

Credit Card Frauds Detection Using machine Learning

Dataset Information

The dataset contains transactions made by credit cards in September 2013 by European cardholders. This dataset presents transactions that occurred in two days, where we have 492 frauds out of 284,807 transactions. The dataset is highly unbalanced, the positive class (frauds) account for 0.172% of all transactions.

It contains only numerical input variables which are the result of a PCA transformation. Unfortunately, due to confidentiality issues, we cannot provide the original features and more background information about the data. Features V1, V2, ... V28 are the principal components obtained with PCA, the only features which have not been transformed with PCA are 'Time' and 'Amount'. Feature 'Time' contains the seconds elapsed between each transaction and the first transaction in the dataset. The feature 'Amount' is the transaction Amount, this feature can be used for example-dependant cost-sensitive learning. Feature 'Class' is the response variable and it takes value 1 in case of fraud and 0 otherwise.

Given the class imbalance ratio, we recommend measuring the accuracy using the Area Under the Precision-Recall Curve (AUPRC). Confusion matrix accuracy is not meaningful for unbalanced classification.

Import modules

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
%matplotlib inline
```

1. Data Collection

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv("creditcard.csv")
```

Ask some basic question about your data

a. how big the data?

```
In [3]: df.shape
```

```
Out[3]: (284807, 31)
```

b. how the data look like?

```
In [4]: df.head(5)
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	...	V21	V22	V23	V24
0	0.0	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698	0.363787	...	-0.018307	0.277838	-0.110474	0.066928
1	0.0	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.085102	-0.255425	...	-0.225775	-0.638672	0.101288	-0.339846
2	1.0	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	1.800499	0.791461	0.247676	-1.514654	...	0.247998	0.771679	0.909412	-0.689281
3	1.0	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	1.247203	0.237609	0.377436	-1.387024	...	-0.108300	0.005274	-0.190321	-1.175575
4	2.0	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	0.095921	0.592941	-0.270533	0.817739	...	-0.009431	0.798278	-0.137458	0.141267

5 rows × 31 columns



```
In [5]: df.sample(5)
```

```
Out[5]:
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	...	V21	V22	V23
113509	73094.0	-2.097985	-1.164713	1.871078	-1.357878	-1.035937	0.901266	-0.497693	1.021664	-0.902012	...	0.346244	0.452661	0.311866
49250	43974.0	1.346923	-1.023541	0.036388	-1.266140	-1.224028	-1.004749	-0.453017	-0.282107	-2.220760	...	-0.415028	-0.979059	0.162147
239437	150108.0	1.893253	0.426856	-0.157178	3.532845	0.521660	1.049874	-0.319696	0.142693	-0.686691	...	-0.216662	-0.590834	0.360117
122012	76402.0	1.179768	0.265222	0.722161	0.689779	-0.492357	-0.811274	0.042268	-0.140118	-0.098995	...	-0.186806	-0.475905	0.223435
79318	57967.0	-3.176619	2.383538	-2.549888	-0.954973	0.773420	3.638557	-2.233492	-0.066616	-0.900788	...	-1.500868	-0.685052	0.502935

5 rows × 31 columns



2. Data Preprocessing 🕒 ✨

c. Understand data type of any columns

```
In [6]: df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 284807 entries, 0 to 284806
Data columns (total 31 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
0   Time        284807 non-null  float64
1   V1          284807 non-null  float64
2   V2          284807 non-null  float64
3   V3          284807 non-null  float64
4   V4          284807 non-null  float64
5   V5          284807 non-null  float64
6   V6          284807 non-null  float64
7   V7          284807 non-null  float64
8   V8          284807 non-null  float64
9   V9          284807 non-null  float64
10  V10         284807 non-null  float64
11  V11         284807 non-null  float64
12  V12         284807 non-null  float64
13  V13         284807 non-null  float64
14  V14         284807 non-null  float64
15  V15         284807 non-null  float64
16  V16         284807 non-null  float64
17  V17         284807 non-null  float64
18  V18         284807 non-null  float64
19  V19         284807 non-null  float64
20  V20         284807 non-null  float64
21  V21         284807 non-null  float64
22  V22         284807 non-null  float64
23  V23         284807 non-null  float64
24  V24         284807 non-null  float64
25  V25         284807 non-null  float64
26  V26         284807 non-null  float64
27  V27         284807 non-null  float64
28  V28         284807 non-null  float64
29  Amount      284807 non-null  float64
30  Class       284807 non-null  int64  
dtypes: float64(30), int64(1)
memory usage: 67.4 MB
```

d. is there any null values present or not?

```
In [7]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[7]: Time        0
V1              0
V2              0
V3              0
V4              0
V5              0
V6              0
V7              0
V8              0
V9              0
V10             0
V11             0
V12             0
V13             0
V14             0
V15             0
V16             0
V17             0
V18             0
V19             0
V20             0
V21             0
V22             0
V23             0
V24             0
V25             0
V26             0
V27             0
V28             0
Amount          0
Class           0
dtype: int64
```

e. highly mathematicla information about your data

```
In [8]: df.describe()
```

```
Out[8]:
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	
count	284807.000000	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05
mean	94813.859575	1.168375e-15	3.416908e-16	-1.379537e-15	2.074095e-15	9.604066e-16	1.487313e-15	-5.556467e-16	1.213481e-16	-2.406331e-16
std	47488.145955	1.958696e+00	1.651309e+00	1.516255e+00	1.415869e+00	1.380247e+00	1.332271e+00	1.237094e+00	1.194353e+00	1.098632e+00
min	0.000000	-5.640751e+01	-7.271573e+01	-4.832559e+01	-5.683171e+00	-1.137433e+02	-2.616051e+01	-4.355724e+01	-7.321672e+01	-1.343407e+01
25%	54201.500000	-9.203734e-01	-5.985499e-01	-8.903648e-01	-8.486401e-01	-6.915971e-01	-7.682956e-01	-5.540759e-01	-2.086297e-01	-6.430976e-01
50%	84692.000000	1.810880e-02	6.548556e-02	1.798463e-01	-1.984653e-02	-5.433583e-02	-2.741871e-01	4.010308e-02	2.235804e-02	-5.142873e-02
75%	139320.500000	1.315642e+00	8.037239e-01	1.027196e+00	7.433413e-01	6.119264e-01	3.985649e-01	5.704361e-01	3.273459e-01	5.971390e-01
max	172792.000000	2.454930e+00	2.205773e+01	9.382558e+00	1.687534e+01	3.480167e+01	7.330163e+01	1.205895e+02	2.000721e+01	1.559499e+01

8 rows × 31 columns

```
In [9]: # show all columns
df.columns
```

```
Out[9]: Index(['Time', 'V1', 'V2', 'V3', 'V4', 'V5', 'V6', 'V7', 'V8', 'V9', 'V10',
              'V11', 'V12', 'V13', 'V14', 'V15', 'V16', 'V17', 'V18', 'V19', 'V20',
              'V21', 'V22', 'V23', 'V24', 'V25', 'V26', 'V27', 'V28', 'Amount',
              'Class'],
              dtype='object')
```

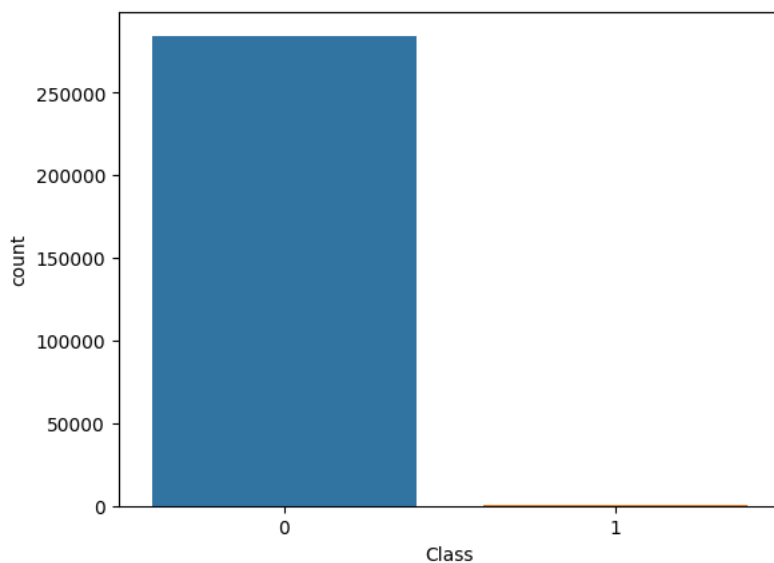
EDA(Exploratory Data Analysis) perform in the dataset

```
In [10]: df["Class"].value_counts()
```

```
Out[10]: 0    284315
         1     492
         Name: Class, dtype: int64
```

```
In [11]: sns.countplot(data = df,x = df["Class"])
```

```
Out[11]: <AxesSubplot: xlabel='Class', ylabel='count'>
```



```
In [12]: legit = df[df.Class ==0]
         fraud = df[df.Class==1]
```

In [13]: legit

Out[13]:

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	...	V21	V22	V23
0	0.0	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698	0.363787	...	-0.018307	0.277838	-0.110474
1	0.0	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.085102	-0.255425	...	-0.225775	-0.638672	0.101288
2	1.0	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	1.800499	0.791461	0.247676	-1.514654	...	0.247998	0.771679	0.909412
3	1.0	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	1.247203	0.237609	0.377436	-1.387024	...	-0.108300	0.005274	-0.190321
4	2.0	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	0.095921	0.592941	-0.270533	0.817739	...	-0.009431	0.798278	-0.137458
...
284802	172786.0	-11.881118	10.071785	-9.834783	-2.066656	-5.364473	-2.606837	-4.918215	7.305334	1.914428	...	0.213454	0.111864	1.014480
284803	172787.0	-0.732789	-0.055080	2.035030	-0.738589	0.868229	1.058415	0.024330	0.294869	0.584800	...	0.214205	0.924384	0.012463
284804	172788.0	1.919565	-0.301254	-3.249640	-0.557828	2.630515	3.031260	-0.296827	0.708417	0.432454	...	0.232045	0.578229	-0.037501
284805	172788.0	-0.240440	0.530483	0.702510	0.689799	-0.377961	0.623708	-0.686180	0.679145	0.392087	...	0.265245	0.800049	-0.163298
284806	172792.0	-0.533413	-0.189733	0.703337	-0.506271	-0.012546	-0.649617	1.577006	-0.414650	0.486180	...	0.261057	0.643078	0.376777

284315 rows × 31 columns

In [14]: fraud

Out[14]:

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	...	V21	V22	V23
541	406.0	-2.312227	1.951992	-1.609851	3.997906	-0.522188	-1.426545	-2.537387	1.391657	-2.770089	...	0.517232	-0.035049	-0.465211
623	472.0	-3.043541	-3.157307	1.088463	2.288644	1.359805	-1.064823	0.325574	-0.067794	-0.270953	...	0.661696	0.435477	1.375966
4920	4462.0	-2.303350	1.759247	-0.359745	2.330243	-0.821628	-0.075788	0.562320	-0.399147	-0.238253	...	-0.294166	-0.932391	0.172726
6108	6986.0	-4.397974	1.358367	-2.592844	2.679787	-1.128131	-1.706536	-3.496197	-0.248778	-0.247768	...	0.573574	0.176968	-0.436207
6329	7519.0	1.234235	3.019740	-4.304597	4.732795	3.624201	-1.357746	1.713445	-0.496358	-1.282858	...	-0.379068	-0.704181	-0.656805
...
279863	169142.0	-1.927883	1.125653	-4.518331	1.749293	-1.566487	-2.010494	-0.882850	0.697211	-2.064945	...	0.778584	-0.319189	0.639419
280143	169347.0	1.378559	1.289381	-5.004247	1.411850	0.442581	-1.326536	-1.413170	0.248525	-1.127396	...	0.370612	0.028234	-0.145640
280149	169351.0	-0.676143	1.126366	-2.213700	0.468308	-1.120541	-0.003346	-2.234739	1.210158	-0.652250	...	0.751826	0.834108	0.190944
281144	169966.0	-3.113832	0.585864	-5.399730	1.817092	-0.840618	-2.943548	-2.208002	1.058733	-1.632333	...	0.583276	-0.269209	-0.456108
281674	170348.0	1.991976	0.158476	-2.583441	0.408670	1.151147	-0.096695	0.223050	-0.068384	0.577829	...	-0.164350	-0.295135	-0.072173

492 rows × 31 columns

In [15]: legit.shape

Out[15]: (284315, 31)

In [16]: fraud.shape

Out[16]: (492, 31)

In [17]: legit = legit.sample(492)

In [18]: legit.shape

Out[18]: (492, 31)

In [19]: df = pd.concat([legit,fraud],axis = 0)

In [20]: df.shape

Out[20]: (984, 31)

In [21]: df["Class"].value_counts()

Out[21]: 0 492
1 492
Name: Class, dtype: int64

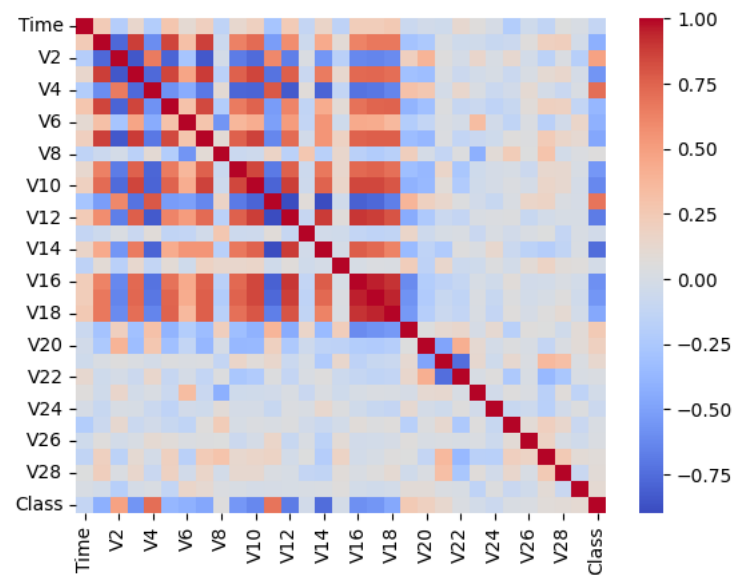
```
In [22]: df.groupby("Class").mean()
```

Out[22]:

	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	...	V20	V21	V22	V23	V24	V25	V26	V27	V28	Am
	-0.008025	0.024056	-0.033637	0.032243	0.025884	...	-0.076983	-0.010141	-0.049904	0.026096	-0.02090	0.016342	0.029892	0.010050	0.002546	75.13
	-3.151225	-1.397737	-5.568731	0.570636	-2.581123	...	0.372319	0.713588	0.014049	-0.040308	-0.10513	0.041449	0.051648	0.170575	0.075667	122.21

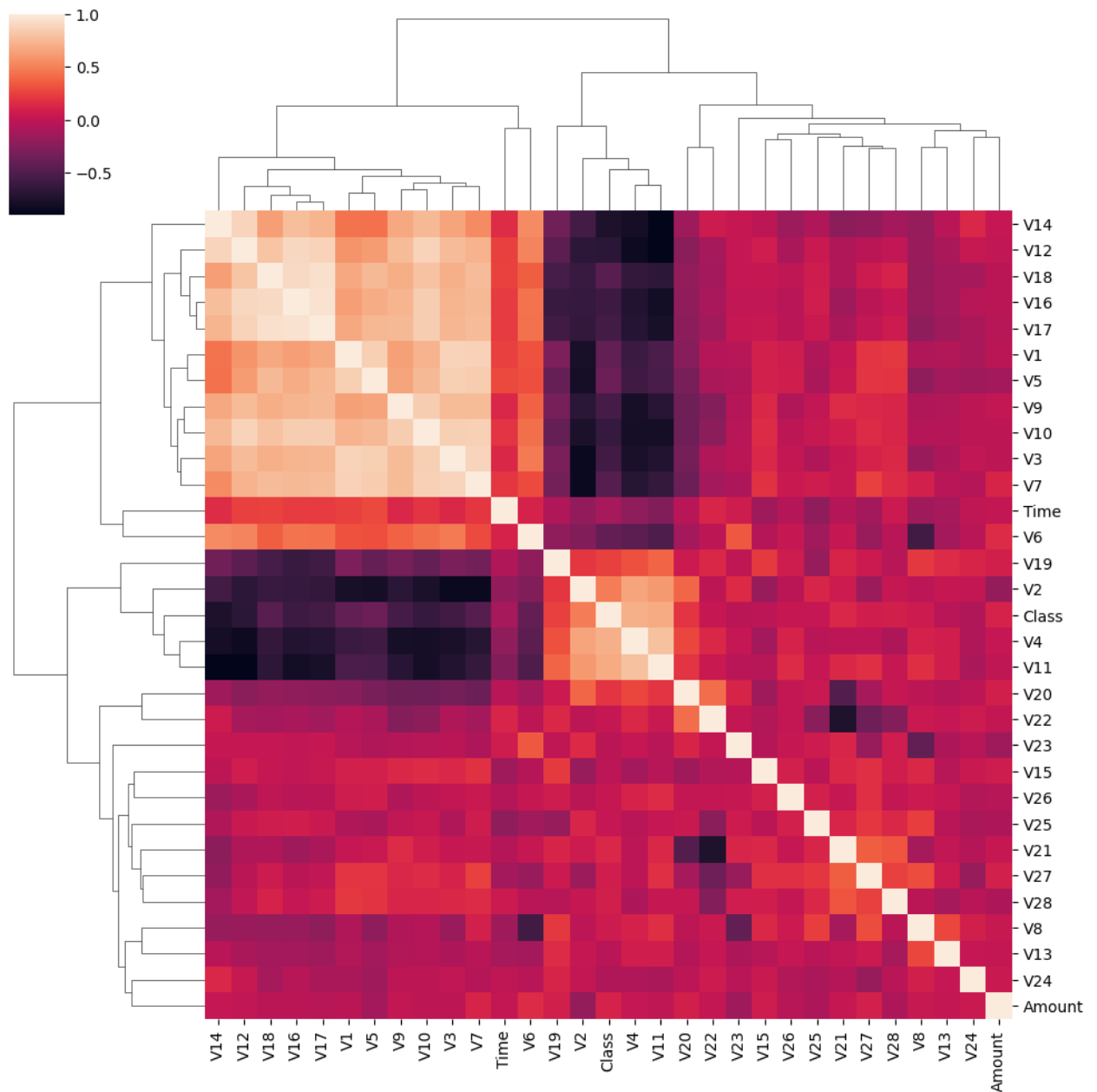
```
In [23]: sns.heatmap(df.corr(),cmap="coolwarm")
```

Out[23]: <AxesSubplot: >



```
In [24]: sns.clustermap(df.corr())
```

```
Out[24]: <seaborn.matrix.ClusterGrid at 0x14562397af0>
```



```
In [25]: x = df.drop("Class",axis = "columns")
```

```
In [26]: y = df["Class"]
```

```
In [27]: x.shape
```

```
Out[27]: (984, 30)
```

```
In [28]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=2)
```

```
In [29]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
model = LogisticRegression()
model.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[29]: LogisticRegression
LogisticRegression()
```

```
In [30]: y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
```

```
In [31]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

```
In [32]: print(f"accuracy score of this model is {accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)}")
```

accuracy score of this model is 0.934010152284264

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [37]: input_data = (91595.506098,-0.084798,0.016967,0.072183,-0.007679,-0.008025,0.024056,-0.033637,0.032243,0.025884,-0.076983,-0.000000)
input_data_as_numpy_array = np.asarray(input_data)
input_data_reshape = input_data_as_numpy_array.reshape(1,-1)
prediction = model.predict(input_data_reshape)
print(prediction)
if(prediction[0]==1):
    print("Fraud Transection")
else:
    print("NOt Fraud")
```

[0]
NOt Fraud

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```