

eKIBIWhihIFLYcoaTff/+/WEEJcw/

DKgLcW3nf2O5S6ddmdGKe7ulj3hT11lGVPU+NKDXH

8FFhHfZROvbZmFKk5ZUOX19MzxWWK66SMqWVHtt4Fcudjo4N9twb+u6 yiKWw7OZsWU7nDZ

WEoxq4I3AUfmSE4IzKVVFMVcmmYy3in7USji2zYqLKv28YozWeEcPwxVYF Vz+3RCYof9vi

Ya4tCJLmFH5ZhYZxR4b3VrGVH3LuiMJ08JmM20fBRlksWFgtbotDipM+dV GiUYCT6eSwbT

mKglSaleZxCc82LwdRYNoTrl3s/

c43ItpTAJ8QW4+hUpf6zJpP1Kr1I4CSr/LfiB/bmcRQ

3WnVNTgYHrddnDe8yPdk9rZHZrmSQut0cQcK/

RxB36otJ0LwUPiZAhCaERAUzPx5mvUDRa

E67PoB9I4NWuB5Tp470nniQuCVMcHQAAAAMBAAEAAAGAHGvkuiI7Uu0S jZOWGIUI3ubDMr

tgCofSc0FcNZ4++ehJ/wGI5Es7xSKIIZ17c/

56kwEnqZxWVDi8eAK0PAn7ZKd3EVevyIlb

hTHIAHEo4SD9N0vTrqBV+kIDvfLr2SzO/

f25bJvRWxeSA28eLnlY1YOVa4rhKD8tuULcab

WUsX9+zq2x67nlh1/

L3tx8bMjsPKtil5dm3fKchmhuWjDSfEDunhB8eSr4bTcy9vNk5m9L

GzytYvIQLuXXUP0gPxKRxXosUvvmtitgRDHZYpyK07ckUrwHcTmjj0zIKco4 axICN9QZiD

DkPkA42qCVRkEzWPAntddxV9UVvApFUvjvH5RFICgIKZd3K5EwkTEyQZaq OYYGWuLpXNjQ

7IbwhKxjd7xG7RsEBDcKiULiiYEqBV+J3syzKhH3ydGIhtqkTijeiLh/B92pXhDrTz7e4i

PZRL/

rEk3evOcPkjaqJVdJX56a9GQ+sleisLC1p428rRUnnF5AO19KB2gLbiscaJTd AAAA

wQC/

HO2uvKz4WpS1tsp+WKw8it5frhwn+eKX9xaQTEQBGvWb1NLT7+2A53ZLG R0AcmhzO7

0PnoNQM1JdIQCZwQLeWmIEHfd572rDEb3wwelpW4q3l9tWws6mC1bdGp 83r+5BWvHzsxzC

Rr8VvyC8rij8+REw/qJpuhuatR5Qy6IIWYdRczx7Xpot5/cSqJrBlbl+KBQdAwe3NMVVcY

A9LP9eTazMkQ5gXOU5qtPgvF8efYvQ2BqHDwCw9xconHHJSlwAAADBAO hD/611vqVzxHyv

dRg6mYxMFfsO0xcOKaMleGlzosl9dpk70HzD8FmNWcoqnKWNPZxQ7qFaKbH0loTDdU6nHp

mn7l76NjvbA9/7+4jmqBEdCL1e3QaU5jeVNRHocFhllzZLkZnYMNvn9JznQi1e9ycYgy3C

1yUVSmfTcOJTpzFvNSloM3Tw3uzLZllvliFMFhQH9zzS9Q2DMg6Ja1ndEVV uHM0rVNJBod

Z03TF0w0ival+UYHzq0xSVb/

5UeesfXwAAAMEA3u7+8FHPOP8WJbYzWWFCyEGnO8OIFN8/ gH6vgRm7t2p6Z/

2I5RHbSz9tYOZk6HE06DX1ElenA7C08K9GidpfCLHGdkgPr3ZpeLqmjq Bf/

35R0eNTINceZIFyKk+CMF9O2he0mmGJDnsWk2I4Qqimf8BJsbkvAbcDsv LIB5ycrj7Z

+5vNDzi+MwY1wy0ybvDul90KyA3hV7KCx3tLVFT2hNjVkhhlJCgEJSWOxY mrapR3XTlaxM

Nj0Dzs9BpCjQIDAAAAD2xhYnVzZXJAa21hc3RlcgECAw==

CRON JOB

apiVersion: batch/v1
kind: CronJob
metadata:
name: cron-demo
spec:
schedule: "*/1 * * * * "
jobTemplate:
spec:
template:
metadata:
labels:
name: cron-demo

spec:
containers:
- name: cron-demo

image: centos:7

args:

```
    - python
    - c
    - from datetime import datetime; print('[{}] Cron job demo for CKA batch Oracle ...'.format(datetime.now()))
    restartPolicy : Never
```

LIFE CYCLE HOOKS

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
name: lifecycle-hook-pod
spec:
containers:
 - name : lifecycle-container
  image: nginx
  lifecycle:
   postStart:
    exec:
     command: ["/bin/sh","-c", "echo Welcome Oracle > /usr/share/post-
start-msg"]
   preStop:
    exec:
     command : ["/usr/sbin/nginx","-s","quit"]
```

Question 05) Upgrade given cluster (master and worker node) from 1.23.8-00 to 1.24.2-00. Make sure to first drain respective node prior to update and make it available post update.

Kmaster

alias g=kubectl

g get nodes
sudo apt update
g drain kmaster --ignore-daemonsets
apt-cache madison kubeadm |head
sudo apt install kubeadm=1.26.3-00
sudo kubeadm upgrade apply v1.26.3-00
sudo kubeadm upgrade apply v1.26.3
sudo apt install kubelet=1.26.3
sudo apt install kubelet=1.26.3-00
sudo systemctl restart kubelet
g uncordon kmaster
g get nodes
g drain kworker1 --ignore-daemonsets
g drain kworker1 --ignore-daemonsets --force
g get nodes

kworker 1

sudo apt update sudo apt install kubeadm=1.26.3-00 sudo kubeadm upgrade node sudo apt install kubelet=1.26.3-00 sudo systemctl restart kubelet

kmaster

265 g uncordon kworker1266 g get nodes

Q11) Backup ETCD database and save it under /root with name of backup "etcd-backup.db"

sudo snap install etcd g get pods -A |grep etcd g describe pods etcd-node6 -n kube-system |grep Command -A 20 ETCDCTL_API=3 etcdctl --endpoints=https://127.0.0.1:2379 \
--cacert=/etc/kubernetes/pki/etcd/ca.crt --cert=/etc/kubernetes/pki/
etcd/server.crt --key=/etc/kubernetes/pki/etcd/server.key \
snapshot save /root/etcd-backup070822

Utkarsh:

sudo apt install etcd-client

sudo -i

ETCDCTL_API=3 etcdctl snapshot save /root/etcd-backup070822 -endpoints=https://127.0.0.1:2379 --cacert=/etc/kubernetes/pki/etcd/
ca.crt --cert=/etc/kubernetes/pki/etcd/server.crt --key=/etc/kubernetes/
pki/etcd/server.key

Q16) Create a pod called pod-jxc, using details mentioned below:

SecurityContect runasUser: 1000 fsGroup: 2000

Image=redis:alpine

250 alias g=kubectl
251 g run pod-jxc --image=redis:alpine --dry-run=client -o yaml >
example43.yml
252 g apply -f example43.yml
253 g get pods
254 g exec -it pod-jxc -- whoami
255 g exec -it lifecycle-hook-pod -- whoami
256 history

It is critical to understand that taints and tolerations are only enforced at the node level, and pods have the freedom to choose nodes without taints, but if all of our nodes are tainted then new pods must be with exact tolerations defined in them. Q17) Apply taint a worked node node7 with details provided below:
Create a pod called dev-pod-nginx using image=nginx,
make sure workloads are not scheduled to this worker node (node7)
Create another pod prod-pod-nginx using image=nginx with a toleration to be scheduled on node7.

Details :key:env_type, value:production, operator: Equal & effect: NoSchedule

```
252 cd CKA
253 clear
254 alias q=kubectl
255 g describe node kmaster
256 g describe node kmaster | grep -i taint
257 g taint node kmaster node-role.kubernetes.io/control-
plane:NoSchedule-
258 g taint node kmaster node-role.kubernetes.io/control-
plane:NoSchedule
259 g describe node kworker1 | grep -i taint
260 g describe node kworker2 | grep -i taint
261 g taint node kworker1 env_type=production:NoSchedule
262 g run dev-nginx --image=nginx
263 g get po
264 g get po -o wide
265 g run prod-nginx --image=nginx --dry-run=client -o yaml >
example44.yml
266 g apply -f example44.yml
267 g get po
268 g get po -o wide
```

Q18) Create a user "nec-adm". Grant nec-adm access to cluster, should have permissions to create, list, get, update, and delete pods in nec namespace

Private key exist in location: /vagrant/nec-adm.key and csr at /vagrant/nec-adm.csr

step 1

1 g create ns nec

2 cd CKA

3 openssl genrsa -out nec-adm.key 2048

- 4 openssl req -new -key nec-adm.key -out nec-adm.csr
- 5 Is nec*
- 6 cat nec-adm.csr | base64 | tr -d "\n"

step 2 - CREATE CERTIFICATE SIGNING REQUEST OBJECT

8 g apply -f example45.yml

- 9 g get csr
- 10 g get csr nec-adm
- 11 g certificate approve nec-adm
- 12 g get csr nec-adm

step 3 - CREATE ROLE AND ROLEBINGS

14 g apply -f example 46.yml

- 15 g apply -f example47.yml
- 16 g get rolebindin.rbac.authorization.k8s.io -n nec
- 17 g get rolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io -n nec
- 18 g get pods -n nec --as nec-adm
- 20 g auth can-i get pods -n nec --as nec-adm
- 21 g auth can-i list pods -n nec --as nec-adm
- 22 g auth can-i create pods -n nec --as nec-adm
- 19 history

Q20) Worker node node7 is not responding, have a look and fix the issue

node7 - kworker1 node6 - kmaster

1 g get nodes

- 2 g describe node kworker1
- 3 ps -ef | grep kubelet | grep lib
- 4 sudo cat /var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml | ssh kworker1
- 5 sudo cat /var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml | ssh kworker1 > mconfig.yaml
- 6 sudo cat /var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml | ssh kworker1 "tee

```
mconfig.yaml" 7 g get nodes
```

kworker 1

```
sudo systemctl status kubelet
57 sudo systemctl restart kubelet
58 sudo journalctl -u kubelet
59 ps -ef | grep kubelet
60 ls
61 sudo diff mconfig.yaml /var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml
62 sudo systemctl start kubelet
```

Q26 A pod "my-da

ta-pod" in data namespace is not running. Fix the issue and get it in running state.

Note: All supported definition files are placed at root.

To create question scenario just change pv1claim.yaml and remove namespace information (ensure data namespace was created already) and apply them.

cat pv1.yaml
####
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolume
metadata:
name: pv1
spec:
capacity:
storage: 100Mi

volumeMode: Filesystem

accessModes:

- ReadWriteMany

persistentVolumeReclaimPolicy: Retain

hostPath: path: /data

########## cat pv1claim.yaml

#######

apiVersion: v1

kind: PersistentVolumeClaim

metadata:

name: pv1claim namespace: data

spec:

accessModes:

- ReadWriteMany

volumeMode: Filesystem

resources: requests:

storage: 50Mi

########

cat pod.yaml apiVersion: v1

kind: Pod metadata:

name: my-data-pod namespace: data

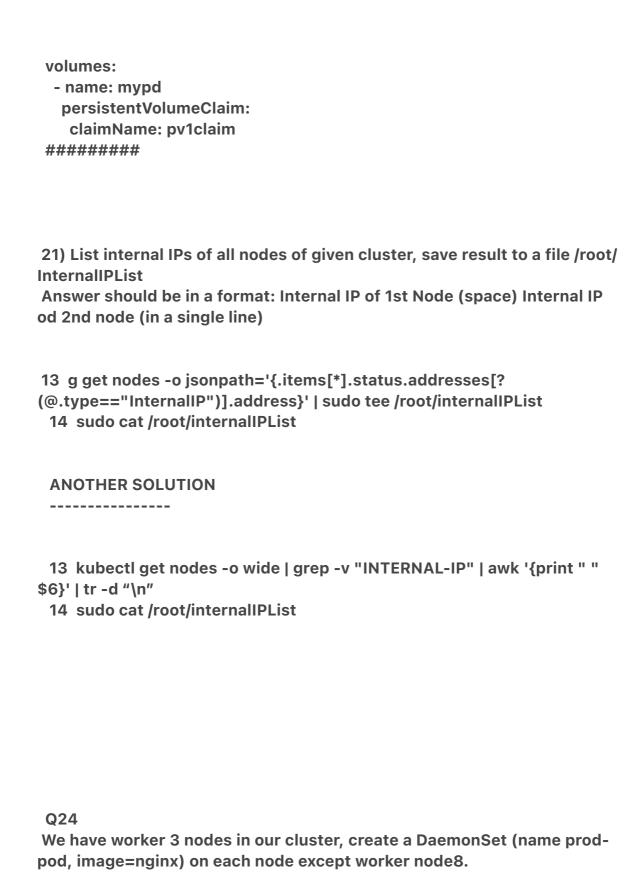
spec:

containers:

name: mydata image: nginx volumeMounts:

- mountPath: "/maindata"

name: mypd



alias g=kubectl g get nodes

```
for i in 6 7 8 9; do g describe node node$i |grep -i taint; done g taint node node8 env=uat:NoSchedule for i in 6 7 8 9; do g describe node node$i |grep -i taint; done g create deployment prod-pod --image=nginx --dry-run=client -o yaml g create deployment prod-pod --image=nginx --dry-run=client -o yaml | tee prod-pod.yaml vi prod-pod.yaml
```

```
#######
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: DaemonSet
metadata:
labels:
 app: prod-pod
name: prod-pod
spec:
selector:
 matchLabels:
  app: prod-pod
template:
 metadata:
  labels:
   app: prod-pod
 spec:
  containers:
  - image: nginx
   name: nginx
 #######
```

g create -f prod-pod.yaml g get pods -o wide

minikube addons enable ingress

kubectl get pods -n ingress-nginx

```
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
 name: name-virtual-host-ingress
spec:
rules:
 - host: blr.ibm.com
 http:
   paths:
   - pathType: Prefix
   path: "/"
    backend:
     service:
      name: service1
     port:
      number: 80
 - host: hyd.ibm.com
 http:
   paths:
   - pathType: Prefix
    path: "/"
    backend:
     service:
      name: service2
     port:
      number: 80
```

Question 33: Create a network policy for incoming web connection requests

```
g run web-test --image nginx
 2 g expose pod web-test --name web-test-svc --type NodePort --port
80
 3 g run connect-pod --image busybox --command sleep 4800
 4 g exec -it connect-pod -- wget
 5 g apply -f example49.yml
 6 g describe netpol
 7 g get pods
 8 g get pods -o wide
 9 g get svc
 10 g exec -it connect-pod -- wget web-test-svc
 11 history
```

Q37... mount secret in 2 pods using filesystem and environment variable

```
metadata:
name: pod-sec-file
spec:
containers:
- image: redis
 name: redis
 volumeMounts:
 - name: sec1
  mountPath: "/secrets"
volumes:
 - name: sec1
  secret:
  secretName: sec1' |tee pod-sec-file.yaml
##
echo 'apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
creationTimestamp: null
name: pod-sec-env
spec:
containers:
 - image: redis
 name: redis
  env:
  - name: CONFIDENTIAL
  valueFrom:
    secretKeyRef:
    name: sec1
    key: password' |tee pod-sec-env.yaml
```

echo 'apiVersion: v1

kind: Pod

CONFIG MAP

management.endpoints.enabled-by-default=true management.endpoint.info.enabled=true management.security.enabled=false management.endpoints.web.exposure.include=*

server.port= 9000 server.servlet.context-path=/oracle oracleprops.greeting= Thank you and visit again - altered oracleprops.greeting1= New Data

apiVersion : v1 kind : Pod metadata :

name: myconfigpod1

labels:

name: myconfigpod1

spec:

containers:

- name : myconfigpod1

image : redis volumeMounts : - name : foo

mountPath: "/etc/config"

readOnly: true

volumes:

- name : foo configMap :

name: config-map2

16 g apply -f example52.yml17 g get po18 g exec -it myconfigpod1 -- /bin/bash

apiVersion : autoscaling/v2
kind : HorizontalPodAutoscaler

metadata:

name: hpa-resource-metrics-memory

namespace: default

spec:

scaleTargetRef:
apiVersion: v1
kind: Deployment
name: tomcat-deploy

minReplicas: 3 maxReplicas: 10

metrics:

- type : Resource

resource:

name: memory

target:

type: AverageValue averageValue: 500Mi