

Experiment:6

Measurement of Capacitance by Schering Bridge

Aim:

- To Determine the Capacitance of an unknown Capacitor.

Theory:

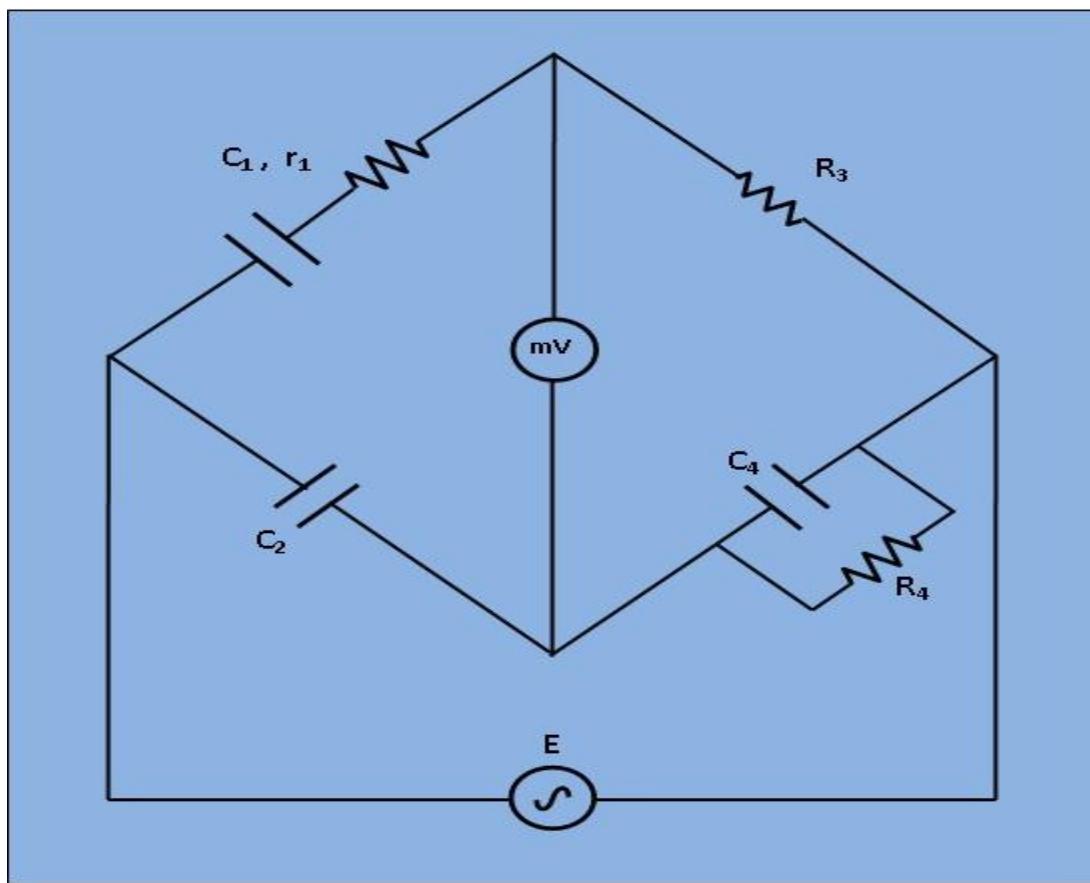


Fig 1: Circuit diagram for measurement of Capacitance by Schering Bridge

Let,

C_1 =capacitor whose capacitance is to be measured.

r_1 = a series resistance representing the loss in the capacitor C_1 .

C_2 = a standard capacitor.

R_3 = a non-inductive resistance.

C_4 = a variable capacitor.

R_4 = a variable non inductive resistance.

At balance,

$$(r_1 + \frac{1}{j\omega C_1}) * (\frac{R_4}{j\omega C_4 R_4 + 1}) = \frac{R_3}{j\omega C_2} \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

$$r_1 R_4 - \frac{jR_4}{\omega C_1} = -\frac{jR_3}{\omega C_2} + \frac{R_3 R_4 C_4}{C_2} \dots \dots \dots (2)$$

Or equating the real and imaginary terms in equa. (2), we obtain

$$r_1 = R_3 * \frac{C_4}{C_2} \dots \dots \dots (3)$$

$$C_1 = R_4 * \frac{C_2}{R_3} \dots \dots \dots (4)$$

And two independent balance equations (3) and (4) are obtained if C_4 and R_4 are chosen as the variable elements.

Dissipation factor

$$D_1 = \omega C_1 r_1 \dots \dots \dots (5)$$

Procedure

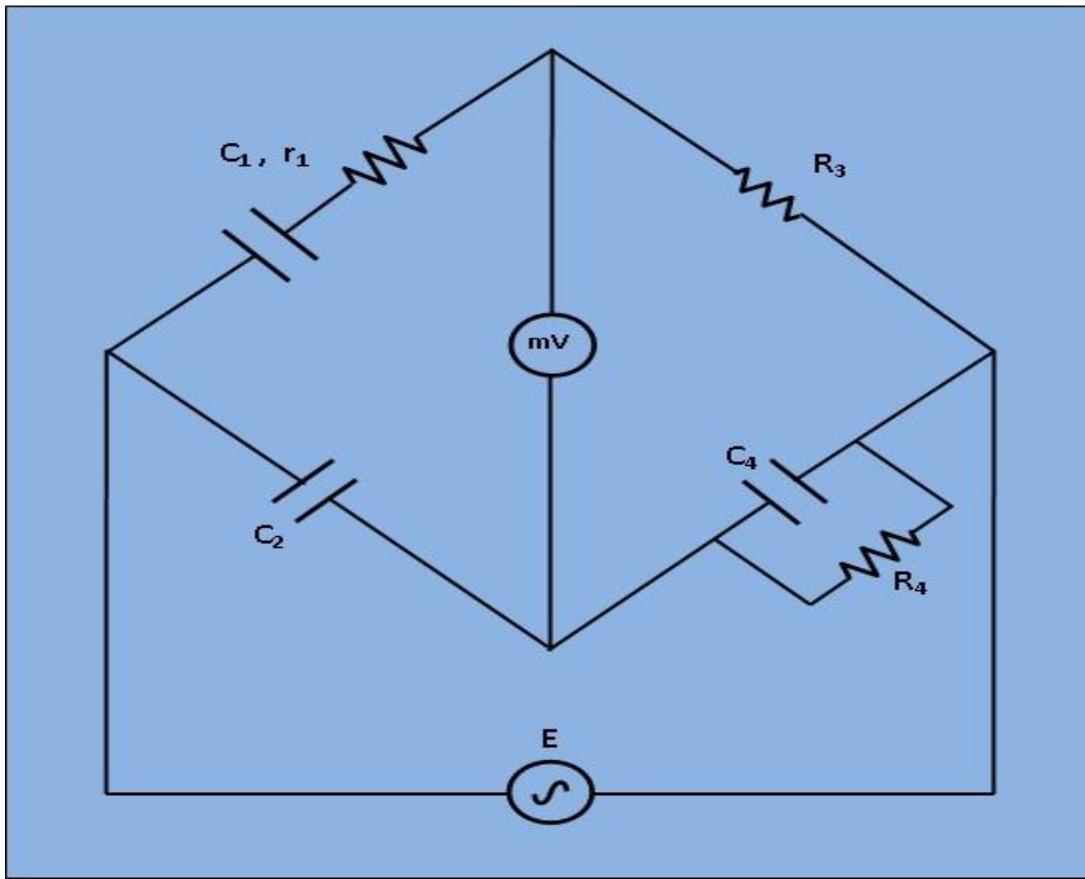


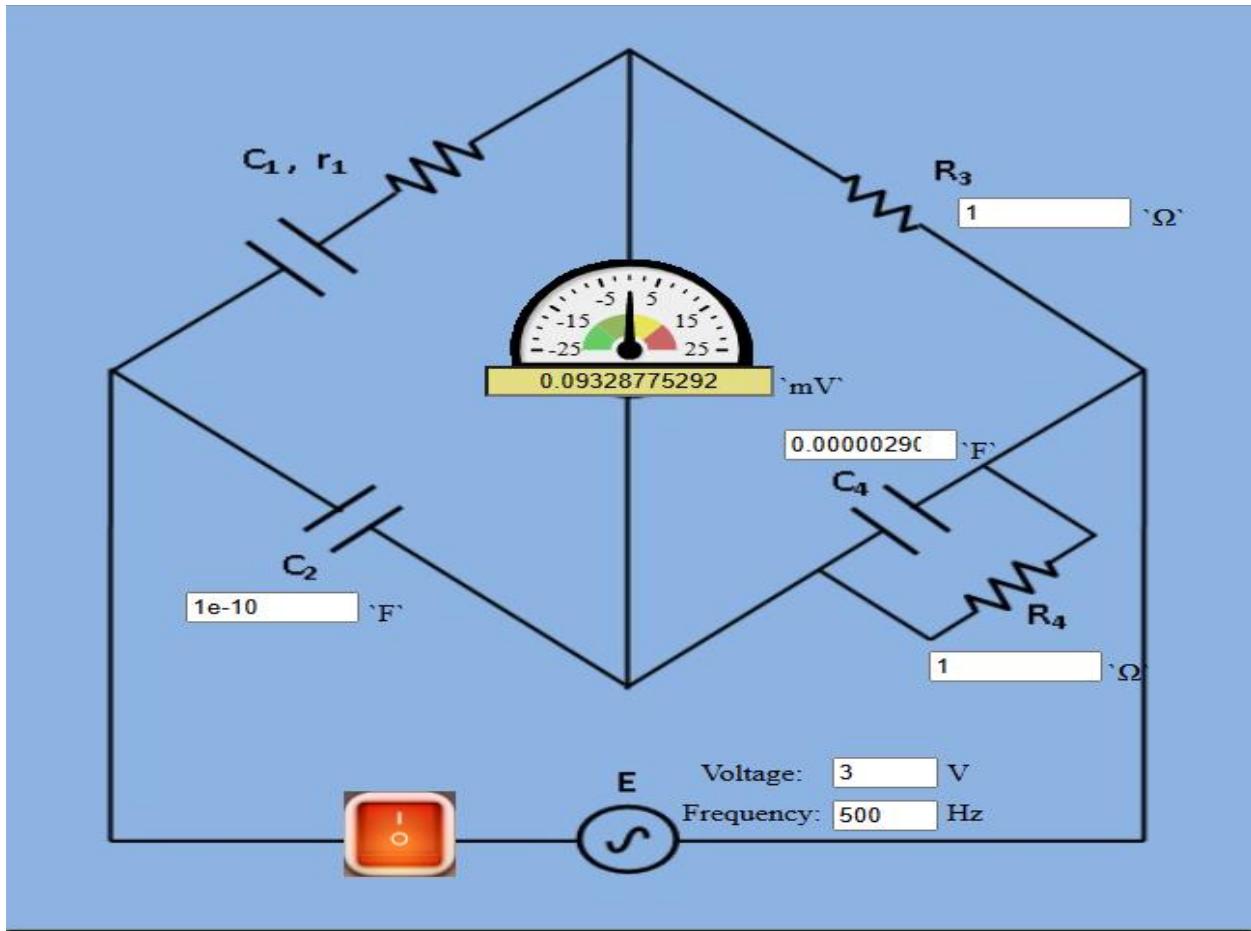
Fig. 1. Circuit diagram of experimental set-up for Capacitance measurement by Schering Bridge.

- 1) Apply Supply voltage from the signal generator with arbitrary frequency. ($V = 3v$). Also set the unknown Capacitance value from 'Set Capacitor Value' tab.
- 2) Then switch on the supply to get millivoltmeter deflection.
- 3) Choose the values of C_2 , C_4 , R_3 and R_4 from the capacitance and resistance box. Varry the values to some paticular values to achieve "NULL".
- 4) Observe the millivoltmeter pointer to achieve "NULL".
- 5) If "NULL" is achieved, switch to 'Measure Capacitor Value' tab and click on 'Simulate'. Observe the calculated values of unknown capacitance (C_1) and it's internal resistance (r_1).

6) Also observe the Dissipation factor of the unknown capacitor which is defined as

$$\omega * C * r \text{ Where, } \omega = 2\pi f$$

Simulation:



Set Capacitor Value	Measure Capacitor Value						
<p>The current voltmeter reading is: 0.09328775292 mv. Now simulate to get:</p> <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Capacitor value (in uF):</td> <td>0.00010000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Resistance value (in Ω):</td> <td>29067</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dissipation Factor:</td> <td>0.0091270</td> </tr> </table> <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 10px;"> <input style="background-color: #FF0000; color: white; padding: 5px; border-radius: 5px;" type="button" value="Simulate"/> </div>		Capacitor value (in uF):	0.00010000	Resistance value (in Ω):	29067	Dissipation Factor:	0.0091270
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Result:

Thus, the unknown capacitor is found using **Schering Bridge**