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#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

// Define the structure for a doubly linked list node
typedef struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node* prev;
    struct Node* next;
} Node;

// Function to create a new node with given data
Node* createNode(int value) {
    Node* newNode = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
    newNode->data = value;

    newNode->prev = NULL;
    newNode->next = NULL;
    return newNode;
}

// Function to display the doubly linked list with pointer addresses
void displayList(Node* head) {
    Node* temp = head;
    printf("\nDoubly Linked List Structure:\n");
    printf("-----\n");
    printf("| %-10s | %-10s | %-5s | %-10s |\n", "Node Addr", "Prev Addr", "Data", "Next Addr");
    printf("-----\n");

    while (temp != NULL) {
        printf("| %-10p | %-10p | %-5d | %-10p |\n",
            (void*)temp,
            (void*)temp->prev,
            temp->data,
            (void*)temp->next);
        temp = temp->next;
    }

    printf("-----\n");
}

int main() {
    // Step 1: Create 5 independent nodes

```

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Node* N1 = createNode(1);
Node* N2 = createNode(2);
Node* N3 = createNode(3);
Node* N4 = createNode(4);
Node* N5 = createNode(5);

// Step 2: Link nodes to form the doubly linked list
N1->next = N2;

N2->prev = N1;
N2->next = N3;

N3->prev = N2;
N3->next = N4;

N4->prev = N3;
N4->next = N5;

N5->prev = N4;

// Step 3: Display the list with pointer addresses
displayList(N1);

// Cleanup: Free allocated memory
free(N1);

free(N2);
free(N3);
free(N4);
free(N5);

return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

Doubly Linked List Structure:

Node Addr	Prev Addr	Data	Next Addr	

0x38e482a0	(nil)	1	0x38e482c0	
0x38e482c0	0x38e482a0	2	0x38e482e0	
0x38e482e0	0x38e482c0	3	0x38e48300	
0x38e48300	0x38e482e0	4	0x38e48320	
0x38e48320	0x38e48300	5	(nil)	

=== Code Execution Successful ===