Number System Exercise 1A

Q1.

Answer:

- (i) Nine thousand eighteen = 9018
- (ii) Fifty-four thousand seventy-three = 54073
- (iii) Three lakh two thousand five hundred six = 302506
- (iv) Twenty lakh ten thousand eight = 2010008
- (v) Six crore five lakh fifty-seven = 60500057
- (vi) Two crore two lakh two thousand two hundred two = 20202202
- (vii) Twelve crore twelve lakh twelve thousand twelve = 121212012
- (viii) Fifteen crore fifty lakh twenty thousand sixty-eight = 155020068

Q2

Answer:

- (i) 63,005 = Sixty-three thousand five
- (ii) 7,07,075 = Seven lakh seven thousand seventy-five
- (iii) 34,20,019 = Thirty-four lakh twenty thousand nineteen
- (iv) 3,05,09,012 = Three crore five lakh nine thousand twelve
- (v) 5,10,03,604 = Five crore ten lakh three thousand six hundred four
- (vi) 6,18,05,008 = Six crore eighteen lakh five thousand eight
- (vii) 19.09.09.900 = Nineteen crore nine lakh nine thousand nine hundred
- (viii) 6,15,30,807 = Six crore fifteen lakh thirty thousand eight hundred seven
- (ix) 6,60,60,060 = Six crore sixty lakh sixty thousand sixty

```
Answer:

(i) 15,768 = (1 x 10000) + (5 x 1000) + (7 x 100) + (6 x 10) + (8 x 1)

(ii) 3,08,927 = (3 x 100000) + (8 x 1000) + (9 x 100) + (2 x 10) + (7 x 1)

(iii) 24,05,609 = (2 x 1000000) + (4 x 100000) + (5 x 1000) + (6 x 100) + (9 x 1)

(iv) 5,36,18,493 = (5 x 10000000) + (3 x 1000000) + (6 x 100000) + (1 x 10000) + (8 x 1000) + (4 x 100) + (9 x 10) + (3 x 1)

(v) 6,06,06,006 = (6 x 10000000) + (6 x 100000) + (6 x 1000) + (6 x 1)

(iv) 9,10,10,510 = (9 x 10000000) + (1 x 1000000) + (1 x 10000) + (5 x 100) + (1 x 10)

Q4

Answer:

(i) 6 x 10000 + 2 x 1000 + 5 x 100 + 8 x 10 + 4 x 1 = 62,584
```

Q5

Answer:

The place value of 9 at ten lakhs place = 90 lakhs = 9000000

The place value of 9 at hundreds place = 9 hundreds = 900

∴ Required difference = (9000000 – 900) = 8999100

(ii) 5 × 100000 + 8 × 10000 + 1 × 1000 + 6 × 100 + 2 × 10 + 3 × 1 = 5,81,623

(iii) 2 × 10000000 + 5 × 100000 + 7 × 1000 + 9 × 100 + 5 × 1 = 2,05,07,905

(iv) $3 \times 1000000 + 4 \times 100000 + 6 \times 1000 + 5 \times 100 + 7 \times 1 = 34,06,507$

Q6

Answer:

The place value of 7 in 27650934 = 70 lakhs = 70,00,000
The face value of 7 in 27650934 = 7

∴ Required difference = (7000000 - 7) = 69,99,993

07

Answer:

The largest 6-digit number = 999999

The smallest 6-digit number = 100000

∴ Total number of 6-digit numbers = (999999 − 100000) + 1

= 899999 + 1

= 900000

= 9 lakhs

Q8

Answer:

The largest 7-digit number = 9999999

The smallest 7-digit number = 1000000

∴ Total number of 7-digit numbers = (9999999 - 1000000) + 1

= 8999999 + 1

= 9000000

= Ninety lakhs

Q9

Answer:

One lakh (1,00,000) is equal to one hundred thousand (100 \times 1000). Thus, one hundred thousands make a lakh.

One crore (1,00,00,000) is equal to one hundred lakh (10,000 \times 1,000). Thus, 10,000 thousands make a crore.

Q11

Answer:

The given number is 738.

On reversing the digits of this number, we get 837.

∴ Required difference = 837 - 738 = 99

Q12

Answer:

The number just after 9547999 is 9547999 + 1 = 9548000.

Q13

Answer:

The number just before 9900000 is 9900000 - 1 = 9899999.

Q14

Answer:

The number just before 10000000 is 10000000 - 1 = 9999999.

Q15

Answer:

The 3-digit numbers formed by 2, 3 and 4 by taking each digit only once are 234, 324, 243, 342, 423 and 432.

Q16

Answer:

The smallest number formed by using each of the given digits (i.e, 3,1,0,5 and 7) only once is 10357.

Q17

Answer:

The largest number formed by using each of the given digits only once is 964320.

Q18

Answer:

Representation of the numbers on the international place-value chart:

Periods	Millions			Thousands			Ones		
Place	Hundred	Ten	Millions	Hundred	Ten	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
	millions	millions		thousands	thousands				
	НМ	TM	M	H Th	T Th	Th	Н	Т	0
(i)				7	3	5	8	2	1
(ii)			6	0	5	7	8	9	4
(iii)		5	6	9	4	3	8	2	1
(iv)		3	7	5	0	2	0	9	3
(V)		8	9	3	5	0	0	6	4
(vi)		9	0	7	0	3	0	0	6
		Crore	Ten lakhs	Lakhs	Ten	Thousand	Hundred	Tens	Ones
					Thousand				

The number names of the given numbers in the international system:

- (i) 735,821 = Seven hundred thirty-five thousand eight hundred twenty-one
- (ii) 6,057,894 = Six million fifty-seven thousand eight hundred ninety-four
- (iii) 56,943,821 = Fifty-six million nine hundred forty-three thousand eight hundred twenty-one
- (iv) 37,502,093 = Thirty-seven million five hundred two thousand ninety-three
- (v) 89,350,064 = Eighty-nine millions three hundred fifty thousand sixty-four
- (vi) 90,703,006 = Ninety million seven hundred three thousand and six

Q19

Answer:

Periods	Millions			Thousands			Ones		
	Hundred	Ten	Millions	Hundred	Ten	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
Place	millions	millions		thousands					
	HM	TM	M	H Th	T Th	Th	Н	Т	0
(i)		3	0	1	0	5	0	6	3
(ii)		5	2	2	0	5	0	0	6
(iii)			5	0	0	5	0	0	5

Number System Exercise 1B

Q1

Answer:

1003467 > 987965

We know that a 7-digit number is always greater than a 6-digit number. Since 1003467 is a 7-digit number and 987965 is a 6-digit number, 1003467 is greater than 987965.

Q2

Answer:

3572014 < 10235401

We know that a 7-digit number is always less than an 8-digit number. Since 3572014 is a 7-digit number and 10235401 is an 8-digit number, 3572014 is less than 10235401.

Q3

Answer:

Both the numbers have the digit 3 at the ten lakhs places.

Also, both the numbers have the digit 2 at the lakhs places.

However, the digits at the ten thousands place in 3254790 and 3260152 are 5 and 6, respectively.

Clearly, 5 < 6

∴ 3254790 < 3260152

Q4

Answer:

Both have the digit 1 at the crores places.

However, the digits at the ten lakes places in 10357690 and 11243567 are 0 and 1, respectively.

Clearly, 0 < 1

: 10357690 < 11243567

27596381 > 7965412

We know that an 8-digit number is always greater than a 7-digit number. Since 7965412 is a 7-digit number and 27596381 is an 8-digit number, 27596381 is greater than 7965412.

Q6

Answer:

Both the numbers have the same digits, namely 4, 7, 8 and 9, at the crores, ten lakhs, lakhs and ten thousands places, respectively.

However, the digits at the thousands place in 47893501 and 47894021 are 3 and 4, respectively.

Clearly, 3 < 4

∴ 47893501 < 47894021</p>

Q7

Answer:

102345680 is a 9-digit number.

63521047 and 63514759 are both 8-digit numbers.

Both the numbers have the same digits, namely 6, 3 and 5, at the crores, ten lakhs and lakhs places, respectively.

However, the digits at the ten thousands place in 63521047 and 63514759 are 2 and 1, respectively. Clearly, 2 > 1

∴ 63521047 > 63514759

7355014 and 7354206 are both 7-digit numbers.

Both the numbers have the same digits, namely 7, 3 and 5 at the crores, ten lakhs and lakhs places, respectively.

However, the digits at the ten thousands place in 7355014 and 7354206 are 5 and 4, respectively. Clearly, 5>4

∴ 7355014 > 7354206

The given numbers in descending order are:

102345680 > 63521047 > 63514759 > 7355014 > 7354206

Q8

Answer:

23794206 and 23756819 are both 8-digit numbers.

Both the numbers have the same digits, namely 2, 3 and 7 at the crores, ten lakhs and lakhs places, respectively.

However, the digits at the ten thousands place in 23794206 and 23756819 are 9 and 5, respectively. Clearly, 9 > 5

: 23794206 > 23756819

5032790 and 5032786 are both 7-digit numbers.

Both the numbers have the same digits, namely 5, 0, 3, 2 and 7, at the ten lakhs, lakhs, ten thousands, thousands and hundreds places, respectively.

However, the digits at the tens place in 5032790 and 5032786 are 9 and 8, respectively.

Clearly, 9 > 8

∴ 5032790 > 5032786

987876 is a 6-digit number.

The given numbers in descending order are: 23794206 > 23756819 > 5032790 > 5032786 > 987876

16060666 and 16007777 are both 8-digit numbers.

Both the numbers have the same digits, namely 1, 6 and 0, at the crores, ten lakhs and lakhs places, respectively.

However, the digits at the ten thousands place in 16060666 and 16007777 are 6 and 0, respectively.

Clearly, 6 > 0

.: 16060666 > 16007777

1808090 and 1808088 are both 7-digit numbers.

Both the numbers have the same digits, namely 1, 8, 0, 8 and 0, at the ten lakhs, lakhs, ten thousands, thousands and hundreds places, respectively.

However, the digits at the tens place in 1808090 and 1808088 are 9 and 8, respectively. Clearly, 9 > 8

: 1808090 > 1808088

190909 and 181888 are both 6-digit numbers.

Both the numbers have the same digit, 1, at the lakhs place.

However, the digits at the ten thousands place in 190909 and 181888 are 9 and 8, respectively.

Clearly, 9 > 8

.: 190909 > 181888

Thus, the given numbers in descending order are: 16060666 > 16007777 > 1808090 > 1808088 > 190909 > 181888

Q10

Answer:

1712040, 1704382 and 1702497 are all 7-digit numbers.

The three numbers have the same digits, namely 1 and 7, at the ten lakhs and lakhs places, respectively.

However, the digits at the ten thousands place in 1712040, 1704382 and 1702497 are 1, 0 and 0.

: 1712040 is the largest.

Of the other two numbers, the respective digits at the thousands place are 4 and 2.

Clearly, 4 > 2

∴ 1704382 > 1702497

201200, 200175 and 199988 are all 6-digit numbers.

At the lakhs place, we have 2 > 1.

So, 199988 is the smallest of the three numbers.

The other two numbers have the same digits, namely 2 and 0, at the lakhs and ten thousands places, respectively.

However, the digits at the thousands place in 201200 and 200175 are 1 and 0, respectively. Clearly, 1 > 0

: 201200 > 200175

The given numbers in descending order are: 1712040 > 1704382 > 1702497 > 201200 > 200175 > 199988

990357 is 6 digit number.

9873426 and 9874012 are both 7-digit numbers.

Both the numbers have the same digits, namely 9, 8 and 7, at the ten lakhs, lakhs and ten thousands places, respectively.

However, the digits at the thousands place in 9873426 and 9874012 are 3 and 4, respectively.

Clearly, 4 < 7

∴ 9873426 < 9874012</p>

24615019 and 24620010 are both 8-digit numbers.

Both the numbers have the same digits, namely 2, 4 and 6, at the crores, ten lakhs and lakhs places, respectively.

However, the digits at the ten thousands place in 24615019 and 24620010 are 2 and 1, respectively.

Clearly, 1 < 2

∴ 24615019 < 24620010

The given numbers in ascending order are: 990357 < 9873426 < 9874012 < 24615019 < 24620010

Q12

Answer:

5694437 and 5695440 are both 7-digit numbers.

Both have the same digit, i.e., 5 at the ten lakhs place.

Both have the same digit, i.e., 6 at the lakhs place.

Both have the same digit, i.e., 9 at the ten thousands place.

However, the digits at the thousand place in 5694437 and 5695440 are 4 and 5, respectively.

Clearly, 4 < 5

∴ 5694437 < 5695440</p>

56943201, 56943300 and 56944000 are all 8-digit numbers.

They have the same digit, i.e., 5 at the crores place.

They have the same digit, i.e., 6 at the ten lakhs place.

They have the same digit, i.e., 9 at the lakhs place.

They have the same digit, i.e., 4 at the ten thousands place.

However, at the thousands place, one number has 4 while the others have 3 .

∴ 56944000 is the largest.

The other two numbers have 3 and 2 at their hundreds places.

Clearly, 2 <3

∴ 56943201 < 56943300</p>

The given numbers in ascending order are: 5694437 < 5695440 < 56943201 < 56943300 < 56944000

700087 is 6-digit number.

8014257, 8014306 and 8015032 are all 7-digit numbers.

They have the same digits, namely 8, 0 and 1, at the ten lakhs, lakhs and ten thousands places, respectively.

But, at the thousands place, one number has 5 while the other two numbers have 4.

Here, 801503 is the largest.

The other two numbers have 2 and 3 at their hundreds places.

Clearly, 2 < 3

∴ 8014306 < 8015032</p>

10012458 is an 8-digit number.

The given numbers in ascending order are:

700087 < 8014257 < 8014306 < 8015032 < 10012458

Q14

Answer:

893245, 893425 and 980134 are all 6-digit numbers.

Among the three, 980134 is the largest.

The other two numbers have the same digits, namely 8, 9 and 3, at the lakhs, ten thousands and thousands places, respectively.

However, the digits at the hundreds place in 893245 and 893425 are 2 and 4, respectively.

Clearly, 2 < 4

∴ 893245 < 893425

 $1020216,\ 1020304\ and\ 1021403\ are\ all\ 7-digit\ numbers.$

They have the same digits, namely 1, 0 and 2, at the ten lakhs, lakhs and ten thousands places, respectively.

At the thousands place, 1021403 has 1.

The other two numbers have the digits 2 and 3 at their hundreds places.

Clearly, 2 < 3

: 1020216 < 1020304

The given numbers in ascending order are: 893245 < 893425 < 980134 < 1020216 < 1020304 < 1021403

Number System Exercise 1C

Q1

Answer:

Number of persons who visited the holy shrine in the first year = 13789509 Number of persons who visited the holy shrine in the second year = 12976498

 \therefore Number of persons who visited the holy shrine during these two years = 13789509 + 12976498 = 26766007

Q2

Answer:

Bags of sugar produced by the first factory in last year = 24809565

Bags of sugar produced by the second factory in last year = 18738576

Bags of sugar produced by the third sugar factory in last year = 9564568

∴ Total number of bags of sugar were produced by the three factories during last year = 24809565 + 18738576 + 9564568

= 53112709

Q3

Answer:

New number = Sum of 37684955 and 3615045 = 37684955 + 3615045 = 41300000

Q4

Answer:

Total number of votes received by the three candidates = 687905 + 495086 + 93756 = 1276747

Number of invalid votes = 13849

Number of persons who did not vote = 25467

∴ Total number of registered voters = 1276747 + 13849 + 25467

= 1316063

People who had only primary education = 1623546
People who had secondary education = 9768678
People who had higher education = 6837954
Illiterate people in the state = 2684536

Children below the age of school admission = 698781

 \therefore Total population of the state = 1623546 + 9768678 + 6837954 + 2684536 + 698781 = 21613495

Q6

Answer:

Bicycles produced by the company in the first year = 8765435

Bicycles produced by the company in the second year = 8765435 + 1378689

= 10144124

∴ Total number of bicycles produced during these two years = 8765435 + 10144124 = 18909559

Q7

Answer:

Sale receipts of a company during the first year = Rs 20956480

Sale receipts of the company during the second year = Rs 20956480 + Rs 6709570

= Rs 27666050

∴ Total number of sale receipts of the company during these two years = Rs 20956480 + Rs 27666050 = Rs 48622530

Q8

Answer:

Total population of the city = 28756304

Number of males in the city = 16987059

∴ Number of females in the city = 28756304 − 16987059

= 11769245

Q9

Answer:

Required number = 13246510 - 4658642 = 8587868 $\therefore 13246510$ is larger than 4658642 by 8587868.

Q10

Answer:

Required number = 1 crore – 564387 = 10000000 – 5643879 = 4356121

 \therefore 5643879 is smaller than one crore by 4356121.

Q11

Answer:

11010101 - required number = 2635967

Thus, required number = 11010101 – 2635967 = 8374134

: The number 8374134 must be subtracted from 11010101 to get 2635967.

Sum of the two numbers = 10750308 One of the number = 8967519

:. The other number = 10750308 - 8967519 = 1782789

Q13

Answer:

Initial amount with the man = Rs 20000000 Amount spent on buying a school building = Rs 13607085

∴ Amount left with the man = Rs 20000000 – Rs 13607085 = Rs 6392915

Q14

Answer:

Money need by the society to buy the property = Rs 18536000 Amount collected as membership fee = Rs 7253840 Amount taken on loan from the bank = Rs 5675450 Amount collected as donation = Rs 2937680

∴ Amount of money short = Rs 18536000 – (Rs 7253840 + Rs 5675450 + Rs 2937680) = Rs 18536000 – Rs 15866970 = Rs 2669030

Q15

Answer:

Initial amount with the man = Rs 10672540 Amount given to his wife = Rs 4836980 Amount given to his son = Rs 3964790

∴ Amount received by his daughter = Rs 10672540 – (Rs 4836980 + Rs 3964790) = Rs 10672540 – Rs 8801770 = Rs 1870770

016

Answer:

Cost of one chair = Rs 1485 Cost of 469 chairs = Rs 1485 × 469 = Rs 696465

: Cost of 469 chairs is Rs 696465.

Q17

Answer:

Contribution from one student for the charity program = Rs 625 Contribution from 1786 students = Rs 625 x 1786 = Rs 1116250

: Rs 1116250 was collected from 1786 students for the charity program.

Q18

Answer:

Number of screws produced by the factory in one day = 6985 Number of screws produced in 358 days = 6985 x 358 = 2500630

 $\upday{$. The factory will produce 2500630 screws in 358 days.

We know that 1 year = 12 months 13 years = 13 x 12 = 156 months

Now, we have:

Amount saved by Mr Bhaskar in one month = Rs 8756 Amount saved in 156 months = Rs 8756 \times 156 = Rs 1365936

.: Mr Bhaskar will save Rs 1365936 in 13 years.

Q20

Answer:

Cost of one scooter = Rs 36725 Cost of 487 scooter = Rs 36725 × 487 = Rs 17885075

: The cost of 487 scooters will be Rs 17885075.

Q21

Answer:

Distance covered by the aeroplane in one hour = 1485 km Distance covered in 72 hours = 1485 km \times 72 = 106920 km

: The distance covered by the aeroplane in 72 hours will be 106920 km.

Q22

Answer:

Product of two numbers = 13421408 One of the number = 364

∴ The other number = 13421408 ÷ 364 = 36872

Q23

Answer:

Cost of 36 flats = Rs 68251500 Cost of one flat = Rs 68251500 ÷ 36 = Rs 1895875

: Each flat costs Rs 1895875.

Q24

Answer:

We know that 1 kg = 1000 g Now, mass of the gas-filled cylinder = 30 kg 250 g = 30.25 kg Mass of an empty cylinder = 14 kg 480 g = 14.48 kg

 \therefore Mass of the gas contained in the cylinder = 30.25 kg - 14.48 kg = 15.77 kg = 15 kg 770 g

Q25

Answer:

We know that 1 m = 100 cm Length of the cloth = 5 m Length of the piece cut off from the cloth = 2 m 85 cm

 \therefore Length of the remaining piece of cloth = 5 m - 2.85 m $\,$ = 2.15 m = 2 m 15 cm $\,$

We know that 1 m = 100 cm

Now, length of the cloth required to make one shirt = 2 m 75 cm Length of the cloth required to make 16 such shirts = 2 m 75 cm \times 16

$$= 2.75 \text{ m} \times 16$$

$$= 44 \text{ m}$$

:. The length of the cloth required to make 16 shirts will be 44 m.

Q27

Answer:

We know that 1 m = 100 cm

Cloth needed for making 8 trousers = 14 m 80 cm

Cloth needed for making 1 trousers = 14 m 80 cm ÷ 8

= 1.85 m = 1 m 85 cm

 \uplambda 1 m 85 cm of cloth will be required to make one shirt.

Q28

Answer:

We know that 1 kg = 1000 g

Now, mass of one brick = 2 kg 750 g

 \therefore Mass of 14 such bricks = 2 kg 750 g \times 14

$$= 2.75 \text{ kg} \times 14$$

= 38.5 kg = 38 kg 500 g

Q29

Answer:

We know that 1 kg = 1000 g

Now, total mass of 8 packets of the same size = 10 kg 600 g

 \therefore Mass of one such packet = 10 kg 600 g \div 8

= 1.325 kg = 1 kg 325 g

Q30

Answer:

Length of the rope divided into 8 equal pieces = 10 m

Length of one piece = 10 m \div 8

= 1.25 m = 1 m 25 cm [: 1 m = 100 cm]

Number System Exercise 1D

Q1

Answer:

- (i) In 36, the ones digit is 6 > 5.
 - : The required rounded number = 40
- (ii) In 173, the ones digit is 3 < 5.
 - : The required rounded number = 170
- (iii) In 3869, the ones digit is 9 > 5.
 - :. The required rounded number = 3870
- (iv) In 16378, the ones digit is 8 > 5.
 - :. The required rounded number = 16380

Q2

Answer:

- (i) In 814, the tens digit is 1 < 5.
 - : The required rounded number = 800
- (ii) In 1254, the tens digit is 5 = 5
 - :. The required rounded number = 1300
- (iii) In 43126, the tens digit is 2 < 5
 - :. The required rounded number = 43100
- (iv) In 98165, the tens digit is 6 > 5
 - :. The required rounded number = 98200

```
Answer:
(i) In 793, the hundreds digit is 7 > 5
    :. The required rounded number = 1000
(ii) In 4826, the hundreds digit is 8 > 5
    : The required rounded number = 5000
(iii) In 16719, the hundreds digit is 7 > 5
    :. The required rounded number = 17000
(iv) In 28394, the hundreds digit is 3 < 5
    :. The required rounded number = 28000
Q4
Answer:
(i) In 17514, the thousands digit is 7 > 5
   :. The required rounded number = 20000
(ii) In 26340, the thousands digit is 6 > 5
    :. The required rounded number = 30000
(iii) In 34890, the thousands digit is 4 < 5
    \therefore The required rounded number = 30000
(iv) In 272685, the thousands digit is 2 < 5
    : The required rounded number = 270000
Q5
Answer:
57 estimated to the nearest ten = 60
34 estimated to the nearest ten = 30
: The required estimation = (60 + 30) = 90
Q6
 Answer:
 43 estimated to the nearest ten = 40
 78 estimated to the nearest ten = 80
 ∴ The required estimation = (40 + 80) = 120
Q7
Answer:
14 estimated to the nearest ten = 10
69 estimated to the nearest ten = 70
:. The required estimation = (10 + 70) = 80
Q8
Answer:
86 estimated to the nearest ten = 90
19 estimated to the nearest ten = 20
∴ The required estimation = (90 + 20) = 110
Q9
Answer:
95 estimated to the nearest ten = 100
58 estimated to the nearest ten = 60
```

Q10

: The required estimation = (100 + 60) = 160

77 estimated to the nearest ten = 80 63 estimated to the nearest ten = 60 ∴ The required estimation = (80 + 60) = 140

Q11

Answer:

356 estimated to the nearest ten = 360 275 estimated to the nearest ten = 280 ∴ The required estimation = (360 + 280) = 640

Q12

Answer:

463 estimated to the nearest ten = 460 182 estimated to the nearest ten = 180 ∴ The required estimation = (460 + 180) = 640

Q13

Answer:

538 estimated to the nearest ten = 540 276 estimated to the nearest ten = 280 ∴ The required estimation = (540 + 280) = 820

Q14

Answer:

236 estimated to the nearest hundred = 200 689 estimated to the nearest hundred = 700 ∴ The required estimation = (200 + 700) = 900

Q15

Answer:

458 estimated to the nearest hundred = 500 324 estimated to the nearest hundred = 300 ∴ The required estimation = (500 + 300) = 800

Q16

Answer:

170 estimated to the nearest hundred = 200 395 estimated to the nearest hundred = 400 ∴ The required estimation = (200 + 400) = 600

Q17

Answer:

3280 estimated to the nearest hundred = 3300 4395 estimated to the nearest hundred = 4400 ∴ The required estimation = (3300 + 4400) = 7700

Q18

Answer:

5130 estimated to the nearest hundred = 5100 1410 estimated to the nearest hundred = 1400 ∴ The required estimation = (5100 + 1400) = 6500

Q19

Answer:

10083 estimated to the nearest hundred = 10100 29380 estimated to the nearest hundred = 29400 ∴ The required estimation = (10100 + 29400) = 39500

Q20

Answer:

32836 estimated to the nearest thousand = 33000 16466 estimated to the nearest thousand = 16000 ∴ The required estimation = (33000 + 16000) = 49000

Q21

Answer:

46703 estimated to the nearest thousand = 47000 11375 estimated to the nearest thousand = 11000 ∴ The required estimation = (47000 + 11000) = 58000

Q22

Answer:

Number of balls in box A = 54 Number of balls in box B = 79 Estimated number of balls in box A = 50 Estimated number of balls in box B = 80 \therefore Total estimated number of balls in both the boxes = (50 + 80) = 130

Q23

Answer:

We have,

53 estimated to the nearest ten = 50 18 estimated to the nearest ten = 20 ∴ The required estimation = (50 – 20) = 30

Q24

Answer:

100 estimated to the nearest ten = 100 38 estimated to the nearest ten = 40 ∴ The required estimation = (100 – 40) = 60

Q25

Answer:

409 estimated to the nearest ten = 410 148 estimated to the nearest ten = 150 ∴ The required estimation = (410 − 150) = 260

Q26

Answer:

678 estimated to the nearest hundred = 700 215 estimated to the nearest hundred = 200 ∴ The required estimation = (700 – 200) = 500

Q27

Answer:

957 estimated to the nearest hundred = 1000 578 estimated to the nearest hundred = 600 ∴ The required estimation = (1000 – 600) = 400

Q28

Answer:

7258 estimated to the nearest hundred = 7300 2429 estimated to the nearest hundred = 2400 \therefore The required estimation = (7300 – 2400) = 4900

5612 estimated to the nearest hundred = 5600 3095 estimated to the nearest hundred = 3100 ∴ The required estimation = (5600 − 3100) = 2500

Q30

Answer:

35863 estimated to the nearest thousand = 36000 27677 estimated to the nearest thousand = 28000 \therefore The required estimation = (36000 – 28000) = 8000

Q31

Answer:

47005 estimated to the nearest thousand = 47000 39488 estimated to the nearest thousand = 39000 \therefore The required estimation = (47000 – 39000) = 8000

Number System Exercise 1E

Q1 Answer: 38 estimated to the nearest ten = 40 63 estimated to the nearest ten = 60 ∴ The required estimation = (40 × 60) = 2400 Q2 Answer: 54 estimated to the nearest ten = 50 47 estimated to the nearest ten = 50 \therefore The required estimation = (50 \times 50) = 2500 Q3 Answer: 28 estimated to the nearest ten = 30 63 estimated to the nearest ten = 60 \therefore The required estimation = (30 \times 60) = 1800 Q4 Answer: 42 estimated to the nearest ten = 40 75 estimated to the nearest ten = 80 \therefore The required estimation = (40 \times 80) = 3200 Q5 Answer: 64 estimated to the nearest ten = 60 58 estimated to the nearest ten = 60 \therefore The required estimation = (60 \times 60) = 3600 Q6

15 estimated to the nearest ten = 20

34 estimated to the nearest ten = 30

 \therefore The required estimation = (20 \times 30) = 600

Q7

Answer:

376 estimated to the nearest hundred = 400 123 estimated to the nearest hundred = 100

 \therefore The required estimation = (400 \times 100) = 40000

Q8

Answer:

264 estimated to the nearest hundred = 300
147 estimated to the nearest hundred = 100

 \therefore The required estimation = (300 \times 100) = 30000

Q9

Answer:

423 estimated to the nearest hundred = 400 158 estimated to the nearest hundred = 200 \therefore The required estimation = (400 \times 200) = 80000

Q10

Answer:

509 estimated to the nearest hundred = 500 179 estimated to the nearest hundred = 200 \therefore The required estimation = (500 \times 200) = 100000

Q11

Answer:

392 estimated to the nearest hundred = 400 138 estimated to the nearest hundred = 100 \therefore The required estimation = (400 \times 100) = 40000

Q12

Answer:

271 estimated to the nearest hundred = 300 339 estimated to the nearest hundred = 300 \therefore The required estimation = (300 \times 300) = 90000

Q13

Answer:

183 estimated upwards = 200 154 estimated downwards = 100 ∴ The required product = (200 × 100) = 20000

Q14

Answer:

267 estimated upwards = 300 146 estimated downwards = 100 ∴ The required product = (300 × 100) = 30000

```
Answer:
359 estimated upwards = 400
76 estimated downwards = 70
\therefore The required product = (400 \times 70) =28000
Q16
Answer:
472 estimated upwards = 500
158 estimated downwards = 100
\therefore The required product = (500 \times 100) = 50000
Q17
Answer:
680 estimated upwards = 700
164 estimated downwards = 100
\therefore The required product = (700 \times 100) = 70000
Q18
Answer:
255 estimated upwards = 300
350 estimated downwards = 300
\therefore The required product = (300 \times 300) = 90000
Q19
Answer:
356 estimated downwards = 300
278 estimated upwards = 300
\therefore The required product = (300 \times 300) = 90000
Q20
Answer:
472 estimated downwards = 400
76 estimated upwards = 80
\therefore The required product = (400 \times 80) = 32000
Q21
```

578 estimated downwards = 500 369 estimated upwards = 400

 \therefore The required product = (500 \times 400) = 200000

Number System Exercise 1F

Q1
Answer:
$87 \div 28$ is approximately equal to $90 \div 30 = 3$.
Q2
Answer:
The estimated quotient for 83 ÷ 17 is approximately equal to 80 ÷ 20 = 8 ÷ 2 = 4.
Q3 Answer:
The estimated quotient of 75 \div 23 is approximately equal to 80 \div 20 = 8 \div 2 = 4.
Q4 Answer:
The estimated quotient of 193 \div 24 is approximately equal to 200 \div 20 = 20 \div 2 = 10.
Q5 Answer:
The estimated quotient of 725 \div 23 is approximately equal to 700 \div 20 = 70 \div 2 = 35.
Q6
Answer:
The estimated quotient of 275 \div 25 is approximately equal to 300 \div 30 = 30 \div 3 = 10.
Q7
Answer:
The estimated quotient of 633 \div 33 is approximately equal to 600 \div 30 = 60 \div 3 = 20.
Q8

Answer: 729 ÷ 29 is approximately equal to 700 ÷ 30 or 70 ÷ 3, which is approximately equal to 23. Q9 Answer: 858 ÷ 39 is approximately equal to 900 ÷ 40 or 90 ÷ 4, which is approximately equal to 23.

Q10

Answer:

868 ÷ 38 is approximately equal to 900 ÷ 40 or 90 ÷ 4, which is approximately equal to 23.

Number System Exercise 1G

Q1

Answer:

```
We may write these numbers as given below:
```

```
(i) 2 = 11
```

(ii)
$$8 = (5 + 3) = VIII$$

(iii)
$$14 = (10 + 4) = XIV$$

(vi)
$$43 = (50 - 10) + 3 = XLIII$$

(vii)
$$54 = (50 + 4) = LIV$$

(ix)
$$73 = (50 + 10 + 10 + 3) = LXXIII$$

$$(x)$$
 81 = $(50 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 1) = LXXXI$

$$(xiv)$$
 105 = $(100 + 5)$ = CV

$$(xv)$$
 114 = $(100 + 10) + 4 = CXIV$

Q2

Answer:

We may write these numbers in Roman numerals as follows:

```
(i) 164 = (100 + 50 + 10 + 4) = CLXIV
```

(v)
$$475 = (500 - 100) + 50 + 10 + 10 + 5 = CDLXXV$$

We can write the given Roman numerals in Hindu-Arabic numerals as follows:

```
(i) XXVII = 10 + 10 + 7 = 27

(ii) XXXIV = 10 + 10 + 10 + 4 = 34

(iii) XLV = (50 - 10 ) + 5 = 45

(iv) LIV = 50 + 4 = 54

(v) LXXIV = 50 + 10 + 10 + 4 = 74

(vi) XCI = (100 - 10) + 1 = 91

(vii) XCVI = (100 - 10) + 6 = 96

(viii) CXI = 100 + 10 + 1 = 111

(ix) CLIV = 100 + 50 + 4 = 154

(x) CCXXIV = 100 + 100 + 10 + 10 + 4 = 224

(xi) CCCLXV = 100 + 100 + 100 + 50 + 10 + 5 = 365

(xii) CDXIV = (500 - 100) + 10 + 4 = 414

(xiii) CDLXIV = (500 - 100) + 50 + 10 + 4 = 464
```

Q4

Answer:

(xiv) DVI = 500 + 6 = 506

(i) VC is wrong because V, L and D are never subtracted.

(xv) DCCLXVI = 500 + 100 + 100 + 50 + 10 + 6 = 766

- (ii) IL is wrong because I can be subtracted from V and X only.
- (iii) VVII is wrong because V, L and D are never repeated.
- (iv) IXX is wrong because X (ten) must be placed before IX (nine).

Number System Exercise 1H

Q1
Answer:
Option c is correct.
Place value of 6 = 6 lakhs = $(6 \times 100000) = 600000$
Q2
Answer:
Option a is correct.
The face value of a digit remains as it is irrespective of the place it occupies in the place value chart Thus, the face value of 4 is always 4 irrespective of where it may be.
Q3
Answer:
Option c is correct.
Place value of 5 = 5 × 10000 = 50000
Face value of 5 = 5
∴ Required difference = 50000 – 5 = 49995
Q4
Answer:

Q5

Option b is correct.

The smallest counting number is 1.

```
Answer:
 Option b is correct.
 The largest four-digit number = 9999
 The smallest four-digit number = 1000
 Total number of all four-digit numbers = (9999 - 1000) + 1
                                       = 8999 + 1
                                          = 9000
Q6
 Answer:
 Option b is correct.
 The largest seven-digit number = 9999999
 The smallest seven-digit number = 1000000
 Total number of seven-digit numbers = (9999999 - 1000000) + 1
                                  = 8999999 + 1
                                    = 9000000
Q7
Answer:
Option c is correct.
The largest eight-digit number = 99999999
The smallest eight-digit number = 10000000
Total number of eight-digit numbers = (99999999 - 10000000) + 1
                                     = 89999999 + 1
                                      = 90000000
Q8
Answer:
Option b is correct.
The number just before 1000000 is 999999 (i.e., 1000000 - 1).
Q9
 Answer:
 Option a is correct.
V, L and D are never subtracted. Thus, VX is wrong.
Q10
Answer:
Option c is correct.
I can be subtracted from V and X only. Thus, IC is wrong.
```