Mini-Project 1: E-Commerce Website Using: Angular + Springboot + MySQL

References:

1. (92) How To Build a Full-Stack E-Commerce WebSite | Angular | Spring Boot | MySQL | 2024 | Simplilearn - YouTube

Will Work On:

- Frontend Technology: HTML | CSS | TYPESCRIPT | Angular
- Backend Technology: Java, Spring Framework, and Spring Boot
- Communication Between Front-end and Back-end Technology: Rest API
- Database: MySQL | Mongo db
- To Connect Database : JDBC | ORM < Hibernate or JPA | Spring Data JPA >

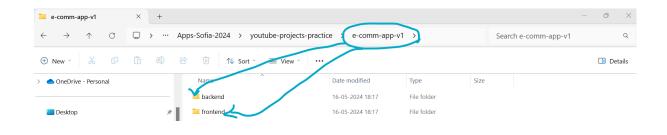
Work-space Path:

C:\Apps-Sofia-2024\youtube-projects-practice\e-comApp

Let's create two folders:

- 1. Frontend folder
- 2. Backend folder

Back-end Part:



Login Module

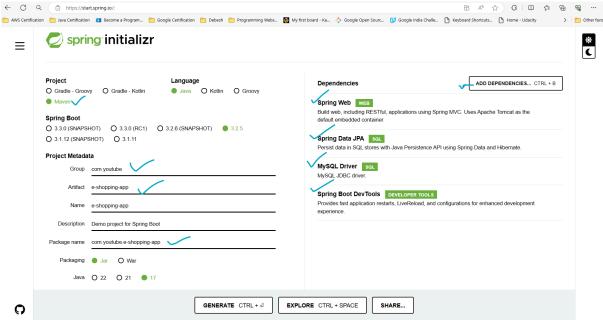
Product Module \rightarrow add product ,delete product , update product and view product etc.

Order Module

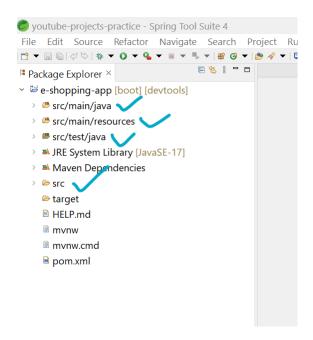
Account Module etc.

Create Spring Boot Project: e-shopping app

Go to: spring initializer ← ♂ ♀ ♠ https://start.spring.io/;



Keep the generated Maven folder inside the backend folder. The setup is ready.



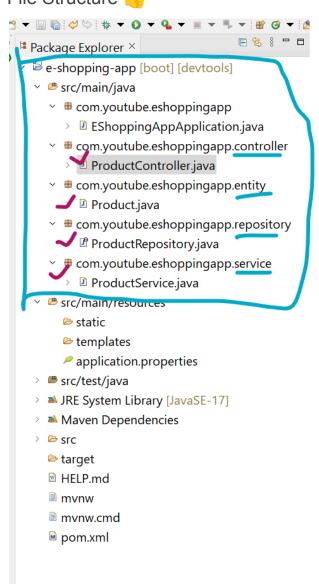
POM. XML → Project Object Model

```
<dependencies>
     <dependency>
           <groupId>org.springframework.boot
           <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-data-jpa</artifactId>
     </dependency>
     <dependency>
           <groupId>org.springframework.boot
           <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>
     </dependency>
     <dependency>
           <groupId>org.springframework.boot
           <artifactId>spring-boot-devtools</artifactId>
           <scope>runtime</scope>
           <optional>true</optional>
     </dependency>
     <dependency>
           <groupId>com.mysql</groupId>
           <artifactId>mysql-connector-j</artifactId>
           <scope>runtime</scope>
     </dependency>
     <dependency>
           <groupId>org.springframework.boot
           <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-test</artifactId>
           <scope>test</scope>
```

</dependency>

DAO layer: Data Access





Now the Product setup is ready. But where do we store the data? \rightarrow In database

MySQL: Create Database: capstone

Way-1: Establish MySQL Connectivity via Command Line: A Quick Guide

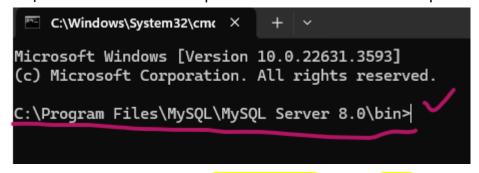
Step1: Access your MySQL server.

Step2: Navigate to the desired path.



Step-3: Open the Command Prompt by typing "cmd".

Step-4: The Command Prompt will launch with the chosen path.



Step-5: Input the command: mysql -u root -p (replace root with your username if different).

Step-6 : You'll be prompted to enter your MySQL password. (e.g., password: root)

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.3593]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Program Files\MySQL\MySQL Server 8.0\bin>mysql -u root -p
Enter password: ****
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 65
Server version: 8.0.34 MySQL Community Server - GPL

Copyright (c) 2000, 2023, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
```

Step-7: Test the connection with a query like show databases;

```
mysql> show databases;
Database
 caltech
 capstone
 dbs
 information_schema
 mysql
 performance_schema
 queen_db
 sakila
 sys
 tummoc
 tummoc1
 world
13 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
```

Way-2: Connect Using MySQL Workbench(Optional):

A graphical tool provided by MySQL to connect MySQL SERVER.

- Open MySQL Workbench → 3306
- Write the command to create the database and others

```
create database capstone;
use capstone;
show tables;
```

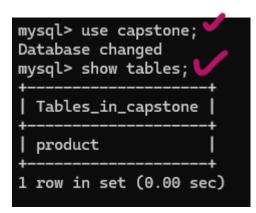
Establish a Connection To the Database from Spring Boot

Open: application.properties

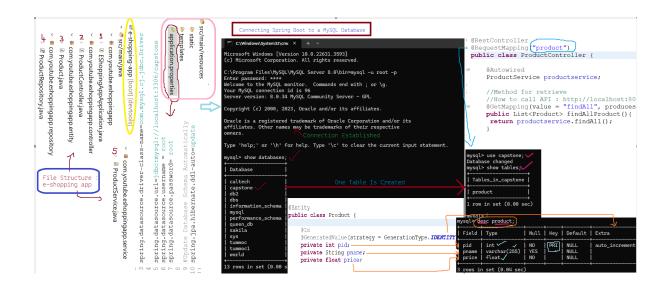
Then Write the following:

```
spring.datasource.driver-class-name=com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/capstone
spring.datasource.username = root
spring.datasource.password= root
#Update Database Schema Automatically
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update
```

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmc ×
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.3593]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Program Files\MySQL\MySQL Server 8.0\bin>mysql -u root -p
Enter password: ****
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g. Your MySQL connection id is 96
Server version: 8.0.34 MySQL Community Server - GPL
Copyright (c) 2000, 2023, Oracle and/or its affiliates.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> show databases;
Database
  caltech
  capstone
  db2
  dbs
  information_schema
  mysql
  performance_schema
  queen_db
  sakila
  svs
  tummoc
  tummoc1
  world
13 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



mysql> desc product;					
Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
	int varchar(255) float	NO YES NO		NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment
3 rows in set (0.04 sec)					



Now the simple **backend part** is ready with the help of **spring-boot and MySQL database**.

Note:

In Entity Class only need getter() and setters(). No need for any *constructors()* and *toString()* method.

Front-end Part:

Now coming to the front-end part of technology.

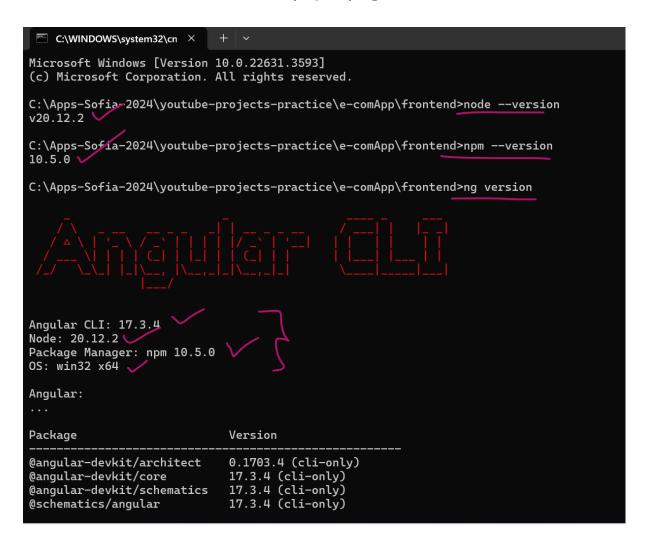
In front-end technology, we are using \rightarrow **Angular** And for angular, we need \rightarrow **node.js**

Go to the path. Navigate it.



Write **cmd** there.

Let's know the version of: node | npm | ng



Create an Angular Project:

Now we are going to create an **Angular Project**.

Commands We need to execute now:

ng new front-end-app - - no - standalone → Create app.module.ts file

cd front-end-app → inside the project folder

```
C:\Apps-Sofia-2024\youtube-projects-practice\e-comApp\frontend>cd front-end-app
C:\Apps-Sofia-2024\youtube-projects-practice\e-comApp\frontend\front-end-app>
```

ng g c product → Create component product

```
C:\Apps-Sofia-2024\youtube-projects-practice\e-comApp\frontend\front-end-app>ng g c product
? Would you like to share pseudonymous usage data about this project with the Angular Team
at Google under Google's Privacy Policy at https://policies.google.com/privacy. For more
details and how to change this setting, see https://angular.io/analytics. Yes

Thank you for sharing pseudonymous usage data. Should you change your mind, the following
command will disable this feature entirely:

ng analytics disable

Global setting: enabled
Local setting: enabled
Effective status: enabled
CREATE src/app/product/product.component.html (23 bytes)
CREATE src/app/product/product.component.spec.ts (631 bytes)
CREATE src/app/product/product.component.ts (213 bytes)
CREATE src/app/product/product.component.css (0 bytes)
```

ng g class product → A model class. To map the java bean/entity class; we need a model class

```
C:\Apps-Sofia-2024\youtube-projects-practice\e-comApp\frontend\front-end-app>ng g class product
CREATE src/app/product.spec.ts (165 bytes)
CREATE src/app/product.ts (27 bytes)
```

ng g s product → Create service product

UPDATE src/app/app.module.ts (555 bytes)

```
C:\Apps-Sofia-2024\youtube-projects-practice\e-comApp\frontend\front-end-app>ng g s product CREATE src/app/product.service.spec.ts (378 bytes)
CREATE src/app/product.service.ts (145 bytes)
```

Using IDE: VSCode

C:\Apps-Sofia-2024\youtube-projects-practice\e-comApp\frontend\front-end-app>code

Routing: is the concept which has to navigating from one page to another page

File-1 app.module.ts:

We need a few modules that we import in Angular.

- 1. HttpClientModule → This module is called the REST API
- 2. RactiveFormsModule, FormsModule → These two are used to create the forms

```
import { HttpClientModule } from '@angular/common/http';
import { ReactiveFormsModule, FormsModule } from '@angular/forms';
```

```
imports: [
    BrowserModule,
    AppRoutingModule,
    HttpClientModule,
    ReactiveFormsModule,
    FormsModule
],
```

This part is ready now.

File-2 product.ts :: The Model class

This class is used to map to JSON data.

src\app\product.ts

```
export class Product {
```

```
//Used to map to the json data , which is exactly like
java entity class

constructor(
    public pid: number,
    public pname: string,
    public price:number
) {}
```

File-3 product.service.ts

Now coming to the service class:

src\app\product.service.ts

HttpClient is a predefined API provided by Angular: Which we have to call REST API

```
import { Injectable } from '@angular/core';
import { HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';
import { Observable } from 'rxjs';
import { Product } from './product';

//This service file work to interact the front-end with back-end

@Injectable({
   providedIn: 'root'
})
export class ProductService {

   constructor(public http:HttpClient) { }
```

```
//For Retrieving Data
loadProduct():Observable<Product[]>{
    return
this.http.get<Product[]>("http://localhost:8080/product
/findAll");
}

//For Storing Data
storeProduct(product:any):Observable<string>{
    return
this.http.post("http://localhost:8080/product/store",pr
oduct,{responseType:'text'})
}
```

File-4: product.component.ts

src\app\product\product.component.ts

Import the service file[i.e. ProductService] in constructor.

```
import { Component, OnInit } from '@angular/core';
import { ProductService } from '../product.service';
import { Product } from '../product';
import { FormControl, FormGroup } from
'@angular/forms';

@Component({
    selector: 'app-product',
    templateUrl: './product.component.html',
    styleUrl: './product.component.css'
})
export class ProductComponent implements OnInit{
```

```
//Create an Array of Product Type
 products: Array<Product> = [];
 constructor(public ps: ProductService) { }
 ngOnInit(): void {
   //It called automatically when the component was
loaded
//For store the product we should create a form group
for template
productRef = new FormGroup({
 pid : new FormControl(),
 pname : new FormControl(),
 price : new FormControl()
});
 loadProduct():void{
    this.ps.loadProduct().subscribe({
     next:(result:any) =>{
       this.products=result; //First Method : next()
     },
     error: (error:any) =>{
       console.log(error); //Second Method:
error()
      },
     complete:() => {      //Third Method:
complete()
       console.log("Done!!!")
    }); //End of subscribe()
```

```
msg:string="";
 storeProduct():void{
  let product = this.productRef.value;
  this.ps.storeProduct(product).subscribe({
   this.msg = result;
   },
   error:(error:any) => { //Second Method: error()
   console.log (error);
   },
   complete:() =>{ //Third Method :
complete()
   console.log("Done!!!");
  }); //End of subscribe()
```

File-5 product.component.html

src\app\product\product.component.html

Basic Form [Is Ready]:

```
<div>
   <!--For Input: -->
form [formGroup]="productRef"
(ngSubmit) = "storeProduct()"> <!--Bind the component-->
   <label>Product Name:</label>
   <input type="text" formControlName="pname">
   <br/>br/>
   <label>Price:</label>
  <input type="number" formControlName="price">
  <br/>br/>
   <br/>br/>
   <input type="submit" value="store product">
   <input type="reset" value="reset">
</form>
<br/>
<br/>br/>
<!--For Displaying Information : Table Format-->
<t.r>
     Product ID
     Product Name
     Price
   {td>{{product.pid}}
     {td>{{product.pname}}}
```

```
{{product.price}}

</div>
```

Updated Form:

```
<div class="container">
   <!--For Input: -->
    <h2>Add Product</h2>
<form [formGroup]="productRef"</pre>
(ngSubmit) = "storeProduct()"> <!--Bind the component-->
    <label>Product Name:</label>
    <input type="text" formControlName="pname"</pre>
class="form-control">
   <br/>
   <label>Price:</label>
   <input type="number" formControlName="price"</pre>
class="form-control">
   <br/>
   <br/>br/>
    <input type="submit" value="Store Product"</pre>
class="btn btn-success">
   <input type="reset" value="Reset" class="btn</pre>
btn-info">
</form>
<br/>
<br/>
<!--For Displaying Information : Table Format-->
```

File-6 app.component.html

src\app\app.component.html

Except <router-outlet/> remove all and add <app-product> there.

```
<app-product></app-product>
<router-outlet />
```

Run the project: Open Command Prompt ng serve -o

C:\Apps-Sofia-2024\youtube-projects-practice\e-comApp\frontend\front-end-app>ng serve -o

It will open the project in the browser.

CORS: ISSUE [Resolved]

To avoid the CORS Issue, in the backend side we do add an annotation in the file:

ProductController.java

```
import com.youtube.eshoppingapp.entity.Product;
import com.youtube.eshoppingapp.service.ProductService;

//To interact with frontend and backend

RequestMapping ("product")

RequestMapping / It helps to communicate with frontend and backend

public class ProductController {

Autowired
ProductService productservice;
```

API:ISSUE [Resolved]

```
onstructor(public http:HttpClient) { }
                                                  //For Retrieving Data
                                           6
                                                  loadProduct():Observable<Product[]>{
                                                   return this.http.get<Product[]>("http://localhost:8080/product/findAll")
17 //To interact with frontend an
18 @RestController
19 @RequestMapping("product")
                                                  //For Storing Data
20 @CrossOrigin
                                                 storeProduct(product:any):Observable<string>{
    return this.http.post("http://localhost:8080/product/store",product,{resp
21 public class ProductController
23⊜
24
        ProductService productservi
25
         //Method for retriev
//Method for retrieve
// //How to call API : http://localhost:8080/product/findAll
@GetMapping(value = "findAll", produces = MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE)
public List<Product> findAllProduct() {
29
30
          return productservice.findAll();
33
        //How to call API : http://localhost:8080/product/store
        //Method for storing product
@PostMapping(value="store", consumes = MediaType.APPLICATION JSON_VALUE)
public String storeProduct(@RequestBody Product product) {
35⊝
37
              return productservice.storeProduct(product);
39
40
               Aware about the value you pass while in mapping. Both
41 }
               Frontend(product.service.ts = ProductController class) and
               Backend API integration will be same. Otherwise facing issue
                in communication.
```

File-7 Index.html

Add Bootstrap Feature 👍



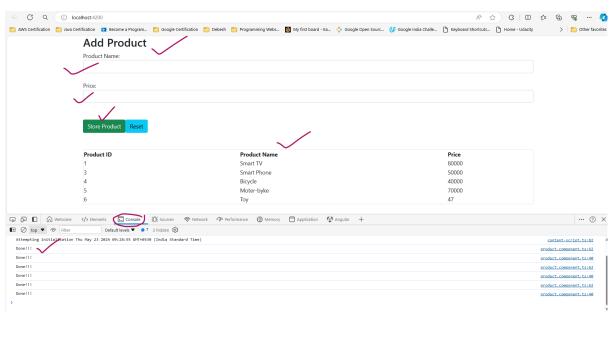
Add this css link of bootstrap inside <head> section.

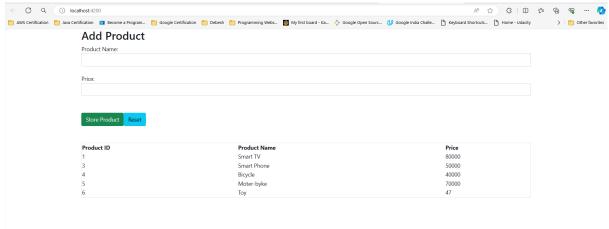
k href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.0.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css" rel="stylesheet"

integrity="sha384-EVSTQN3/azprG1Anm3QDgpJLIm9Nao0Yz1ztcQTwFspd3yD65VohhpuuCOmLASj C" crossorigin="anonymous">

```
<!doctype html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>FrontEndApp</title>
 <base href="/">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
 k rel="icon" type="image/x-icon" href="favicon.ico">
 k href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.0.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css"
rel="stylesheet"
integrity="sha384-EVSTQN3/azprG1Anm3QDgpJLIm9Nao0Yz1ztcQTwFspd3yD65Vohhpuu
COmLASjC" crossorigin="anonymous">
</head>
<body>
 <app-root></app-root>
</body>
</html>
```

Result:





Git And Github: Mini-Project-1

Command to remove .git from frontend application:

rmdir /s /q .git

Create a repository in GitHub:

...or push an existing repository from the command line

```
git remote add origin https://github.com/nayaksofia/ecom_miniProjectOne.git
git branch -M master
git push -u origin master
```