

ESEIAAT



Cubesat Constellation Astrea

Technical sheet

Degree: Aerospace Engineering Course: Engineering Projects

Group: G4 EA-T2016

Delivery date: 22-12-2016

Students:

Cebrián Galán, Joan Fontanes Molina, Pol Foreman Campins, Lluís Fraixedas Lucea, Roger Fuentes Muñoz, Óscar González García, Sílvia Harrán Albelda, Fernando Kaloyanov Naydenov, Boyan

Martínez Viol, Víctor Morata Carranza, David

Pla Olea, Laura Pons Daza, Marina

Puig Ruiz, Josep Maria Serra Moncunill, Josep Maria

Tarroc Gil, Sergi Tió Malo, Xavier

Urbano González, Eva María

Customer: Pérez Llera, Luís Manuel

Contents

| Li | ist of | Tables | i |
|----|--------|-------------------------|-----|
| Li | ist of | Figures | iii |
| | 0.1 | Communication Protocols | 1 |
| | 0.2 | Ground segment | 2 |
| 1 | Bib | liography | 4 |

List of Tables

| 0.1.1 Requirements of the communications protocol | 1 |
|---|---|
| 0.1.2 Communications protocol overview | 1 |
| 0.2.1 Countries of location | 2 |
| 0.2.2 GS's systems | 3 |

List of Figures

| 0.2.1 Location of the GS and MCC | 2 |
|----------------------------------|---|
|----------------------------------|---|



0.1 Communication Protocols

The communication protocols are a list of rules that allow different entities to communicate between them, enabling the transference of information.

In Astrea constellation, the communication protocols are very important because are the ones that allow the constellation to work together and accomplish de function it has been designed for. The protocols used in Astrea constellation have to be:

High-speed Reliable Secure Compatible with external satellites

Table 0.1.1: Requirements of the communications protocol

In order to accomplish the requirements, the standards of the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) have been followed, toguether with the ISO model. Regarding the protocols of the Ground Segment, security has been the most important requirement to decide the protocol. The chosen protocols are exposed in the following table.

| Space segment: CCSDS Standards | | | | |
|--|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Transport Layer | Space communication protocol specification transmission protocol: SCSP-TP | | | |
| | Main protocol | Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) | | |
| Network layer | Routing protocol | Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) | | |
| | Complementary protocols | IP over CCSDS | | |
| Data Link Layer | Data Link Protocol Sublayer | TC Space Data Link Protocol | | |
| | Sync and Channel Coding Sublayer | TC Sync and Channel Coding | | |
| Ground segment | | | | |
| Presentation of the data to the client | | Application | | |
| Protocol | | Secure Shell (SSSH) | | |

Table 0.1.2: Communications protocol overview



0.2 Ground segment

The ground segment is composed by the Ground Stations (GS) and the Mission Control Center (MCC), that allow the receiving of the information from the constellation to the Earth.

The placement of the different nodes of the Ground Segment is shown in the following map.



Figure 0.2.1: Location of the GS and MCC

| Node | Color in the map | Country |
|------|------------------|------------------|
| GS1 | Yellow | Canada |
| GS2 | Orange | Falkland Islands |
| GS3 | Blue | United Kingdom |
| MCC | Green | Spain |

Table 0.2.1: Countries of location

The MCC is composed by a set of offices with good connection to the GS. The systems that compose the GS are exposed in the following table.



| System | Features | Purpose | Elements included |
|--------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| S-band | Half-duplex system: | Housekeepink | Transciever |
| | downlink and uplink | data/TT& C | LNA |
| | capability | Client data upload | HPA |
| | | | RF Limiter |
| | | | RF Swith |
| | | | RF Fuse |
| | | | Rotors |
| X-band | X-band downlink | Client data download | X-band receiver |
| | capacity | | LNA |
| | | | RF Limiter |
| | | | RF Fuse |
| | | | Rotor |

Table 0.2.2: GS's systems

Chapter 1

Bibliography