



## Troubleshooting Cloudflare

Troubleshooting Cloudflare's Integrated Global Cloud Platform

## Agenda

#### **Troubleshooting Cloudflare**

Day 2 Review

Common Issues Overview

Let's start checking

**Understand errors** 

Working with Cloudflare Support

## Instructor



Chrisanthy Carlane Partner Technical Enablement



## What You Should Already Know

- Common Tools for Troubleshooting with Cloudflare
  - Dig, Curl, MTR/Traceroute, HAR Files

Cloudflare acts as a reverse proxy using Anycast DNS to route customer traffic





## ACE - What we covered on Day 1~2

- Can perform, and guide the customer on the safe steps of Cloudflare implementation (onboarding).
- Understood and can guide the customer on DNS/SSL decisions.
- Understood and can guide onboarding best practices.
- Understood and can guide key security products, how to fine-tune.
- Understood and can guide key performance products, how to fine-tune.



## Cloudflare ACE Training Webinar

Lab Handbook Online: https://ace-training.cf/

**Troubleshooting: Prerequisite 1** 

- You have a website you onboarded on day 1.
- You have access to your Cloudflare demo account.

If not yet, please take the day 1: implementation webinar first.



## Cloudflare ACE Training Webinar

Lab Handbook Online: https://ace-training.cf/

Troubleshooting: Prerequisite 2

Please make sure you have terminal-friendly environment (MacOS, Linux) so we can play together with some basic terminal commands such as dig, curl etc.

Time: 5 ~ 15 mins

ACCRECITED PARTNER NETWORK

Accredited Configuration Engineer

Prerequisite is also illustrated at the handbook: https://ace-training.cf

Cloudflare is an integrated global cloud network that provides performance, security, reliability and platform solutions.

## // Common Issues Overview

# Common situations that need Troubleshooting



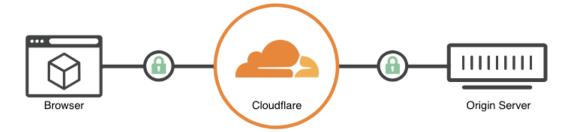
- 1. After deploying Cloudflare, my app isn't working!
  - Variation: my app's `intermittently` not working!
- 2. After deploying Cloudflare, it became slow!
- 3. My app is not blocking this request, but it's blocked after Cloudflare!
- 4. My app renders / behaves differently after deploying Cloudflare

## Before starting Troubleshooting

1. Do you have enough information to understand the problem symptom?
e.g: rayld, cdn-cgi/trace, HAR, traceroute, explanation

- 1. Did you turn the log on?
- 2. Do you know where to find what?
- 3. Can you reproduce the problem?
- 4. Can you manage to find the trigger of the problem? Can you try t/s tools to determine if it's Cloudflare or the origin or even the client problem?

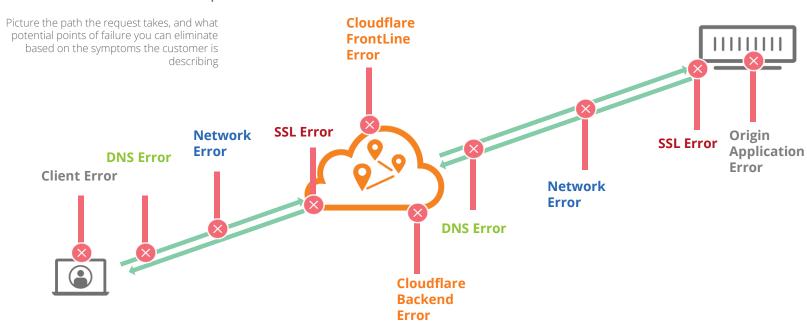






## Possible points of failure

#### Draw the network map



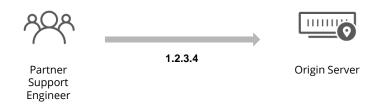


## What we can do "before" submitting the support request

**Reproduce/Confirm the problem** by sending the request through Cloudflare's proxy



**Pinpoint the problem** by sending the request bypassing Cloudflare and send request direct to origin



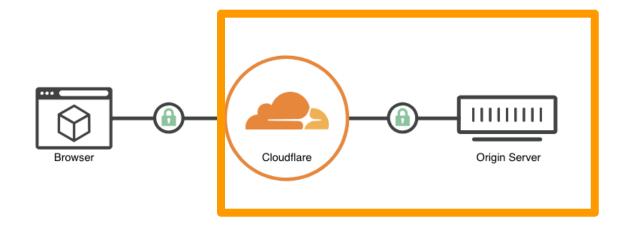
Collecting the necessary information will give you visibility. You may either solve the problem, or at least have enough information to effectively work with Cloudflare's support team.

## // Let's start checking!

## **ACE - Troubleshooting Exercise #1**

Try to turn on the log on your test zone.







### First thing first

## Is origin server ready to use Cloudflare proxy?

#### Is Cloudflare IP range allow-listed by the origin?

- Configure firewalls to prevent access to your servers, load balancers, and other infrastructure from non-Cloudflare IP addresses
  - This means allowlisting Cloudflare IPs in your Access Control List to prevent rate-limiting or false positives from any intrusion detection systems.
- Prevents attackers from recording/recognizing the "fingerprints" of your hardware when probing your IPs

#### Have you set up Cloudflare Standalone Health Checks? Is it showing Healthy ?

- At Cloudflare dashboard, set up Cloudflare standalone health checks to verify the origin server responds to Cloudflare data center's HTTP(S)/TCP requests.
- You can find it at Traffic/Health Checks. Select the relevant region as per the business requirement.
- Proceed to the next step only <u>after the health checks are marked as</u> Healthy.



## First thing first Is origin server ready to use Cloudflare proxy?

#### Cloudflare adds header/cookie when proxying back the request to the origin server. Is it reviewed?

- Cloudflare passes all HTTP headers as-is from the client to the origin and adds additional headers as specified <a href="here">here</a>. Review the headers and make sure the origin server will work as expected.
- Cloudflare uses HTTP cookies to maximize network resources, manage traffic, and protect our Customers' sites from malicious traffic and the details are described <a href="here">here</a>. Review the cookies and make sure the origin server will work as expected.



## Figure out "what" is the problem to solve

- 1. After deploying Cloudflare, my app's not working! Variation: my app's `intermittently` not working!
  - => with what error msg? what status code?
- 2. After deploying Cloudflare, it became slow!
  - => from where? how do we quantify this? what did you to test? filtered out the third-party assets?
- 3. My app is not blocking this request, but it's blocked after Cloudflare!
  - => pinpointed what request is being blocked and if it's CF or origin?
- 4. My app renders / behaves differently after deploying Cloudflare!
  - => we need detailed comparison to correctly pinpoint



# Figure out "which part" has the problem to solve ercise

We need a way to compare the proxy vs origin behaviour.

#### Try this:

```
curl -svo /dev/null/ "https://www.yourdomain.cf"
```

#### And:

```
curl -svo /dev/null/ "http://www.yourdomain.cf" --resolve
```

origin address

www.yourdomain.cf:80:35.234.81.115

#### Are you a Windows user and you can't use cURL?

- 1. Windows Subsystem for Linux is the best way
- 2. You can use local hosts file to point origin address for the Cloudflare enabled site

Can't make direct request to the origin due to customer keeping the best practice?

ask them to allow your IP address temporarily for troubleshooting

#### Way to look at it based on the result:

- Problem observed at both
  - look at origin
- Problem observed at the former only
  - look at Cloudflare or Cloudflare<->origin



## What's /cdn-cgi/trace























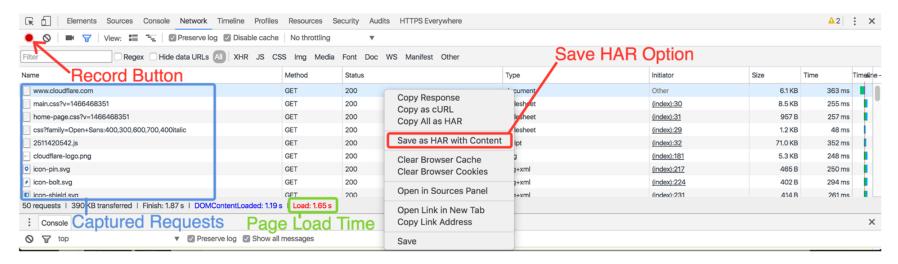
f1=26f66 h=cloudflare.com ip=122.202.10.250 ts=1571695491.491 visit scheme=https uag=Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10 14 6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/69.0.3497.81 Safari/537.36 colo=SYD http=http/2 loc=AU tls=TLSv1.2 sni=plaintext warp=off



## Generating a HAR File

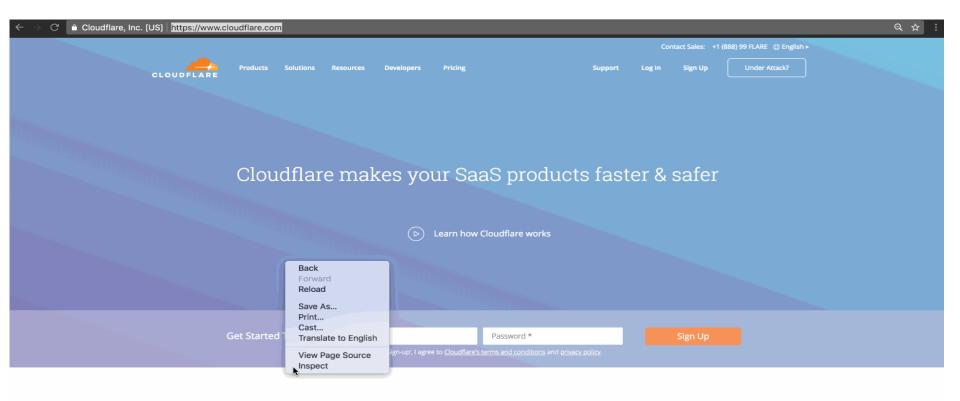


A HAR file is a recording of HTTP requests ran from a web browser. Here is an example of a recording being done from within Chrome's dev tools:



Instructions can be found on Cloudflare's KB: How do I generate a HAR File?





A Growing Global Network Built for Scale

15 Tbps Capacity and 152 Data Center Global Footprint



## HAR Files: Many-splendored things

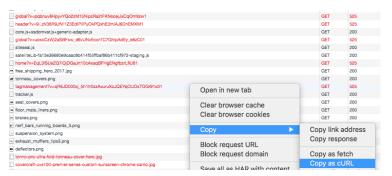
#### **Determining the exact client request and server response**

Finding the exact request and response headers gives us a wealth of information, including:

- Was the request served from our cache?
- What was the rayID?
- What was the exact error (both status code and response body)?
- Did the customer hit our edge or not?

#### **Using "copy as curl"**

An exact way to reproduce the request as it was sent from the browser.



#### Getting timing information to troubleshoot speed issues

Go to the timing section to see where the slowdown occurred.

Request	Response	Response Content	Cookies	Timing				
Request times								
Low bandwidth								
The BW detected was too low (6.94 Kb/s). This is usually due to a bad network connection								
‡								
Blocked time Does not apply.								
DNS time Does not apply.								
Connectio	n time Does	not apply.						
Send time	0 ms							
Wait time	2233 ms							
Receive time 6199 ms								

#### **Checking DNS resolution**

A HAR file records the exact IP address the client resolved the hostname to.

## Cloudflare Logpush

Logpush can be configured for Enterprise customers using one of the following methods:

- Cloudflare UI (Dashboard)
- Cloudflare Logpush API

Cloud Services supported by Cloudflare Logpush:

- Enable Amazon S3
- Enable Google Cloud Storage
- Enable Microsoft Azure
- Enable Sumo Logic
- IBM Cloud Object Storage

## Additional Analytics Integrations

Cloudflare has analytis partnerships with the following companies with built-in dashboards:

- Datadog
- Elastic
- Graylog
- Google Cloud
- Looker
- Splunk
- Sumo Logic

## find a log with rayld

659627555c7e55d2

<example rayId>



## Retention & Format

#### **Data Retention**

Logs can be queried from 1 minute in the past and going back at least 3 days and up to 7 days.

#### Format of the Data

The Logpull API returns data in JSON format via gzip compression, each log line is a valid JSON object.

Below is a sample log with default fields:

```
"ClientIP": "89.163.242.206",
    "ClientRequestHost": "www.theburritobot.com",
    "ClientRequestMethod": "GET",
    "ClientRequestURI": "/static/img/testimonial-hipster.png",
    "EdgeEndTimestamp": 1506702504461999900,
    "EdgeResponseBytes": 69045,
    "EdgeResponseStatus": 200,
    "EdgeStartTimestamp": 1506702504433000200,
    "RayID": "3a6050bcbe121a87"
}
```

## LogPull API Basics

#### **Endpoints**

The three endpoints the Logpull API supports are:

- GET /logs/received returns HTTP request log data based on the parameters specified
- GET /logs/received/fields returns the list of all available log fields
- GET /logs/rayids/<rayid> returns HTTP request log data matching <rayid>

#### Example API requests using cURL

logs/received

```
curl -s \
    -H "X-Auth-Email: <REDACTED>" \
    -H "X-Auth-Key: <REDACTED>" \
        "https://api.cloudflare.com/client/v4/zones/<ZONE_ID>/logs/received?
start=2017-07-18T22:00:00Z&end=2017-07-
18T22:01:00Z&count=1&fields=RayID,ClientIP"
```



## Traceroute from Cloudflare colo



Needs Cloudflare team to enable (if doesn't work)

minimum TTL to the origin from specific Cloudflare colo

Colo -- use "sin02" for Singapore, "icn01" for Korea, etc



## Is Cloudflare having issues?

- https://cloudflarestatus.com/
  - Customers can subscribe
  - Incident tracking

PARTNER

NETWORK

CLOUDFLARE

- Display colo statuses
- Avg. incident resolution time 30mins

# Past Incidents Oct 11, 2018 Web Analytics Access Resolved - This incident has been resolved. Oct 11, 10:59 UTC Monitoring - A fix has been implemented and we are monitoring the results. Oct 11, 10:30 UTC Identified - The issue has been identified and a fix is being implemented. Oct 11, 10:07 UTC Investigating - Cloudflare is observing issues that may impact some users' ability to access Web Analytics via the dashboard and API - customers may see errors returned. We are actively investigating these issues. DNS, Rate Limiting & Argo Analytics are not impacted by this. Oct 11, 08:39 UTC

#### **Cloudflare System Status**

#### All Systems Operational

#### What is this page?

▼ Europe

Berlin, Germany - (TXL)

Brussels, Belgium - (BRU)

Bucharest, Romania - (OTP)

Cloudflare provides performance and security to website owners via its intelligent global network. This is the system status for the Cloudflare service, both edge network and dashboard/APIs for management.

Status information is also available as an RSS feed - https://www.cloudflarestatus.com/history.atom

Amsterdam, Netherlands - (AMS)	Operational
Athens, Greece - (ATH)	Operational
Barcelona, Spain - (BCN)	Operational
Belgrade, Serbia - (BEG)	Operational

Operational

Operational

Operational

## **Curl: Quick DNS Override**

This helps you check what response you get from the origin realtime

```
curl -svo /dev/null https://www.cloudflare.com --connect-
to ::1.2.3.4
```

More help with curl available <u>here</u>

# Curl: Confirming intermittent errors Exercise

e.g. normally you see 200 but 'intermittently' there's 502!

```
for i in {1..50}; do curl -svo /dev/null/
"https://www.cloudflare.com?x=${i}" 2>&1 | grep
-Ei "< HTTP|< Date|< CF-Cache-Status|< CF-RAY|<
Server"; printf "\n\n"; done;
```

Cloudflare is an integrated global cloud network that provides performance, security, reliability and platform solutions.

## // Understand Errors

# Q: After deploying Cloudflare, my app's not working!

A: With what status code?



https://support.cloudflare.com/hc/en-us/articles/360029779472



- Overview
- 500: internal server error
- 502: bad gateway or 504: gateway timeout
- 503: service temporarily unavailable
- 520: web server returns an unknown error
- 521: web server is down
- 522: connection timed out
- 523: origin is unreachable
- 524: a timeout occurred
- 525: SSL handshake failed
- 526: invalid SSL certificate
- 527: Railgun listener to origin
- Error 530
- Related resources



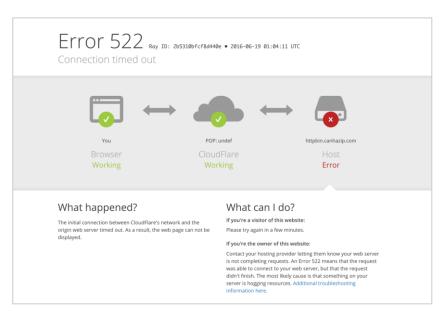
- Error 1000: DNS points to prohibited IP
- Error 1001: DNS resolution error
- · Error 1002: DNS points to Prohibited IP
- · Error 1002: Restricted
- Error 1003 Access Denied: Direct IP Access Not Allowed
- Error 1004: Host Not Configured to Serve Web Traffic
- Error 1006, 1007, and 1008 Access Denied: Your IP address has been banned
- Error 1010: The owner of this website has banned your access based on your browser's signature
- · Error 1011: Access Denied (Hotlinking Denied)
- Error 1012: Access Denied
- Error 1013: HTTP hostname and TLS SNI hostname mismatch
- Error 1014: CNAME Cross-User Banned
- . Error 1015: You are being rate limited
- · Error 1016: Origin DNS error
- Error 1018: Could not find host
- Error 1019: Compute server error
- Error 1020: Access denied
- Error 1025: Please check back later
- · Error 1101: Rendering error
- Error 1102: Rendering error
   Related resources

## 522 Error: Connection Timed Out

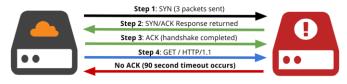
A 522 error is triggered when a **TCP** connection to the web server hosting the site could not be established over the designated port.

To initiate a TCP connection, Cloudflare servers send out 3 **SYN** packets and awaits a **SYN-ACK** packet in return, if a **SYN-ACK** is not received within 15 seconds, the connection attempt will fail.





#### 522 Condition 2



## Handling 522 Error Tickets

#### Common Causes:

- 1. CF connection attempt being blocked by a firewall/security plugin at the host.
- 2. Packets are being dropped within the host's network.
- The origin server was too overloaded to respond.
- 4. There was an issue with an upstream provider along the path.

#### Recommendations to the customer:

- 1. Make sure that you're not blocking Cloudflare IPs in iptables, or your firewall.
- Confirm with hosting provider isn't rate limiting or blocking Cloudflare IPs.
- Provide an MTR/Traceroute from the impacted location/origin server to confirm status of the path to Cloudflare's network.



#### 52x errors breakdown

520	<ul> <li>Connection resets (following a successful TCP handshake)</li> <li>Response headers exceeds size limit</li> <li>Empty response from origin</li> <li>Invalid HTTP response</li> <li>HTTP response missing headers</li> </ul>	524	Origin's HTTP Reply exceeds 100s timeout limit
521	Cloudflare IPs blocked by Firewall/Router	525	<ul> <li>Cipher disagreement between origin server and Cloudflare</li> <li>No SSL at the origin and Full SSL set</li> <li>Lack of SNI support at the origin</li> <li>TLS version disagreement</li> </ul>
522	<ul> <li>Connection resets</li> <li>Rate-limiting</li> <li>Loss in network path</li> </ul>	526	Origin does not have a valid certificate     Expired     Self-signed     CN/SAN Hostname mismatch
523	<ul> <li>Route to origin is unavailable</li> <li>Origin is null routed upstream</li> </ul>	527	WAN connection timed out after establishment with Sender/Listener     Listener's connection failed at origin

Error	Common Cause(s)	Information Gathering	
520	<ul> <li>Connection resets (following a successful TCP handshake)</li> <li>Response headers exceeds size limit</li> <li>Empty response from origin</li> <li>Invalid HTTP response</li> <li>HTTP response missing headers</li> </ul>	1. RaylD 2. URI Requested 3. HAR file with CF ON and paused	
521	Cloudflare IPs blocked by Firewall/Router	1. RaylD 2. Traceroute/MTR	
522	<ul> <li>Connection resets</li> <li>Rate-limiting</li> <li>Loss in network path</li> </ul>	1. RaylD 2. URI Requested 3. Traceroute/MTR	
523	<ul> <li>Route to origin is unavailable</li> <li>Origin is null routed upstream</li> </ul>	1. RaylD 2. Traceroute/MTR	
524	Origin's HTTP Reply exceeds 100s timeout limit	1. RaylD 2. URI Requested 3. HAR file with CF ON and paused	
525	<ul> <li>Cipher disagreement between origin server and Cloudflare</li> <li>No SSL at the origin and Full SSL set</li> <li>Lack of SNI support at the origin</li> <li>TLS version disagreement</li> </ul>	1. RaylD 2. URI Requested 3. Browser Type and Version	
526	<ul> <li>Origin does not have a valid certificate</li> <li>Expired</li> <li>Self-signed</li> <li>CN/SAN Hostname mismatch</li> </ul>	1. RaylD 2. URI Requested 3. Origin certificate file	
527	WAN connection timed out after establishment with Sender/Listener Listener's connection failed at origin	1. RayID 2. URI Requested 3. Railgun.conf file from Listener	

#### 10xx error breakdown

Error	Cause(s)	Next Steps		
1000 - DNS Cyclic Error	Request is re-proxied from origin back to Cloudflare after already being proxied from Cloudflare's edge.	Confirm presence of reverse proxy with customer     a. If present, have them re-configure the proxy to pass through requests from Cloudflare IP ranges to origin     b. If no proxy is in place, forward error page/rayID to Cloudflare Support		
1001 - DNS Resolution Error	Improper configuration of DNS records for CNAME setups or Partial setups at the host partner DNS infrastructure.	Confirm DNS records for zone are pointing to the correct values     If DNS records are in proper order, please provide rayID/Error page to Cloudflare support		
1002 - DNS Points to Local	DNS record is pointing to private IP space	Have customer adjust DNS record to an external IP that is accessible on the public internet		
1003 - Bad Host	Querying CF IPs directly in the browser	This is standard behavior, as it is not intended to query CF IPs directly in a web browser		
1004 - Host Not Configured	DNS propagation has not completed after activating Cloudflare	If the customer site has just been activated (within minutes), have them retry accessing the site 5 to 10 minutes later from a clean/new browser window     If customer still reports an issue, forward error page/rayID to Cloudflare support		
1006 - User Ban IP	Request is blocked by a single IP firewall rule	If traffic is confirmed to be legitimate, then instruct the customer to apply whitelist rules for any reporting address that is receiving these blocks		



#### 10xx error breakdown

Error	Cause(s)	Next Steps	
1008 - User Ban IP range /16	Request is blocked due to address is included within a /16 range rule in the IP firewall	If traffic is confirmed to be legitimate, then instruct the customer to apply whitelist rules for any reporting address that is receiving these blocks	
1008 - User Ban IP range /16	Request is blocked due to address is included within a /16 range rule in the IP firewall	If traffic is confirmed to be legitimate, then instruct the customer to apply whitelist rules for any reporting address that is receiving these blocks	
1009 - User Ban Country	Request is blocked due to address registered from a country is blocked by a country rule in the IP firewall	If traffic is confirmed to be legitimate, then instruct the customer to apply whitelist rules for any reporting address that is receiving these blocks	
1010 - BIC Ban	Request is blocked by the Browser Integrity Check feature	Confirm what browser type/version is being used from Customer when the error occurs and forward this information to Cloudflare support.	
1011 - Hotlink Denial	Request is blocked by the Hotlink Protection feature, which prevents specified URIs to be linked to an external site	This is a feature that is enabled by the account owner. If users are reporting this error to the customer, then it is up to the discretion of the site owner to disable Hotlink Protection.	
1013 - Hostname/SNI Mismatch	Client browser either:  1. Does not support SNI 2. Is sending the wrong header to CF	Confirm what browser type/version is being used from Customer when the error occurs and forward this information to Cloudflare support.	





#### **Problem Observation**

- Start with a working website
- What happen when I change SSL mode?
- What happen when I shutdown nginx daemon?
- What happen when I turn off server?



#### Customer receives a random error page!

Error 520 Ray ID: 46ece97f7e6591b2 . 2018-10-24 13:50:56 UTC

Web server is returning an unknown error



#### What happened?

There is an unknown connection issue between Cloudflare and the origin web server. As a result, the web page can not be displayed.

#### What can I do?

If you are a visitor of this website:

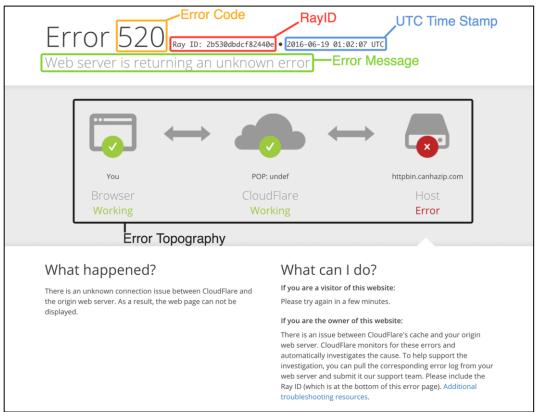
Please try again in a few minutes.

If you are the owner of this website:

There is an issue between Cloudflare's cache and your origin web server. Cloudflare monitors for these errors and automatically



#### Breaking down a default Cloudflare Error Page





# **Health Checks**

#### Tip - Custom Error Pages

This helps you to distinguish origin 502/504 vs CF 502/504



Cloudflare is an integrated global cloud network that provides performance, security, reliability and platform solutions.

# // A few other tips for troubleshooting

#### Q: After deploying Cloudflare, my app's not working!

#### A: With what error code? How to replicate?



- Overview
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- Related resources

https://support.cloudflare.com/hc/en-us/articles/115003011431-Troubleshooting-Cloudflare-5XX-errors



#### Next step: Is the error from CF or the origin?

#### Examples:

Cloudflare: 502, Origin: 502

Check your origin please.

Cloudflare: 403/503, Origin: 0

Some security product seems to be blocking this request.

Cloudflare: 521, Origin: 503

Check your origin please.

Cloudflare: 502, Origin: 0 (200) 😤



We will investigate asap and get back to you.



Error 522 Ray ID: 5c7f181d88306da0 • 2020-08-24 18:21:39 UTC Connection timed out



Next step? Status Code Troubleshooting Guide should be a good one-stop shop for all status codes.

# Q: After deploying Cloudflare, my app became slow!

A: May I know from what region? which ISP? to what URL? from around what second to what second? Let me double check the configurations for you and run a synthetic performance test.

- HAR file can show you what resources are slow
- Logpush customers have more visibility (private beta performance fields)

#### 'Run a synthetic performance test'

If configuration is all good, could be a false alert.

You can run test 'CF vs origin' to prove;

(make sure you omit third party requests from the test)

If we are slower than origin/competitor even with all proper settings, then please gather the information and escalate to Cloudflare support.

# Q: After deploying Cloudflare, my app behavior changed

#### A: Please provide:

- Exact steps to reproduce
- HAR file,
- And temporary test credentials if the URL in question is password protected

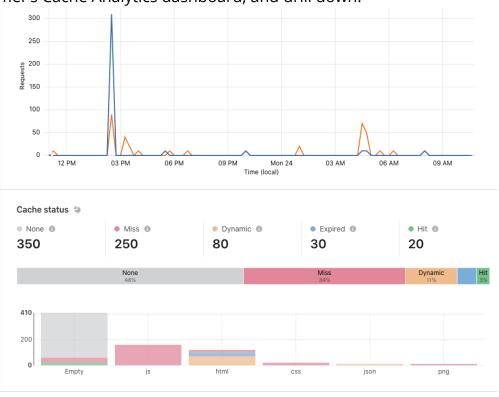
# Q: My app is not blocking this request, but it's blocked after Cloudflare!

A: Go to customer's Firewall Analytics dashboard and search by IP or rayID!

~	23 Aug, 2020	0 14:37:22	Block	United States	7	73.70.123.4	Firewall rules
	Ray ID	5c77f974fe01	1025e		Service	Firewall rules	
	Method	GET			Rule ID	1cbb3833df3c40a9bb010a2 45	e826fd1
	HTTP Version	HTTP/2				13	
	Host	theo.blog.adan	nem cf		Rule name	block /block	
	Path		ss/dist/block-library/s	styl	Expression	<pre>(http.request.uri.path contains "/block")</pre>	
	Query string	?ver=5.5			Action taken		
	User agent	Mozilla/5.0 (X1	1; Linux x86_64; rv:68	3.0)	Bot score	2	
		Gecko/2010010			Bot source	Machine Learning	
	IP address	73.70.123.4			Export eve	ent JSON	
	ASN	AS7922 COMC	AST-7922				
	Country	United States					

#### Q: My cache hit % is smaller than I expected

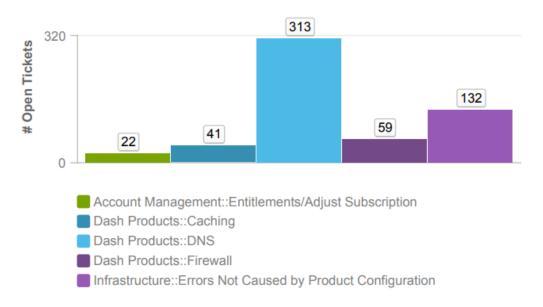
A: Go to customer's Cache Analytics dashboard, and drill down!



### Top 5 ticket categories - Enterprise

- DNS Records
- 2. Infrastructure
- 3. Firewall
- 4. Caching
- 5. Account Management





Contact Cloudflare support for 24/7/365 support needs.

- <u>entsupport@cloudflare.com</u>
- partnersupport@cloudflare.com

### // Working with Cloudflare Support

#### Find the support you need.

For self-serve questions

Check our extensive Knowledge Base at support.cloudflare.com

For strategic guidance and best practices

Reach out to your partner account team

For non-critical production issues

<u>partnersupport@cloudflare.com</u> Confirm incidents on <u>cloudflarestatus.com</u>

For critical issues (like attacks)

Call our 24/7 Emergency NOC Line

#### How to escalate to Cloudflare

To ensure a timely and successful investigation, please gather and organize as many of these crucial pieces of information as you can before you escalate a ticket to Cloudflare Support:

General Issues or Errors	Network Issues or Performance	Site Issues or Performance	
• RayID	• RayID	• RayID	
URL or Zone name	URL or Zone name	URL or Zone name	
Steps to reproduce	<u>CDN-CGI Trace</u> output	Steps to reproduce	
	Traceroute or MTR	Screenshots	
	• HTTP Archive File	HTTP Archive File	
	Test Links (like from WebPageTest)	Test Links (like from WebPageTest)	

Please be sure to include as much relevant information as possible. If you have questions, you may let us know in the ticket.

#### what's important

the data of "how to reproduce"

#### Our Support Policies/Best Practices

- ALWAYS confirm the website/account owner when responding and providing information in a Support ticket.
  - Is the ticket submitter writing in from the email address associated with the account?
- NEVER make changes to a customer account or their website's settings without confirmation or an approved runbook.

## **ACE - Troubleshooting Summary**

- Initial t/s investigation check points:
  - a. Health checks
  - b. CF <> Origin response codes cross check
  - c. Confirm logs of the corresponding RayID
  - d. Change logs (audit logs) of the problematic time
  - e. Check cloudflarestatus.com
  - f. Save cdn-cgi and HAR
- Still can't find root cause? SOS to the below contact (attach the initial investigation):
  - a. Customer: entsupport@cloudflare.com
  - b. Partner: <a href="mailto:partnersupport@cloudflare.com">partnersupport@cloudflare.com</a>
- Important
   Sharing the initial t/s result. It will save time!
   Need to contact support from the right email. (security)



### **ACE - Troubleshooting Summary**

- Always check the health checks
- Conduct initial investigation, collect information.
- Look at the "general cause" of 5xx, 1xxx error.
   Come up with the possible reasons and advice the customer.
- Still can't help? Reach out to Cloudflare support.
  - Share the collected info.
  - "Symptom"? in engineer language.
  - "How to reproduce"? in engineer language.
  - "Ask" clearly.
  - Source email matters.



### Thank you for your focus for 3 days!!

What we have learned:

Core Product Implementation Steps
Staging Test Tools & Hands-on
DNS/SSL Configurations
Useful Tooling for Cloudflare
Onboarding Best Practice
Security Best Practice
Performance Best Practice
Troubleshooting basics, investigation tips (today!)



#### **Next Steps**



- 1. Take ACE Certification!
  - Cloudflare Partner Portal Training Cloudflare University
- 2. Work on real customer use case
- 3. Complete the Challenges section with Partner Demo Account
- 4. Learn more at Cloudflare ASA Course

