

## Chapter 6 – Dissolution of Partnership Firm

### Question 1.

What Journal entries would you pass in the following cases?

- Expenses of realisation Rs.1,500.
- Expenses of realisation Rs.600 but paid by Mohan, a partner.
- Mohan, one of the partners of the firm, was asked to look into the dissolution of the firm for which he was allowed a commission of Rs.2,000.
- Motor car of book value Rs.50,000 taken over by creditors of the book value of Rs.40,000 in final settlement.

**Solution:**

### Journal

S. No.	Particulars	L.F.	Debit ₹	Credit ₹
(a)	Realisation Dr. To Cash A/c (Being realisation expenses paid)		1,500	1,500
(b)	Realisation A/c Dr. To Mohan's Capital A/c (Being realisation expenses paid by Mohan)		600	600
(c)	Realisation A/c Dr. To Mohan Capital A/c (Being commission allowed to Mohan on dissolution of the firm)		2,000	2,000
(d)	No Entry Dr. (No journal entry is passed because both motor car and creditors accounts have already been transferred to Realisation Account and nothing is recovered or paid in terms of Cash and Bank)			

### Question 2.

Pass Journal entries for the following:

- Realisation expenses of Rs.10,000 were paid by Ajay, a partner.
- Realisation expenses of Rs.15,000 were to be met by Rahul, a partner, but were paid by the firm.
- Ramesh, a partner, was paid remuneration of Rs.25,000 and he was to meet all expenses.
- Anuj, a partner, was paid remuneration of Rs.20,000 and he was to meet all expenses. Firm paid an expense of Rs.5,000.

**Solution:**

**Journal**

S. No.	Particulars	L.F.	Debit ₹	Credit ₹
(a)	Realisation A/c Dr. To Ajay A/c (Being expenses on realisation paid by ajay)		10,000	10,000
(b)	Rahul Capital A/c Dr. To Cash A/c (Being realisation expense paid by rahul)		15,000	15,000
(c)	Realisation A/c Dr. To Ramesh Capital A/c (Being remuneration allowed to ramesh on account of taking responsibility of dissolution)		25,000	25,000
(d)	Realisation A/c Dr. To Anju Capital A/c (Being remuneration allowed to Anju Capital A/c)		20,000	20,000
	Anju's Capital A/c Dr. To Bank A/c (Being remuneration expenses paid by the firm on behalf of Anju)		5,000	5,000

**Question 3.**

Pass Journal entries for the following:

- Realisation expenses amounted to Rs.10,000 was paid by the firm on behalf of Alok, a partner, with whom it was agreed at Rs.7,500.
- Realisation expenses amounted to Rs.5,000. It was agreed that the firm will pay Rs.2,000 and balance by Ravinder, a partner.
- Dissolution expenses amounted to Rs.10,000 were paid by Amit, a partner, on behalf of the firm.

**Solution:**

**Journal**

S. No.	Particulars	L.F.	Debit ₹	Credit ₹
(a)	Realisation A/c Dr. To Alok's Capital A/c (Being realisation allowed to alok capital A/c)		7,500	7,500
	Alok's Capital A/c Dr. To Bank A/c (Being expenses paid by the firm on behalf of Alok)		10,000	10,000
	Alternatively, only one single entry can also be passed instead of above two entries  Realisation A/c Dr. Alok's Capital A/c Dr. To Bank A/c (Being realisation expense paid)		7,500 2,500	10,000
(b)	Realisation A/c Dr. To Ravinder's Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being realisation expense paid)		5,000	3,000 2,000
(c)	Realisation A/c Dr. To Amit Capital A/c (Being realisation expense paid by Amit on behalf of the firm )		10,000	10,000

**Question 4.**

Pass Journal entries for the following at the time of dissolution of a firm:

- Sale of Assets-Rs.50,000.
- Payment of Liabilities-Rs.10,000.
- A commission of 5% allowed to Mr. X, a partner, on sale of assets.
- Realisation expenses amounted to Rs.15,000. The firm had agreed with Amrit, a partner, to reimburse him up to Rs.10,000.
- Z, an old customer, whose account for Rs.6,000 was written off as bad in the previous year, paid 60% of the amount written off.
- Investment (Book Value Rs.10,000) realised 150%.

**Solution:**

**Journal**

S. No.	Particulars	L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.
(a)	Bank A/c To Realisation A/c (Being assets realized for cash)	Dr.	50,000	50,000
(b)	Realisation A/c To Bank A/c (Being payment of liabilities made)	Dr.	10,000	10,000
(c)	Realisation A/c To X's Capital A/c (Being 5% commission allowed to X's on sale of assets of Rs.50,000)	Dr.	2,500	2,500
(d)	Realisation A/c To Amrit Capital A/c (Being Amrit was allowed remuneration on account of realisation )	Dr.	10,000	10,000
	Amrit Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being realisation expense paid on behalf Amrit )	Dr.	15,000	15,000
	Alternatively, only one single entry can also be passed instead of above two entries Realisation A/c Amrit Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being realisation expenses paid)	Dr. Dr.	10,000 5,000	15,000
(e)	Bad debts Recovered A/c To Realisation A/c (Being bad debts recovered)		3,600	3,600
(f)	Cash A/c To Realisation A/c (Being investments are realized at 150% )		15,000	15,000

**Question 5.**

Pass necessary Journal entries for the following transactions on the dissolution of the firm of P and Q after the various assets (other than cash) and outside liabilities have been transferred to Realisation Account.

- Bank Loan Rs.12,000 was paid.
- Stock worth Rs.16,000 was taken over by partner Q.
- Partner P paid a creditor Rs. 4,000.
- An asset not appearing in the books of accounts realised Rs.1,200.
- Expenses of realisation Rs.2,000 were paid by partner Q.
- Profit on realisation Rs.36,000 was distributed between P and Q in 5:4 ratio.

**Solution:**

**Journal**

S. No.	Particulars	L.F.	Debit ₹	Credit ₹
(a)	Realisation A/c Dr. To Bank A/c (Being bank loan paid at the time of dissolution)		12,000	12,000
(b)	Q's capital A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c (Being stock taken over by Q)		16,000	16,000
(c)	Realisation A/c Dr. To P's Capital A/c (Being 5% commission allowed to X's on sale of assets of ₹50,000)		4,000	4,000
(d)	Bank A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c (Being unrecorded assets realised )		1,200	1,200
(e)	Realisation A/c Dr. To Q' Capital A/c (Being bad debts recovered)		2,000	2,000
(f)	Realisation A/c Dr. To P's Capital A/c To Q's Capital A/c (Being realisation Profit distributed)		36,000	20,000 16,000

**Question 6.**

X, Y and Z are partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 3:2:1 respectively. The firm was dissolved on 1.3.2013. After transferring assets (other than cash) and third party liabilities to the 'Realisation Account' you are provided with the following information:

- There was a balance of Rs.18,000 in the firm's Profit and Loss Account.
  - There was an unrecorded bike of Rs.50,000 which was taken over by X.
  - Creditors of 5,000 were paid Rs.4,000 in full settlement of accounts.
- Pass necessary Journal entries for the above at the time of dissolution of firm.

**Solution:**

**Journal**

S. No.	Particulars	L.F.	Debit ₹	Credit ₹
(a)	Profit and Loss A/c** Dr. To X's capital A/c To Y's capital A/c To Z's capital A/c (Being balance in P and L A/c divided among Partners in the ratio of 3:2:1)		18,000	9,000 6,000 3,000
(b)	X's capital A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c (Being unrecorded asset taken over by X)		50,000	50,000
(c)	Realisation A/c Dr. To Bank A/c (Being creditors were paid Rs. 4,000 in full settlement of their claim of ₹5,000)		4,000	4,000

\*\*Balance in Profit and Loss A/c always mean positive balance i.e. credit balance.

**Question 7.**

Rohit, Kunal and Sarthak are partners in a firm. They decided to dissolve their firm. Pass necessary Journal entries for the following after various assets (other than Cash and Bank) and the third party liability been transferred to Realisation Account:

- Kunal agreed to pay off his wife's loan of Rs.6,000.
- Total Creditors of the firm were Rs.40,000. Creditors worth Rs.10,000 were given a piece of furniture costing Rs.8,000 in full and final settlement. Remaining Creditors allowed a discount of 10%.
- Rohit had given a loan of Rs.70,000 to the firm which was duly paid.
- A machine which was not recorded in the books was taken over by Rs.Kunal at Rs.3,000, whereas expected value was Rs.5,000.
- The firm had a debit balance of Rs.15,000 in the Profit and Loss Account on the date of dissolution.
- Sarthak paid the realisation expenses of Rs.16,000 out of his private funds, who was to get remuneration of Rs.15,000 for completing dissolution process and was responsible to bear all the realisation expenses

**Solution:****Journal**

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Debit ₹	Credit ₹
	Realisation A/c Dr. To Kunal's capital A/c (Being Kunal agrees to pay off his wife's loan)		6,000	6,000
	Realisation A/c Dr. To Cash A/c (Being creditors worth ₹30,000 paid off at a discount of 10%)		27,000	27,000
	Rohit Loan A/c Dr. To Cash A/c (Being loan paid by firm)		70,000	70,000
	Kunal Capital A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c (Being asset taken over by Kunal)		3,000	3,000
	Rohit Capital A/c Dr. Kunal Capital A/c Dr. Sarthak Capital A/c Dr. To Profit and Loss A/c (Being loss distributed equally)		5,000 5,000 5,000	15,000
	Realisation A/c Dr. To Sarthak's Capital A/c (Being remuneration of ₹15,000 paid for completion of dissolution process)		15,000	15,000

**Question 8.**

**Solution:**

Realisation Account			
Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Sundry Assets-		By Creditors A/c	1,70,000
Debtors 2,40,000		By Ramesh's Current A/c (Stock)	55,000
Stock 1,30,000		By Cash A/c (Assets Realised)	
Furniture 2,00,000		Stock 50,000	50,000
Machinery 9,30,000	15,00,000	Machinery 4,50,000	
		Debtors 2,28,000	7,28,000
To Cash A/c (Liabilities)		By Umesh's Current A/c (Furniture)	50,000
Creditors 1,70,000		By Realisation Loss:	
Outstanding Bill 1,40,000	3,10,000	Ramesh's Current A/c 5,64,900	
		Umesh's Current A/c 2,42,100	8,07,000
	18,10,000		18,10,000

**Question 9.**

Balance Sheet of firm as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016, when it was decided to dissolve the same was:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Sundry Creditors	14,000	Cash at Bank	640
Reserve for Contingencies	500	Stock	4,740
Capital A/c s:		Debtors	5,540
X 4,000		Machinery	10,580
Y 3,000	7,000		
	21,500		21,500

₹19,500 were realised from all assets except Cash at Bank. The cost of winding up came to ₹440.

X and Y shared profits in the ratio of 2:1 respectively.

Prepare Realisation Account and Capital Accounts of Partners.

**Solution:**

Realisation Account			
Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Machinery A/c	10,580	By Sundry Creditors A/c	14,000
To Stock A/c	4,740	By Bank A/c (Assets Realised)	19,500
To Debtors A/c	5,540	By Loss transferred to:	
To Bank A/c:		X's Capital A/c 1,200	
Creditors 14,400		Y's Capital A/c 600	1,800
Expenses A/c 440	14,400		
	35,300		35,300

Partners' Capital Account					
Dr.					Cr.
Particulars	X	Y	Particulars	X	Y
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	1,200	600	By Balance b/d	4,000	3,000
To Bank A/c	3,133	2,567	By Reserve for contingencies A/c	333	167
	4,333	3,167		4,333	3,167

Bank Account			
Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	640	By Realisation A/c	14,400
To Realisation A/c	19,500	By X's Capital A/c	3,133
	20,140	By Y's Capital A/c	2,567
			20,140

**Question 10.**

Achal and Vichal were parents in a firm sharing profits in the ratio 3:5. On 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016, their Balance Sheet was as follows:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital A/cs:		Land and Building	4,00,000
Achal 3,00,000		Machinery	3,00,000
Vichal 5,00,000	8,00,000	Debtors	2,22,000
Creditors	1,79,000	Cash at Bank	78,000
Employees' Provident Fund	21,000		
	10,00,000		10,00,000

The firm was dissolved on 1st April, 2016 and the Assets and Liabilities were settled as follows:

- Land and Building realised ₹4, 30,000.
- Debtors realised ₹2, 25,000 (with interest) and ₹1,000 were recovered for Bad Debts written off last year.
- There was an Unrecorded Investment which was sold for ₹25,000.
- Vichal took over Machinery at ₹2,80,000 for cash.
- 50% of the Creditors were paid ₹4,000 less in full settlement and the remaining Creditors were paid full amount.

Pass necessary Journal entries for dissolution of the firm

**Solution:**

**Journal**

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.
	Realisation A/c Dr.		9,22,000	
	To Land and Building A/c			4,00,000
	To Machinery A/c			3,00,000
	To Debtors A/c			2,22,000
	(Being assets transferred)			
	Creditors A/c Dr.		1,79,000	
	Employees' Provident Fund A/c Dr.		21,000	
	To Realisation A/c			2,00,000
	(Being liabilities transferred)			
	Bank A/c Dr.		4,30,000	
	To Realisation A/c			4,30,000
	(Being Land and Building realized)			
	Bank A/c (2,25,000 + 1,000) Dr.		2,26,000	
	To Realisation A/c			2,26,000
	(Being debtors realized along with Bad- debts recovered)			
	Bank A/c Dr.		25,000	
	To Realisation A/c			25,000
	(Being unrecorded investment sold)			
	Bank A/c Dr.		2,80,000	
	To Realisation A/c			2,80,000
	(Being machinery took over by Vichal for Cash)			
	Realisation A/c Dr.		1,96,000	
	To Bank A/c (85,000 + 89,500 + 21,00)			1,96,000
	(Being 50% creditors of Rs.89,500 were paid at a discount of Rs.4,000 and remaining 50% were settled in full and EPF)			
	Realisation A/c Dr.		43,000	
	To Achal's Capital A/c			16,125
	To Vichal's Capital A/c			26,875
	(Being profits on realization transferred)			
	Achal's Capital A/c Dr.		3,16,125	
	Vichal's Capital A/c Dr.		5,26,875	
	To Bank A/c			8,43,000
	(Being partners paid off)			

**Question 11.**

Bale and Yale are equal partners of a firm. They decide to dissolve their partnership on 31st March, 2016 at which date their Balance Sheet stood as:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital A/cs:		Building	45,000
Bale	50,000	Machinery	15,000
Yale	40,000	Furniture	12,000
General Reserve	8,000	Debtors	8,000
Bale Loan A/c	3,000	Stock	24,000
Creditors	14,000	Bank	11,000
	1,15,000		1,15,000

a. The assets realised were:

Stock ₹22,000; Debtors ₹7,500; Machinery ₹16,000; Building ₹35,000.

b. Yale took over the Furniture at ₹9,000.

c. Bale agreed to accept ₹2,500 in full settlement of his Loan Account.

d. Dissolution Expenses amounted to ₹2,500.

Prepare the:

i. Realisation Account;

ii. Bale's Loan Account;

iii. Capital Accounts of Partners;

iv. Bank Account.

**Solution:****Realisation Account**

Dr.				Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹	
To Building A/c	45,000	By Sundry Creditors A/c	14,000	
To Machinery A/c	15,000	By Bank A/c:		
To Furniture A/c	12,000	Stock	22,000	
To Debtors A/c	8,000	Debtors	7,500	
To Stock A/c	24,000	Machinery	16,000	
		Building	35,000	80,500
To Bank A/c:		By Bale's Loan A/c	500	
Creditors	14,400	By Yale's Capital A/c (Furniture)	9,000	
Expenses	2,500	By Loss transferred to:		
	16,500	Bale's Capital A/c	8,250	
		Yale's Capital A/c	8,250	16,500
	1,20,500			1,20,500

**Partners' Capital Account**

Dr.				Cr.	
Particulars	Bale	Yale	Particulars	X	Y
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	8,250	8,250	By Balance b/d	50,000	40,000
To Realisation A/c	-	9,000	By General Reserve A/c (Old Ratio)	4,000	4,000
To Bank A/c	45,750	26,750			
	54,000	44,000		54,000	44,000

**Bale's Loan Account**

Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Bank A/c	2,500	By Balance b/d	3,000
To Realisation A/c	500		
	3,000		3,000



**Bank Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	11,000	By Balance b/d	2,500
To Realisation A/c	80,500	By Realisation A/c	16,500
		By Bale Capital A/c	45,750
		By Yale's Capital A/c	26,750
	91,500		91,500

**Question 12.**

Jathi, Sethi and Rathi were sharing profits in the ratio of 5: 3: 2 respectively. On 31st March, 2016 their Balance Sheet was:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Jathi's Capital	28,000	Furniture	11,000
Sethi's Capital	19,000	Investments	7,000
Rathi Capital	8,000	Stock	38,000
Sundry Creditors	9,500	Debtors	8,000
		Less: Provision for Doubtful	400
		Debts	
		Cash	900
	64,500		64,500

The firm was dissolved. Rathi took over Investments at an agreed value of Rs.7,500. Furniture, Stock and Debtors realised Rs.48,400. Rs.9,000 were paid to Sundry Creditors in full settlement. The expenses of realisation were Rs.600. The partners' accounts were settled by receipt or payment of cash. Show Realisation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and Cash Account to close the books of the firm.

**Solution:**

**Realisation Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Furniture A/c	11,000	By Provision for Bad Debts A/c	400
To Investments A/c	7,000	By Sundry Creditors A/c	9,500
To Stock A/c	38,000		
To Debtors A/c	8,000	By Rathi's Capital A/c (Investment)	7,500
		By Cash A/c	48,400
		(Furniture, debtors, Stock)	
To Cash A/c:			
Sundry Creditors A/c	9,000	By Loss transferred to:	
Creditors A/c	600	Jathi's Capital A/c	3,900
		Sethi's Capital A/c	2,340
		Rathi's Capital A/c	1,560
			7,800
	73,600		73,600

**Partner's Capital Accounts**

Dr.				Cr.			
Particulars	Jathi	Sethi	Rathi	Particulars	Jathi	Sethi	Rathi
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	3,900	2,340	1,560	By Balance b/d	28,000	19,000	8,000
To Realisation A/c	-	-	7,500				
To Cash A/c	24,100	16,600	-	By Cash A/c	-	-	1,060
	28,000	19,000	9,060		28,000	19,000	9,060

**Cash Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	900	By Realisation A/c	9,600
To Realisation A/c	48,400	By Jathi's Capital A/c	24,100
To Rathi Capital A/c	1,060	By Sethi's Capital A/c	16,600
	50,360		50,360

**Question 13.**

Sharma, Verma and Gupta were partners sharing profits in the ratio of 3:2:1 respectively. Their Balance Sheet as 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016 stood as follows:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Sundry Creditors	21,500	Cash	1,000
Loan	21,500	Stock	25,000
Sharma's Capital	6,000	Debtors	18,000
Verma's Capital	5,000	Furniture	5,000
Gupta's Capital	3,000	Machinery	8,000
	57,000		57,000

The firm was dissolved on 1st April, 2016. The fixed assets realised Rs.2,000 whereas Stock and Debtors realised Rs.33,000 in all. The expenses on dissolution were Rs.600. Prepare necessary Ledger Accounts, assuming that the necessary cash has been brought in by the partners.

**Solution:**

**Realisation Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Stock A/c	25,000	By Sundry Creditors A/c	21,500
To Debtors A/c	18,000	By Loan A/c	21,500
To Furniture A/c	5,000	By Cash A/c:	
To Machinery A/c	8,000	Fixed Assets	2,000
		Stock and Debtors	33,000
To Cash A/c:			35,000
Sundry Creditors	21,500	By Loss transferred to:	
Expenses	600	Sharma's Capital A/c	10,900
Loan	21,500	Verma's Capital A/c	7,200
	43,500	Gupta's Capital A/c	3,600
			21,600
	99,600		99,600

**Partner's Capital Accounts**

Dr.				Cr.			
Particulars	Shrama	Verma	Gupta	Particulars	Shrama	Verma	Gupta
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	10,800	7,200	3,600	By Balance b/d	6,000	5,000	3,000
	24,100	16,600	-	By Cash A/c	4,800	7,200	3,600
	10,800	7,200	3,600		10,800	7,200	3,600

**Cash Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	1,000	By Realisation A/c	43,600
To Realisation A/c	35,000		
To Sharma's Capital A/c	4,800		
To Verma's Capital A/c	2,200		
To Gupta's Capital A/c	600		
	43,600		43,600

**Question 14.**

A, B and C were partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2:2:1. On 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2016, their Balance Sheet was:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Creditors	24,000	Cash Bank	24,400
Reserve	10,000	Debtors	16,000
Capital A/cs:		Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts	400
A	30,000	Stock	15,600
B	24,000	Furniture	4,000
C	12,000	Building	44,000
	1,00,000		1,00,000

The firm was dissolved on that date.  
The assets realised were:

	₹
Debtors	14,000
Stock	10,000
Furniture	2,000
Building	50,000

The Creditors were settled for ₹22,000. It was found, however, that there was a liability of ₹6,000 for damages which had to be paid.  
Realisation expenses amounted to ₹2,000.  
Prepare Realisation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and Bank Account to close the books of the firm.

**Solution:****Realisation Account**

Dr.							Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹				
To Debtors A/c	16,000	By Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c	400				
To Stock A/c	12,000	By Creditors A/c	24,000				
To Furniture A/c	4,000						
To Building A/c	44,000	By Bank A/c:					
		Stock	10,000				
To Bank A/c:		Furniture	2,000				
Creditors	22,000	Building	50,000				
Liability for damages	6,000	Debtors	14,000				
Expenses	2,000						
	30,000	By Loss transferred to:					
		A's Capital A/c	2,240				
		B's Capital A/c	2,240				
		C's Capital A/c	1,120				
	1,06,000		5,600				
			1,06,000				

**Partner's Capital Accounts**

Dr.							Cr.
Particulars	A	B	C	Particulars	A	B	C
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	2,240	2,240	1,120	By Balance b/d	30,000	24,000	12,000
To Bank A/c	31,760	25,760	12,880	By Reserve A/c	4,000	4,000	2,000
	34,000	28,000	14,000		34,000	28,000	14,000

**Bank Account**

Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	24,000	By Realisation A/c	30,000
To Realisation A/c	76,000	By A's Capital	31,760
		By B's Capital	25,760
		By C's Capital	12,880
	1,00,400		1,00,400

**Question 15.**

Following was the Balance Sheet of A and B as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Creditors	38,000	Cash Bank	11,500
Mrs. A's Loan	10,000	Stock	6,000
B's Loan	15,000	Debtors	19,000
Reserve	5,000	Furniture	4,000
A's Capital	10,000	Plant	28,000
B's Capital	8,000	Investment	10,000
		Profit and Loss A/c	7,500
	86,000		86,000

The firm was dissolved on 31st March, 2016 and both the partners agreed to the following:

- A took Investments at an agreed value of 8,000. He also agreed to settle Mrs. A's Loan.
- Other assets realised as under: Stock- ₹5,000; Debtors- ₹18,500; Furniture- ₹4,500; Plant- ₹25,000.
- Expenses of realisation came to ₹1,600.
- Creditors agreed to accept ₹37,000 in full settlement of their claims.

Prepare Realisation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and Bank Account. The profits and losses were shared in the ratio of 3:2.

**Solution:****Realisation Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Stock A/c	6,000	By Creditors A/c	38,000
To Debtors A/c	19,000	By Mrs. A's Loan A/c	10,000
To Furniture A/c	4,000		
To Plant A/c	28,000	By A's Capital A/c:	8,000
To Investment A/c	10,000	By Bank A/c:	
To A's Capital A/c:	10,000	Stock	5,000
(Mrs. A's Loan)			
To Bank A/c:		Debtors	18,500
Expenses	1,600	Furniture	4,500
Creditors	37,000	Plant	25,000
			53,000
		By Loss transferred to:	
		A's Capital A/c	3,960
		B's Capital A/c	2,640
			6,600
	1,15,600		1,15,600

**Partner's Capital Account**

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	A	B	Particulars	A	B
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	3,960	2,640	By Balance b/d	10,000	8,000
To Realisation A/c	8,000	-	By Reserve A/c	3,000	2,000
To Profit and Loss A/c	4,500	3,000	By Realisation A/c	10,000	-
To Bank A/c	6,540	4,360			
	23,000	10,000		23,000	10,000

**B's Loan Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Bank A/c	15,000	By Balance b/d	15,000
	15,000		15,000

**Bank Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	11,500	By Realisation A/c	38,600
To Realisation A/c	53,000	By A's Capital A/c	6,540
		By B's Capital A/c	4,360
		By C's Capital A/c	15,000
	64,500		64,500

### Question 16.

Balance Sheet of P,Q, and R as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016 who were sharing profits in the ratio of 5:3:1, was

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Bill Payable	40,000	Cash Bank	40,000
Loan from Bank	30,000	Stock	19,000
Reserve Fund	9,000	Sundry Debtors	42,000
Capital A/c		Less : Provision for Doubtful Debts	2,000
P	44,000	Building	40,000
Q	36,000	Plant and Machinery	40,000
R	20,000		
	1,00,000		
	1,79,000		1,79,000

The partners dissolved the business. Assets realized - Stock ₹23,400; Debtors 50%; Fixed Assets 10% less than their book value. Bills Payable were settled for ₹32,000. There was an Outstanding Bill of ₹ 800 which was paid off. Realisation expenses ₹1,250 were also paid.

Prepare Realisation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and Bank Account.

### Solution:

#### Realisation Account

Dr.				Cr.
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.	
To Building A/c	40,000	By Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c	2,000	
To Plant and Machinery A/c	40,000	By Bills Payable A/c	40,000	
To Stock A/c	19,000	By Loan from Bank A/c	30,000	
To Sundry Debtors A/c	42,000	By Bank A/c:		
To Bank A/c:		Stock	23,400	
Bill Payable	32,000	Debtors	21,000	
Outstanding Bill	800	Building	36,000	
Expenses	1,250	Plant and Machinery	36,000	1,16,400
Loan from Bank	30,000	By Loss transferred to:		
	64,050	P's Capital A/c	9,250	
		Q's Capital A/c	5,550	
		R's Capital A/c	1,850	16,650
	2,05,050			2,05,050

#### Partner's Capital Accounts

Dr.							Cr.
Particulars	P	Q	R	Particulars	P	Q	R
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	9,250	5,550	1,850	By Balance b/d	44,000	36,000	20,000
To Bank A/c	39,750	33,450	19,150	By Reserve A/c	5,000	3,000	1,000
	49,000	39,000	21,000		49,000	39,000	21,000

#### Bank Account

Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Balance b/d	40,000	By Realisation A/c	64,050
To Realisation A/c	1,16,000	By P's Capital	39,750
		By Q's Capital	33,450
		By R's Capital	19,150
	1,56,400		1,56,400

### Question 17.

Vinod, Vijay and Venkat are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2:1. They decided to dissolve their firm on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016, the date at which their Balance Sheet stood as:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Creditors	17,000	Bank	3,500
Bill Payable	12,000	Stock	19,800
Vinods Loan	5,300	Sundry Debtors	15,000
General Reserve	6,000	Less : Provision for Doubtful Debts	1,000
			14,000
Capital A/c		Investment	4,000
Vinod	25,500	Furniture	10,000
Vijay	11,000	Machinery	33,000
Venkat	8,000		
	44,000		
	84,300		84,300

The following additional information is given:

a. The Investments are taken over by Vinod for ₹5,000.

b. Assets realised as follows:

Stock

Debtors

Furniture

Machinery

c. Expenses on realisation amounted to ₹2,000.

Close the books of the firm giving relevant Ledger Accounts.

**Solution:**

#### Realisation Account

Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Stock A/c	19,800	By Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c	1,000
To Debtors A/c	15,000	By Creditors A/c	17,000
To Investments A/c	4,000	By Bills Payable A/c	12,000
To Furniture A/c	10,000	By Vind's Capital A/c	5,000
To Machinery A/c	33,000	By Bank A/c:	
To Bank A/c (Expenses)	2,000	Stock	17,500
To Bank A/c (Creditors)	17,000	Debtors	14,500
To Bank A/c (Bills Payable)	12,000	Building	6,800
		Machinery	30,300
			69,100
		By Loss transferred to:	
		Vinod	4,350
		Vijay	2,900
		Venkat	1,450
			8,700
	1,12,800		1,12,800

#### Partner's Capital Accounts

Dr.							Cr.
Particulars	Vinod	Vijay	Venkat	Particulars	Vinod	Vijay	Venkat
To Realisation A/c (Investments)	5,000	-	-	By Balance b/d	25,000	11,000	8,000
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	4,350	2,900	1,450	By General Reserve A/c	3,000	2,000	1,000
To Bank A/c	18,650	10,100	7,550				
	28,000	13,000	9,000		28,000	13,000	9,000

#### Vinod's Loan Account

Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Bank A/c	5,300	By Balance b/d	5,300
	5,300		5,300

#### Bank Account

Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	3,500	By Realisation A/c (Expenses)	2,000
To Realisation A/c (Assets realized)	69,100	By Realisation A/c (Creditors)	17,000
		By Realisation A/c (Bills Payable)	12,000
		By Vinod's Loan A/c	5,300
		By Vinod's Capital A/c	18,650
		By Vijay's Capital A/c	10,100
		By Venkat's Capital A/c	7,550
	72,600		72,600

**Question 18.**

P, Q and R were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 5: 3: 2. They agreed to dissolve their partnership firm on 31st March, 2016. P was deputed to realise the assets and pay the liabilities. He was paid ₹1,000 as commission for his services. The financial position of the firm was:

Liabilities		₹	Assets		₹
Creditors		10,000	Stock		5,500
Bill Payable		3,700	Investments		15,000
Investment Fluctuation Reserve		4,500	Debtors	7,100	
Capital A/c			Less : Provision for Doubtful Debts	450	6,650
P	37,550		Cash		5,600
Q	15,000	52,550	R's Capital A/c		8,000
			Plant and Machinery		30,000
		70,750			70,750

P took over Investments for Rs.12,500. Stock and Debtors realised Rs.11,500. Plant and Machinery were sold to Q for Rs.22,500 for cash. Unrecorded assets realised Rs.1,500. Realisation expenses paid amounted to Rs.900.

Prepare necessary Ledger Accounts to close the books of the firm.

**Solution:****Realisation Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Plant and Machinery A/c	30,000	By Creditors A/c	10,000
To Stock A/c	5,500	By Bills Payable A/c	3,700
To Investments A/c	15,000	By Investments Fluctuation Reserve A/c	4,500
To Debtors A/c	7,100	By Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c	450
		By P's Capital A/c (Investments)	12,500
To Cash A/c		By Cash A/c:	
Creditors	10,000	Stock and Debtors	11,500
Bills Payable	3,700	Plant and Machinery	22,500
Expenses	900	Unrecorded Assets	1,500
To P's Capital A/c	1,000	By Loss transferred to:	
		P's Capital A/c	3,275
		Q's Capital A/c	1,965
		R's Capital A/c	1,310
	73,200		73,200

**Partner's Capital Accounts**

Dr.				Cr.			
Particulars	P	Q	R	Particulars	P	Q	R
To Balance b/d	-	-	8,00	By Balance b/d	37,550	15,000	-
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	3,275	1,965	1,310	By Realisation A/c	1,000	-	-
To Realisation A/c (Investments)	12,500	-	-				
To Cash A/c	22,775	13,035	-	By Cash A/c	-	-	9,310
	38,500	15,000	9,310		38,500	15,000	9,310

**Cash Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	5,600	By Realisation A/c	14,600
To Realisation A/c	35,500	By P's Capital A/c	22,775
To R's Capital A/c	9,310	By Q's Capital A/c	13,035
	50,410		50,410



### Question 19.

A, B and C were equal partners, On 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016, their Balance Sheet stood as:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Creditors	50,400	Cash	3,700
Reserve	12,000	Stock	20,100
Capital A/c		Debtors	62,600
A	30,000	Investments	16,00
B	25,000	Furniture	6,500
C	15,00	Building	23,500
	70,000		
	1,32,400		1,32,400

The firm was dissolved on the above date on the following terms:

- For the purpose of dissolution, Investments were valued at ₹18,000 and A took over the Investments at this value.
- Fixed Assets realised ₹29,700 whereas Stock and Debtors realised ₹80,000.
- Expenses of realisation amounted to ₹1,300.
- Creditors allowed a discount of ₹800.
- One Bill Receivable for ₹1,500 under discount was dishonored as the acceptor had become insolvent and was unable to pay anything and hence the bill had to be met by the firm.

Prepare Realisation Account Partners' Capital Accounts and Cash Account showing how the accounts would finally be settled among the partners:

**Solution:**

#### Realisation Account

Dr.				Cr.
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.	
To Stock A/c	20,100	By Creditors A/c	50,400	
To Debtors A/c	62,600	By A's Capital A/c (Investments)	18,000	
To Investments A/c	16,600	By Cash A/c:		
To Furniture A/c	6,500	Furniture and Building	29,700	
To Building A/c	23,500	Stock and Debtors	80,000	1,09,700
To Cash A/c				
Expenses	1,300	By Loss transferred to:		
Creditors	49,600	A's Capital A/c	1,000	
Bills	1,500	B's Capital A/c	1,000	
	52,400	C's Capital A/c	1,000	3,000
	1,81,00			1,81,000

#### Partner's Capital Accounts

Dr.							Cr.
Particulars	P	Q	R	Particulars	P	Q	R
To Realisation A/c (Investments)	18,000	-	-	By Balance b/d	30,000	25,000	15,000
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	1,000	1,000	1,000	By Reserve A/c	4,000	4,000	4,000
To Cash A/c	15,000	28,000	18,000				
			-				
	34,000	29,000	19,000		34,000	29,000	19,000

#### Cash Account

Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Balance b/d	3,700	By Realisation A/c	52,400
To Realisation A/c	1,09,700	By A's Capital A/c	15,000
		By B's Capital A/c	28,000
		By C's Capital A/c	18,000
	1,13,400		1,13,400

### Question 20.

A, B and C are in partnership sharing profits and losses in the proportions of 1/2, 1/3 and 1/6 respectively. On 31st March, 2016, they decide to dissolve the partnership and the position of the firm at this date is represented by the following Balance Sheet:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Creditors	40,000	Cash at Bank	3,000
Loan A/c		Stock	50,000
A	10,000	Sundry Debtors	50,000
Capital A/c		Land and Building	57,000
A	60,000		
B	40,000		
C	10,000		
	1,10,000		
	1,60,000		1,60,000



During the course of realisation, a liability under a suit for damages is settled at 20,000 as against Rs.5,000 only provided for in the books of the firm.

Land and Building were sold for Rs.40,000 and the Stock and Sundry Debtors realised Rs.30,000 and Rs.42,000 respectively. The expenses of realisation amounted to Rs.1,200.

You are required to prepare Realisation Account Partners' Capital Accounts and Bank Account in the books of the firm.

**Solution:**

Realisation Account			
Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Land and Building A/c	57,000	By Creditors A/c	50,400
To Stock A/c	50,000	By Bank A/c	18,000
To Sundry Debtors A/c	50,000	By Land and Building A/c	40,000
		By Stock A/c	30,000
		By Sundry Debtors A/c	42,000
To Bank A/c			1,12,000
Creditors			
(40,000 + 15,000)	55,000		
Expenses	1,200		
	56,200	By Loss transferred to:	
		A's Capital A/c	30,600
		B's Capital A/c	20,400
		C's Capital A/c	10,200
	2,13,200		61,200
			2,13,200

Partner's Capital Accounts							
Dr.							Cr.
Particulars	A	B	C	Particulars	A	B	C
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	30,600	20,400	10,200	By Balance b/d	60,000	40,000	10,000
To Bank A/c	29,400	19,600	-	By Reserve A/c	-	-	200
	60,000	40,000	10,200		60,000	40,000	10,200

A's Loan Account			
Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Bank A/c	10,000	By Balance b/d	10,000
	10,000		10,000

Bank Account			
Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Balance b/d	3,000	By Realisation A/c	56,200
To Realisation A/c	1,12,000	By A's Capital A/c	29,400
To C's Capital A/c	200	By B's Capital A/c	19,600
		By A's Loan A/c	10,000
	1,15,200		1,15,200

**Question 21.**

A and B are partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2: 1. On 31st March, 2016, their Balance Sheet was:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Bank Overdraft	30,000	Cash in Hand	6,000
General Reserve	56,000	Bank Balance	10,000
Investment Fluctuation Reserve	20,000	Sundry Debtors	26,000
A' Loan	34,000	Less : Provision for Doubtful	2,000
		Debts	
Capital A/c		Investments	40,000
A	50,000	Stock	10,000
		Furniture	10,000
		Building	60,000
		B's Capital	30,000
	1,90,000		1,90,000

On that date, the partners decide to dissolve the firm. A took over Investments at an agreed valuation Rs.35,000. Other assets were realised as follows:

Sundry Debtors: Full amount. The firm could realise Stock at 15% less and Furniture at 20% less than the book value.

Building was sold at Rs.1, 00,000

Compensation to employees paid by the firm amounted to Rs.10,000. This liability was not provided for in the above Balance Sheet.

You are required to close the books of the firm by preparing Realisation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and Bank Account.

**Solution:**

**Realisation Account**

Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Sundry Debtors A/c	26,000	By Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c	2,000
To Investments A/c	40,000	By Bank Overdraft A/c	30,000
To Stock A/c	10,000	By Investment Fluctuation Reserve A/c	20,000
To Furniture A/c	10,000	By A's Capital A/c (Investment)	35,000
To Building A/c	60,000	By Bank A/c:	
To Bank A/c:		Sundry Debtors	26,000
Compensation of Employees	10,000	Stock	8,500
Bank Overdraft	30,000	Furniture	8,000
To Profit transferred to:		Building	1,00,000
A's Capital A/c	29,000		1,42,500
B's Capital A/c	14,5000		
	43,500		
	2,13,200		2,29,500

**Partner's Capital Accounts**

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	A	B	Particulars	A	B
To Balance b/d	-	30,00	By Balance b/d	50,000	-
To Realisation A/c (Investment)	35,000		By General Reserve A/c	37,333	18,667
To Bank A/c	81,333	3,167	By Realisation A/c (Profit)	29,000	14,500
	1,16,333	33,167		1,16,333	33,167

**A's Loan Account**

Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Bank A/c	34,000	By Balance b/d	34,000
	34,000		34,000

**Bank Account**

Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	10,000	By Realisation A/c	40,000
To Cash Capital A/c	6,000	By A's Capital A/c	81,333
To Realisation A/c	1,42,500	By B's Capital A/c	3,167
	1,58,500	By A's Loan A/c	34,000
			1,58,500

**Question 22.**

Mrs. Rita Chowdhary and Miss Sobha are partners in a firm, Fancy Garments Exports, sharing profits losses equally. On 1st April, 2016, the Balance Sheet of the firm was:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Sundry Creditors	75,000	Cash	6,000
Bill Payable	30,000	Bank	30,000
Mr. Chowdhary's Loan	15,000	Stock	75,000
Reserve Fund	24,000	Book Debts	66,000
Mrs. Rita Chowdhary's Capital	90,000	Less : Provision for Doubtful Debts	6,000
Miss Sobha's Capital	30,000	Plant and Machinery	45,000
	2,64,000	Land and Building	48,000
			2,64,000

The firm was dissolved on the date given above. The following transactions took place:

- Mrs. Rita Chowdhary undertook to pay Mr. Chowdhary's Loan and took over 50% of the Stock at discount of 20%.
- Book Debts realised Rs.54,000; balance of the Stock was sold off at a profit of 30% on cost.

- c. Sundry Creditors were paid out at a discount of 10%. Bills Payable were paid in full.  
d. Plant and Machinery realised Rs.75,000. Land and Building Rs.1, 20,000.  
e. Mrs. Rita Chowdhary took over the goodwill of the firm at a valuation of Rs.30,000.  
f. Realisation expenses were Rs.5,250.

Show Realisation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and Bank Account in the books of the firm.

**Solution:**

Realisation Account			
Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Stock A/c	75,000	By Provision for Doubtful Debts	6,000
To Book Debts A/c	66,000	By Sundry Creditors A/c	75,000
To Plant and Machinery A/c	45,000	By Bills Payable A/c	30,000
To Land and Building A/c	48,000	By Mr. Chowdhary's Loan A/c	15,000
To Mrs. Rita Chowdhary's Capital A/c	15,000	By Mrs. Rita Chowdhary's Capital A/c:	
To Mr. Chowdhary's Loan A/c		Stock	30,000
To Bank A/c:		Goodwill	30,000
Sundry Creditors	67,500		60,000
Bills Payable	30,000		
Expenses	5,250	By Bank A/c:	
To Profit transferred to:		Book Debts	54,000
Mrs. Rita Chowdhary's Capital A/c	66,000	Stock	48,750
Miss Sobha's Capital A/c	66,000	Plant and Machinery	75,000
		Land and Building	1,20,000
	4,83,750		2,97,750
			4,83,750

Partner's Capital Accounts					
Dr.					Cr.
Particulars	Mrs. Rita Chowdhary	Miss Sobha	Particulars	Mrs. Rita Chowdhary	Miss Sobha
To Realisation A/c (Assets)	60,000	-	By Balance b/d	90,000	30,000
To Bank A/c	1,23,000	1,08,000	By Mrs. Rita Chowdhary's Capital A/c:	12,000	12,000
			By Realisation A/c		-
			(Mr. Chowdhary's Loan)	15,000	
			By Realisation A/c (Profit)	66,000	66,000
	1,83,000	1,08,000		1,83,000	1,08,000

Bank Account			
Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Balance b/d	30,000	By Realisation A/c	1,02,750
To Cash Capital A/c	6,000	By Mrs. Rita Chowdhary's Capital A/c	1,23,000
To Realisation A/c	2,97,500	By Miss Sobha Capital A/c	1,08,000
	3,33,750		3,33,750

**Working Notes**

1 Value of stock taken by Mrs. Rita Chowdhary

$$= \left( 75,000 \times \frac{50}{100} \right) \times \frac{80}{100} = ₹30,000$$

2 Value of stock sold

$$= \left( 75,000 \times \frac{50}{100} \right) \times \frac{130}{100} = ₹48,750$$

**Question 23.**

Following is the Balance Sheet of Arvind and Balbir at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Trade Creditors	45,000	Cash	750
Bills Payable	12,000	Bank	12,000
Mrs. Arvind's Loan	7,500	Stock	7,500
Mrs. Balbir's Loan	15,000	Investments	15,000
Reserve Fund	15,000	Book Debts	30,000
Investments	1,500	Less : Provision for Doubtful Debts	3,000
Fluctuation Reserve			27,000
Capital A/cs		Building	22,500
Arvind	15,000	Plant	30,000
Balbir	15,000	Goodwill	6,000
	30,000	Profit and Loss A/c	5,260
	1,26,000		1,26,000

The firm was dissolved on the above date under the following arrangement:

- Arvind promised to pay off Mrs. Arvind's Loan and took Stock at Rs.6,000.
- Balbir took half the Investments @ 10% discount.
- Book Debts realised Rs.28,500.
- Trade Creditors and Bills Payable were due on average basis of one month after but were paid immediately on 31st March @ 2% discount per annum.
- Plant realised Rs.37,500; Building Rs.60,000; Goodwill Rs.9,000 and remaining Investments
- An old typewriter, written off completely from the firm's books, now estimator 450. It was taken by Balbir at this estimated price.
- Realisation expenses were Rs.1,500.

Show Realisation Account, Capital Accounts of Partners and Bank Account.

**Solution:**

**Realisation Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Stock A/c	7,500	By Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c	3,000
To Investments A/c	15,000	By Trade Creditors A/c	45,000
To Book Debts A/c	30,000	By Bills Payable A/c	12,000
To Building A/c	22,500	By Mrs. Arvind's Loan A/c	7,500
To Plant A/c	30,000	By Mrs. Balbir's Loan A/c	15,000
To Goodwill A/c	6,000	By Investments Fluctuation Reserve A/c	1,500
To Arvind's Capital A/c (Mrs. Arvind's Loan)	7,500	By Arvind Capital A/c (Stock)	6,000
To Bank A/c:		By Balbir's Capital A/c	6,750
Trade Creditors	44,925	(Investments 7500 x 90%)	
Bills Payable	11,980	By Balbir's Capital A/c	450
Expense	1,500	(Unrecorded Typewriter)	
Mrs. Balbir's Loan	15,000	By Bank A/c	
Profit transferred to:		Book Debts	28,500
Arvind's Capital A/c	23,522.50	Plant	37,500
Balbir's Capital A/c	23,522.50	Building	60,000
		Goodwill	9,000
		Investments	6,750
			1,41,750
	2,38,950		2,38,950

**Partner's Capital Accounts**

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	Arvind	Balbir	Particulars	Arvind	Balbir
To Profit and Loss A/c	2,625	2,625	By Balance b/d	15,000	15,000
To Realisation A/c (Assets)	6,000	7,200	By Realisation A/c	7,500	-
To Bank A/c	44,879.50	36,197.50	By Reserve Fund A/c	7,500	7,500
			By Realisation A/c (Profit)	23,522.50	46,022.50
	53,522.50	46,022.50		53,522.50	46,022.50

# Bank Account

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	12,000	By Realisation A/c	73,405
To Cash A/c	750	By Arvind's Capital A/c	44,897.5
To Realisation A/c	1,41,750	By Balbir's Capital A/c	36,197.5
	1,54,500		1,54,500

## Working Notes:

Creditors	45,000
Less: 2% discount for 1 month	(75)
Payment made to Creditors	44,925
Bills Payable	12,000
Less: 2% discount for 1 month	(20)
Payment made to for Bills Payable	11,980

## Question 24.

Anju, Manju and Sanju were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 2: 2: 1. On 28th March, 2016, their Balance Sheet was:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Creditors	50,000	Cash	60,000
Bank Loan	35,000	Debtors	75,000
Employees' Provident Fund	15,000	Stock	40,000
Investment Fluctuation Reserve	10,000	Investments	20,000
Commission Received in Advance	8,000	Plant	50,000
Capital A/c s:		Profit and Loss A/c	3,000
Anju	50,000		
Manju	50,000		
Sanju	30,000		
	1,30,000		
	2,48,000		2,48,000

On this date, the firm was dissolved. Anju was appointed to realise the assets. Anju was to receive 5% commission on the sale of assets (except cash) and was to bear all expenses of realisation.

Anju realised the assets as follows: Debtors ₹60,000; Stock ₹35,500; Investments ₹16,000; Plant 90% of the book value. Expenses of Realisation amounted to ₹7,500. Commission received in advance was returned to customers after deducting ₹3,000.

Firm had to pay ₹8,500 for Outstanding Salary, not provided for earlier. Compensation paid to employees amounted to ₹17,000. This liability was not provided for in the above Balance Sheet. ₹20,000 had to be paid for Employees' Provident Fund.

Prepare Realisation Account, Capital Accounts of Partners and Cash Account.

## Solution:

# Realisation Account

Dr.

Cr.

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Debtors A/c	75,000	By Creditors A/c	50,000
To Stock A/c	40,000	By Bank Loan A/c	35,000
To Investments A/c	20,000	By Provident Fund A/c	15,000
To Plant A/c	50,000	By Commission Received in Advance A/c	8,000
To Cash A/c:		By Investments Fluctuation Fund A/c	10,000
Commission	5,000		
Received in Advance	8,500	By Cash A/c	
Outstanding Salary	17,000	Debtors	60,000
		Stock	35,500
		Investments	16,000
Compensation paid to Employees		Plant	45,000
Provident Funds	20,000	By Loss transferred to :	
Creditors	50,000	Anju's Capital A/c	21,530
Bank Loan	35,000	Maju's Capital A/c	21,530
To Anju's Capital A/c (Commission)		Sanju's Capital A/c	10,765
	7,825		53,825
	<b>3,28,325</b>		<b>3,28,325</b>

## Partner's Capital Accounts

Dr.

Cr.

Particulars	Anju	Manju	Sanju	Particulars	Anju	Manju	Sanju
To Profit and Loss A/c	1,200	1,200	600	By Balance b/d	50,000	50,000	30,000
To Realisation A/c	21,530	21,530	10,765	By Realisation A/c	7,825	-	-
To Cash A/c	35,095	27,270	18,635				
	<b>57,825</b>	<b>50,000</b>	<b>30,000</b>		<b>57,825</b>	<b>50,000</b>	<b>30,000</b>

## Cash Account

Dr.

Cr.

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Balance b/d	60,000	By Realisation A/c	1,25,500
To Realisation A/c	1,56,500	By Anju's Capital A/c	35,095
		By Manju's Capital A/c	27,270
		By Sanju's Capital A/c	18,635
	<b>2,16,500</b>		<b>2,16,500</b>

## Working Note :

1

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Anju's Commission} &= \text{Assets Realised} \times \frac{5}{100} \\ &= 1,56,500 \times \frac{5}{100} = ₹7,825 \end{aligned}$$

2

$$\text{Realisation of Plant} = 50,000 \times \frac{90}{100} = ₹45,000$$

**Question 25.**

A, B and C were in partnership sharing profits in the ratio of 7:2:1 and the balance sheet of the firm of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016 was:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital		Building	2,000
A	1,241	Plant	3,122
B	865	Goodwill	1,000
C	8,062	100 Shares in X Ltd. (At cost)	240
Creditors	1,121	1,000 Shares in Y Ltd. (At cost)	1,000
Reserve for Depreciation on Plant	2,000	Stock	1,124
		Debtors	874
		Bank	121
		Patents	3,808
	13,289		13,289

It was agreed to dissolve the partnership as on 31st March, 2016 and the terms of dissolution were-

- A to take over the Building at an agreed amount of ₹3,150;
- B, who was to carry on the business, to take over the Goodwill, Stock and Debtors at book value, the Patents at ₹3,000 and Plant at ₹500. He was also to pay the Creditors;
- C to take over shares in X Ltd. at ₹1.50 each and
- The shares in Y Ltd. to be divided in the profit-sharing ratio.

Show Ledger Accounts recording the dissolution in the books of the firm.

**Solution:**
**Realisation Account**

Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Building A/c	2,000	By Creditors A/c	1,121
To Plant A/c	3,122	By Reserve for Depreciation on Plant A/c	2,000
To Good will A/c	1,000	By A' Capital A/c	
To 100 Shares in X Ltd. A/c	240	Building	3,150
To 1000 Shares in Y Ltd. A/c	1,000	Shares of Y Ltd	700
To Stock A/c	1,124	By B' Capital A/c	
		Goodwill	1,000
		Stock	1,124
		Debtors	874
		Patents	3,000
		Plant	500
		Shares of Y Ltd.	200
To Debtors A/c	874	By C's Capital A/c	
To Patents A/c	3,808	Shares of X Ltd.	150
To B Capital A/c	1,211	Shares of Y Ltd.	100
(Creditors)		By Loss transferred to :	
		A's Capital A/c	259
		B's Capital A/c	74
		C's Capital A/c	37
	14,289		14,289

**Partner's Capital Accounts**

Dr.				Cr.			
Particulars	A	B	C	Particulars	A	B	C
To Realisation A/c (Assets)	3,850	6,698	250	By Balance b/d	1,241	865	8,062
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	259	74	37	By Realisation A/c (Creditors)	-	1,121	-
To Bank A/c	-	-	7,775	By Bank A/c	2,868	4,786	-
	4,109	6,772	8,062		4,109	6,772	8,062

**Bank Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Balance b/d	121	By C's Capital A/c	7,775
To A's Capital A/c	2,868		
To B's Capital A/c	4,786		
	7,775		7,775

**Working Notes:**

Distribution of Shares in Y Ltd.

$$A, s \text{ Shares} = 1,000 \times \frac{7}{10} = ₹700$$

$$B, s \text{ Shares} = 1,000 \times \frac{2}{10} = ₹200$$

$$C, s \text{ Shares} = 1,000 \times \frac{1}{10} = ₹100$$

**Question 26.**

J, S and R were in partnership sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2:1. Their Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2016 was:

Liabilities		₹	Assets		₹
Capital A/cs			Building		10,000
J	12,000		Plant		22,000
S	8,600		Stock		12,200
R	10,400	31,000	Debtors		5,000
Reserve Fund		3,000	Accrued Interest		1,000
Employees' Provident Fund		3,000	Cash		2,800
Depreciation Reserve		5,000			
Creditors		11,000			
		<b>53,000</b>			<b>53,000</b>

It was agreed to dissolve the firm and the terms of the dissolution were;

- I took over Building at book value and agreed to pay off Creditors.
- Accrued Interest was not collected whereas there was a contingent liability of Rs. 600 which was met.
- Other assets realised Plant- Rs.25,000; Stock-Rs.11,200; Debtors-Rs.4,600.
- Realisation expenses Rs. 600.

Prepare Realisation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and Cash Account.



**Solution:****Realisation Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Building A/c	10,000	By Employee's Provident Fund	3,000
To Plant A/c	22,000	By Depreciation Reserve	5,000
To Stock A/c	12,200	By Creditors	11,000
To Debtors A/c	5,000	By J's Capital A/c (Building)	10,000
To Accrued Interest A/c	1,000	By Cash A/c	
To J's Capital A/c (Creditors)	11,000	Plant	25,000
To Cash A/c:		Stock	11,200
Contingent Liability	600	Debtors	4,600
Expense	600		40,800
Provident Fund	3,000		
To Profit transferred to:			
J's Capital A/c	2,200		
S's Capital A/c	1,467		
R's Capital A/c	733		
	4,400		
	<b>69,800</b>		<b>69,800</b>

**Partner's Capital Accounts**

Dr.				Cr.			
Particulars	J	S	R	Particulars	J	S	R
To Realisation A/c (Building)	10,000	-	-	By Balance b/d	12,000	8,600	10,400
				By Reserve Fund A/c	1,500	1,000	500
				By Realisation A/c (Creditors)	11,000	-	-
To Cash A/c	16,700	11,067	11,633	By Realisation A/c (Profit)	2,200	1,467	733
	<b>26,700</b>	<b>11,067</b>	<b>11,633</b>		<b>26,700</b>	<b>11,067</b>	<b>11,633</b>

**Cash Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Balance b/d	2,800	By Realisation A/c	4,200
To Realisation A/c	40,800	By J's Capital A/c	16,700
	4,786	By S's Capital A/c	11,067
		By R's Capital A/c	11,633
	<b>43,600</b>		<b>43,600</b>

**Question 27.**

A, B and C were partners sharing profits in the ratio of 2 : 2 : 1. They decided to dissolve their firm on 31st March, 2016 when the Balance Sheet was:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Creditors	40,000	Cash	40,000
Bills Payable	46,000	Debtors	70,000
Employees' Provident Fund	32,000	Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts	6,000
Mrs. A's Loan	38,000	Stock	50,000
C's Loan	30,000	Investments	60,000
Investments	16,000	Furniture	42,000
Fluctuation Reserve			
Capital A/c s:		Machinery	1,36,000
A	1,20,000	Land	1,00,000
B	1,00,000	Goodwill	30,000
C	1,00,000		
	<b>3,20,000</b>		
	<b>5,22,000</b>		<b>5,22,000</b>

Following transactions took place:

- A took over Stock at Rs.36,000. He also took over his wife's loan.
- B took over half of Debtors at Rs.28,000.
- C took over Investments at Rs.54,000 and half of Creditors at their book value.
- Remaining Debtors realised 60% of their book value. Furniture sold for Rs.30,000; Machinery 82,000 and Land Rs.1,20,000.
- An unrecorded asset was sold for Rs.22,000.
- Realisation expenses amounted to Rs.4,000.

Prepare necessary Ledger Accounts to close the books of the firm.

**Solution:**

**Realisation Account**

Dr.	Cr.		
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Debtors A/c	70,000	By Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c	6,000
To Stock A/c	50,000	By Creditors A/c	40,000
To Investment A/c	60,000	By Bills Payable A/c	46,000
To Furniture A/c	42,000	By Employee's Provident Fund A/c	32,000
To Machinery A/c	1,36,000	By Investment Fluctuation Fund A/c	16,000
To Land A/c	1,00,000	By Mrs. A's Loan A/c	38,000
To Goodwill A/c	30,000	By A's Capital A/c (Stock)	36,000
To A's Capital A/c (Mrs. A's Loan)	38,000	B's Capital A/c (Debtors)	28,000
To C's Capital A/c (Creditors)	20,000	By C's Capital A/c (Investment)	54,000
To Cash A/c (Expense)	4,000	By Cash A/c (Debtors) 60% x 35,000	21,000
To Cash A/c (Creditors)	20,000	By Cash A/c (Furniture)	30,000
To Cash A/c (Bills Payable)	46,000	By Cash A/c (Machinery)	82,000
To Cash A/c (Employees' Provident Fund)	32,000	By Cash A/c (Land)	1,20,000
		By Cash A/c (Unrecorded Assets)	22,000
		By Loss on Revaluation transferred to:	
		A	30,800
		B	30,800
		C	15,400
	6,48,000		6,48,000

**Partner's Capital Accounts**

Dr.							Cr.
Particulars	A	B	C	Particulars	A	B	C
To Realisation A/c (Stock)	36,000	-	-	By Balance b/d	1,20,000	1,00,000	1,00,000
To Realisation A/c (Debtors)	-	28,000	-	By Realisation A/c (Mrs. A's Loan)	38,000	-	-
To Realisation A/c (Investments)	-	-	54,000	By Realisation A/c (Creditors)	-	-	20,000
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	30,800	30,800	15,400				
To Cash A/c	91,200	41,200	50,600				
	1,58,000	1,00,000	1,20,000		1,58,000	1,00,000	1,20,000

**C's Loan Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Cash A/c	30,000	By Balance b/d	30,000
	30,000		30,000

**Cash Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	40,000	By Realisation A/c (Creditors)	20,000
To Realisation A/c (Debtors)	21,000	By Realisation A/c (Expenses)	4,000
To Realisation A/c (Furniture)	30,000	By Realisation A/c (Bills Payable)	46,000
To Realisation A/c (Machinery)	82,000	By Realisation A/c (Employees' Provident Fund)	32,000
To Realisation A/c (Land	1,20,000	By C's Loan A/c	30,000
To Realisation A/c (Unrecorded Assets)	22,000	By A's Capital A/c	91,200
		By B's Capital A/c	41,200
		By C's Capital A/c	50,600
	3,15,000		3,15,000

**Question 28.**

Krishna and Arjun are partners in a firm. They share profits in the ratio of 4:1. They decide to dissolve the firm on 31st March, 2016 at which date their Balance Sheet stood as:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Bank Loan	1,500	Trademarks	1,200
Creditors for Goods	8,000	Machinery	12,000
Bills Payable	500	Furniture	400
Capital A/c s:		Stock	6,000
Krishna	16,000	Debtors	9,000
Arjun	6,000	Less : Provisions for Bad Debts	400
	<b>22,000</b>	Cash at Bank	2,800
		Advertisement	1,000
		Suspense	
	<b>32,000</b>		<b>32,000</b>

The realisation shows the following results:

- a. Goodwill was sold for Rs.1,000.
- b. Debtors were realised at book value less 10%.
- c. Trademarks were realised for Rs.800.
- d. Machinery and Stock-in-Trade were taken over by Krishna for Rs.14,400 and Rs.3,600 respectively.
- e. An unrecorded asset estimated at Rs.500 was sold for Rs.200.
- f. Creditors for goods were settled at a discount of Rs.80. The expenses on realisation were Rs.800.

Prepare Realisation Account Partners' Capital Accounts and Bank Account.

**Solution:**

**Realisation Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Trade Marks A/c	1,200	By Provision for Bad Debts A/c	400
To Machinery A/c		By Bank Loan A/c	1,500
To Furniture A/c		By Creditors for Goods A/c	8,000
To Stock A/c		By Bills Payable A/c	500
To Debtors A/c		By Bank A/c	
To Bank A/c:		Goodwill	1,000
Bank Loan	1,500	Debtors	8,100
Creditors	7,920	Trade Marks	800
Bills Payable	500	Unrecorded Assets	200
Expense	800		10,100
	10,720	By Krishna's Capital A/c	
		Machinery	14,400
		Stock in Trade	3,600
		By Loss transferred to:	
		Krishna's Capital A/c	656
		Krishna's Capital A/c	164
	39,320		820
			39,320

**Partner's Capital Accounts**

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	Krishna	Arjun	Particulars	Krishna	Arjun
To Advertisement Suspense A/c	800	200	By Balance b/d	16,000	6,000
To Realisation A/c (Assets)	18,000	-	By Bank A/c	3,456	-
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	656	164			
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	-	5,636			
	19,456	6,000		19,456	6,000

**Bank Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	2,800	By Realisation A/c	10,720
To Realisation A/c	10,100	By Arjun's Capital A/c	5,636
To Krishna's Capital A/c	3,456		
	16,356		16,356

**Question 29.**

T There are two partners X and Y in a firm and their capitals are Rs.50,000 and Rs.40,000. The creditors are Rs.30,000. The assets of the firm realize Rs.1,00,000. How much will X and Y receive?

**Solution:**

**Realisation Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Sundry Assets A/c (WN)	1,20,000	By Creditors A/c	30,000
To Cash A/c	30,000	By Cash A/c	1,00,000
		By Loss transferred to:	
		X's Capital A/c	10,000
		Y's Capital A/c	10,000
	1,50,000		20,000
			1,50,000

**Partners' Capital Account**

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	X	Y	Particulars	X	Y
To Realisation A/c	10,000	10,000	By Balance b/d	50,000	40,000
(Loss)					
To Cash A/c	40,000	30,000			
	50,000	40,000		50,000	40,000

**Cash Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Realisation A/c	1,00,000	By Realisation A/c	30,000
		By X's Capital A/c	40,000
		By Y's Capital A/c	30,000
	1,00,000		1,00,000

**Working Note:**

**Memorandum Balance Sheet**

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
To Capital A/c		By Sundry Assets A/c	1,20,000
X	50,000	(Balancing figure)	
Y	40,000		
To Creditors A/c	30,000		
	1,20,000		1,20,000

**Question 30.**

A, B and C were partners sharing profits in the ratio of 5:3:2. On 31st March, 2016, A's Capital and B's Capital were Rs.30,000 and Rs.20,000 respectively but C owed Rs.5,000 to the firm. The liabilities were Rs.20,000. The assets of the firm realized Rs.50,000.

Prepare Realisation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and Bank Account.

**Solution:**

### Realisation Account

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Sundry Assets A/c (WN)	65,000	By Creditors A/c	20,000
To Cash A/c (Creditors)	20,000	By Cash A/c (Assets realized)	50,000
		By Loss transferred to:	7,000
		A's Capital A/c	4,500
		B's Capital A/c	3,000
		C's Capital A/c	3,000
	85,000		15,000
			85,000

### Partners' Capital Account

Dr.				Cr.			
Particulars	A	B	C	Particulars	A	B	C
To Balance b/d			5,000	By Balance b/d	30,000	20,000	
To Realisation A/c (loss)	7,500	4,500	3,000	By Cash A/c			8,000
To Cash A/c	22,500	15,500					
	30,000	20,000	8,000		30,000	20,000	8,000

### Cash Account

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Realisation A/c (Assets)	50,000	By Realisation A/c (Creditors)	20,000
To C's Capital A/c	8,000	By A's Capital A/c	22,500
		By B's Capital A/c	15,500
	58,000		58,000

### Working Note:

### Memorandum Balance Sheet

As on march 31,2016

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital A/c		C's Capital A/c	5,000
A	30,000	Sundry Assets A/c	65,000
B	20,000	(Balancing figure)	
Other liabilities A/c			
	70,000		70,000

### Question 31.

A and B were partners sharing profits and losses as to 7/11th to A and 4/11th to B. They dissolved partnership on 30th May, 2016. As on that date their capitals were: A Rs.7,000 and B Rs.4,000. There we also due on Loan A/c to A Rs.4,500 and to B Rs.750. The other liabilities amounted to Rs.5,000. The assets proved to have been undervalued in the last Balance Sheet and actually realised? Rs.24,000.

Prepare necessary accounts showing the final settlement between partners.

### Solution:

### Realistion Account

Dr.			Cr.	
Particulars		₹	Particulars	₹
To Sundry Assets A/c (WN)	21,250		By Other liabilities A/c	5,000
To Cash A/c (Laibilities)	5,000		By Cash A/c (Assets Realised)	24,000
To Profit transferred to:				
A's Capital A/c	1,750			
B's Capital A/c	1,000	2,750		
		29,000		29,000

### Partners' Capital Account

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	A	B	Particulars	A	B
To Cash A/c	8,750	5,000	By Balance B/d	7,000	4,000
			By Realistion A/c (Profit)	1,750	1,000
	8,750	5,000		8,750	5,000

### Partners' Loan Account

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	A	B	Particulars	A	B
To Cash A/c	4,500	750	By Balance B/d	4,500	750
	4,500	750		4,500	750

### Cash Account

Dr.			Cr.	
Particulars		₹	Particulars	₹
To Realistion A/c (Assets)	24,000		By A's Capital A/c	8,750
			By B's Capital A/c	5,000
			By A's Capital A/c	4,500
			By B's Capital A/c	750
			By Realisation A/c	5,000
		24,000		24,000

Working Note:

### Memorandum Balance Sheet

As on march 30,2016

Liabilities		₹	Assets	₹
Capital A/c			Sundry Assets A/c	21,250
A	7,000		(Balancing figure)	
B	4,000	11,000		
A's Loan		4,500		
B's Loan		750		
Other liabilities A/c		5,000		
		21,250		21,250

## Question 32.

A and B dissolve their partnership. Their position as at 31st March, 2016 was:

Particulars	₹
A's Capital	25,000
B's Capital	15,000
Sundry Creditors	20,000
Cash in Hand and at Bank	750

The balance of A's Loan Account to the firm stood at ₹10,000. The realisation expenses amounted to ₹350. Stock realized ₹20,000 and Debtors ₹25,000. B took a machine at the agreed valuation of ₹7,500. Other fixed assets realised ₹20,000. You are required to close the books of the firm.

**Solution:**

### Realisation Account

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Sundry Assets (WN)	69,250	By Sundry Creditors A/c	20,000
To Bank A/c		By Bank A/c	
S. Creditors	20,000	Stock	20,000
Expenses	350	Debtors	25,000
To Profit transferred to:		Other Assets	20,000
A's Capital A/c	1,450	By B's Capital A/c (machinery)	7,500
B's Capital A/c	1,450		
	2,900		
	92,500		92,500

### A's Loan Account

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Bank A/c	10,000	By Balance b/d	10,000
	10,000		10,000

### Partners' Capital Account

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	A	B	Particulars	A	B
To Realisation A/c (Machinery)		7,500	By Balance b/d	25,000	15,000
To Bank A/c	26,450	8,950	By Realisation A/c (Profit)	1,450	1,450
	26,450	16,450		26,450	16,450

### Bank Account

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	750	By A's Loan A/c	10,000
To Realisation a/c	65,000	By A's Loan A/c	26,450
		By B's Loan A/c	8,950
		By Realisation A/c	20,350
	65,750		65,750

**Working Note:**

### Memorandum Balance Sheet As on march 31,2016

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital A/c:		Cash in Hand and at Bank	750
A	25,000	Sundry Assets	69,250
B	15,000	(Other than Cash and Bank)	
Sundry creditors A/c			
A's Loan			
	40,000		
	20,000		
	10,000		
	70,000		70,000

**Question 33.**

Ashok and Kishore were in partnership sharing profits in the ratio of 3:1. They agreed to dissolve the firm. The assets (other than cash of 2,000) of the firm realised 1,10,000. The liabilities and other particulars on that date were: You are required to close the books of the firm.

Particulars	₹
Creditors	40,000
Ashok's Capital	1,00,000
Kishore's Capital	10,000(Dr. Balance)
Profit and Loss	8,000(Dr. Balance)
Realisation Expenses	1,000

You are required to close the books of the firm

**Solution:****Realisation Account**

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	₹		Particulars	₹	
To Sundry Assets (WN)	1,20,000		By Creditors A/c	40,000	
To Cash A/c			By Cash A/c (Assets Realised)	1,10,000	
Creditors	40,000		By Loss transferred to:		
Expenses	1,000	41,000	Ashok's Capital A/c	8,250	
			Kishore's Capital A/c	2,750	11,000
		1,61,000			1,61,000

**Partners' Capital Account**

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	Ashok	Kishore	Particulars	Ashok	Kishore
To Balance b/d		10,000	By Balance b/d	1,00,000	
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	8,250	2,750	By Cash A/c		14,750
To Profit and Loss A/c	6,000	2,000			
To Cash A/c	85,750				
	1,00,000	14,750		1,00,000	14,750

**Cash Account**

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	₹		Particulars	₹	
By Balance b/d	2,000		By Realisation A/c	41,000	
To Realisation A/c	1,10,000		By Ashok's Capital A/c	85,750	
To Kishore's Capital A/c	14,750				
	1,26,750			1,26,750	

**Memorandum Balance Sheet**

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Creditors	40,000	Cash	2,000
Ashok's Capital	1,00,000	Kishore's A/c	10,000
		Profit and Loss A/c	8,000
		Sundry Assets (Balancing figure)	1,20,000
	1,40,000		1,40,000

**Question 34.**

X, Y and Z entered into a partnership and contributed Rs.9,000; Rs.6,000 and Rs.3,000 respectively. They agreed to share profits and losses equally. The business lost heavily during the very first year and they decided to dissolve the firm. After realising all assets and paying off liabilities, there remained a cash balance of Rs.6,000.

Prepare Realisation Account and Partners' Capital Accounts.

**Solution:**



**Realisation Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Sundry Assets (WN 2)	18,000	By Cash A/c (Assets Realised)	6,000
		By Loss transferred to:	
		X's Capital A/c	4,000
		Y's Capital A/c	4,000
		Z's Capital A/c	4,000
	18,000		12,000
			18,000

**Partners' Capital Account**

Dr.				Cr.			
Particulars	X	Y	Z	Particulars	X	Y	Z
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	4,000	4,000	4,000	By Balance b/d	9,000	6,000	3,000
To Cash A/c	5,000	2,000		By Cash A/c			1,000
	9,000	6,000	4,000		9,000	6,000	4,000

**Working Note:**

1

**Cash Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Realisation A/c	6,000	By X's Capital A/c	5,000
Z's Capital A/c	1,000	By Y's Capital A/c	2,000
	7,000		7,000

2

**Memorandum Balance Sheet**

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital A/c :		Sundry Assets (Balancing figure)	18,000
X'S Capital A/c	9,000		
Y'S Capital A/c	6,000		
Z'S Capital A/c	3,000		
	18,000		
	18,000		18,000

**Question 35.**

A, B and C started business on 1st April, 2011 with capitals of Rs.1,00,000; Rs.80,000 and Rs.60,000 respectively sharing profits (losses) in the ratio of 4 : 3 : 3. For the year ended 31st March, 2012, the firm suffered a loss of Rs.50,000. Each of the partners withdrew Rs.10,000 during the year. On 31st March, 2012, the firm was dissolved, the creditors of the firm stood at Rs.24,000 on that date and Cash in Hand was Rs.4,000. The assets realised? Rs.3,00,000 and Creditors were paid Rs.23,500 in full settlement of their claims.

Prepare Realisation Account and show your workings clearly.

**Solution:**

### Realisation Account

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Sundry Assets (WN 2)	1,80,000	By Sundry Creditors	24,000
To Cash A/c (Creditors)	23,500	By Cash A/c (Assets)	3,00,000
To Profit transferred to:			
A's Capital A/c	48,200		
B's Capital A/c	36,150		
C's Capital A/c	36,150		
	1,20,500		
	3,24,000		3,24,000

### Partners' Capital Account

Dr.				Cr.			
Particulars	A	B	C	Particulars	X	Y	Z
To Cash A/c	1,18,200	91,150	71,150	By Balance b/d	70,000	55,000	35,000
				By Realistion A/c	48,200	36,150	36,150
	9,000	6,000	4,000		9,000	6,000	4,000

### Cash Account

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	4,000	By Realisation A/c	23,500
To Realisation A/c	3,00,000	By A's Capital A/c	1,18,200
		By B's Capital A/c	91,150
		By C's Capital A/c	71,150
	3,04,000		3,04,000

#### Working Note:

1 Calculation of partners' Capital as on March 31, 2012

Particulars	X	Y	Z
Capital as on April 01, 2011	1,00,000	80,000	60,000
Less: Drawings	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)
Less: Share of Loss (4:3:3)	(20,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)
Capital as on April 01, 2012	70,000	55,000	35,000

2

### Memorandum Balance Sheet as on March 31, 2012

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital A/c:		Cash in Hand	4,000
A	70,000	Sundry Assets (Balancing figure)	1,80,000
B	55,000		
C	35,000		
Creditors	24,000		
	1,84,000		1,84,000

#### Question 36.

A, B and C were in partnership sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2:1:1. They decided to dissolve the partnership. On that date of dissolution, Sundry Assets (including cash Rs.5,000) amounted to Rs.88,000, assets realised Rs.80,000 (including an unrecorded asset which realised Rs.4,000). A contingent liability on account of bills discounted Rs.8,000 was paid by the firm. The Capital Accounts of A, B and C showed a balance of Rs.20,000 each.

Prepare Realisation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and Cash Account.

#### Solution:

### Realisation Account

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Sundry Assets	83,000	By Sundry Liabilities (WN)	28,000
To Cash A/c :		By Cash A/c (Assets realised)	80,000
Sundry Liabilities	28,000	By Loss transferred to:	
Contingent Liabilities	8,000	A's Capital A/c	5,500
	36,000	B's Capital A/c	2,750
		C's Capital A/c	2,750
	1,19,000		11,000
			1,19,000

### Partners' Capital Account

Dr.				Cr.			
Particulars	A	B	C	Particulars	X	Y	Z
To Realisation A/c	5,500	2,750	2,750	By Balance b/d	20,000	20,000	20,000
To Bank A/c	14,500	17,250	17,250	By Realisation A/c			
	20,000	20,000	20,000		20,000	20,000	20,000

### Cash Account

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Balance b/d	5,000	By Realisation A/c	36,000
To Realisation A/c	80,000	By A's Capital A/c	14,500
		By B's Capital A/c	17,250
		By C's Capital A/c	17,250
	85,000		85,000

Working Note:

### Memorandum Balance Sheet

As on March 31, 2012

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital A/c:		Cash in Hand	5,000
A	20,000	Sundry Assets	83,000
B	20,000		
C	20,000		
Sundry Liabilities (Balancing figure)	28,000		
	88,000		88,000

### Question 37.

On 1st April, 2015, A, B and C commenced business in partnership sharing profits and losses in proportion of 1/2, 1/3 and 1/6 respectively. They paid into their Bank A/c as their capitals Rs.22,000; Rs.10,000 by A, Rs.7,000 by B and Rs.5,000 by C. During the year, they drew Rs.5,000; being Rs.1,900 by A, Rs.1,700 by B and Rs.1,400 by C. On 31st March, 2016, they dissolved their partnership, A taking up Stock at an agreed valuation of Rs. 5,000, B taking up Furniture at Rs.2,000 and C taking up Debtors at Rs.3,000. After paying up their Creditors, there remained a balance of Rs.1,000 at Bank.

Prepare necessary accounts showing the distribution of the cash at the Bank and of the further cash brought in by any partner or partners as the case required.

**Solution:**

**Realisation Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Sundry Assets (WN)	17,000	By A's Capital A/c (Stock)	5,000
		By B's Capital A/c (Furniture)	2,000
		By C's Capital A/c (Debtors)	3,000
		By Bank A/c (Assets realised)	1,000
		A's Capital A/c	3,000
		B's Capital A/c	2,000
		C's Capital A/c	1,000
			6,000
	17,000		17,000

**Partners' Capital Account**

Dr.				Cr.			
Particulars	A	B	C	Particulars	X	Y	Z
To Realistion A/c	5,000	2,000	3,000	By Balance b/d	8,100	5,300	3,600
To Realistion A/c (Loss)	3,000	2,000	1,000	By Cash A/c			400
To Cash A/c	100	1,300					
	8,100	5,300	4,000		8,100	5,300	4,000

**Bank Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Realisation A/c	1,000	By A's Capital A/c	100
To C's Capital A/c	400	By B's Capital A/c	1,300
	1,400		1,400

**Working Note:**

**Memorandum Balance Sheet  
as on March 31, 2016**

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital A/c:		Sundry Assets (Balance figure)	17,000
A (10,000-1,900)	8,100		
B (7,000-1,700)	5,300		
C (5,000-1,400)	3,600		
	17,000		17,000

**Question 38.**

The partnership between A and B was dissolved on 31st March, 2016. On that date the respective credits to the capitals were A-Rs.1,70,000 and B-Rs.30,000. Rs.20,000 were owed by B to the firm; Rs.1,00,000 were owed by the firm to A and Rs.2,00,000 were due to the Trade Creditors. Profits and losses were shared in the proportions of, 2/3 to A, 1/3 to B. The assets represented by the above stated net liabilities realised Rs.4,50,000 exclusive of Rs.20,000 owed by B. The liabilities were settled at book figures.

Prepare Realisation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and Cash Account showing the distribution to the partners.

**Solution:**

**Realisation Account**

Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Sundry Assets (WN)	4,80,000	By Trade Creditors A/c	2,00,000
To B's Loan a/c	20,000	By Cash A/c (Assets realized)	4,50,000
To Cash A/c (Creditors)	2,00,000	By B's Capital A/c (B's Loan)	20,000
		By Loss transferred to:	
		A's Capital A/c	20,000
		B's Capital A/c	10,000
	7,00,000		7,00,000

**Partners' Capital Account**

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	A	B	Particulars	A	B
To Realisation A/c		20,000	By Balance b/d	1,70,000	30,000
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	20,000	10,000			
To Cash A/c	1,50,000				
	1,70,000	30,000		1,70,000	30,000

**Cash Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Realiation A/c (Assets)	4,50,000	By Realisation A/c (Creditors)	2,00,000
		By A's Capital A/c	1,50,000
		By B's Capital A/c	1,00,000
	4,50,000		4,50,000

**Working Note:**

**Memorandum Balance Sheet**

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital A/c:		B'S Loan	20,000
A	1,70,000	Sundry Assets (Balancing figure)	4,80,000
B	30,000		
A's Loan	1,00,000		
Trade Creditors	2,00,000		
	5,00,000		5,00,000

**Question 39.**

X and Y were partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2. They decided to dissolve the firm on 31st March, 2016. On that date, their Capitals were X – Rs.40,000 and Y- Rs.30,000. Creditors amounted to Rs.24,000.

Assets were realised for Rs.88,500. Creditors of Rs.16,000 were taken over by X at Rs.14,000. Remaining Creditors were paid at Rs.7,500. The cost of realisation came to Rs.500.

Prepare necessary accounts.

**Solution:**

### Realisation Account

Dr.			Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹	
To Sundry Assets	94,000	By Creditors A/c	24,000	
To X's Capital A/c (Creditors)	14,000	By Cash (Assets Realised)	88,500	
To Cash A/c:		By Loss transferred to:		
Creditors	7,500	X's Capital A/c	2,100	
Expenses	500	Y's Capital A/c	1,400	
	8,000		3,500	
	<u>1,16,000</u>		<u>1,16,000</u>	

### Partners' Capital Account

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	X	Y	Particulars	X	Y
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	2,100	1,400	By Balance b/d	40,000	30,000
To Cash A/c	51,900	28,600	By Realisation A/c (creditors)	14,000	-
	<u>54,000</u>	<u>30,000</u>		<u>54,000</u>	<u>30,000</u>

### Cash Account

Dr.			Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹	
To Realisation A/c (Assets)	88,500	By Realisation A/c	8,000	
		By X's Capital A/c	51,900	
		By Y's Capital A/c	28,600	
	<u>88,500</u>		<u>88,500</u>	

Working Note:

### Memorandum Balance Sheet As on March 31, 2016

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital A/c:		Sundry Assets (balancing figure)	94,000
X	40,000		
Y	30,000		
Creditors	24,000		
	<u>94,000</u>		<u>94,000</u>

#### Question 40.

P, Q and R are three partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:3:2 respectively. Their respective capitals are in their profit-sharing proportions. On 1st April, 2015, the total capital of the firm and the balance of General Reserve are Rs.80,000 and Rs.20,000 respectively. During the year 2015-16, the firm made a profit of Rs.28,000 before charging interest on capital @ 5%. The drawings of the partners are P-Rs. 8,000; Q-Rs.7,000; and Rs.5,000. On 31st March, 2016, their liabilities were Rs.18,000.

On this date, they decided to dissolve the firm. The assets realised Rs.1,08,600 and realization expenses amounted to Rs.1,800.

Prepare necessary Ledger Accounts to close the books of the firm.

**Solution:**

**Realisation Account**

Dr.				Cr.	
Particulars		Rs.	Particulars		Rs.
To Sundry Assets (WN 1)		1,26,000	By Creditors A/c		18,000
To Cash A/c:			By Cash A/c (Assets Realised)		1,08,600
Creditors	18,000		By Loss transferred to:		
Expenses	<u>1,800</u>	19,800	P's Capital A/c	7,200	
			Q's Capital A/c	7,200	3,500
			R's Capital A/c	4,800	19,200
		<b>1,45,800</b>			<b>1,45,800</b>

**Partners' Capital Account**

Dr.							Cr.
Particulars	P	Q	R	Particulars	P	Q	R
To Drawings A/c	8,000	7,000	5,000	By Balance b/d	30,000	30,000	20,000
To Realisation A/c (Loss)	7,200	7,200	4,800	By Interest on Capital A/c	1,500	1,500	1,000
To Cash A/c	32,800	33,800	22,200	By P/L Appropriation A/c (WN 2)	9,000	9,000	6,000
				By General Reserve A/c	7,500	7,500	5,000
	48,000	48,000	32,000		48,000	48,000	32,000

**Cash Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Realisation A/c (Assets)	1,08,600	By Realisation A/c	19,800
		By P's Capital A/c	32,800
		By Q's Capital A/c	33,800
		By R's Capital A/c	22,200
	1,08,600		1,08,600

**Working Note:**

1

**Memorandum Balance Sheet**

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital A/c:		Sundry Assets (Balancing figure)	1,26,000
P(80,000×3/8)	30,000	Drawings A/c	
Q(80,000×3/8)	30,000	P	8,000
R(80,000×2/8)	20,000	Q	7,000
General Reserve	20,000	R	5,000
Profit and Loss A/c	28,000		
Creditors	18,000		
	<b>1,46,000</b>		<b>1,46,000</b>

2

**Profit and Loss Appropriation Account**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
To Interest on Capital A/cs:		By Profit and Loss A/c	28,000
P	1,500		
Q	1,500		
R	1,000		
To Profit transferred to:			
P's Capital A/c	9,000		
Q's Capital A/c	9,000		
R's Capital A/c	6,000		
	24,000		
	28,000		28,000

**Question 41.**

X, Y and Z entered into partnership on 1st April, 2012. They contributed capital Rs.40,000, Rs.30,000 and Rs.20,000 respectively and agreed to share profits in the ratio of 3:2:1. Interest on capital was to be allowed @ 15% p.a. and interest on drawings was to be charged at an average rate of 5%. During the years ended 31st March, 2014, the firm made profit of Rs.21,600 and Rs.25,140 respectively before allowing or charging interest on capital and drawings. The drawings of each partner were Rs.6,000 per year. On 31st March, 2014, the partners decided to dissolve the partnership due to difference of opinion. At that date, the creditors amounted to Rs.20,000. The assets, other than cash Rs.2,000, realized Rs.1,21,01. Expenses of dissolution amounted to Rs.760.

Draw up necessary Ledger Accounts to close the books of the firm.

**Solution:**

**Profit and Loss Appropriation**  
For the year ended March 31, 2013

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	₹		Particulars	₹	
To Interest on Capital A/c			By Profit and Loss A/c	21,600	
X (40,000×15%)	6,000		By Interest on Drawings A/c		
Y (30,000×15%)	4,500		X (6,000×5%)	300	
Z (20,000×15%)	3,000	13,500	Y (6,000×5%)	300	
			Z (6,000×5%)	300	900
To Profit transferred to:					
X's Capital A/c	4,500				
Y's Capital A/c	3,000				
Z's Capital A/c	1,500	9,000			
		22,500			22,500

**Partners' Capital Account**  
For the year 2012-13

Dr.				Cr.			
Particulars	X	Y	Z	Particulars	X	Y	Z
To Drawings A/c	6,000	6,000	6,000	By Cash A/c	40,000	30,000	20,000
To Interest on Drawings A/c	300	300	300	By Interest on Capital A/c	6,000	4,500	3,000
To Balance c/d	44,200	31,200	18,200	By P/L Appropriation A/c	4,500	3,000	1,500
	50,500	37,500	24,500		50,500	37,500	24,500

**Profit and Loss Appropriation Account**  
for the year ended March 31, 2014

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	Rs.		Particulars	Rs.	
To Interest on Capital A/c			By Profit and Loss A/c	25,140	
X (44,200×15%)	6,630		By Interest on Drawings A/c		
Y (31,200×15%)	4,680		X (6,000× 5%)	300	
Z (18,200×15%)	2,730	14,040	Y (6,000× 5%)	300	
To Profit transferred to:			Z (6,000× 5%)	300	900
X's Capital A/c	6,000				
Y's Capital A/c	4,000				
Z's Capital A/c	2,000	12,000			
		26,040			26,040

**Partners' Capital Account**

Dr.				Cr.			
Particulars	X	Y	Z	Particulars	X	Y	Z
To Drawings A/c	6,000	6,000	6,000	By Balance b/d	44,200	31,200	18,200
To Interest on Drawings A/c	300	300	300	By Interest on Capital A/c	6,630	4,680	2,730
To Balance c/d	50,530	33,580	16,630	By P/L Appropriation A/c	6,000	4,000	2,000
	56,830	39,080	22,930		56,830	39,080	22,930
To Cash A/c	51,830	34,080	16,880	By Balance b/d	50,530	33,580	16,630
	51,280	34,080	16,880	By Realisation A/c (Profit)	750	500	250
					51,280	34,080	16,880

**Realisation Account**

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	Rs.		Particulars	Rs.	
To Sundry Assets			By Creditors A/c	20,000	
To Cash A/c			By Cash A/c (Assets realized)	1,21,000	
Creditors	20,000				
Expenses	760	20,760			
To Profit transferred to:					
X's Capital A/c	750				
Y's Capital A/c	500				
Z's Capital A/c	250	1,500			
		1,41,000			1,41,000

**Partners' Capital Account**

Dr.				Cr.			
Particulars	X	Y	Z	Particulars	X	Y	Z
To Cash A/c	51,280	34,080	16,880	By Balance b/d	50,530	33,580	16,630
				By Realisation A/c (Profit)	750	500	250
	51,280	34,080	16,880		51,280	34,080	16,880



### Cash Account

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Balance b/d	2,000	By Realisation A/c	20,760
To Realisation A/c	1,21,000	By X's Capital A/c	51,280
		By Y's Capital A/c	34,080
		By Z's Capital A/c	16,880
	1,23,000		1,23,000

### Memorandum Balance Sheet As on March 31, 2014

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Capital A/c:		Cash	2,000
X                      50,530		Sundry Assets	1,18,740
Y                      33,580			
Z                      16,630	1,00,740		
creditors	20,000		
	<b>1,20,740</b>		<b>1,20,740</b>