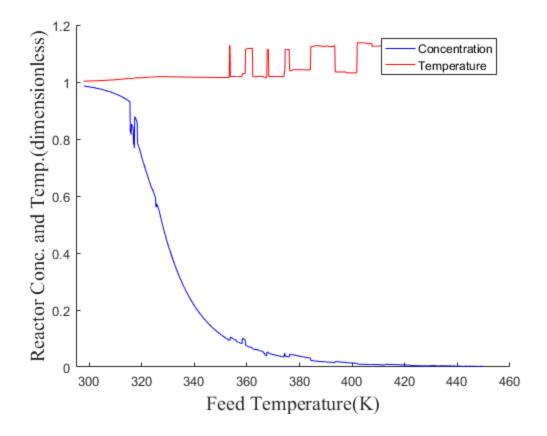
```
%HW2-Prb5
%Navneet Singh(nsinghl@andrew.cmu.edu)
function Problem_5
clc
clear all
close all
% Initializing given variables
v = 18*10^-3; %m^3
e = 7550;
                 %K
q = 60*10^{-6};
                 %m^3/sec
cp = 4000;
                 %J/Kq.K
ko = 4.5*10^6;
               %sec-1
cf = 3;
                 %kmol/m^3
del h = -8*10^7; %J/Kmol
                 %kg/m^3
ro = 1000;
n = 1000;
                %dividing temeprature range into 'n' parts
tf = linspace(298,450,n); % tf ranges from room temperature to 450K.
%running loop for all feed temperatures
for i = 1:length(tf)
    x0 = [cf tf(i)];
    options = optimset('display','off');
    %calling fsolve to solve equations
    [x(:,i),val,f] = fsolve(@eqn,x0,options);
end
 %Defining equation
function f = eqn(x)
    k = ko * exp(-e/x(2)); % k as a function of reactor temp
    f(1) = q * (cf - x(1)) - k * x(1) * v; %concentration equation
    f(2) = tf(i) - x(2) - ((del_h*v)/(ro*cp*q)) * k * x(1);
  %temperature equation
end
figure
hold on
%plotting required variables.
plot(tf,x(1,:)/cf,'b')
plot(tf, x(2,:)./tf, 'r')
ylabel('Reactor Conc. and Temp.
(dimensionless)','fontsize',15,'fontname','times new roman')
xlabel('Feed Temperature(K)','fontsize',15,'fontname','times new
roman')
legend('Concentration','Temperature')
xlim([295,460]); %setting appropriate x-axis limits.
```

end



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