

4-1

April 19, 2024

```
[15]: # !pip install shap
```

```
[14]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import shap
from sklearn.metrics import zero_one_loss, log_loss
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
```

```
[16]: X, y = shap.datasets.adult()
X_display, y_display = shap.datasets.adult(display=True)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,
↳ random_state=7)
```

```
[62]: X_train.head()
```

```
[62]:
```

	Age	Workclass	Education-Num	Marital Status	Occupation \
12011	51.0	4	10.0	0	6
23599	51.0	1	14.0	6	12
23603	21.0	4	11.0	4	3
6163	25.0	4	10.0	4	12
14883	48.0	4	13.0	0	1

	Relationship	Race	Sex	Capital Gain	Capital Loss	Hours per week \
12011	0	4	0	0.0	0.0	40.0
23599	1	4	1	0.0	0.0	50.0
23603	3	2	1	0.0	0.0	40.0
6163	3	4	1	0.0	0.0	24.0
14883	3	4	1	0.0	0.0	38.0

	Country
12011	21
23599	8
23603	39
6163	39
14883	39

0.1 4(a)

```
[18]: clf = GradientBoostingClassifier(n_estimators=100 , random_state=10)
      clf.fit(X_train.values, y_train)
```

```
[18]: GradientBoostingClassifier(random_state=10)
```

```
[57]: # Make predictions on train and test sets
      y_pred = clf.predict(X_train.values)
      y_test_pred = clf.predict(X_test.values)
```

```
[58]: zero_one_loss(y_train, y_pred)
```

```
[58]: 0.13148802211302213
```

```
[59]: zero_one_loss(y_test, y_test_pred)
```

```
[59]: 0.1337325349301397
```

```
[60]: log_loss(y_train, y_pred)
```

```
[60]: 4.739308693862341
```

```
[61]: log_loss(y_test, y_test_pred)
```

```
[61]: 4.820209135869959
```

0.2 4 (b)

```
[28]: def permutation_importance(X_test_data, y_test_data, feature_index,
      ↪n_permutations=1,
      loss_type="zero_one",
      ↪feature_removal_method="random"):
      original_error = 0
      y_pred = clf.predict(X_test_data.values)

      if loss_type == "zero_one":
          original_error = zero_one_loss(y_test_data, y_pred)
      elif loss_type == "log_loss":
          original_error = log_loss(y_test_data, y_pred)

      permutation_errors = np.zeros(n_permutations)

      for i in range(n_permutations):
          X_test_permuted = X_test_data.copy()
          column_values = X_test_permuted.iloc[:, feature_index]
          if feature_removal_method == "random":
```

```

        column_values = column_values.to_numpy()
        np.random.shuffle(column_values)
        elif feature_removal_method == "mean_impute":
            column_values = column_values.mean()
            X_test_permuted.iloc[:, feature_index] = column_values

        y_pred_permuted = clf.predict(X_test_permuted.values)

        if loss_type == "zero_one":
            permutation_errors[i] = zero_one_loss(y_test_data, y_pred_permuted)
        else:
            permutation_errors[i] = log_loss(y_test_data, y_pred_permuted)

    importance = permutation_errors - original_error
    return np.mean(importance), np.std(importance)

```

```

[29]: n_features = X.shape[1]
      feature_importances = np.zeros(n_features)
      n_features

```

[29]: 12

```

[30]: for i in range(n_features):
      feature_importances[i], _ = permutation_importance(X_test, y_test, i, 1, u
↪ "zero_one", "random")

```

```

[44]: import plotly.graph_objects as go

      feature_indices = list(range(n_features))
      fig = go.Figure(data=[go.Bar(
          x=feature_indices,
          y=feature_importances,
      )])

      fig.update_layout(
          title="Finding Feature Importance using Permutation Test",
          xaxis_title="Feature Index",
          yaxis_title="Permutation Importance",
      )

      fig.update_xaxes(tickvals=feature_indices)
      fig.show()

```

0.3 4(c)

```
[41]: feature_importances_ten_times = np.zeros(n_features)
feature_importances_std_ten_times = np.zeros(n_features)
for i in range(n_features):
    feature_importances_ten_times[i], feature_importances_std_ten_times[i] =
        permutation_importance(X_test, y_test, i, 10, "zero_one", "random")
```

```
[49]: import plotly.graph_objects as go

fig = go.Figure()

fig.add_trace(go.Bar(
    x=list(range(n_features)),
    y=feature_importances_ten_times,
    error_y=dict(type='data', array=feature_importances_std_ten_times,
        ↪ visible=True),
    name='Feature Importance',
))

# Update layout
fig.update_layout(
    title="Finding Feature Importance using Permutation Test",
    xaxis_title="Feature Index",
    yaxis_title="Permutation Importance",
    xaxis=dict(
        tickmode='array',
        tickvals=list(range(n_features)),
        ticktext=list(range(n_features)),
    ),
)

fig.show()
```

0.4 4 (d)

```
[47]: feature_importances_mean = np.zeros(n_features)
for i in range(n_features):
    feature_importances_mean[i], _ = permutation_importance(X_test, y_test, i,
        ↪ 1, "zero_one", "mean_impute")
```

```
[50]: import plotly.graph_objects as go

fig = go.Figure()

fig.add_trace(go.Bar(
    x=list(range(n_features)),
```

```

        y=feature_importances_mean,
        name='Feature Importance',
    ))

fig.update_layout(
    title="Finding Feature Importance using Permutation Test",
    xaxis_title="Feature Index",
    yaxis_title="Permutation Importance",
    xaxis=dict(
        tickmode='array',
        tickvals=list(range(n_features)),
        ticktext=list(range(n_features)),
    ),
)

fig.show()

```

0.5 4(e)

```

[54]: feature_importances_log_loss = np.zeros(n_features)
      for i in range(n_features):
          feature_importances_log_loss[i], _ = permutation_importance(X_test, y_test,
                               ↪i, 1, "log_loss", "random")

```

```

[64]: import plotly.graph_objects as go

fig = go.Figure()

fig.add_trace(go.Bar(
    x=list(range(n_features)),
    y=feature_importances_log_loss,
    name='Feature Importance',
))

fig.update_layout(
    title="Finding Feature Importance using Permutation Test",
    xaxis_title="Feature Index",
    yaxis_title="Permutation Importance",
    xaxis=dict(
        tickmode='array',
        tickvals=list(range(n_features)),
        ticktext=list(range(n_features)),
    ),
)

fig.show()

```

[]: