



Refining your Results

- ✓ **Video:** Using String Patterns and Ranges
4 min
- ✓ **Video:** Sorting Result Sets
2 min
- ✓ **Video:** Grouping Result Sets
3 min
- ✓ Hands-on Lab : String Patterns, Sorting & Grouping
35 min
- ✓ **Reading:** Summary & Highlights
5 min
- ✓ **Practice Quiz:** Practice Quiz
5 questions
- ✓ **Quiz:** Graded Quiz: Refining Your Results
5 questions

Functions, Multiple Tables, and Sub-queries

- ✓ **Video:** Built-in Database Functions
6 min
- ✓ **Video:** Date and Time Built-in Functions
2 min
- ✓ Hands-on Lab: Built-in functions
15 min
- ✓ **Video:** Sub-Queries and Nested Selects
4 min
- ✓ Hands-on Lab: Sub-queries and Nested SELECTs
20 min



Summary & Highlights

Congratulations! You have completed this lesson. At this point in the course, you know:

- Most databases come with built-in functions that you can use in SQL statements to perform operations on data within the database itself.
- When you work with large datasets, you may save time by using built-in functions rather than first retrieving the data into your application and then executing functions on the retrieved data.
- You can use sub-queries to form more powerful queries than otherwise.
- You can use a sub-select expression to evaluate some built-in aggregate functions like the average function.
- Derived tables or table expressions are sub-queries where the outer query uses the results of the sub-query as a data source.

✓ Complete

Go to next item

