

INTCDE21ID008

STAGE-3

Day 2 - NUnit

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Hands-On 1:

Follow the steps listed below to write the NUnit test cases for the application.

- 1) Create a Class Library project in the same solution which is provided and name it as suggested.
- 2) Rename the class file name (<SUT>Tests.cs).
- 3) Add the assembly reference of the UtilLib project to the test project.
- 4) Additionally, add the reference of both NUnit and NUnit3TestAdapter in the test project using NuGet Package Manager (NPM).
- 5) Write the suggested test methods.
- 6) Run your tests.
- 7) Break the test by modifying the source project functionality.
- 8) Rerun the test.
- 9) Observe the test result.

IMPLEMENTATION:

```
using NUnit.Framework;  
using CollectionsLib;  
using System.Linq;  
  
namespace ClassLib_Project.Tests
```

```

{
    [TestFixture]
    public class UnitTest1
    {
        [Test]
        public void UnitUnderTest_Scenario_ExpectedOutcom()
        {
            EmployeeManager em = new EmployeeManager();
            var contain_null = em.GetEmployees().Contains(null);
            Assert.AreEqual(contain_null, false);
            var empid = em.GetEmployees();

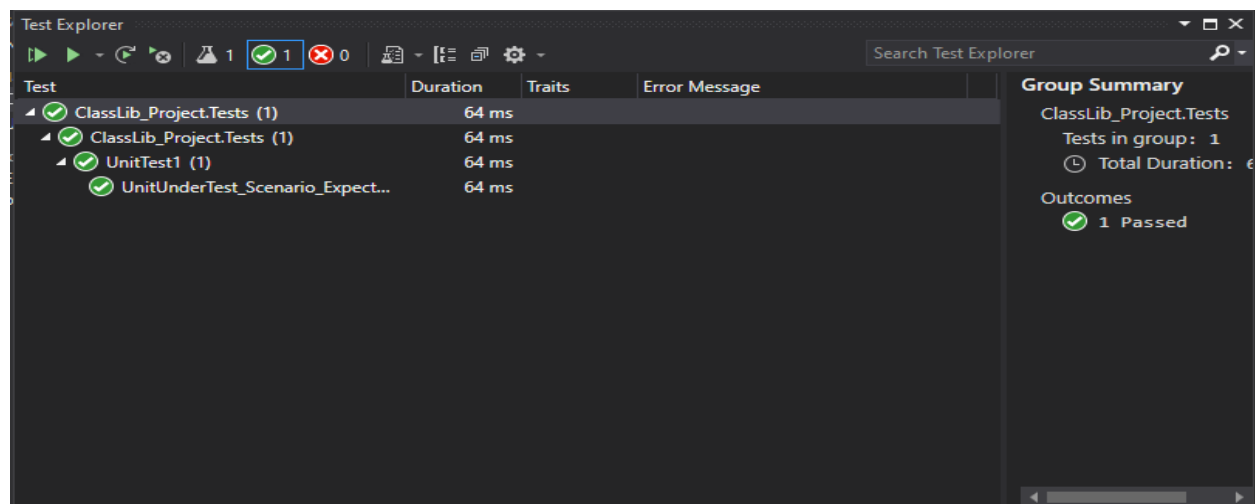
            int id = empid.Where(e => e.EmpId == 100).Count();
            Assert.That(id, Is.EqualTo(1));

            var unique = empid.Distinct().Count();
            Assert.That(unique, Is.EqualTo(empid.Count));

            var geo = em.GetEmployees();
            var gepyo = em.GetEmployeesWhoJoinedInPreviousYears();
            Assert.That(geo, Is.EquivalentTo(gepyo));
        }
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:



Hands-On 2:

Follow the steps listed below to write the NUnit test cases for the application.

- 1) Create a Class Library project in the same solution which is provided and name it as suggested.
- 2) Rename the class file name (<SUT>Tests.cs).
- 3) Add the assembly reference of the ConverterLib project to the test project.
- 4) Additionally, add the reference of NUnit, NUnit3TestAdapter and Moq in the test project using NuGet Package Manager (NPM).
- 5) Write the suggested test methods.
- 6) Run your tests.
- 7) Break the test by modifying the source project functionality.
- 8) Rerun the test.
- 9) Observe the test result.

IMPLEMENTATION:

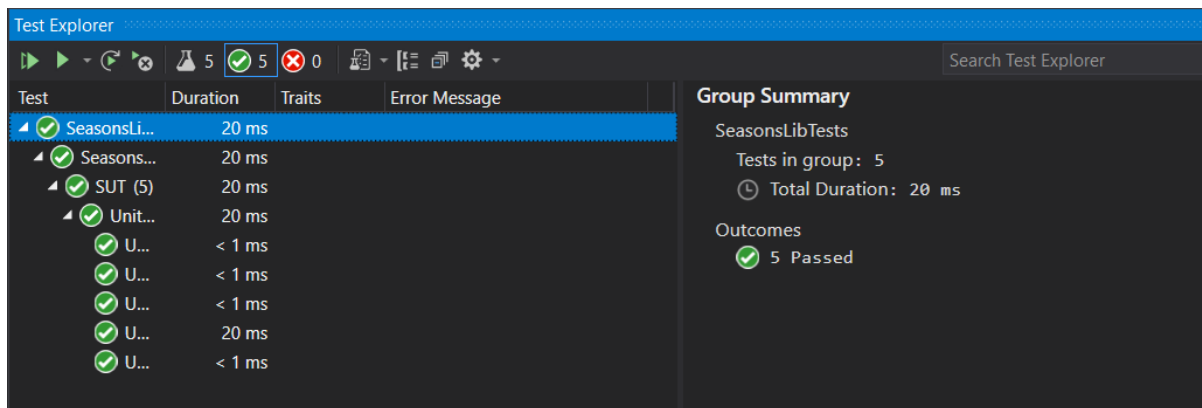
```
using NUnit.Framework;
using SeasonsLib;
namespace SeasonsLibTests
{
    public class SUT
    {
        SeasonTeller season;
        [SetUp]
        public void Setup()
        {
            season = new SeasonTeller();
        }
        [TearDown]
        public void Teardown()
        {
            season = null;
        }
        [Test]
        [TestCase("February", "Spring")]
        [TestCase("april", "Summer")]
        [TestCase("July", "Monsoon")]
        [TestCase("december", "Winter")]
        [TestCase("ecember", "Invalid Season")]
        public void UnitUnderTest_Scenario_ExpectedOutcome(string a, string expected)
        {
            string result = season.DisplaySeasonBy(a);
            Assert.That(expected, Is.EqualTo(result));
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }
}

```

OUTPUT:



Hands-On 3:

Follow the steps listed below to write the NUnit test cases for the application.

- 1) Create a Class Library project in the same solution which is provided and name it as suggested.
- 2) Rename the class file name (<SUT>Tests.cs).
- 3) Add the assembly reference of the ConverterLib project to the test project.
- 4) Additionally, add the reference of NUnit, NUnit3TestAdapter and Moq in the test project using NuGet Package Manager (NPM).
- 5) Write the suggested test methods.
- 6) Run your tests.
- 7) Break the test by modifying the source project functionality.
- 8) Rerun the test.

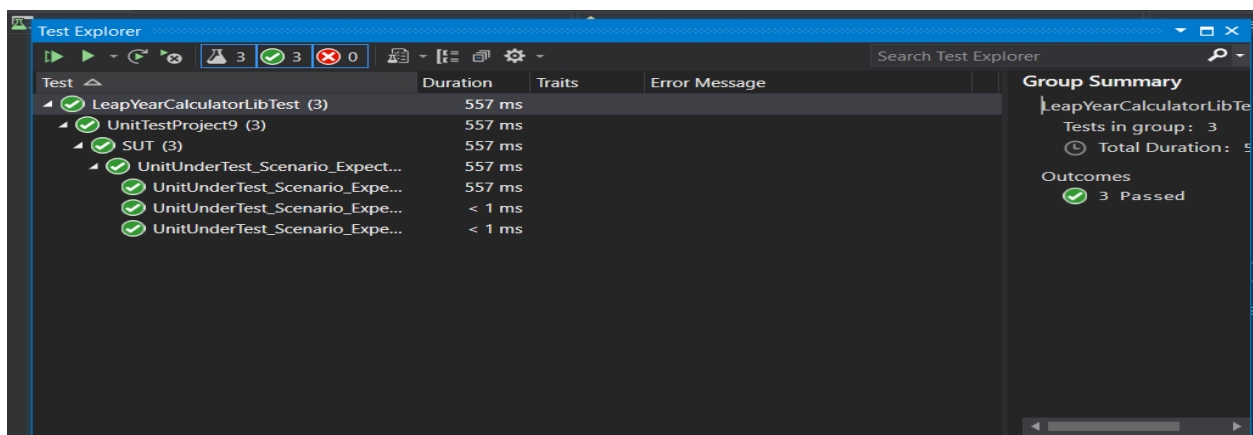
9) Observe the test result.

IMPLEMENTATION:

```
using NUnit.Framework;
using LeapYearCalculatorLib;

namespace UnitTestProject9
{
    [TestFixture]
    public class SUT
    {
        [Test]
        [TestCase(1752, -1)]
        [TestCase(2000, 1)]
        [TestCase(1998, 0)]
        public void UnitUnderTest_Scenario_ExpectedOutcome(int year, int expectedresult)
        {
            LeapYearCalculator leapYearCalculator = new LeapYearCalculator();
            int result = leapYearCalculator.IsLeapYear(year);
            Assert.That(result, Is.EqualTo(expectedresult));
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:



Hands-On 4:

PANCardNo property reads only 10 characters length value from the user. It is a mandatory property while creating the user.

Following exceptions may occur while creating the user.

- o `NullReferenceException`- If the input value is empty or null

- o `FormatException`-If the input string does not meet the length criteria.

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- 4) Additionally, add the reference of both NUnit and NUnit3TestAdapter in the test project using NuGet Package Manager (NPM).

- 5) Write the suggested test methods.

- 6) Run your tests.

- 7) Break the test by modifying the source project functionality.

- 8) Rerun the test.

- 9) Observe the test result.

IMPLEMENTATION:

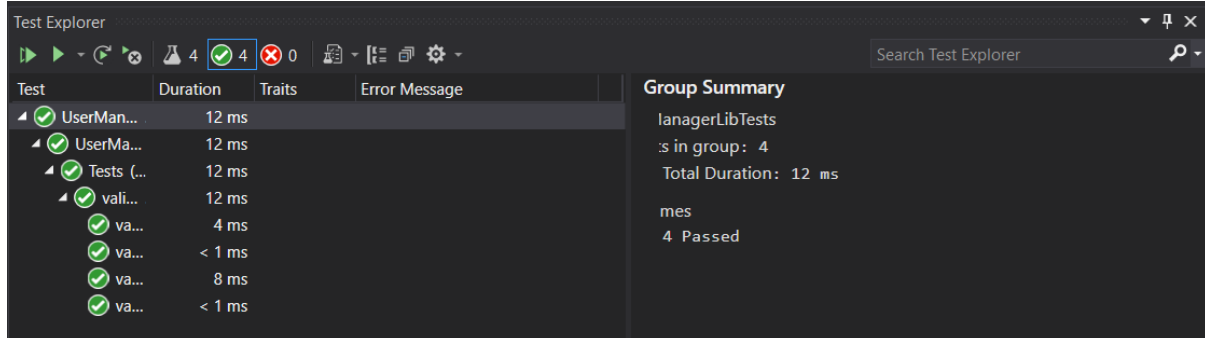
```
using NUnit.Framework;
using UserManagerLib;
using System;
namespace UserManagerLibTests
{
    public class Tests
    {
        User user;
        [SetUp]
        public void Setup()
        {
            user = new User();
        }
        [Test]
```

```

[TestCase("CYGPK00189")]
[TestCase("ABCDEFGHJI")]
[TestCase("")]
[TestCase("HCGYJIL8")]
public void validpancard(string a)
{
    try
    {
        user.CreateUser(new User { PANCardNo = a });
    }
    catch (NullReferenceException e)
    {
        Assert.That(e.Message, Is.EqualTo("Invalid Pan Card Number"));
    }
    catch (FormatException e)
    {
        Assert.That(e.Message, Is.EqualTo("Pan Card Number Should contain only 10
characters"));
    }
}
}
}

```

OUTPUT:



Hands-On 5:

Follow the steps listed below to write the NUnit test cases for the application.

- 1) Create a Class Library project in the same solution which is provided and name it as suggested.
- 2) Rename the class file name (<SUT>Tests.cs).

- 3) Add the assembly reference of the ConverterLib project to the test project.
- 4) Additionally, add the reference of NUnit, NUnit3TestAdapter and Moq in the test project using NuGet Package Manager (NPM).
- 5) Write the suggested test methods.
- 6) Run your tests.
- 7) Break the test by modifying the source project functionality.
- 8) Rerun the test.
- 9) Observe the test result.

IMPLEMENTATION:

```
using NUnit.Framework;
using ConverterLib;
using CurrencyConverterApp;
using Moq;
namespace ClassLib_Project.Tests
{
    [TestFixture]
    public class SUT
    {
        [Test]
        public void checkconverter()
        {
            double usd = 7.5;
            double con = 100;
            Mock<IDollarToEuroExchangeRateFeed> ustoeu = new
Mock<IDollarToEuroExchangeRateFeed>();
            ustoeu.Setup(t => t.GetActualUSDollarValue()).Returns(usd);
            Converter c = new Converter(ustoeu.Object);
            var eu = c.USDToEuro(con);
            Assert.AreEqual(eu, 750);
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

