

Image generation basic knowledge with prompts to try!

BY: Ashna Ghazanfar



1. Camera Terminology — The “Lens Talk”

When you use camera words like *85mm lens* or *f/1.4 aperture*, the AI simulates real photography — the depth, distance, and intimacy change drastically.



Focal Length (e.g., 24mm, 35mm, 50mm, 85mm, 200mm)

Think of focal length as your image's **perspective personality**.

Focal Length	Effect	Feels Like
24mm	Wide-angle	You see more — perfect for landscapes, architecture, or dramatic perspective
35mm	Natural human eye view	Great for street or documentary-style photography
50mm	“Nifty fifty” — balanced, sharp, true-to-life	Often used for portraits with background context
85mm	Tight portrait lens	Smooth background blur, dreamy bokeh — magazine-style portraits
200mm+	Telephoto — zoomed in	Compresses space, great for wildlife or candid long shots



Prompt Comparisons (same concept, different focal lengths):

Let's imagine the same subject — *a man standing in a field at sunrise*.

- 24mm:

A man standing in a vast field at sunrise, shot with a 24mm lens, cinematic wide angle, dramatic perspective

→ The field looks huge, sky stretched, man looks small — emphasizes environment.



- **35mm:**

A man standing in a field at sunrise, shot with a 35mm lens, natural perspective, storytelling tone

→ Balanced shot — environment visible but focus remains on subject.



- **50mm:**

A man standing in a field at sunrise, shot with a 50mm lens, natural depth, mild background blur

→ Feels lifelike — like what your eyes would see.



- **85mm:**

A man standing in a field at sunrise, shot with an 85mm lens, shallow background, cinematic focus

→ Background melts away, very professional portrait vibe.



- **200mm:**

A man standing in a field at sunrise, shot with a 200mm telephoto lens, compressed background, dramatic close-up

→ Brings background closer visually, feels intimate and powerful.



● Aperture (f-stop: f/1.4, f/2.8, f/8, etc.)

Aperture controls how much light enters and how much of your image is in focus.

Aperture	Depth of Field	Look
----------	----------------	------

f/1.4–f/2.0	Very shallow	Subject sharp, background blurry — cinematic close-up
-------------	--------------	---

f/4–f/8	Moderate	Background slightly visible — balanced portrait
---------	----------	---

f/11–f/22	Deep	Everything in focus — landscapes, architecture
-----------	------	--

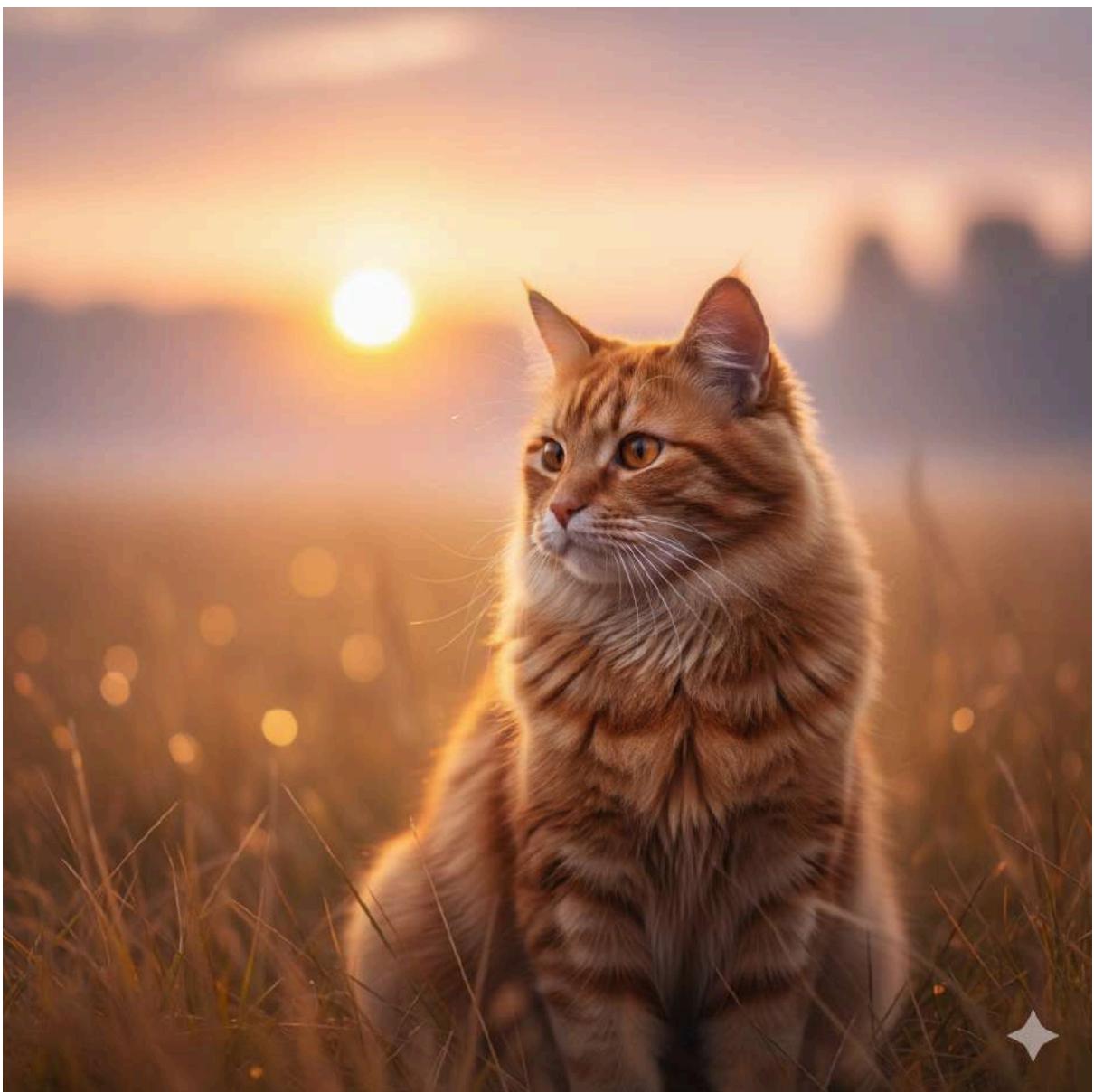
✓ **Prompt Comparisons (same subject, different apertures):**

Same man, same setting — *portrait in a field*.

- **f/1.4:**

Portrait of a cat in a field at sunrise, f/1.4 aperture, shallow depth of field, creamy bokeh background

→ Background dissolves — dreamy cinematic look.



- **f/2.8:**

Portrait of a cat in a field at sunrise, f/2.8 aperture, soft background blur, balanced lighting

→ More detail behind it, still a soft professional blur.



- **f/8:**

Portrait of a cat in a field at sunrise, f/8 aperture, moderate depth of field, detailed surroundings

→ You see both the cat and some field detail clearly.



- **f/16:**

Portrait of a cat in a field at sunrise, f/16 aperture, high depth of field, crisp details from front to horizon

→ Everything sharp — more like landscape photography.



● Depth of Field

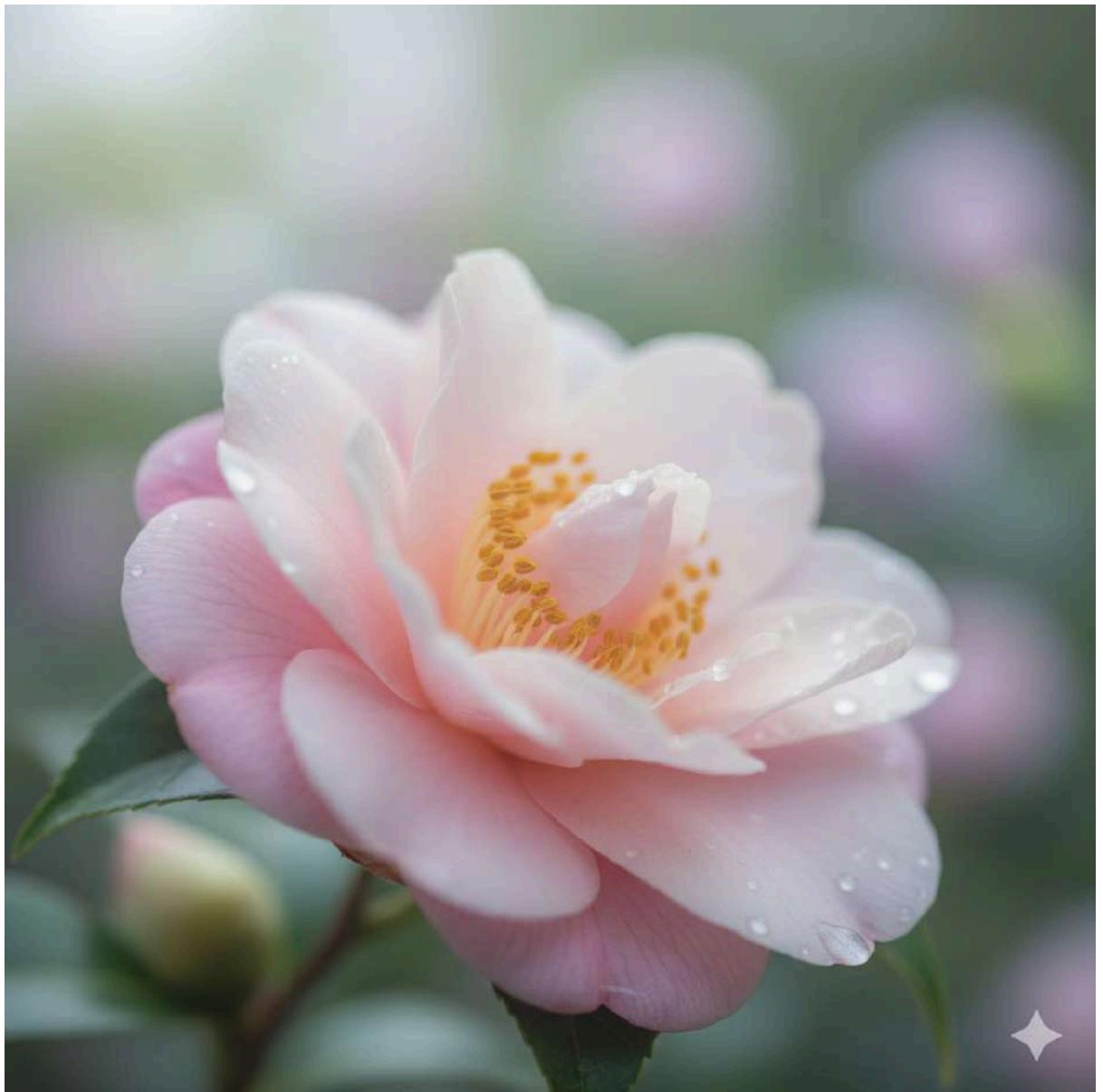
Depth of field = how much of the image is in focus.

Same subject — *a single flower on the ground*.

- **Shallow DoF:**

Macro shot of a single flower, shallow depth of field, blurred garden background, dreamy focus on petals

→ Only the flower is sharp — romantic and cinematic.



- **Deep DoF:**

Macro shot of a single flower, deep depth of field, every leaf and petal in focus, high clarity

→ Whole frame is clear, more scientific/nature photo vibe.



2. Lighting Setups — The Secret Sauce

Lighting sets mood — it's how emotion and realism enter the image.



Rembrandt Lighting

Classic painterly setup — triangle of light on shadowed cheek, moody and deep.



Prompt:

Portrait of a man with rugged features, Rembrandt lighting, 85mm lens, f/2.0, dark studio background

→ Creates strong shadows and soulful expression.



● Studio Lighting

Controlled and balanced, like a fashion or beauty shoot.

Prompt:

Portrait of a man in a black turtleneck, studio lighting setup, white backdrop, 85mm lens, clean editorial style

→ Flawless, smooth lighting, crisp detail — magazine-ready.



Natural Light

Soft daylight — emotional and authentic.

Prompt:

Portrait of a man standing in a field, golden hour natural light, 85mm lens, warm tones, soft shadows

→ Feels warm, cinematic, emotionally rich.



● Backlighting / Rim Lighting

Light from behind creates a glowing edge — “halo effect.”

Prompt:

Portrait of a man in a field at sunrise, backlighting from the sun, rim light around silhouette, cinematic atmosphere

→ Dramatic glow, strong contrast, movie-poster feel.



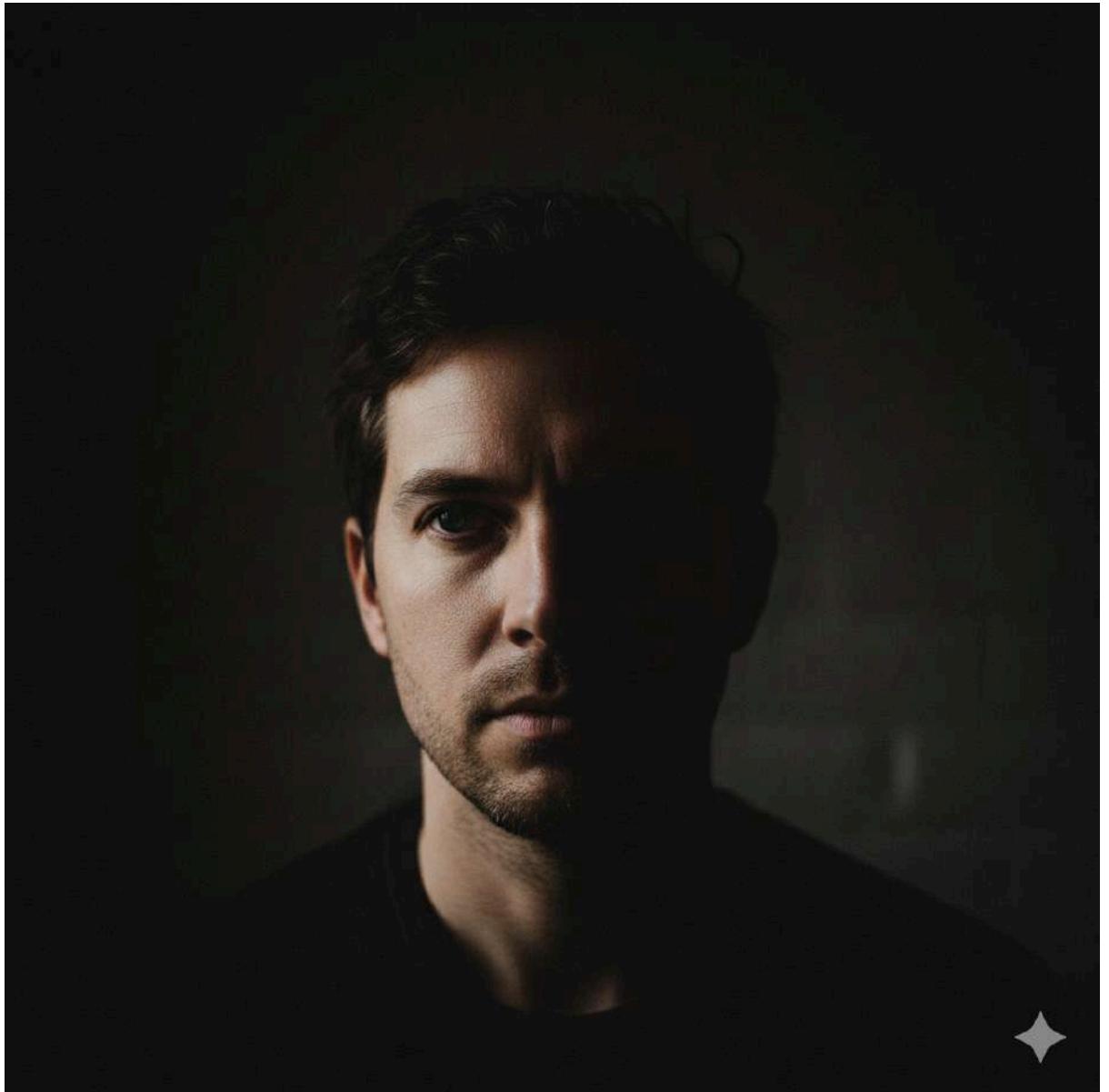
● Split Lighting

Half the face lit, half in shadow — intense and mysterious.

Prompt:

Portrait of a man with split lighting, dark room, single key light from left, f/2.0, 85mm lens

→ Creates drama, tension, power.



● **Butterfly Lighting**

Light placed above and in front of face — glamorous, used in beauty portraits.

Prompt:

Male portrait, butterfly lighting setup, soft key light above camera, smooth shadows under nose, editorial look
→ Classic Hollywood beauty style, flattering and elegant.



3. Photography Styles — The *Art Direction*

The “genre” of photography defines how it should feel or look emotionally.

Style	Description	When to Use
Editorial Photography	Artistic, fashion-magazine look	Stylish and posed
Cinematic Photography	Looks like a film still	Emotional and atmospheric
Fine Art Photography	Conceptual and poetic	Minimal, gallery-worthy

Documentary Photography	Real and raw	Honest and human
Street Photography	Urban, candid moments	Cultural and spontaneous

 **Prompt Examples:**

- **Editorial:**

Editorial portrait of a man in a tailored coat, studio lighting, 85mm lens, minimal backdrop, fine texture detail
→ Feels like GQ or Vogue spread.



- **Cinematic:**

Cinematic portrait of a man walking through fog, backlighting, 85mm lens, moody tones, storytelling atmosphere

→ Like a frame from a movie — powerful mood.



- **Fine Art:**

Fine art portrait of a man with closed eyes, muted tones, soft light, minimalist background, poetic composition

→ Gentle, painterly, emotional stillness.



- **Documentary:**

Documentary-style portrait of a man standing on a dirt road, natural light, unposed expression, 35mm lens

→ Feels raw, human, authentic.



- **Street:**

Street photography shot of a man crossing a busy street, 35mm lens, natural light, motion blur, candid expression
→ Real-world energy, alive and spontaneous.



4. Putting It All Together — “The Master Prompt”

Let's combine all we've learned into a single power prompt:

Cinematic portrait of a man standing in a field at sunrise, shot with an 85mm lens, f/1.8, backlit by the rising sun creating rim light, fine art editorial style, natural tones and realistic color grading.

→ You'll get an emotionally powerful, visually realistic photo — the kind that looks straight out of a high-end magazine.

