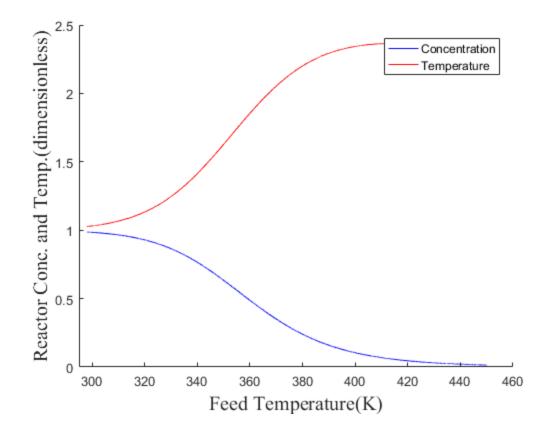
```
%HW1-Prb7(a)
%Navneet Singh(nsinghl@andrew.cmu.edu)
clc
          %clear screen
clear all % clearing all stored variables
close all %close previous plots
% Initializing given variables
v = 18*10^-3; %m^3
e = 7550;
                 %K
q = 60*10^-6;
                 %m^3/sec
cp = 4000;
                %J/Kq.K
ko = 4.5*10^6;
               %sec-1
cf = 3;
                 %kmol/m^3
del h = -8*10^8; %J/Kmol
ro = 1000;
                 %kg/m^3
n = 10000;
                 %dividing temeprature range into 'n' parts
tf = linspace(298,450,n); % tf ranges from room temperature to 450K.
k(1,:) = ko*exp(-e./tf(1,:)); % calculating k at different
 temperatures between 298K and 450K.
c(1,:) = (q*cf)./(q + k(1,:).*v); %calculating value of c (reactor
 concentration) at different temperatures.
t(1,:) = tf(1,:) - ((del h*v)/(ro*cp*q)) .*k(1,:) .*
 c(1,:); %calculating reactor temperature at different feed
 temperatures.
c_d = c/cf; %making reactor concentration dimensionless
t d = t./tf; %making reactor temperature dimensionless
figure
hold on
%plotting required variables.
plot(tf,c_d,'b')
plot(tf,t d,'r')
ylabel('Reactor Conc. and Temp.
(dimensionless)','fontsize',15,'fontname','times new roman')
xlabel('Feed Temperature(K)','fontsize',15,'fontname','times new
 roman')
legend('Concentration','Temperature')
xlim([295,460]); %setting appropriate x-axis limits.
```



Published with MATLAB® R2016a