

Experiment No.5

Create HIVE Database and Descriptive analytics-basic statistics.

Date of Performance: 14/8/23

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Aim: Create HIVE Database and Descriptive analytics-basic statistics.

#### Theory:

Hive is a database technology that can define databases and tables to analyze structured data. The theme for structured data analysis is to store the data in a tabular manner, and pass queries to analyze it. This chapter explains how to create Hive database. Hive contains a default database named default.

#### **Create Database Statement**

Create Database is a statement used to create a database in Hive. A database in Hive is a namespace or a collection of tables. The syntax for this statement is as follows:

CREATE DATABASE|SCHEMA [IF NOT EXISTS] <database name>

Here, IF NOT EXISTS is an optional clause, which notifies the user that a database with the same name already exists. We can use SCHEMA in place of DATABASE in this command. The following query is executed to create a database named userdb:

hive> CREATE DATABASE [IF NOT EXISTS] userdb;

hive> CREATE SCHEMA userdb;

The following query is used to verify a databases list:

hive> SHOW DATABASES;

default userdb

#### Program:

The JDBC program to create a database is given below.

import java.sql.SQLException;

import java.sql.Connection;

import java.sql.ResultSet;

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```
import
               java.sql.Statement;
  import java.sql.DriverManager;
public class HiveCreateDb {
   private static String driverName = "org.apache.hadoop.hive.jdbc.HiveDriver";
 public static void main(String[] args) throws SQLException {
   // Register driver and create driver instance
   Class.forName(driverName);
   // get connection
   Connection con =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:hive://localhost:10000/default", "", "");
   Statement stmt = con.createStatement();
   stmt.executeQuery("CREATE DATABASE userdb");
   System.out.println("Database userdb created successfully.");
   con.close();
```



#### **Output:**

Database userdb created successfully.

```
hive> SHOW DATABASES;
2023-10-02 16:14:49,020 INFO conf.HiveConf: Using the default value passed in for log id: 70073e24-e640-406e-9376-6316074738d3
2023-10-02 16:14:49,021 INFO session.SessionState: Updating thread name to 70073e24-e640-406e-9376-6316074738d3 main
2023-10-02 16:14:49,021 INFO ql.Driver: Compiling command(queryId=samar_20231002161449_940862b8-0e90-4d75-83ac-751114dcfe11): SHON DATABASES
2023-10-02 16:14:49,043 INFO ql.Driver: Concurrency mode is disabled, not creating a lock manager
2023-10-02 16:14:49,046 INFO ql.Driver: Returning Hive schema: Schema(fieldSchemas:[FieldSchemas(name:database_name, type:string, comment:from deserializer)], properties:null)
2023-10-02 16:14:49,046 INFO ql.Driver: Completed compiling command(queryId=samar_20231002161449_940862b8-0e90-4d75-83ac-751114dcfe11); Time taken: 0.023 seconds
2023-10-02 16:14:49,049 INFO ql.Driver: Completed compiling command(queryId=samar_20231002161449_940862b8-0e90-4d75-83ac-751114dcfe11); Time taken: 0.023 inFO ql.Driver: Concurrency mode is disabled, not creating a lock manager
2023-10-02 16:14:49,050 INFO ql.Driver: Executing command(queryId=samar_20231002161449_940862b8-0e90-4d75-83ac-751114dcfe11): SHON DATABASES
2023-10-02 16:14:49,051 INFO ql.Driver: Starting task [Stage-0:DOL] in serial mode
2023-10-02 16:14:49,052 INFO ql.Driver: Starting task [Stage-0:DOL] in serial mode
2023-10-02 16:14:49,051 INFO metastore.HiveMetastore.etg get_databases: @hive#
2023-10-02 16:14:49,051 INFO metastore.HiveMetastore.HiveMetastore.etg get_databases: @hive#
2023-10-02 16:14:49,05
```

#### **CONCLUSION:**

Through this experiment we have studied about how Hive provides a SQL-like interface for querying large datasets stored in distributed storage systems. It's commonly used in the Hadoop ecosystem for data warehousing and analytics. In this example, we created a Hive database, defined a table structure, loaded data into it, and performed basic descriptive analytics and statistics. Hive is powerful for handling big data, and the SQL-like syntax makes it accessible to users familiar with relational databases.