# **DNS SERVER**

Step 1:- Update and Upgrade Your System

Command:-sudo apt update

sudo apt upgrade

Step 2:- Install bind9

Command:-sudo apt install bind9

```
root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# apt install bind9
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
    bind9-utils
Suggested packages:
    bind-doc
The following NEW packages will be installed:
    bind9 bind9-utils
0 upgraded, 2 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
Need to get 413 kB of archives.
After this operation, 1,599 kB of additional disk space will be used.
```

Step 3:- Configure bind9

Command:-sudo nano /etc/bind/named.conf.local

```
root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# nano /etc/bind/named.conf.local
root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot#
```

Step 4:- Add a zone for your domain as the Following:-

```
GNU nano 7.2

//

// Do any local configuration here

//

// Consider adding the 1918 zones here, if they are not used in your

// organization

//include "/etc/bind/zones.rfc1918";

//forward lookup zone
zone "navjot.com" IN{
    type master;
    file "etc/bind/db.navjot.local";
    };
```

Step 5:- Create the zone file

<u>Command</u>:- sudo cp /etc/bind/db.local /etc/bind/db.example.com <u>Command</u>:- sudo nano /etc/bind/db.example.com

root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# cp /etc/bind/db.local /etc/bind/db.navjot.com
root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# nano /etc/bind/db.navjot.com

## Step 6:- Edit the zone file (`db.example.com`):

```
GNU nano 7.2
                                                   /etc/bind/db.navjot.com *
 BIND data file for local loopback interface
$TTL
        604800
                        ns1.navjot.com.root.navjot.com (
        IN
                SOA
                                        ; Serial
                         604800
                                        ; Refresh
                          86400
                                       ; Retry
                        2419200
                                       : Expire
                         604800 )
                                       ; Negative Cache TTL
        IN
                        ns1.navjot.com.
ns1
        IN
                Α
                        192.168.152.130
        IN
                Α
                        192.168.152.130
        IN
                        192.168.152.130
WWW
```

# Step 7:- Restart BIND9

**Command:** - sudo systemctl restart bind9

root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# systemctl restart bind9

#### Step 8:- Install Apache

Command:- sudo apt install apache2

```
root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# apt install apache2
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
    apache2-bin apache2-data apache2-utils libapr1t64 libaprutil1-dbd-sqlite3
    libaprutil1-ldap libaprutil1t64
Suggested packages:
    apache2-doc apache2-suexec-pristine | apache2-suexec-custom
The following NEW packages will be installed:
    apache2 apache2-bin apache2-data apache2-utils libapr1t64
    libaprutil1-dbd-sqlite3 libaprutil1-ldap libaprutil1t64
```

Step 9:- Create a new virtual host file

Command: - sudo nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/example.com.conf

root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/navjot.com.conf

Step 10:- Add the following configuration

```
GNU nano 7.2 /etc/apache2/sites-available/navjot.com.conf *

<VirtualHost *:80>
ServerAdmin webmaster@navjot.com
ServerName navjot.com
DocumentRoot /var/www/navjot.com
ErrorLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/error.log
CustomLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/access.log combined
</VirtualHost>
```

#### Step 11:- Enable the virtual host

Command: - sudo a2ensite example.com.conf

Command: - sudo systemctl reload apache2

```
root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# a2ensite navjot.com.conf
Enabling site navjot.com.
To activate the new configuration, you need to run:
    systemctl reload apache2
root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# systemctl reload apache2
```

## Step 12:- Create the document root directory and a test index.html file

Command:- sudo mkdir -p /var/www/example.com

Command:- sudo apt install gedit

```
root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# apt install gedit
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
gedit is already the newest version (46.2-2).
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
```

Command:- gedit /var/www/example.com/index.html

root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# gedit /var/www/navjot.com/index.html



#### Step 13:- Check Apache Configuration

Command: - sudo apache2ctl configtest

## Command: - sudo systemctl restart apache2

```
root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# apache2ctl configtest
AH00558: apache2: Could not reliably determine the server's fully qualified domain name, using 127.0.1.1. Set the 'Serve
rName' directive globally to suppress this message
Syntax OK
root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot#
```

```
root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# systemctl restart apache2 root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot#
```

### Step 14:- Configure Your Local Machine's DNS

Command: - sudo nano /etc/hosts

root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# nano /etc/hosts

Step 15:- Add your domain to the `/etc/hosts` file

```
GNU nano 7.2 /etc/hosts *

127.0.0.1 localhost

127.0.1.1 navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform

# The following lines are desirable for IPv6 capable hosts

::1 ip6-localhost ip6-loopback

fe00::0 ip6-localnet

ff00::0 ip6-mcastprefix

ff02::1 ip6-allnodes

ff02::2 ip6-allrouters

192.168.152.130 navjot.com

192.168.152.130 www.navjot.com
```

Step 16:- Ensure both BIND9 and Apache are running

Command:- sudo systemctl restart bind9

Command:- sudo systemctl restart apache2

```
root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# systemctl restart bind9 root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# systemctl restart apache2
```

## Step 17:- Use `dig` to check if the DNS is resolving correctly

Command: dig @localhost example.com

```
root@navjot-VMware-Virtual-Platform:/home/navjot# dig 192.168.152.130
; <>>> DiG 9.18.24-Oubuntu5-Ubuntu <>>> 192.168.152.130
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 15263
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1
;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 65494
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;192.168.152.130.
                               IN
                                        Α
;; ANSWER SECTION:
192.168.152.130.
                               IN
                                               192.168.152.130
;; Query time: 29 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.53#53(127.0.0.53) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Tue Jun 25 21:49:32 IST 2024
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 60
```

Step 18:- Access the Website: Open a web browser and navigate to `http://example.com`.

