

Natural Language Processing with Python & nltk Cheat Sheet by RJ Murray (murenei) via cheatography.com/58736/cs/15485/

Handling Text	
text='Some words'	assign string
list(text)	Split text into character tokens
set(text)	Unique tokens
len(text)	Number of characters

Accessing	corpora	a and lexi	cal resources

from nltk.c orpus	import CorpusReader object
import brown	
<pre>brown.w or ds(tex - t_id)</pre>	Returns pretokenised document as list of words
<pre>brown.f il eids()</pre>	Lists docs in Brown corpus
brown.c at ego ries()	Lists categories in Brown corpus

Tokenization

text.s pli t(" ")	Split by space
nltk.w ord _to ken ize -	nltk in-built word tokenizer
r(text)	
nltk.s ent _to ken ize -	nltk in-built sentence tokenizer
(doc)	

Lemmatization & Stemming

<pre>input= "List listed lists listing listin gs"</pre>	Different suffixes
<pre>words= inp ut.l ow er().s - plit(' ')</pre>	Normalize (lower- case) words
porter =nl tk.P or ter Stemmer	Initialise Stemmer
<pre>[porte r.s tem(t) for t in words]</pre>	Create list of stems
WNL=nl tk.W or dNe tLe mma -	Initialise WordNet
tizer()	lemmatizer
[WNL.1 emm ati ze(t) for t in words]	Use the lemmatizer

Part of Speech (POS) Tagging

nltk.h elp.up enn -	Lookup definition for a POS tag
_ta gse t('MD')	
nltk.p os_ tag -	nltk in-built POS tagger
(words)	
	<use alternative="" an="" tagger="" td="" to<=""></use>
	illustrate ambiguity>

Sentence Parsing	
g=nltk.da ta.l oa d(' gra -	Load a grammar from a file
mma r.cfg')	
g=nltk.CF G.f rom str ing -	Manually define grammar
(""""")	
parser =nl tk.C ha rtP ars -	Create a parser out of the
er(g)	grammar
trees= par ser.pa rse _al l(text)	
for tree in trees: print t	ree
from nltk.c orpus import treeb	ank

Treebank parsed

sentences

Text Classification

('w sj_ 000 1.mrg')

from sklear n.f eat ure _ex tra	cti on.text import
CountV ect orizer, TfidfV ect or	rizer
vect=C oun tVe cto riz -	Fit bag of words model to
er().f it(X_t rain)	data
<pre>vect.g et_ fea tur e_n ames()</pre>	Get features
vect.t ran sfo rm(X_t rain)	Convert to doc-term

Entity Recognition (Chunking/Chinking)

treeba nk.p ar sed se nts -

g="NP: { <d t="">? <jj>*< - NN> }"</jj></d>	Regex chunk grammar
<pre>cp=nlt k.R ege xpP ars - er(g)</pre>	Parse grammar
<pre>ch=cp.p ar se(pos - _sent)</pre>	Parse tagged sent. using grammar
print(ch)	Show chunks
ch.draw()	Show chunks in IOB tree
<pre>cp.eva lua te(tes t_s - ents)</pre>	Evaluate against test doc
<pre>sents= nlt k.c orp us.t re nts()</pre>	eba nk.t ag ged _se -
<pre>print(nlt k.n e_c hun - k(s ent))</pre>	Print chunk tree



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RegEx with Pandas & Named Groups

```
df=pd.D at aFr ame (ti me_ sents, column s=[ 'te -
xt'])

df['te xt' ].s tr.s pl it().s tr.l en()

df['te xt' ].s tr.c on tai ns( 'word')

df['te xt' ].s tr.c ou nt( r'\d')

df['te xt' ].s tr.f in dal l(r '\d')

df['te xt' ].s tr.r ep lac e(r '\w +da y\b', '???')

df['te xt' ].s tr.r ep lac e(r '(\w)', lambda x:
x.grou ps()[0][:3])

df['te xt' ].s tr.e xt rac t(r '( \d? \d): (\d -
\d)')

df['te xt' ].s tr.e xt rac tal l(r '(( \d? \d): (\d\d))

df['te xt' ].s tr.e xt rac tal l(r '(? P<d igi -
ts> \d)')
```



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