

ChatGPT

Standard deviation and variance are measures of the spread or dispersion of a set of values. They provide insight into how much individual values in a data set deviate from the mean (average) value.

1. Variance:

- . Definition: Variance is the average of the squared differences from the mean.
- Formula: If $X_1, X_2, ..., X_n$ are the individual data points, and \bar{X} is the mean, then the variance σ^2 is calculated as:

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2$$

• **Example:** Consider a data set of exam scores: 75, 80, 85, 90, 95. The mean is $ar{X} =$

$$\frac{75+80+85+90+95}{5}=85.$$
 The variance is calculated as: $\sigma^2=\frac{(75-85)^2+(80-85)^2+(85-85)^2+(90-85)^2+(95-85)^2}{5}$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{100 + 25 + 0 + 25 + 100}{5} = \frac{250}{5} = 50$$

2. Standard Deviation:

- Definition: Standard deviation is the square root of the variance. It measures the average distance between each data point and the mean.
- Formula: If σ^2 is the variance, then the standard deviation σ is calculated as:

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\sigma^2}$$

• Example: Using the variance example above, the standard deviation is:

$$\sigma = \sqrt{50} \approx 7.07$$

Interpretation:

- A small standard deviation or variance indicates that the data points tend to be close to the mean.
- A large standard deviation or variance indicates that the data points are spread out over a wider range.

In the example, a standard deviation of approximately 7.07 suggests that the exam scores are somewhat dispersed around the mean sco ψ 85. If the standard deviation were smaller, it would imply that the scores are more tightly clustered around the mean.