Stack using linked list

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void push();
void pop();
void display();
struct node
int val;
struct node *next;
};
struct node *head;
void main ()
  int choice=0;
  printf("\n*******Stack operations using linked list*******\n");
  printf("\n----\n");
  while(choice != 4)
    printf("\n\nChose one from the below options...\n");
    printf("\n1.Push\n2.Pop\n3.Show\n4.Exit");
    printf("\n Enter your choice \n");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
    switch(choice)
       case 1:
         push();
         break;
       case 2:
         pop();
         break;
       case 3:
         display();
         break;
       case 4:
         printf("Exiting....");
         break;
       default:
         printf("Please Enter valid choice ");
```

```
}
  };
}
void push ()
  int val;
  struct node *ptr = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  if(ptr == NULL)
     printf("not able to push the element");
  else
     printf("Enter the value");
     scanf("%d",&val);
     if(head==NULL)
       ptr->val = val;
       ptr -> next = NULL;
       head=ptr;
     }
     else
       ptr->val = val;
       ptr->next = head;
       head=ptr;
     printf("Item pushed");
}
void pop()
  int item;
  struct node *ptr;
  if (head == NULL)
     printf("Underflow");
  else
     item = head->val;
     ptr = head;
     head = head->next;
     free(ptr);
     printf("Item popped");
```

```
}
void display()
{
  int i;
  struct node *ptr;
  ptr=head;
  if(ptr == NULL)
  {
    printf("Stack is empty\n");
  }
  else
  {
    printf("Printing Stack elements \n");
    while(ptr!=NULL)
    {
        printf("%d\n",ptr->val);
        ptr = ptr->next;
    }
  }
}
```