

- Q-59) what can be control through a profile?
- ① Assigned App & Assigned Connected App
- ② Global Setting
  - ③ App permission
  - ④ App class & VF page Access
  - ⑤ External data & Source Access
  - ⑥ Name Credential Access
  - ⑦ Flow Access
  - ⑧ custom permission & custom metadata Type.
  - ⑨ Custom Setting Definition
  - ⑩ System permission.

- Q-60) Enhanced user profile user interface?
- ① you can switch to Enhanced profile user interface through:
- Setup > user management Setting.
- ② if enabled then you can Browse, Search and modify setting & permission in a profile through a Streamlined user interface.

- Q-61) what is permission Set?
- permission Set are used to extend permission to specific users without changing their profile.



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- ① A permission set is a collection of settings and permissions that give users access to various tools & functions.
  - ② Permission sets extend users' function access without changing their profile.
  - ③ Through permission sets, permission can be granted and any time it can be taken away as well.
  - ④ users can have only one profile but they can have multiple permission set assignments.

- Q-62) What can be added through a permission set?
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- ① Assigned App & Assigned Connected App
  - ② Object Setting
  - ③ App. permission
  - ④ Apex class & VF page Access
  - ⑤ External Data Source Access
  - ⑥ Named Credential Access
  - ⑦ Flow Access
  - ⑧ custom permission & custom metadata type
  - ⑨ custom Setting Definition
  - ⑩ System permission

- Q-63) What is permission Set Group?
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- ① permission Set Group bundles different permission sets together based on a person.



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- ① A permission Set Group includes all the permissions available in the permission sets.
  - ② One permission set can be included in more than one permission set groups.
  - ③ A user can be assigned one or more permission set groups.
  - ④ Also we can assign permission set and permission set groups together to users.

Q-13) what is MUTE in permission set group?

Ans → ① One can mute some permissions in permission set groups so that they won't be given to the user.

② If you mute particular permission in permission set group then it won't impact individual permission set, they remain intact.

③ You can anytime unmute the permissions in permission set group.

Q-64) How many profiles can be assigned to a user?

→ One

Q-65) How many permission sets can be assigned to a user?

→ Zero or Any number of permission sets



Q-66) What is Record Level Security?

→ own, sharing rule, role hierarchy  
① you can restrict access to records for users, even if user has object level permissions.

② For example, a user can view his own records but not others.

③ you can manage Record level Access in following ways:

i) organization - wide defaults

ii) Role hierarchy

iii) Sharing Rules

iv) manual sharing.

Q-67) What are Organization - wide Defaults?

→ own: Setting control the default level of access users have to each other's records. It can be private, public Read only, or public Read/Write.

i) It specifies the default level of access of records.

ii) Org. wide sharing: Setting lock down the data to the most restrictive level.

iii) Here you have three access level.

i) private

ii) public Read - only

iii) public Read/Write

④ you can use other Record level Security and sharing tools to open up the sharing of records.



Security ?  
Role Hierarchy  
to records  
as object level  
views his own  
level Access  
defaults

Wide Defaults  
default level  
each author's  
role: Public Read  
write

its level of access  
locking down  
restrictive level  
access level

Record level Security  
on up the

Q-68) what is Role Hierarchy ?  
→ ① Role hierarchy gives access for users higher in the hierarchy.  
② That user can access all records owned by the users below them in the hierarchy.  
③ Each role in the hierarchy should represent a level of data access that a user or group of users needs.  
④ You can assign users to role through role hierarchy on user detail page.

Q-69) what is Grant Access using Hierarchies ?  
→ ① This feature controls whether the user who is above in the role hierarchy can access the records of subordinates or  
② it is checked by default for all standard <sup>not</sup>  
③ we can control it for custom objects.

Q-70) what are sharing rules ?  
→ Sharing rules extend record access beyond the org setting to users who need additional access.  
① sharing rules are exceptions to org. wide defaults.  
② Through sharing rules you can share records to a group of users or to roles, roles & subordinates.  
③ So that, they can get access to the records they don't own or can't manually see.



Q-71)

Two ways to Create Sharing Rule?

Owner Based Sharing Rule

Criteria Based Sharing Rule

Q-72)

What is Manual Sharing?

→ ① Manual sharing allows owners of particular records to share them with another user

② Manual sharing is not automated like Org-wide defaults, Role hierarchy or Sharing rules

③ It can be useful in some situation where you manually want to share a record with another user.

Q-73)

What is Public Group?

→ ① A group of users

② you can add or remove users from one public group any time.

③ Following can be members of a public group.

① public Group

② Roles

③ Roles and Subordinates

④ Users

⑤ you can also control Grant Access using Hierarchies while creating public Group.

Q-74)

Object does not have Edit permission but

user is public Read/Write?

→ User won't be able to edit the record.

