ABC-Center Step-by-Step Detailed Execution

Local variables:

id: unique identifier of the block.

d: vector of distances: <distance to A^i , distance to B^i , distance to $C^i>$.

g: after having elected Ci,

 $g = \langle | distance to B^i - distance to C^i |, max(distance to B^i, distance to C^i) \rangle$.

c: boolean, true if the block is still candidate, false otherwise.

id: 2

d: <0,0,0>

g: <0,0>

c: true

id: 1

d: <0,0,0>

g: <0,0>

c: true

id: 4

d: <0,0,0>

g: <0,0>

c: true

id: 3

d: <0,0,0>

g: <0,0>

c: true

1st multi-criteria leader election: A¹ = electBlock(c,min,g,id)

id: 2

d: <1,0,0>

q: <0,0>

c: true

 A^1

id: 1

d: <0,0,0>

g: <0,0>

c: true

id: 4

d: <1,0,0>

g: <0,0>

c: true

id: 3

d: **<2**,0,0>

g: <0,0>

c: true

 2^{nd} election: B^1 = electBlock(c,max,distance to A^1 ,id)

Id: 2

d: <1,**3**,0>

g: <0,0>

c: true

 A^1

id: 1

d: <0,**2**,0>

g: <0,0>

c: true

id: 4

d: <1,**1**,0>

g: <0,0>

c: true

 B^1

id: 3

d: <2,**0**,0>

g: <0,0>

c: true

 3^{rd} election: C^1 = electBlock(c,max,distance to B^1 ,id)

id: 2

d: <1,3,**0**>

g: **<3,3>**

c: true

 A^1

id: 1

d: <0,2,**1**>

g: **<1,2>**

c: true

id: 4

d: <1,1,**2**>

g: **<1,2>**

c: true

 B^1

id: 3

d: <2,0,**3**>

g: **<3,3>**

c: true

4th election: A² = electBlock(c,min,g,id)

id: 2

d: <1,0,0>

g: <0,0>

c: false

A₂ = Elected

Center id: 1

d: <0,0,0>

g: **<0,0>**

c: true

id: 4

d: <1,0,0>

g: <**0**,**0**>

c: true

id: 3

d: **<2,0,0>**

g: <0,0>

c: false

Only 2 blocks remain candidate: block with ids 1 and 4. $g_1 = g_4$, but block with id 1 has the minimum-id, thus it is elected as the center.