

Machine Learning 1

Exercise sheet 09

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Exercise 1.

$$\begin{aligned} (a) \text{ Bias}(\hat{\mu}) &= E[\hat{\mu} - \mu] = E\left[\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N X_i - \mu\right] = \frac{1}{N} E\left[\sum_{i=1}^N X_i\right] - \mu \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N E[X_i] - \mu \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \cdot N \cdot \mu - \mu \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(\hat{\mu}) &= E[(\hat{\mu} - E(\hat{\mu}))^2] = E\left[\left(\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N X_i - \mu\right)^2\right] \\ &= \frac{1}{N^2} E\left[\left(\sum_{i=1}^N X_i - N\mu\right)^2\right] = \frac{1}{N^2} E\left[\sum_{i=1}^N (X_i - \mu)^2 + \sum_{i \neq j} (X_i - \mu)(X_j - \mu)\right] \\ &= \frac{1}{N^2} \sum_{i=1}^N E(X_i - \mu)^2 + \frac{1}{N^2} \sum_{i \neq j} E(X_i - \mu)(X_j - \mu) \\ &= \frac{1}{N^2} \cdot N \cdot \sigma^2 + \frac{1}{N^2} \sum_{i \neq j} E(X_i - \mu) \cdot E(X_j - \mu) \quad \downarrow \text{because of independence} \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \sigma^2 + 0 = \frac{\sigma^2}{N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Error}(\hat{\mu}) = \text{Bias}(\hat{\mu})^2 + \text{Var}(\hat{\mu}) = 0^2 + \frac{\sigma^2}{N} = \frac{\sigma^2}{N}$$

$$(b). \text{ Bias}(\hat{\mu}) = E[\hat{\mu} - \mu] = E(0 - \mu) = -\mu.$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\mu}) = E[(\hat{\mu} - E(\hat{\mu}))^2] = E[(0 - E(0))^2] = 0.$$

$$\text{Error}(\hat{\mu}) = \text{Bias}(\hat{\mu})^2 + \text{Var}(\hat{\mu}) = \mu^2$$

Exercise 2.

$$(a). \text{Error}(\hat{f}(x)) = E[(\hat{f}(x) - f(x))^2], \quad \text{Bias}(\hat{f}(x)) = E[\hat{f}(x) - f(x)], \\ \text{Var}(\hat{f}(x)) = E[(\hat{f}(x) - E[\hat{f}(x)])^2]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Error}(\hat{f}(x)) &= E[(\hat{f}(x) - f(x))^2] \\ &= E[(\hat{f}(x) - E[\hat{f}(x)] + E[\hat{f}(x)] - f(x))^2] \\ &= E\{[\hat{f}(x) - E[\hat{f}(x)]]^2 + 2[\hat{f}(x) - E[\hat{f}(x)]] [E[\hat{f}(x)] - f(x)] + [E[\hat{f}(x)] - f(x)]^2\} \\ &= E[(\hat{f}(x) - E[\hat{f}(x)])^2] + 2E[\hat{f}(x) - E[\hat{f}(x)]] [E[\hat{f}(x)] - f(x)] + E[E[\hat{f}(x)] - f(x)]^2 \\ &= \text{Var}(\hat{f}(x)) + 2 \times 0 + [E[E[\hat{f}(x)] - f(x)]]^2 \quad (\because E[E[\hat{f}(x)]] = E[\hat{f}(x)], E[\hat{f}(x)] = f(x)) \\ &= \text{Var}(\hat{f}(x)) + \text{Bias}(\hat{f}(x))^2 \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 3.

$$(a). D_{KL}(R \| \hat{P}) = \sum_{i=1}^C R(i) \log \frac{R(i)}{\hat{P}(i)} \\ \min_R E[D_{KL}(R \| \hat{P})] = \min_R \left[\sum_{i=1}^C R(i) \log \frac{R(i)}{\hat{P}(i)} \right] \\ \text{s.t. } \sum_{i=1}^C R(i) = 1.$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \sum_{i=1}^C R(i) \log R(i) - \sum_{i=1}^C R(i) \log(\hat{P}(i)) + \lambda \left[\sum_{i=1}^C R(i) - 1 \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial R(i)} = \log R(i) + 1 - \log(\hat{P}(i)) + \lambda = 0 \quad (*), \quad i=1, 2, \dots, C.$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \lambda} = \sum_{i=1}^C R(i) - 1 = 0. \quad (**)$$

$$\text{From } (*), \text{ we have } R(i) = \exp[\log(\hat{P}(i)) - \lambda - 1] = \frac{\exp[\log \hat{P}(i)]}{\exp(\lambda + 1)} \quad (***)$$

plug it into (**), we can obtain

$$\sum_{i=1}^C \exp(\log(\hat{P}(i)) / \exp(\lambda + 1)) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \exp(\lambda + 1) = \sum_{i=1}^C \exp \log(\hat{P}(i))$$

plug it back into (***), we have the solution to the optimization problem

$$R(i) = \frac{\exp E[\log \hat{P}(i)]}{\sum_j \exp E[\log \hat{P}(j)]}$$

$$(b). \text{Error}(\hat{p}) = E\left(\sum_{i=1}^C P(i) \log \frac{P(i)}{\hat{p}(i)}\right) = \sum_{i=1}^C P(i) \log P(i) - \sum_{i=1}^C P(i) E[\log \hat{p}(i)] \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Bias}(\hat{p}) = D_{KL}(P||R) = \sum_{i=1}^C P(i) \log \frac{P(i)}{R(i)} = \sum_{i=1}^C P(i) \log P(i) - \sum_{i=1}^C P(i) \log R(i) \quad (2)$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{p}) = E[D_{KL}(R||\hat{p})] = E\left[\sum_{i=1}^C R(i) \log \frac{R(i)}{\hat{p}(i)}\right] = \sum_{i=1}^C R(i) \log R(i) - \sum_{i=1}^C R(i) E[\log \hat{p}(i)] \quad (3)$$

From (1), (2), (3), we know to prove

$\text{Error}(\hat{p}) = \text{Bias}(\hat{p}) + \text{Var}(\hat{p})$ is equivalent to prove

$$\sum_{i=1}^C P(i) \log P(i) - \sum_{i=1}^C P(i) E[\log \hat{p}(i)] = \sum_{i=1}^C P(i) \log P(i) - \sum_{i=1}^C P(i) \log R(i) + \sum_{i=1}^C R(i) \log R(i) - \sum_{i=1}^C R(i) E[\log \hat{p}(i)]$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \sum_{i=1}^C P(i) E[\log \hat{p}(i)] = \sum_{i=1}^C P(i) \log R(i) + \sum_{i=1}^C R(i) E[\log \hat{p}(i)] - \sum_{i=1}^C R(i) \log R(i) \quad (4)$$

After insert $R(i)$ from (a),

$$\text{The RHS of (4)} = \sum_{i=1}^C \left[P(i) - \frac{\exp E[\log \hat{p}(i)]}{\sum_{j=1}^C \exp E[\log \hat{p}(j)]} \right] \cdot \left[E[\log \hat{p}(i)] - \sum_{j=1}^C E[\log \hat{p}(j)] \right] + \sum_{i=1}^C \frac{\exp E[\log \hat{p}(i)]}{\sum_{j=1}^C \exp E[\log \hat{p}(j)]} \cdot E[\log \hat{p}(i)]$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^C P(i) E[\log \hat{p}(i)] - \sum_{i=1}^C \left[P(i) \cdot \sum_{j=1}^C E[\log \hat{p}(j)] \right] -$$

$$- \sum_{i=1}^C \frac{\exp E[\log \hat{p}(i)]}{\sum_{j=1}^C \exp E[\log \hat{p}(j)]} \cdot E[\log \hat{p}(i)] + \sum_{i=1}^C \left[\frac{\exp E[\log \hat{p}(i)]}{\sum_{j=1}^C \exp E[\log \hat{p}(j)]} \cdot \sum_{j=1}^C E[\log \hat{p}(j)] \right]$$

$$+ \sum_{i=1}^C \frac{\exp E[\log \hat{p}(i)]}{\sum_{j=1}^C \exp E[\log \hat{p}(j)]} \cdot E[\log \hat{p}(i)]$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^C P(i) E[\log \hat{p}(i)] - \sum_{j=1}^C E[\log \hat{p}(j)] \cdot \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^C P(i)}_{=1}$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^C E[\log \hat{p}(j)] \cdot \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^C \frac{\exp E[\log \hat{p}(i)]}{\sum_{j=1}^C \exp E[\log \hat{p}(j)]}}_{=1}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^C P(i) E[\log \hat{p}(i)]$$

$$= \text{LHS of (4)}$$

which proves $\text{Error}(\hat{p}) = \text{Bias}(\hat{p}) + \text{Var}(\hat{p})$