Scheme

CS 152

Dr. Saptarshi Sengupta

Scheme CS 152

### 1. Basic Arithmetic

+, -, \*, and / represent addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division respectively.

### **1.1. Example(s)**

(+12)

# 2. Other Arithmetic Operations

• quotient

• remainder

• modulo

• sqrt

exp

• log

trigonometry

▶ sin

cos

▶ tan

asin

acos

▶ atan

### 3. Lists

#### 3.1. Cons Cells

- Memory spaces which stores two addresses.
  - car The part storaing the address to 1
  - cdr The part storing the address to 2
- Made by funtion cons.

#### 3.1.1. Lists

- Lists are beaded cons cells with the cr part of the last cons cell being '()
- '() is called the empty List

#### 4. atoms

- Data structures that do not use cons cells
- Numbers, characters, strings, vectors, and '() are atom
- '() is an atom and a list

# 5. quotient

- A special form named quote is used to prevent tokens from evaluation
- symbol'

## 5.1. Special forms

### 6. Functions car and cdr

• If the value of car is a beaded cons cell, it returns the address of the first element of the list.

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# 7. Function List

# 8. Defining Functions

## 8.1. Hello World

```
; Hello world as a variable
(define vhello "Hello World")
(cd "C:\\doc\\scheme")
(load "hello.scm")
```

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