# Data Structures (CS201)

## Lab Assignment 1 (Graded)

### August 01, 2023

Instructor: Anil Shukla

Due: August 05, 11:59 pm Total Marks: 20

Note: Graded means the marks will be counted for the final grading. Place proper comments in your source code. Write in C only. C++ is not allowed.

Note: Plagiarism is strictly prohibited. An appropriate disciplinary action will be taken if you are found to be involved in plagiarism.

Note: The instructions for submitting the assignment is mentioned in the google classroom. Carefully read the same and follow the instructions.

Note: At the end, find some test cases for each problem.

- (1) Using an array of size 100, implement a data structure in C that supports Push, Pop, and a third operation FindMin, which returns the smallest element in the data structure, all in O(1) worst case time and O(1) extra space. Refer test input cases for the details. (10 marks)
- (2) Write a C program to convert a given decimal number into it's 2's complement representation. The program first ask the user to enter a number and then print its 2's complement representation nicely. See some test cases at the end. Assume that you are working with 32 bits machine. (5 marks)
- (3) Write a C program to convert a sequence of binary numbers into it's equivalent decimal number. Interprete the sequence as a 2's complement representation. The program first ask user to enter a sequence of bits of arbitrary lengths (but <= 32 bits). Then your program should first save this sequence in a 32 bit format without changing the original value and print the same. Then print its original decimal value. See some test cases at the end. (5 marks)

#### Test Cases

#### Test cases for problem (1):

Enter 10 integers to push in stacks:

87, 40, 20, 22, 32, 44, 7, 55, 67, 9

top == 10

 $\min == 7$ 

- i) Push:
- d) Pop:
- u) 1 op .
- m) min:
- t) top:
- q) quit:

```
Enter your choice: d
9 popped
i) Push:
d) Pop:
m) min:
t) top:
q) quit:
Enter your choice: d
67 popped
i) Push:
d) Pop:
m) min:
t) top:
q) quit:
Enter your choice: m
\min == 7
i) Push:
d) Pop:
m) min:
t) top:
q) quit:
Enter your choice: q
Test Cases for (2):
Enter Number: 8
2's complement representation of 8 is: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000
Enter Number: -1
2's complement representation of -1 is: 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111
Enter Number: -64
2's complement representation of -64 is: 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1110
0000
Enter Number: -3
2's complement representation of -3 is: 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111
1101
Enter Number: -7
2's complement representation of -3 is: 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111
1001
Test Cases for question (3):
Enter sequence of binary strings: 1111111
```

Equivalent 32 bit format while interpreting as 2's complement: 1111 1111 1111

1111 1111 1111 1111 1111

Equivalent decimal number: -1

Enter sequence of binary strings: 0100

Equivalent 32 bit format while interpreting as 2's complement: 0000 0000 0000

 $0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0100$ 

Equivalent decimal number: 4

Enter sequence of binary strings: 10000000

Equivalent 32 bit format while interpreting as 2's complement: 1111 1111 1111

1111 1111 1111 1000 0000

Equivalent decimal number: -128

Enter sequence of binary strings: 11001

Equivalent 32 bit format while interpreting as 2's complement: 1111 1111 1111

1111 1111 1111 1111 1001 Equivalent decimal number: -7